

Tuesday, June 30, 1992

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MAJOR RELEASES

Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry, April 1992

Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost rose 0.1% in April, following a 0.4% jump in March.

• Building Permits, April 1992

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The preliminary value of building permits issued in Canada declined to \$2,015 million in April, down 14.6% from \$2,358 million in March.

Preliminary Estimates of Principal Field Crop Area, Canada, 1992 9

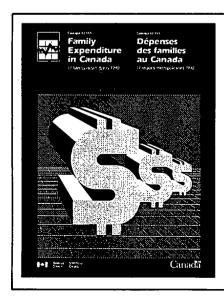
Producers have increased spring wheat (except durum) and oat production by 3% and 31%, respectively, and reduced durum wheat, corn for grain, barley and summerfallow by 24%, 2%, 10% and 6%, respectively.

• Crude Oil and Natural Gas, February 1992

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Production of crude oil and equivalent hydrocarbons increased 0.7% from February 1991.

(Continued on page 2)



Family Expenditure in Canada – 17 Metropolitan Areas, 1990

Family Expenditure in Canada – 17 Metropolitan Areas, 1990 (62-555, \$42) is now available. The published results are based on a sample of approximately 4,900 households that responded to the Survey of Family Expenditures in 1990. (The previous publication in this series referred to 1986 expenditures.)

This new publication offers an interesting menu of comprehensive data tabulations as well as analysis of the expenditure patterns of households living in 17 selected metropolitan areas across Canada.

Included in the publication are analysis and discussions of several topics which will be of interest to analysts and market researchers. Topics include analysis of the expenditures of the elderly, investments in the home, child care, public and private transportation, the operation of cars and trucks, pets, entertainment and sports.

Family Expenditure in Canada - 17 Metropolitan Areas, 1990 (62-555, \$42) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

To obtain more information on the publication or other products from the Family Expenditure Survey, contact Réjean Lasnier (613-951-4643) or fax (613-951-0562), Household Surveys Division.

#### The Daily, June 30, 1992

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#### **MAJOR RELEASES**

# Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry

(Seasonally Adjusted Data) April 1992

#### **Monthly Overview**

Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost rose 0.1% in April following a 0.4% jump in March. Production in April was 0.4% above the average output for the first three months of 1992. The growth in goods production slowed to 0.2% after gaining 0.6% in March. Services output advanced 0.1% following a 0.2% gain in each of the three previous months.

#### Goods-producing industries

The 0.2% advance in goods production in April left output 0.7% higher than a year earlier. Advances in mining, utilities and manufacturing were partly offset by a drop in construction. Logging and forestry declined for the third consecutive month. Marginal drops in agriculture and fishing contributed to the weakness.

Following a 0.6% drop in March, mining output rose in April. Crude oil and natural gas, up 1.9%, accounted for most of the dollar gain as producers began to respond to more favourable market conditions in the eastern United States. Drilling activity related to oil and gas exploration rose 2.3%.

After a small decline in March, utility output advanced 0.7%. With lower than average temperatures in April, residential demand paced natural gas distribution to a 4.6% gain. Advances in electric power output also contributed to the strength.

Following a 1.7% gain in March, construction dropped 0.3%. Lower activity on industrial projects led non-residential construction down 2.4%. A decline in engineering construction contributed to the weakness. These losses were partly offset by residential construction where higher output of single family dwellings led a 1.6% gain.

Following a 0.8% jump in March, manufacturing output grew 0.1% in April to a level 0.6% above that for the first quarter of 1992. Twelve of 21 major industry groups recorded higher output compared to 13 in March. Output gains were fairly evenly distributed among the 12 major groups. Manufacturers of primary metals, clothing and electrical and electronic products accounted for about two-thirds of the dollar losses.

Paper and allied products advanced 1.0% as producers of pulp and paper increased output 1.8%. Beverage output rose 3.2% as distillers raised production to the January 1992 level. Following several monthly declines, printing, publishing and allied industries advanced 1.2%. Elsewhere, production of machinery (up 2.3%), transportation equipment (up 0.5%), refined petroleum and coal products (up 2.9%) and plastics (up 2.3%) advanced as export markets have expanded over the past few months.

Following a 5.1% gain in March, production of primary metal products slumped 2.6% to about the same level as a year earlier. Producers of steel pipe and tubing and primary iron and steel accounted for about 75% of the dollar drop. After a marginal increase in March, clothing production fell 2.9%. Led by producers of office, store and business machines, the output of electrical and electronic products dropped 0.7%.

#### Services-producing industries

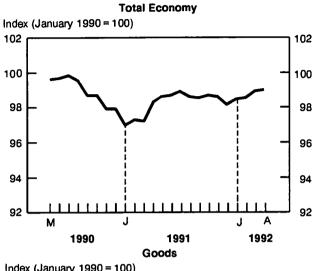
The 0.1% gain in services in April left output 0.7% higher than a year earlier. Communications, retail trade, transportation and storage, and finance, insurance and real estate all advanced. Losses in wholesale trade, community, business and personal services, and service activity in the non-business sector partly offset the gains.

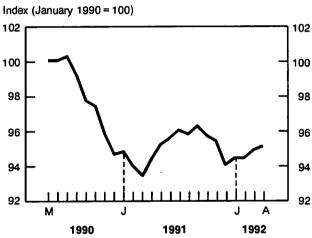
Communications advanced 1.1% as long distance calling paced telecommunications carriers to a 0.8% gain. Increased postal activity was partly offset by a marginal drop in broadcasting. Following a drop of 1.1% in March, retail trade increased 0.5%. Department stores and motor vehicle dealers accounted for most of the gain. Fourteen of 18 retail trade groups reported higher sales compared to three in March.

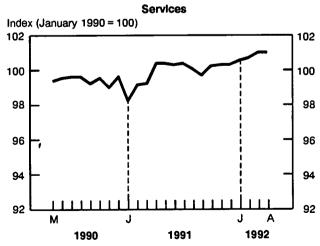
Transportation and storage increased 0.6% for a second consecutive month. Air transport (up 7.5%) and truck transport (up 3.1%) accounted for most of the gains. Rail transport fell 1.5% as carloadings of wheat and potash declined. Pipeline services advanced 2.8% as the throughput of natural gas continued to rise following the opening of the Iroquois transmission line. Grain elevators and water transport recorded lower output as activity was curtailed by shipping disruptions.

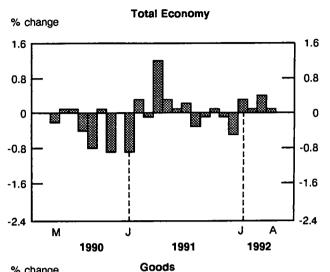
#### **Gross Domestic Product**

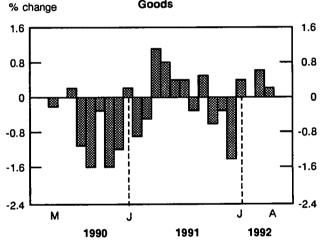
Seasonally adjusted at 1986 prices

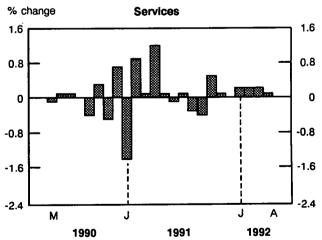












Finance, insurance and real estate advanced 0.1%. Following growth that averaged 1.4% over the three previous months, trust, other finance and real estate dropped 0.4%. Lower activity by finance companies and security brokers was partly offset by an increase for real estate agents. Banks and credit unions also contributed to the weakness. Royalties advanced 1.9%, mainly as the result of higher production of crude oil and natural gas.

Following a 1.2% increase in March, wholesale trade fell 0.5% as seven of 11 trade groups recorded lower sales. Gains by wholesalers of food, tobacco and pharmaceuticals were partly offset by losses led by wholesalers of grain and machinery and equipment.

Community, business and personal services output was unchanged. Business service losses, down 0.9%, were offset by widespread gains, led by a 0.7% increase in food and accommodation services.

Non-business sector output fell 0.2%. Government services declined and community and personal services fell as output was affected by labour disputes in health and education.

#### Available on CANSIM: matrices 4670-4674.

The April 1992 issue of Gross Domestic Product by Industry (15-001, \$12.70/\$127) is scheduled for release in July.

For further information, contact Lyle Sager (613-951-9164), Industry Measures and Analysis Division. 

□

Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry, 1986 Prices by Month (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates) (\$ millions)

	1991		. 199	992	
	April	January	February	March	Apri
Total Economy	502,450.0	502,900.1	503,552.5	505,350.8	505,875.1
Business Sector:	411,156.1	411,407.3	411,952.9	413,769.2	414,474.7
Goods:	166,543.8	166,511.4	166,457.5	167,464.3	167,754.7
Agriculture	11,454.5	11,552.4	11,468.4	11,436.0	11,420.4
Fishing and Trapping	901.6	824.4	828.0	830.4	814.8
Logging Industries	2,618.0	2,578.8	2,565.6	2,476.8	2,469.6
Mining Industries	19,558.0	19,392.0	19,998.0	19,881.6	20,107.2
Manufacturing Industries	84,754.4	83,728.2	83,561.5	84,250.3	84,343.9
Construction Industries	31,162.8	31,976.4	31,514.4	32,047.2	31,947.6
Other Utility Industries	16,094.5	16,459.2	16,521.6	16,542.0	16,651.2
Services:	244,612.3	244,895.9	245,495.4	246,304.9	246,720.0
Transportation and Storage	22,029.1	21,985.2	21,822.0	21,961.6	22,083.2
Communication Industries	19,431.9	19,562.4	19,582.8	19,759.2	19,974.0
Wholesale Trade	26,265.6	27,278.4	27,145.2	27,463.2	27,339.6
Retail Trade	29,499.1	29,595.6	29,660.4	29,346.0	29,492.4
Finance, Insurance and					
Real Estate	84,156.5	86,266.8	87,225.6	87,626.4	87,709.2
Community, Business and					
Personal Services	63,230.1	60,207.5	60,059.4	60,148.5	60,121.6
Non-business Sector:	91,293.9	91,492.8	91,599.6	91,581.6	91,400.4
Goods:	949.1	904.8	910.8	901.2	916.8
Services:	90,344.8	90,588.0	90,688.8	90,680.4	90,483.6
Government Service Industry	33,794.4	34,140.0	34,165.2	34,116.0	34,033.2
Community and Personal Services	53,200.3	53,302.8	53,341.2	53,409.6	53,229.6
Other Services	3,350.1	3,145.2	3,182.4	3,154.8	3,220.8
Other Aggregations:					
Goods-producing Industries	167,492.9	167,416.2	167,368.3	168,365.5	168,671.5
Services-producing Industries	334,957.1	335,483.9	336,184.2	336,985.3	337,203.6
Industrial Production	121,356.0	120,484.2	120,991.9	121,575.1	122,019.
Non-durable Manufacturing	40,093.3	39,737.6	39,588.9	39,568.5	39,839.
Durable Manufacturing	44,661.1	43,990.6	43,972.6	44,681.8	44,504.8

#### **Building Permits**

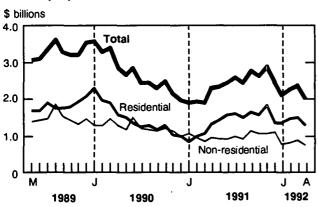
(Seasonally Adjusted Data) April 1992

#### Summary

The preliminary value of building permits issued in Canada declined to \$2,015 million in April, down 14.6% from \$2,358 million in March. This represented the second largest decrease since May 1983 and was mostly attributable to sharp drops in the Prairies (-29.0%) and Ontario (-25.1%). Both the residential and non-residential construction sectors were responsible for the decline in April.

#### Value of Building Permits Issued in Canada

Seasonally adjusted



Note: Revised data for March, preliminary data for April.

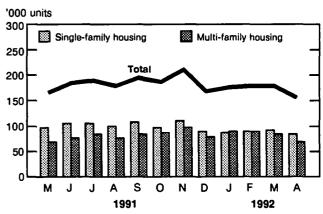
#### **Residential Sector**

- After three months of increase, the preliminary value of residential building permits fell 13.2% to \$1,289 million in April, down from \$1,486 million in March.
- Decreases were recorded in both sectors of residential construction in April. The value of building permits was down 21.2% in the multifamily dwelling sector to \$374 million and down 9.5% in the single-family dwelling sector to \$915 million.

- The Atlantic (+21.9%) and Quebec (+12.1%) regions reported the only increases in the value of residential building permits in April. The largest decline, recorded in Ontario (-26.2%), was attributable to both multiple dwellings (-38.3%) and single dwellings (-18.9%).
- The preliminary total number of dwelling units authorized in April was reduced by 14.3% to 153,000 units at an annual rate. The number of units declined for both multiple dwellings (-18.3% to 70,000 units) and single dwellings (-10.6% to 83,000 units).

#### **Dwelling Units Authorized in Canada**

Seasonally adjusted at annual rates



Note: Revised data for March, preliminary data for April.

## Advance Estimate of the Residential Sector for May 1992

- The advance estimate for May indicated that the value of residential building permits issued in Canada increased to \$1,467 million, up 12.8% from the revised value<sup>1</sup> for April (\$1,300 million).
- The advance estimate of dwelling units authorized in May increased 14.0% to 175,000 units at annual rates, up from the revised level of 154,000 units reported in April.

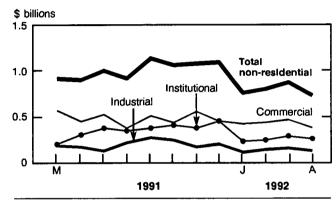
<sup>1</sup> The addition of data due to the advance estimate for May results in the revision of seasonally adjusted figures for previous months, including April.

#### Non-residential Sector

 The preliminary value of non-residential building permits for April decreased to \$726 million, the lowest level since January 1986, a 16.8% drop from \$872 million in March.

# Value of Non-residential Permits Issued in Canada

Seasonally adjusted



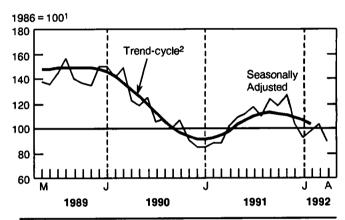
Note: Revised data for March, preliminary data for April.

- As opposed to the last two months, all three components of the non-residential sector reported declines in the value of building permits in April. The value of industrial projects dropped 20.7% to \$113 million, commercial projects were down 18.5% to \$366 million and institutional projects fell 12.3% to \$247 million.
- The Atlantic region (+38.6%) and British Columbia (+9.7%) reported the only increases in value of non-residential building permits in April. The largest decline occurred in the Prairies (-45.2%), followed by Ontario (-22.8%).

#### **Short-term Trend**

- The short-term trend (excluding engineering projects) fell to 102.9 in February, down 2.3% from 105.3 in January. After reaching its highest level of 1991 with 112.3 in September 1991, the short-term trend has been declining ever since.
- The short-term trend was down in both the nonresidential (-3.3% to 89.5) and residential (-1.6% to 112.8) sectors in February.

#### **Building Permits Indices**



1 This series is deflated by using the construction input price index which includes cost of material and labor.

The trend-cycle shows the seasonally-adjusted value of building permits without irregular influences which can obscure the short-term trend. In order to reduce the number of false signals in the construction activity series, the trendcycle is published with a two-month lag.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 80 (levels 3-7, 16-22), 129, 137, 443, 989-992, 994, 995 and 4073.

The April 1992 issue of *Building Permits* (64-001, \$22.10/\$221) is scheduled for release the second week of July.

For further information on statistics, contact Monique Lavigne (613-951-2583). For analytical information, contact Paul Gratton (613-951-2025), Current Investment Indicators Section, Investment and Capital Stock Division.

# Preliminary Estimates of Principal Field Crop Area, Canada

1992

#### **Highlights**

Producers have increased spring wheat (except durum) and oat production by 3% and 31%, respectively, and reduced durum wheat, corn for grain, barley and summerfallow by 24%, 2%, 10% and 6%, respectively.

#### Wheat

The total area of wheat in Canada decreased marginally compared to last year down to 34.9 million acres. The seeded area of spring wheat increased 3% to 30.4 million acres, but durum wheat seeded area, at 3.8 million acres, dropped 24% from last year.

#### **Coarse Grains**

Total area of all coarse grains decreased 2% from last year. Oat production increased by approximately one million acres, a 31% increase for 1992 (this increase can be partially explained by a bull market that existed at the beginning of the year). The area seeded to barley decreased by one million acres, a 10% reduction, while the area of corn for grain dropped 2% to 2.6 million acres.

#### Ollseeds

The total Canadian oilseed area in 1992 is estimated at 10 million acres, a 4% decrease. The area of canola is comparable to the preceeding year at 7.7 million acres. In Eastern Canada, soybean acreage increased 8%, due to adverse weather conditions early in the season which affected corn seeding. The area seeded to flaxseed has been reduced 37% from last year. Producers have shown little interest in growing flaxseed because of an abundance of carry-over stocks and low prices.

#### Note to Users

This report provides estimates of the 1992 seeded areas of the major crops grown in Canada as well as 1991 Census seeded areas and production revisions. The 1992 estimates are based on the preliminary results of the June 1992 National Farm Survey. The 1987 to 1990 revisions for seeded areas, yields, production and stocks of major crops will be released on August 28, 1992. Revisions for seeded areas, yields, production and stocks for specialty crops in the Prairies will be released on November 27, 1992.

#### **Specialty Crops**

The area of specialty crops in Western Canada increased 8% to 1.4 million acres. The area seeded to lentils rose to 685 thousand acres, a 16% increase. The seeded area of dry peas increased 36% to 665 thousand acres. The area of mustard seed rose 6%, whereas that of sunflower seeds and canary seeds fell 10% and 1%, respectively.

#### Summerfallow

Farmers in Western Canada left 6% more land in summerfallow this year, bringing the total area to 18 million acres.

#### New Release - July 31 Estimate of Production

For 1992 only, the Crop Reporting Unit will be releasing a production estimate at July 31, 1992. It will be available by fax only, upon request. This special release will contain the production estimates as of July 31, 1992 for wheat, oats and barley. To be released on August 21, 8:30 a.m.

To receive this special release, please contact the Crop Reporting Unit (613-951-8717) or send your request by fax (613- 951-3868).

Field Crop Reporting Series No. 4: Preliminary Estimates of Principal Field Crop Area, Canada, 1992, (22-002, \$12/\$80) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

For additional information, contact the Crops Section (613-951-8717), Division of Agriculture.

Preliminary Estimates of Crops and Summerfailow Areas, Canada, 1992						
Сгор	Seeded Area 1991		Seeded Area 1991	Harvested Area 1991	Yield 1991	Production 1992
	hectares	%	hectares	hectares	kg/ha	tonnes
Winter wheat						
Seeded in the fall	350,800	121.0	290,000			
Remaining to harvest in June	336,400	140.6	239,278	235,657	3,210	756,400
Spring wheat	12,288,300	103.0	11,932,479	11,932,479	2,230	26,603,700
Durum wheat	1,521,600	76.4	1,991,500	1,991,500	2,300	4,585,800
All wheat	14,160,700	99.6	14,213,979	14,159,636	2,260	31,945,900
Oats	1,620,100	131.4	1,232,971	841,700	2,130	1,793,400
Barley	4,080,900	90.2	4,524,448	4,217,200	2,750	11,618,100
Fall rye				•		
Seeded in the fall	186,500	72.0	258,990			
Remaining to harvest in June	162,800	72.6	224,104	162,490	1,890	306,400
Spring rye	34,400	117.7	29,226	16,200	1,720	27,900
All rye	220,900	76.6	288,216	178,690	3,610	334,300

68.6

62.8

99.5 97.9

112.8

135.6

107.6

77.2

116.3

105.8

90.0

99.1

105.0

104.0

90.7

94.1

417,390

499.013

21,805

198,413

597,877

61,234

238,170

112,877

80,897

95,166

193,902

24,905

6,029,261

7,838,699

3,140,525

1,104,804

245,695

499,013

3,140,525

1,104,804

21,805

198,413

597,877

238,170

112,877

80,897

95,166

193,902

24,905

2,510

1,270

1,320

6,710

1,070

2,060

2,440

1,440

1,070

1,640

1,050

28.60

43,570

617,600

635,000

4,144,800

7,417,400

23,300

409,700

342,800

121,100

132,500

100,300

5,540,700

1,085,000

1,459,900

286,500

313,600

3,125,100

1,081,600

24,600

269,100

643,200

277,100

119,400

72,800

94,300

6,332,300

7,377,400

201,700

22,600

47,300

Mixed grains

Corn for grain

Beans, dry, white

Mustard seed

Canary seed

Tame hay1

Fodder com

Sugar beets

Summerfallow

Sunflower seed

Buckwheat

Peas, dry

Soybeans

Lentils

Flaxseed

Canola

Tame hay area total includes area of forage seed. The 1991 average yield and production estimates are available upon request... Not appropriate or not applicable.

#### **Crude Oil and Natural Gas**

February 1992

#### **Highlights**

- Preliminary estimates indicate that production of crude oil and equivalent hydrocarbons in February amounted to 7.8 million cubic metres, an increase of 0.7% from February 1991. Year-to-date production rose 1.4% over the same period in 1991, to 16.3 million cubic metres.
- Imports of crude oil decreased 12.0% from February 1991 to 2.2 million cubic metres. Yearto-date imports for 1992 amounted to 4.7 million cubic metres, an increase of 4.1% over last year. Exports declined 3.7% from February 1991 to 3.9 million cubic metres. Year-to-date exports were 8.1 million cubic metres, 1.3% higher than in 1991.

- Marketable production of natural gas, at 9.6 billion cubic metres, posted a 15.5% gain over February 1991. Year-to-date production in 1992 was 6.5% higher than last year.
- Exports of natural gas, at 4.5 billion cubic metres, rose 25.5% over February 1991. Year-to-date exports, at 8.9 billion cubic metres, posted a 14.1% gain over 1991.

#### Available on CANSIM: matrices 127 and 128.

The February 1992 issue of *Crude Oil and Natural Gas Production* (26-006, \$10/\$100) will be available during the first week of July. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Gerry O'Connor (613-951-3562), Energy Section, Industry Division.

#### Crude Oil and Natural Gas

	February 1992	% Change from February 1991	January- February 1992	% Change from January- February	
		thousands of cubic metres			
Crude oll and equivalent					
Production	7 813.5	0.7	16 340.1	1.4	
Exports	3 863.0	-3.7	8 070.8	1.3	
Imports	2 225.1	-12.0	4 746.7	4.1	
Refinery receipts	6 325.9	-3.1	13 320.2	2.8	
		millions of	cubic metres		
Natural Gas					
Marketable production	9 578.9	15.5	19 535.3	6.5	
Exports	4 499.5	25.5	8 910.4	14.1	
Canadian sales	6 255.6	6.1	13 057.1	-0.7	

#### DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

# General Social Survey Public-use Microdata File: Cycle 6, Health

The General Social Survey (GSS) collected data on health on a monthly basis from January to December 1991. For Cycle 6, the regular GSS sample (selected by random digit dialling) was augmented by an oversample of the population aged 65 and over. A total of 11,924 persons were interviewed nationally and answered the questionnaire, yielding a response rate of 80%.

Cycle 6 provided a range of measures of health status, health care utilization, and lifestyle risk factors. Topics included: self-perceived health status, longand short-term disability measurements, consultations with health professionals, alcohol consumption, smoking, physical activity, sleep patterns, height and weight, satisfaction with health, occupational and emotional health measures, job benefits, and old age and disability income.

Most of the core content in Cycle 6 repeated Cycle 1 (GSS, 1985). And because much of the content was also covered in the 1978-79 Canada Health Survey, the three surveys can be used to measure changes in health status over time.

The 1991 GSS microdata file is now available. This file is for statistical purposes only and has been carefully reviewed to ensure that it does not contain any information that would allow the identification of any specific households, families or individuals. Stored on the medium of the purchaser's choice, the file comes with a comprehensive data-user's guide and costs \$750.

For more information or to obtain a copy of the file, contact the General Social Survey Project (613-951-9180), Housing, Family and Social Statistics Division.

### Domestic and International Shipping

Fourth Quarter 1991 (Preliminary)

Port activity in Canada showed some strength in the fourth quarter of 1991 with handlings of 96.3 million tonnes, up 2.7% from the same period in 1990. It was the second consecutive quarter that the total tonnage handled for all Canadian ports increased compared with the same period of the year before. Of all cargo moved through the ports in the fourth

quarter of 1991, 64.3 million tonnes related to international shipping. The increases of the last two quarters of 1991 did not fully compensate for the decline in tonnage handled in the first half of the year, though, and thus overall port activity in Canada regressed slightly in 1991 compared with the year before.

	1991	1990	Variation	
	Million Tonnes of Cargo			
First Quarter	54.0	58.3	-7.5%	
Second Quarter	101.6	105.7	-3.9%	
Third Quarter	96.3	95.3	1.0%	
Fourth Quarter	96.3	93.8	2.7%	
Annual	348.1	353.1	-1.4%	

Compared with 1990, the ports of Vancouver, Port Cartier, Quebec City, Thunder Bay and Saint John recorded significant increases (ranging between 5% and 20%) in their tonnage handled in 1991. However, the volume of cargo handled at the ports of Halifax and Montreal during 1991 dropped 16.2% and 23.9%, respectively.

Preliminary statistics for 1991 will be published in Surface and Marine Transport Service Bulletin, Vol. 8, No. 5 (50-002, \$9.40/\$75), which will be available the first week of August. The 1991 edition of Shipping in Canada will be released at the end of October. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information on this release, contact Anna MacDonald (613-951-0291), Marine Transport Unit, Transportation Division.

#### Cement

May 1992

Canadian manufacturers shipped 876 220 tonnes of cement in May 1992, a decrease of 13.6% from the 1 014 680 tonnes shipped a year earlier but an increase of 33.2% from the 658 040 tonnes shipped in April 1992.

January to May 1992 shipments totalled 2 600 747r (revised) tonnes, down 12.1% from the 2 959 771 tonnes shipped during the same period in 1991.

# Available on CANSIM: matrices 92 (series 1.1 and 1.2) and 122 (series 35).

The May 1992 issue of Cement (44-001, \$5/\$50) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Roland Joubert (613-951-3527), Industry Division.

#### **Rigid Insulating Board**

May 1992

Shipments of rigid insulating board totalled 2 712 thousand square metres (12.7mm basis) in May 1992, a decrease of 28.0% compared to 3 765r (revised) thousand square metres (12.7mm basis) shipped in May 1991.

For January to May 1992, year-to-date shipments amounted to 11 739 thousand square metres (12.7mm basis) compared to 13 706r thousand square metres (12.7mm basis) for the same period in 1991, a decrease of 14.4%.

# Available on CANSIM: matrices 31 (series 1) and 122 (series 4-7).

The May 1992 issue of *Rigid Insulating Board* (36-002, \$5/\$50) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Sandra Bohatyretz (613-951-3531), Industry Division.

#### **Electric Power Statistics**

**April 1992** 

#### **Highlights**

- Net generation of electric energy in Canada for April 1992 increased to 39 897 gigawatt hours (GWh), up 3.2% from the corresponding month last year. Exports increased 32.5% to 2 172 GWh, while imports increased from 287 GWh to 566 GWh.
- Year-to-date figures show net generation at 181 267 GWh, up 3.6% over the previous year's period. Exports, at 8 540 GW.h, were up 53.9% and imports, at 2 657 GWh, were up 23.7%.

#### Available on CANSIM: matrices 3987-3999.

The April 1992 issue of *Electric Power Statistics* (57-001, \$10/\$100) will be available the first week of July. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Dave Madsen (613-951-9823), Energy Section, Industry Division.



## Statistics Canada's Official Release Bulletin for Statistical Information

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#### **PUBLICATIONS RELEASED**

Field Crop Reporting Series No. 4: Prellminary Estimates of Principal Field Crop Area, Canada, 1992.

Catalogue number 22-002

(Canada: \$12/\$80; United States: US\$14/US\$96; Other Countries: US\$16/US\$112).

Cereals and Oilseeds Review, April 1992. Catalogue number 22-007

(Canada: \$13.80/\$138; United States:

US\$16.60/US\$166;

Other Countries: US\$19.30/US\$193).

Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing Industries, First Quarter 1992. Catalogue number 31-003

(Canada: \$11/\$44; United States: US\$13.25/US\$53; Other Countries: US\$15.50/US\$62).

Textile Products industries, 1989. Catalogue number 34-251

(Canada: \$35; United States: US\$42; Other

Countries: US\$49).

Restaurant, Caterer and Tavern Statistics, February 1992.

Catalogue number 63-011

(Canada: \$6.10/\$61; United States: US\$7.30/US\$73; Other Countries: US\$8.50/US\$85).

Family Expenditure in Canada - 17 Metropolitan Areas, 1990.

Catalogue number 62-555

(Canada: \$42; United States: US\$50;

Other Countries: US\$59).

**Quarterly Estimates of Trusteed Pension Funds**, Fourth Quarter 1991.

Catalogue number 74-001

(Canada: \$11/\$44; United States: US\$13.25/US\$53;

Other Countries: US\$15.50/US\$62).

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#### **MAJOR RELEASE DATES: JULY 1992**

(Release dates are subject to change)

Anticipated date(s) of release	Title	Reference period
July		
2	Estimates of Labour Income	March 1992
6	Canadian Composite Leading Indicator	April 1992
6	Short-term Expectations Survey	·
7	Census of Population	1991
8	Help-wanted Index	June 1992
9	New Motor Vehicle Sales	May 1992
9	New Housing Price Index	May 1992
9	Farm Product Price Index	May 1992
10	Labour Force Survey	June 1992
10	Department Store Sales by Province	May 1992
4.4	and Metropolitan Area	14 1000
14	Travel Between Canada and Other Countries	May 1992
14	Neighbourhood Income and Demographics	1990
16	The Consumer Price Index	June 1992
16	Department Store Sales - Advance Release	June 1992
17	Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Merchandise Trade	May 1992
17	Monthly Survey of Manufacturing	May 1992
17	Sales of Natural Gas	May 1992
21	Retail Trade	May 1992
22	Private and Public Investment In Canada	Revised Intentions 1992
22	Wholesale Trade	May 1992
22	Department Store Sales and Stocks	May 1992
23	Canada's International Transactions In Securities	May 1992
23	Employment, Earnings and Hours	May 1992
27	Sales of Refined Petroleum Products	June 1992
28	Husband-Wife Families	1990
29	Unemployment Insurance Statistics	May 1992
29	Industrial Product Price Index	June 1992
29	Raw Materials Price Index	June 1992
31	Real Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost by Industry	May 1992
31	Building Permits	May 1992
31	Major Release Dates	August 1992

The August 1992 release schedule will be published on July 31, 1992. **Users note**: This schedule can be retrieved from **CANSIM** by the command **DATES**. Contact Greg Thomson (613-951-1116), Communications Division.

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