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	MAJOR RELEASES	NE S'EMPRUNTE PAS				
	Environment, 1991 reported access to disposal facilities for household hemicals, cleaners and paints. More than half of disposal services.					
	Parental Work Patterns and Child Care Needs, 1988 National Child Care Survey Children's needs for child care mirror the diversity in parental work schedules.					
	• Sales of Refined Petroleum Products, June 1992 5 Seasonally adjusted, sales of refined petroleum products in June decreased 1.9% from May 1992.					
		(continued on page 2)				
	Households and Las manages et the anytronnement	Households and the Environment				
		In May 1991, Statistics Canada conducted the Household Environment Survey to measure household actions that have (or are perceived to have) positive or negative impacts on the environment. The survey provides baseline information to use in measuring progress towards sound environmental practices at the household level. The subjects examined include recycling and waste reduction practices, energy and water conservation practices, the use of recycled products, and the use and disposal of potentially hazardous household substances. Highlights are presented on page 3 of today's <i>Daily</i> . For national and provincial estimates and estimates by other characteristics, <i>Households and the Environment</i> , 1991 (11-526, \$23.95) is now available. See "How to Order Publications". For more information, contact Bruce Mitchell (613-				

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DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

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Air Carrier Operations in Canada, October-December 1991 Railway Carloadings, Seven-day Period Ending July 14, 1992 Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers, June 1990 Film Laboratory, Production, and Post-production Services Survey, 1990-91	6 6 6 6	
1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures Vegetable Oil Mills (Except Corn Oil) Cane and Beet Sugar Industry Dry Pasta Products Industry Wine Industry Shingle and Shake Industry Hardwood Veneer and Plywood Industry Plate Work Industry Clay Products Industry Lubricating Oil and Grease Industry Chemical Fertilizer and Fertilizer Materials Industry	7 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	
PUBLICATIONS RELEASED		
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MAJOR RELEASES

Households and the Environment

Highlights

- Where recycling services were available in 1991, most households used them. Over half (52.6%) of households had access to paper recycling and 85.8% of these households indicated they used the service. Similar proportions of households had access to recycling for metal cans (48.9%) and glass containers (49.9%). Of these households, 86.2% used the metal and/or glass recycling services.
- Nearly one in five households (17.4%) reduced waste through composting in 1991, using either household composters or by putting out material such as grass clippings and yard waste for collection by municipal composting programs.
- Over one in four households (26.4%) reported access to disposal facilities for household hazardous wastes such as chemicals, cleaners and paints; more than half (51.7%) of these households used the disposal services in 1991.
- In dwellings equipped with thermostats for temperature control, 14.3% had programmable thermostats that automatically lower and raise temperature according to the time of day. Another 57.7% of households reported they regularly and manually lowered thermostat settings in the winter.
- The automobile was the preferred method for travelling to work in May 1991. In households with at least one member working outside the home, 76.0% had at least one member driving to work, but only 15.1% had a member using public transit.

- Disposables were the diaper of choice for households with infants in 1991. In households with children under two years of age, 62.9% used disposable diapers exclusively, while only 5.1% of households with infants never used disposables.
- Many households (45.3%) purchased paper products (such as paper towels and toilet paper) made with recycled content in 1991. In 24.6% of households, someone regularly took his or her own shopping bag to the store.
- Among households with a lawn, yard or garden, 28.0% had used pesticides and 45.4% had used chemical fertilizers in the 12 months preceding the survey.

For estimates by national, provincial and other characteristics, *Households and the Environment*, 1991 (11-526, \$23.95) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

Data from the Household Environment Survey were combined with data from the Labour Force Survey, the Survey of Consumer Finances, the Household Facilities and Equipment Survey and the Rent Survey, which were all administered to the same households. The combination is a rich database of environment, demographic, labour force, housing and household facilities information on which analysis may be conducted.

For more information concerning these data or on the availability of special request tabulations, contact Bruce Mitchell (613-951-3742), National Accounts and Environment Division or Peter Hewer (613-951-4633), Household Surveys Division.

Parental Work Patterns and Child Care Needs

1988 National Child Care Survey

Highlights

Parents' Employment and Work Schedules

- In 1988, close to 52% of all families with preschoolers (children 0-5 years of age) were dual-earner couples or were employed, solesupport parents. The predominant family form, even among families with infants and toddlers, was the dual-earner family.
- Most employed parents worked full-time. Even in families with children younger than three years of age, both parents worked full-time in 67% of dualearner families.
- Of lone-parents with preschoolers, 43% or 83,900 were employed – more than 80% worked fulltime.
- Only 55% of employed parents worked what has long been considered the standard work week (Monday to Friday only, on a fixed daily schedule, roughly from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m.).
- One or both parents worked at least one weekend day in 47% of dual-earner couples; and one or both parents worked either a fixed, late-day or night shift in 21% of dual-earner couples.
- Of dual-earner couples, 16.5% (197,700) deliberately arranged off-shift work schedules for child care purposes. The most common reason parents gave for deliberately off-shifting work hours was that they considered it best for their children. However, one-third of parents who deliberately off-shifted did so because they could not afford other child care or in order to reduce child care costs.

Families Needing Child Care

- Of families with children younger than six years of age, 55% (871,700) were estimated to need some child care to support parental employment. Almost 250,000 families needed child care for two or more children under the age of six; approximately 333,000 families needed care for both preschoolers and schoolchildren.
- An estimated one in eight families who needed full-time care for at least one preschooler had a 1987 income of \$20,000 or less.

Note to Users

Parental Work Patterns and Child Care Needs is the second in a series of reports based on the 1988 National Child Care Survey, conducted jointly by members of the National Day Care Research Network and Statistics Canada, with primary funding provided by Health and Welfare Canada. The report provides in-depth information about parental work patterns based on a nationally representative sample of families with children less than 13 years of age. For the first time, it includes a detailed look at work schedules in dual-earner and lone-parent families, providing important insights into the nature of child care needs in a family.

Children Needing Child Care

- Child care was needed to support parental employment in 1988 for an estimated 2.7 million children as follows: 276,000 infants less than 18 months, 276,500 children 18-35 months, 585,100 children 3-5 years, 861,400 children 6-9 years, and 680,700 children 10-12 years old.
- Children's needs for child care mirror the diversity in parental work schedules. Roughly 28% of preschoolers and schoolchildren whose parents worked in the week preceding the study needed care for at least one weekend day; 10-12% needed care while a parent worked a fixed, lateday or night shift; and 28% needed care that would accommodate an irregular work schedule that varied from day to day.

Parental Work Patterns and Child Care Needs (89-529E, \$25) is now available. See "How to Order Publications".

For more information about this report or the 1988 National Child Care Survey, contact the following:

Professor Donna Lero Department of Family Studies University of Guelph Guelph, Ontario N1G 2W1 (519) 824-4120, Ext. 3914

or

Professor Alan R. Pence School of Child and Youth Care University of Victoria Victoria, British Columbia V8W 2Y2 (604) 721-7981

For information about the microdata tape, please contact Mr. T. Scott Murray, Assistant Director, Household Surveys Division (613-951-9476).

Sales of Refined Petroleum

Products

June 1992

Highlights

Seasonally Adjusted Sales

- Preliminary estimates indicate that sales of refined petroleum products totalled 6.4 million cubic metres in June 1992, a decrease of 1.9% from May 1992.
- The June decrease was attributable to lower sales of light fuel oil (-9.5%), heavy fuel oil (-3.6%), diesel fuel oil (-3.1%) and "all other refined products" (-1.3%). Motor gasoline sales in June increased 0.2%.

Unadjusted Sales

 Total sales of refined petroleum products increased 2.1% from June 1991, to 6.5 million cubic metres in June 1992. Sales of two of the

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Sales of Refined Petroleum Products

four main products increased: diesel fuel oil (6.3%) and motor gasoline (5.7%). Light fuel oil (-7.6%) and heavy fuel oil (-7.5%) sales decreased in June 1992.

 Cumulative sales of refined petroleum products for the first six months of 1992 amounted to 39.1 million cubic metres, up 2.7% from the corresponding period in 1991. Within this total, heavy fuel oil sales increased 11.3%, light fuel oil 6.6%, motor gasoline 2.2% and diesel fuel oil 1.3%.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 628-642 and 644-647.

The June 1992 issue of *Refined Petroleum Products* (45-004, \$18.20/\$182) will be available the third week of September. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Gérard O'Connor (613-951-3562), Energy Section, Industry Division.

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	March 1992 r	April 1992 r	May 1992 ^r	June 1992 P	⁻ June 1992/ May 1992		
	Seasonally Adjusted						
	(thousands of cubic metres)						
Total, All Products	6 711.8	6 728.6	6 557.3	6 432.3	-1.9		
Motor Gasoline	2 786.2	2 768.4	2 735.6	2 739.7	0.2		
Diesel Fuel Oil	1 306.2	1 338.0	1 385.8	1 342.3	-3.1		
Light Fuel Oil	527.1	519.8	476.2	431.0	-9.5		
Heavy Fuel Oil	751.0	621.6	649.1	625.9	-3.6		
All Other Refined Products	1 341.3	1 480.8	1 310.6	1 293.4	-1.3		
	Total						
	June 1991	June 1992 P	January- June 1991	January- Junep 1992	Cumulative 1992/1991		
	Unadjusted						
	(thousands of cubic metres)						
Total, All Products	6 334.3	6 465.8	38 052.5	39 075.1	2.7		
Motor Gasoline	2 781.5	2 941.4	15 701.6	16 046.1	2.2		
Diesel Fuel Oil1	1 350.0	1 435.4	7 380.8	7 476.2	1.3		
Light Fuel Oil	169.3	156.4	3 423.8	3 650.7	6.6		
Heavy Fuel Oil	586.4	542.2	3 913.7	4 356.6	11.3		
All Other Refined Products	1 447.1	1 390.4	7 632.6	7 545.5	-1.1		

Revised.

DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Air Carrier Operations in Canada

October-December 1991

- Fourth quarter operating revenues for Level I-III carriers were \$1.6 billion, a 10% decrease from the fourth quarter of 1990, while total operating revenues for Level I carriers decreased 6% to \$1.3 billion.
- Air Canada reported a decrease of 19% in operating revenue, from \$764 million in the fourth quarter of 1990 to \$620 million in the fourth quarter of 1991. Canadian Airlines International Ltd. (CAIL) reported that operating revenue decreased by 5% to \$570 million during the same period.
- Operating statistics (including passengers, goods carried, passenger-kilometres and goods tonnekilometres) for Levels I to IV scheduled and charter services all decreased compared to the fourth quarter of 1990.
- The number of passengers carried on scheduled services by Air Canada decreased by 11% to 2.5 million, while on Canadian Airlines International Ltd. the number dropped 6% to 1.8 million compared to the fourth quarter of 1990. For 1991, the distribution of passengers between Air Canada and CAIL on scheduled and charter services was virtually identical to 1990.
- During the fourth quarter of 1991, about 66% of domestic scheduled passengers travelled on discount fares, up from 64% in 1990. For the international markets, 81% of scheduled passengers flew on discount fares.
- During the fourth quarter of 1991, the average fare paid by air passengers on all domestic citypairs amounted to \$175, down 12% from the previous year; the average fare paid by international passengers was \$314, a decrease of 7% from a year earlier.

The October-December 1991 issue of Canadian Carrier Operations in Canada (51-002, \$24.25/\$97) will be released shortly.

For more information on this release, contact Bradley Snider (819-997-6195), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation Division.

Railway Carloadings

Seven-day Period Ending July 14, 1992

Revenue freight loaded by railways in Canada during the period ending July 14, 1992 totalled 4.1 million tonnes, a decrease of 10.4% from the same period last year.

Piggyback traffic decreased 11.1% from the same period last year. The number of cars loaded decreased 8.6% during the same period.

The tonnage of revenue freight loaded to date at July 14, 1992 decreased 1.8% from the previous year.

Note: Piggyback traffic includes trailers and containers on flat cars. Piggyback traffic numbers are included in total carload traffic. All 1991 figures and 1992 cumulative data have been revised.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Angus MacLean (613-951-2484), Surface Transport Unit, Transportation Division.

Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers June 1992

Canadian domestic shipments of corrugated boxes and wrappers totalled 195 163 thousand square metres in June 1992, an increase of 0.5% from the 194 232^r thousand square metres shipped a year earlier.

January to June 1992 domestic shipments totalled 989 070^r thousand square metres, a decrease of 1.9% from the 1 008 129^r thousand square metres shipped in the same period in 1991.

The June 1992 issue of Corrugated Boxes and Wrappers (36-004, \$5/\$50) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information on this release, contact Sandra Bohatyretz (613-951-3531), Industry Division.

Film Laboratory, Production, and Post-Production Services Survey

Preliminary data for the 1990-91 Annual Film Laboratory, Production, and Post-Production Services Survey are now available.

For further information, contact Sharon M. Boyer (613-951-1573), Cultural Industries Sub-division, Education, Culture and Tourism Division.

Vegetable Oli Milis (Except Corn Oli)

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the vegetable oil mills (except corn oil) (SIC 1061) totalled \$803.9 million, down 5.9% from \$854.4 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5390.

The data for this industry will be released in Food Industries (32-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Cane and Beet Sugar Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the cane and beet sugar industry (SIC 1081) totalled \$621.4 million, up 6.3% from \$584.8 million in 1988.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5393.

The data for this industry will be released in Food Industries (32-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Dry Pasta Products Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the dry pasta products industry (SIC 1092) totalled \$186.4 million, up 6.4% from \$175.1 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5397.

The data for this industry will be released in Food Industries (32-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Wine Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the wine industry (SIC 1141) totalled \$257.8 million, down 9.5% from \$285.0 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5405.

The data for this industry will be released in *Beverage and Tobacco Products Industries* (32-251, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Shingle and Shake Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the shingle and shake industry (SIC 2511) totalled \$260.0 million, up 9.6% from \$237.3 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5459.

The data for this industry will be released in Wood Industries (35-250, \$49).

For more detailed information on this release, contact J. Lepage (613-951-3516), Industry Division.

Hardwood Veneer and Plywood Industry 1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the hardwood veneer and plywood industry (SIC 2521) totalled \$338.4 million, down 7.3% from \$365.2 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5461.

The data for this industry will be released in Wood Industries (35-250, \$49).

For more detailed information on this release, contact J. Lepage (613-951-3516), Industry Division.

Plate Work Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the plate work industry (SIC 3022) totalled \$214.9 million, down 5.2% from \$226.6 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5518.

The data for this industry will be released in Fabricated Metal Products Industries (41-251, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Clay Products Industry (Imported Clay)

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the clay products industry (imported clay) (SIC 3512) totalled \$118.7 million, down 11.8% from \$134.6 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 6850.

The data for this industry will be released in *Non-metallic Mineral Products Industries* (44-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact A. Shinnan (613-951-3520), Industry Division.

Lubricating Oil and Grease Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the lubricating oil & grease industry (SIC 3612) totalled \$273.0 million, down 5.0% from \$287.3 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 6867.

The data for this industry will be released in Refined Petroleum and Coal Products Industries (45-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-951-3513), Industry Division.

Chemical Fertilizer and Fertilizer Materials Industry

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the chemical fertilizer and fertilizer materials industry (SIC 3721) totalled \$668.6 million, down 8.7% from \$732.2 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 6872.

The data for this industry will be released in *Chemical and Chemical Products Industries* (46-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-951-3513), Industry Division.

PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Households and the Environment, 1991. Cataiogue number 11-526 (Canada: \$23.95; United States: US\$28.95; Other Countries: US\$33.95).

Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmilis East of the Rockies (except Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island), May 1992.

Catalogue number 35-002 (Canada: \$10/\$100; United States: US\$12/US\$120; Other Countries: US\$14/US\$140).

Air Carrier Traffic at Canadian Airports, April-June 1991. Catalogue number 51-005 (Canada: \$30.50/\$122; United States: US\$36.50/ US\$146; Other Countries: US\$42.75/US\$171). Rallway Operating Statistics, January 1992. Catalogue number 52-003 (Canada: \$10.50/\$105; United States: US\$12.60/ US\$126; Other Countries: US\$14.70/US\$147).

Parental Work Patterns and Child Care Needs. Catalogue number 89-529E (Canada: \$25; United States: US\$30; Other Countries: US\$35).

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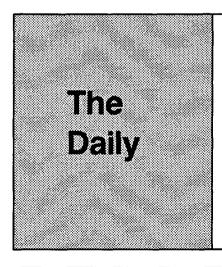
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