

Monday, August 17, 1992

For release at 8:30 a.m.

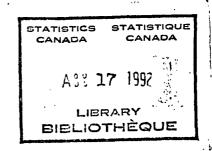
MAJOR RELEASE

• Public Sector Employment and Renumeration, Fiscal Year 1991-92 2 Public sector employment increased 1.1% over 1990-91 to total 2,710,800 in 1991-92.

DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Department Store Sales, July 1992 6
Canadian Civil Aviation Statistics, June 1992 6
Plastic Film and Bags, Second Quarter 1992 6
1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures
Non-ferrous Metal Smelting and Refining Industries 6
Other Wire Products, Upholstery and Coil Spring Industries 7

NOT FOR LOAN NE S'EMPRUNTE PAS



MAJOR RELEASE

Public Sector Employment and Remuneration

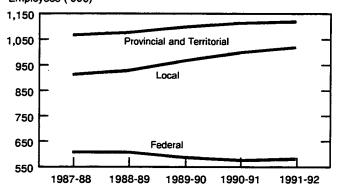
Fiscal Year 1991-92

Highlights

 Public sector employment, consisting of government and government business enterprises, increased 1.1% over 1990-91 to total 2,710,800 in 1991-92. Remuneration for the public sector increased 5.8% over 1990-91 to total \$94.2 billion in 1991-92.

Public Sector Employment

Employees ('000)



Government Employment

(fiscal year averages)

Total government employment (which excludes government business enterprises) averaged 2,346,700 employees in 1991-92, an increase of 1.5% over 1990-91. Of the total employment, provincial and territorial governments and local governments had the largest shares, at 41.1% each, followed by the federal government with a share of 17.8%.

Note to users

Definition of the Public Sector

The public sector universe in this report includes all commercial and non-commercial establishments under the control of a government. Two components make up the public sector: government and government business enterprises. The number of employees are shown as "on strength" and includes all employees within and outside Canada who are full-time, part-time and casual employees. "On strength" includes paid employees who report to work and persons who are not being paid but who are considered to be employees, such as those on strike or on unpaid leave. Remuneration data are presented on a cash basis; that is, earnings are reported in the period received, not in the period earned.

Government includes departments, agencies, boards, commissions, municipalities, funds established and controlled by governments, public educational institutions, cultural facilities, hospitals and social agencies, as well as the bodies administering universal pension plans. Government business enterprises are organizations engaged in commercial operations. Such enterprises are similar in motivation to private business enterprises and are either in competition with private enterprises or they monopolize markets that would otherwise be serviced by the private sector.

Additional Coverage and Historical Revision

For the first time, this report includes additional coverage of 1.2 million public sector employees not previously included, as detailed below. With the exception of universities, this completes coverage of Statistics Canada's public sector universe. Statistics Canada is in the process of finalizing a formal definition of the public sector. The issue of inclusion of universities in the public sector is still under review.

The following elements of the public sector have been added to the coverage:

Federal Public Sector

- Reservists of the Canadian Armed Forces.
- Members of the House of Commons and the Senate.

Approximately 34,000 employees have been brought into coverage, with the data revised back to 1974 to reflect the additional coverage.

Provincial/Territorial Public Sector

- Public (lay and religious) hospitals.
- Various provincial social service entities in Quebec.
- Children's Aid Societies.

Approximately 456,000 employees have been brought into coverage, with the data revised back to 1987 to reflect the additional coverage.

Local Public Sector

- Local government institutions of education, health and social services.
- Local government business enterprises.
- Elected officials of local governments for municipalities with population greater than 10,000.

Approximately 600,000 employees have been brought into coverage, with the data revised back to 1974. Employees of local hospitals (approximately 67,000) have also been brought into coverage, with the data revised back to 1987 to reflect the additional coverage.

- Federal government employment averaged 417,500 employees in 1991-92, an increase of 1.9% over 1990-91. The increase in employment for 1991-92 can be mainly attributed to the implementation and operation of the GST and the hiring of temporary personnel for the 1991 Census of Population. Excluding the abovementioned increases in employment, federal government employment would have declined by 0.3% from 1990-91. The annual average growth rate for federal government employment between 1987-88 and 1990-91 was 1.1%.
- Provincial and territorial government employment averaged 965,700 employees in 1991-92, an increase of 0.9% over 1990-91. From 1987-88 to 1990-91, the annual average growth rate for provincial and territorial government employment was 1.8%. Hospital employment, consisting of lay and religious and provincially-owned hospitals, averaged 495,900 employees in 1991-92, an increase of 1.4% over 1990-91. The hospital component represented 51.4% of provincial and territorial government employment in 1991-92.
- Local government employment averaged 963,500 employees in 1991-92. This represented an increase of 1.9% over 1990-91, smaller than the 3.2% annual average growth rate from 1987-88 to 1990-91. Local school boards, accounting for 54.8% of total local government employment, averaged 527,900 employees in 1991-92, an increase of 2.3%. Local hospital employment, representing 7.0% of total local government employment, averaged 67,700 employees in 1991-92, a decrease of 0.2% from 1990-91.
- Total government employment represented 20.9% of total paid workers (as per adjusted Labour Force Survey) in Canada in 1991-92. Of the total paid workers in Canada, provincial and territorial governments and local governments accounted for 8.6% each, followed by the federal government with 3.7%.

Government Remuneration (fiscal year totals)

- Total government remuneration (which excludes government business enterprises) was \$79.6 billion in 1991-92, an increase of 6.1% over 1990-91. Local government remuneration made up the largest share of government remuneration at 41.9%, followed by provincial and territorial government remuneration at 37.7% and federal government remuneration at 20.4%.
- Local government remuneration increased 9.5% or \$2.9 billion over 1990-91 to total \$33.3 billion in 1991-92. Local school board remuneration increased 11.5% or \$2.1 billion over 1990-91, to total \$19.9 billion in 1991-92. Ontario, British Columbia and Quebec experienced increases of 15.4%, 13.1% and 10.0%, respectively, over 1990-91 in local school board remuneration. The annual average growth rate for local government remuneration between 1987-88 and 1990-91 was 8.5%.
- Provincial and territorial government remuneration totalled \$30.0 billion in 1991-92. This represented an increase of 5.0% over 1990-91, smaller than the 7.1% annual average growth rate from 1987-88 to 1990-91. Hospital remuneration, consisting of lay and religious and provincially-owned hospitals, increased 5.9% over 1990-91. Hospital remuneration in Ontario exhibited the largest increase, at 8.3% over 1990-91.
- Federal government remuneration amounted to \$16.3 billion in 1991-92, an increase of 1.4% over 1990-91. This was in sharp contrast to the 8.3% annual average growth rate from 1987-88 to 1990-91.
- Total government remuneration in 1991-92 represented 23.1% of total wages and salaries in Canada. Local government remuneration made up 9.7%, provincial and territorial government remuneration accounted for 8.7% and federal government remuneration represented 4.7% of the total wages and salaries in Canada.

Government Business Enterprises Employment (fiscal year averages)

Total government business enterprise employment decreased by 1.5% from 1990-91 to average 364,100 in 1991-92. Federal government business enterprise employment decreased by 0.9% or 1,490 employees from 1990-91, to average 160,700 in 1991-92. Provincial and territorial government business enterprise employment decreased by 3.7% or 5,800 employees in 1991-92, to average 150,800 employees. Local government business enterprise employment increased 3.5% or by 1,780 employees in 1991-92, to average 52,600.

Government Business Enterprises Remuneration (fiscal year totals)

Total government business enterprise remuneration totalled \$14.7 billion in 1991-92, an increase of 4.2% over 1990-91. Federal government business enterprise remuneration amounted to \$5.9 billion in 1991-92, an increase of 3.7% over 1990-91. Remuneration in provincial and territorial government business enterprises increased by 3.6% to total \$6.6 billion in 1991-92. Local government business enterprise remuneration totalled \$2.2 billion in 1991-92, an increase of 7.4% over 1990-91.

Public Sector Employment – Federal – as at March 31, 1992¹ Based on Statistics Canada, Treasury Board and Public Service Commission universes

		- Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions
Statistics Canada's	Treasury Board's	- Employees in both Public Service Commission and Treasury Board universes
Public Sector Employment – federal 573,207	Federal Government Employment 242,958	Employees not appointed by the Public Service Commission 1,090
		- Term employees appointed for less than 6 months
·		Employees of other federal government agencies for which Treasury Board is not the employer
	i	- National Defence Military
		Personnel
		- RCMP Uniformed Personnel 19,600
	L	Government Business Enterprise employees

This Reconciliation Statement provides data as at March 31, 1992 and is not precisely comparable to the fiscal average data of federal public sector employment, released in the text (578,234). Of this total, federal government employment was 417,504 employees and government business enterprise employment was 160,730.

Included are employees of entities such as the Office of the Commissioner for Federal Judicial Affairs, the National Research Council, and the House of Commons.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 2718 (federal public sector employment and remuneration, by province and month); 2720 (military employment and remuneration, by province and month); 2722 and (provincial territorial public employment and remuneration by province or territory and month); 2724 (public sector employment and remuneration by province and month, 1987 to date); 2725 (local public sector employment and remuneration, by province and month); 2726 (local government employment and remuneration in census metropolitan areas, by month from January 1974 to date).

The information presented in this report as well as other public sector employment and remuneration information will be available in the second annual edition of *Public Sector Employment and Remuneration* (72-209, \$39) to be released in September.

For further information concerning this release, contact Ishtiaq Khan (613-951-8306), Public Employment Section, Public Institutions Division.

Data are also available through custom and special tabulation. For more information or general inquires on the Public Institutions Division's products or services, contact Patricia Phillips, Data Dissemination and External Relations Co-ordinator (613-951-0767, fax: 613-951-0661).

Public Sector Employment and Remuneration Fiscal Year 1991-92

	Employr	nent Averages	Percentage Change from 1990-91	Percent Share 1991-92	Percentage of Total Paid Workers (Adjusted) in Canada 1991-92
	1991-92	1990-91			
Public Sector	2,710,818	2,682,308	1.1		24.1
Total Government	2,346,711	2,312,691	1.5	100.0	20.9
Federal	417,504	409,895	1.9	17.8	3.7
Provincial/Territorial	965,669	957,497	0.9	41.1	8.6
Local	963,538	945,299	1.9	41.1	8.6
Total Government Business					
Enterprise	364,107	369,617	-1.5	100.01	3.2
Federal	160,730	162,221	-0.9	44.1	1.4
Provincial/Territorial	150,822	156,617	-3.7	41.4	1.3
Local	52,555	50,779	3.5	14.4	0.5
•	Remuneration		Percentage	Percent	Percentage
	(in \$	millions)	Change from 1990-91	Share 1991-92	of Total Wages and
_	1991-92	1990-91			Salaries in Canada 1991-92
Public Sector	94,224	89,091	5.8		27.4
Total Government	79,560	75,020	6.1	100.0	23.1
Federal	16,256	16,029	1.4	20.4	4.7
Provincial/Territorial	29,993	28,577	5.0	37.7	8.7
Local	33,312	30,414	9.5	41.9	9.7
Total Government Business					
Enterprise	14,664	14,071	4.2	100.0	4.3
Federal	5,863	5,654	3.7	40.0	1.7
Provincial/Territorial	6,579	6,349	3.6	44.9	1.9
	2,222	2,068	7.4	15.2	0.6

Figures do not add due to rounding.

DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

Department Store Sales

July 1992

Advance department stores sales including concessions for July were \$972 million. Sales for the major department stores were \$524 million and sales for the junior category were \$447 million.

For further information on this release, contact Diane Lake (613-951-9824), Retail Trade Section, Industry Division.

Canadian Civil Aviation Statistics June 1992

Preliminary monthly operational data for June 1992 are now available. Data reported by Canadian Level I air carriers on scheduled services show that in June 1992 domestic passenger-kilometres increased by 2% over May 1992 and by 15% over June 1991.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 385.

Preliminary civil aviation data for June 1992 will be published in the August issue of *Aviation Statistics* Centre Service Bulletin (51-004, \$9.30/\$93).

For more information on this release, contact Bob Lund (819-997-6188), Aviation Statistics Centre, Transportation Division.

Plastic Film and Bags

Second Quarter 1992

Data for the second quarter of 1992 for plastic film and bags are now available.

Shipments of Plastic Film and Bags Manufactured from Resin (47-007, \$6.75/\$27) will be available at a later date.

For more detailed information, contact T. Raj Sehdev (613-951-3513), Industry Division.

Non-ferrous Metal Smelting and Refining Industries

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the non-ferrous metal smelting and refining industries (SIC 2950) totalled \$5,926.2 million, down 11.8% from \$6,716.4 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5511.

The data for this industry will be released in *Primary Metal Industries* (41-250, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact A. Shinnan (613-951-3520), Industry Division.

Other Wire Products, Upholstery and Coil Spring Industries

1990 Annual Survey of Manufactures

In 1990, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the other wire products, upholstery and coil spring industries (SIC 3058) totalled \$563.0 million, down 17.9% from \$686.1 million in 1989.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5530.

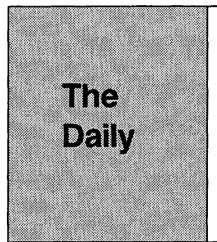
The data for this industry will be released in

Fabricated Metal Products Industries (41-251, \$35).

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of American National Standard for Information Sciences – Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials, ANSI Z39.48 – 1984.





Statistics Canada's Official Release Bulletin for Statistical Information

Catalogue 11-001E. Price: Canada: \$120.00 annually; United States: US\$144.00 annually; Other Countries: US\$168.00 annually

Published by the Communications Division Statistics Canada, 10-L, R.H. Coats Bldg., Ottawa K1A 0T6.

Senior Editor: Greg Thomson (613-951-1116) Editor: Tim Prichard (613-951-1103)

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada.

Minister of Industry, Science and Technology, 1992. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise without prior written permission from Chief, Author Services, Publications Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0T6.

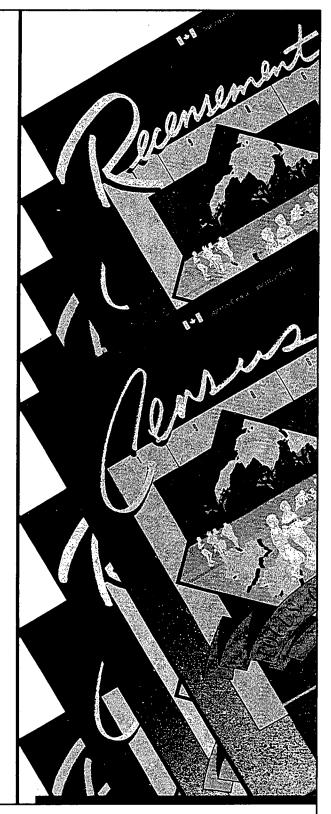


THE NEWS BEHIND THE NUMBERS

The 1986 Census Data Base collected the numbers on Canadians – but what do they mean to you? The FOCUS ON CANADA Series analyses the issues that emerged from the Census results, in an easy-to-read style.

FOCUS ON CANADA looks at the issues affecting Canada's seniors and its youth, its ethnic and aboriginal communities; its regions in the far north and the industrial south.

And there's much more to keep you informed – and enlightened. Each publication is bilingual, and costs \$10 in Canada (US\$11 in other countries). Order the full set of 16 for a comprehensive reference tool for home, school or office.



To order, write to Publication Sales, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0T6. For faster service, using VISA or MasterCard call toll-free.

Please make cheques or money orders payable to the Receiver General for Canada/Publications.

Contact a Regional Reference Centre near you for further information.

1-800-267-6677 Call Toll-Free