

Sugar sales, June 1994 Electric storage batteries, May 1994 Steel pipe and tubing, May 1994  PUBLICATIONS RELEASED		6 6 6 7
Electric storage batteries, May 1994	A Steel Control of Steel of St	6
Labour force survey, June 1994     The unemployment rate for June declined (  DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUN	0.4 percentage points to 10.3%.	
MAJOR RELEASE	LIBRARY BIBLIOTHEOUF	
For release at 8:30 a.m.	TIII 8 1994	
Friday, July 8, 1994	STATISTICS CANADA	

#### ■ End of Release

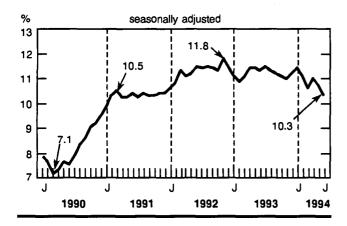
# **MAJOR RELEASE**

# Labour force survey

June 1994

Estimates from the labour force survey show employment was little changed in June, after a total gain of 171,000 over the preceding four months. A decline of 59,000 in the number of persons looking for work lowered the unemployment rate by 0.4 percentage points to 10.3%. The level of unemployment declined among both youths (-25,000) and adults (-34,000).

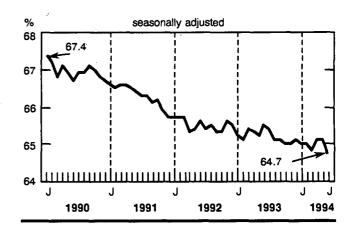
#### Unemployment rate



# Decline in labour force pulls down unemployment rate

In June the number of persons looking for work fell by 59,000, mostly due to a decline in labour force participation by youths and adult men. The decline in the participation rate among youths was due to a higher proportion of 15- to 19-year-olds attending school in June 1994 than in previous years.

#### Participation rate

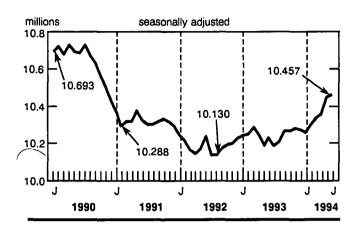


Since January 1994 the number of persons looking for work declined in four months out of five, bringing unemployment down by 140,000 to 1,452,000. Over the period, the unemployment rate fell from 11.4% to 10.3% (-1.1 percentage points). Since January 1994 the unemployment rate among adults has dropped 0.9 percentage points, mostly a result of employment gains. Among youths, the unemployment rate has dropped 1.5 percentage points: both employment gains and reduced labour force participation contributed to the decrease.

#### **Employment is little changed**

Full-time employment (i.e., persons working 30 hours or more a week) increased slightly in June. Since January 1994 full-time employment grew by 203,000, whereas the number of persons working part time fell by 25,000. Over the period, full-time employment increased by 39,000 among youths, by 68,000 among adult women, and by 96,000 among adult men. Growth in full-time employment has reduced the employment share of part-time workers to 17.0%, down from a peak of 17.8% in July 1993.

#### Full-time employment



Employment in trade fell by 22,000, following a gain of 41,000 in May. Employment in trade has been fluctuating in recent months, even so the level in June was 151,000 higher than its trough in April 1993. Employment in construction has been little changed over the latest two months: a loss of 21,000 in June offset a comparable gain in May. Since January employment in construction has shown a marked improvement, gaining 86,000. Employment in other primary industries declined by 6,000, following an increase of 11,000 in May.

Employment increased slightly in agriculture and in finance, insurance and real estate. Employment gains in community, business and personal services totalled 37,000 in the latest two months, continuing the upward trend begun in April 1992. Manufacturing employment was little changed in June, remaining slightly higher than its level in December 1993.

Employment declined in Newfoundland (-6,000) and Nova Scotia (-5,000), partially offsetting recent gains. Employment in Manitoba declined over the latest two months, offsetting April's gains. There has been virtually no employment growth in Quebec and Ontario over the latest two months.

#### Students' participation in the labour force drops

The large number of students looking for work during the summer has an important impact on the

labour market. Between May and June, 123,000 students entered the labour force. In June 1994, 1,314,000 youths who had attended school in March were either working or looking for work, down by 64,000 from June 1993.

Most of this year-to-year drop in the labour force was concentrated among students aged 15 to 19 (-59,000). Their participation rate fell 3.9 percentage points to 49.0%.

The situation was different for students aged 20 to 24. Although their participation rate trended down between 1989 and 1993, it rose slightly this year (+0.6 percentage points to 78.3%).

For students aged 15 to 19, a drop of 2.7 percentage points in the unemployment rate this year is a result of their decreased presence in the labour market. A decline in the unemployment rate from 18.5% last year to 12.9% this year among students aged 20 to 24 is primarily related to employment growth for this group.

# Available on CANSIM at 7 a.m.: matrices 2074, 2075, 2078-2107 and table 00799999.

Perspectives on labour and income (75-001E) announces release of its supplement The labour market: mid-year review. This special supplement, available in early August, will be provided through fax service only (\$15 payable by VISA or MasterCard). Your name, fax number, credit card number and related information can be conveyed in advance to Suzanne David (613-951-4628). The regular release date for the autumn 1994 issue of Perspectives on labour and income, including The labour market: midvear review, is planned for early September.

For a summary of information, Labour force information (71-001P, \$10/\$100) is available today, as is a fax version (71-001PF, \$300). The June 1994 issue of *The labour force* (71-001, \$20/\$200) will be available the third week of July. See "How to order publications".

The next release of the labour force survey is scheduled for August 5th.

For further information on this release, contact Doug Drew (613-951-4720), Jean-Marc Lévesque (613-951-2301) or the LFS information line (613-951-9448), Household Surveys Division.

## Labour force characteristics

	June 1994	May 1994 to June 1994	June 1993 to June 1994
,	seasonally adjusted		change
Labour force ('000)	14,049	-52	48
Employment ('000)	12,597	7	172
Full-time ('000)	10,457	15	231
Part-time ('000)	2,140	-8	-59
Unemployment ('000)	1,452	-59	-124
Unemployment rate (%)	10.3	-0.4	-1.0
Participation rate (%)	64.7	-0.4	-0.8
Employment/population ratio (%)	58.1	-	-
	June 1994	June 1993	June 1993 to June 1994
-	ur	change	
Labour force ('000)	14,379	14,338	41
Employment ('000)	12,981	12,788	193
Full-time ('000)	10,880	10,627	253
Part-time ('000)	2,101	2,161	-60
Unemployment ('000)	1,397	1,550	-152
Unemployment rate (%)	9.7	10.8	-1.1
Participation rate (%)	66.3	67.1	-0.8
Employment/population ratio (%)	59.8	59.8	_

<sup>-</sup> Nil or zero.

	Labour force '000			Participation rate %						
	June 1994	May 1994	June 1993	June 1994	June 1993	June 1994	May 1994	June 1993	June 1994	June 1993
	seasonally adjusted		unadjusted		seasonally adjusted		unadjusted			
Canada	14,049	14,101	14,001	14,379	14,338	64.7	65.1	65.5	66.3	67.1
Newfoundland	236	244	236	252	253	52.8	54.7	53.4	56.5	57.3
Prince Edward Island	65	66	65	69	69	64.6	65.8	65.4	68.6	69.0
Nova Scotia	425	428	423	435	431	60.3	60.8	60.4	61.6	61.6
New Brunswick	331	332	336	353	357	58.2	58.3	59.7	62.0	63.4
Quebec	3,427	3,448	3,426	3,525	3,520	62.0	62.4	62.6	63.7	64.3
Ontario	5,337	5,363	5,384	5,450	5,499	65.5	65.9	67.2	66.9	68.7
Manitoba	538	544	540	546	549	66.0	66.8	66.6	67.0	67.7
Saskatchewan	471	470	478	483	491	65.5	65.4	66.5	67.1	68.3
Alberta	1,405	1,407	1,385	1,432	1,414	71.7	71.9	71.5	73.1	73.0
British Columbia	1,802	1,801	1,729	1,833	1,755	66.5	66.6	65.8	67.7	66.8
		Employment '000				Employment/population ratio %				
	June	May	June	June	June	June	May	June	June	June
	1994	1994	1993	1994	1993	1994	1994	1993	1994	1993
	seasonally adjusted		unadjusted		Sea	seasonally adjusted			unadjusted	
Canada	12,597	12,590	12,425	12,981	12,788	58.1	58.1	58.1	59.8	59.8
Newfoundland	186	192	189	200	203	41.6	43.0	42.8	44.7	46.0
Prince Edward Island	55	55	53	62	59	54.2	54.5	53.4	60.7	59.7
Nova Scotia	367	372	361	381	373	52.1	52.8	51.6	54.0	53.4
New Brunswick	290	288	295	313	316	51.0	50.6	52.4	54.9	56.2
Quebec	3,022	3,020	2,968	3,141	3,078	54.6	54.6	54.2	56.8	56.3
Ontario	4,831	4,827	4,809	4,943	4,915	59.3	59.3	60.0	60.7	61.4
Manitoba	490	493	485	502	498	60.1	60.6	59.8	61.7	61.4
Saskatchewan	438	435	443	454	459	60.9	60.5	61.6	63.1	63.8
Alberta	1,279	1,281	1,256	1,312	1,291	65.3	65.4	64.9	67.0	66.7
British Columbia	1,636	1,630	1,560	1,674	1,594	60.4	60.3	59.4	61.8	60.7
	Unemployment '000			Unemployment rate %						
	June 1994	May 1994	June 1993	June 1994	June 1993	June 1994	May 1994	June 1993	June 1994	June 1993
	seasonally adjusted		unadjusted		seasonally adjusted			unadjusted		
						40.0	44.5	44.0		
Canada	1,452	1,511	1,576	1,397	1,5 <b>50</b>	10.3	10.7	11.3	9.7	10.8
Newfoundland	50	52	47	53	50	21.2	21.3	19.9	20.9	19.8
Prince Edward Island	10	11	12	8	9	16.0	17.2	18.3	11.4	13.5
Nova Scotia	58	56	62	54	58	13.6	13.1	14.7	12.4	13.4
New Brunswick	41	44	41	40	41	12.4	13.3	12.2	11.4	11.4
Quebec	405	428	458	384	442	11.8	12.4	13.4	10.9	12.5
Ontario	506	536	575	507	584	9.5	10.0	10.7	9.3	10.6
Manitoba	48	51	55	44	51	8.9	9.4	10.2	8.0	9.3
Saskatchewan	33	35	35	29	32	7.0	7.4	7.3	6.0	6.6
Alberta	126	126	129	120	122	9.0	9.0	9.3	8.4	8.7
British Columbia	166	171	169	159	161	9.2	9.5	9.8	8.7	9.

# DATA AVAILABILITY ANNOUNCEMENTS

### Sugar sales

June 1994

Refiners' sales totalled 101 301 tonnes for all types of sugar in June 1994, comprising 92 096 tonnes in domestic sales and 9 205 tonnes in export sales. At the end of June 1994, year-to-date sales for all types of sugar totalled 532 025 tonnes: 471 063 tonnes in domestic sales and 60 962 tonnes in export sales.

This compares to total sales of 96 193r (revised) tonnes in June 1993, of which 84 629r tonnes were domestic sales and 11 564r tonnes were export sales. At the end of June 1993, year-to-date sales for all types of sugar totalled 522 607r tonnes: 453 562r tonnes in domestic sales and 69 045r tonnes in export sales.

#### Available on CANSIM: matrix 141.

The June 1994 issue of *The sugar situation* (32-013, \$6/\$60) will be available later. See "How to order publications".

For further information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

# Electric storage batteries

May 1994

Manufacturers of electric storage batteries sold 131,150 automotive and heavy-duty commercial replacement batteries in May 1994, up 9.4% from 119,875 batteries in May 1993.

For January to May 1994, shipments totalled 715,107 batteries, a 28.7% increase from 555,747 batteries the previous year.

Sales data for other types of storage batteries are also available.

The May 1994 issue of Factory sales of electric storage batteries (43-005, \$6/\$60) will be available later.

For further information on this release, contact Laurie Vincent (613-951-3523), Industry Division.

# Steel pipe and tubing

May 1994

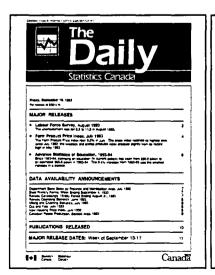
Steel pipe and tubing production for May 1994 totalled 148 399 tonnes, a 10.7% increase from 134 084 tonnes in May 1993.

For January to May 1994, year-to-date production totalled 773 824 tonnes, up 3.4% from 748 056 tonnes produced during the same period in 1993.

#### Available on CANSIM: matrix 35.

The May 1994 issue of Steel pipe and tubing (41-011, \$6/\$60) will be available later.

For further information on this release, contact Greg Milsom (613-951-9827), Industry Division.



#### Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

Catalogue 11-001E. (Canada: \$175; United States: US\$210; other countries: US\$245.)

Published each working day by the Communications Division, Statistics Canada, 10-H, R.H. Coats Bldg., Tunney's Pasture, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6.

Editor: Tim Prichard (613-951-1103) Head of Official Release: Jacques Lefebvre (613-951-1088)

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada. • Minister of Industry, Science and Technology, 1994. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise without prior written permission from Licence Services, Marketing Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0T6

# **PUBLICATIONS RELEASED**

Specified domestic electrical appliances, May 1994.

Catalogue number 43-003

(Canada: \$6/\$60; United States: US\$8/US\$72; other

countries: US\$9/US\$84).

Cement, May 1994. Catalogue number 44-001

(Canada: \$6/\$60; United States: US\$8/US\$72; other

countries: US\$9/US\$84).

Industrial chemicals and synthetic resins, May

1994.

Catalogue number 46-002

(Canada: \$6/\$60; United States: US\$8/US\$72; other

countries: US\$9/US\$84).

Quarterly financial statistics for enterprises, first quarter 1994.

Catalogue number 61-008

(Canada: \$25/\$100; United States: US\$30/US\$120;

other countries: US\$35/US\$140).

Imports by commodity, April 1994. Catalogue number 65-007

(Canada: \$60/\$600; United States: US\$72/US\$720;

other countries: US\$84/US\$840).

Employment, earnings and hours, March 1994.

Catalogue number 72-002

(Canada: \$28.50/\$285; United States: US\$34.20/US\$342; other countries:

US\$39.90/US\$399).

The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of American National Standard for Information Sciences – Permanence of Paper for Printed Library Materials, ANSI Z39.48 – 1984.

⊛

# How to order publications

Simplify your data search with Statistics Canada catalogue, 1993 (11-204E, \$13.95; United States: US\$17; other countries: US\$20). Its keyword index will guide you to statistics on Canada's social and economic activity.

Order The Daily and other publications by phone:

Please refer to the • Title • Catalogue number • Volume number • Issue number • Your VISA or MasterCard number.

In Canada and the United States call:

1-800-267-6677

From other countries call:

1-613-951-7277

Or fax your order to us:

1-613-951-1584

For address changes: Please refer to your customer account number.

To order a publication by mail write: Sales and Service, Marketing Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A 0T6. Include a cheque or money order payable to Receiver General of Canada/Publications. Canadian customers add 7% GST.

Statistics Canada Regional Reference Centres provide a full range of the Agency's products and services. For the reference centre nearest you, check the blue pages of your telephone directory under Statistics Canada.

Authorized agents and bookstores also carry Statistics Canada's catalogued publications.



# **MAJOR RELEASE DATES**

Week of July 11-15 (Release dates are subject to change)

Release date	Title	Reference period		
July				
11 11	New motor vehicle sales New housing price Index	May 1994 May 1994		
5 Consumer price index 5 Travel between Canada and other countries		June 1994 May 1994		