ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT AND PRIVACY ACT ANNUAL REPORT TO PARLIAMENT FOR THE PERIOD FROM APRIL 1, 1998 TO MARCH 31, 1999

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OVERVIEW OF THE ATLANTIC CANADA OPPORTUNITIES AGENCY

A MANDATE AND MISSION

The Agency derives its mandate from Part I of the *Government Organization Act, Atlantic Canada 1987, R.S., c. G-5.7*, otherwise known as the *Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency Act.* The Act provides ACOA with a broad mandate for economic development in Atlantic Canada.

ACOA Mandate

To increase opportunity for economic development in Atlantic Canada and, more particularly, to enhance the growth of earned incomes and employment opportunities in that region.

To fulfill its mandate, the mission for ACOA is to work in partnership with the people of Atlantic Canada towards the long-term economic development of the region.

B OPERATING ENVIRONMENT

1. POSITION WITHIN THE GOVERNMENT

ACOA operates within the Industry Portfolio, which includes 14 departments and agencies tha report to Parliament through the Minister of Industry. The Portfolio's mandate, mission, objectives, priorities and services reflect the federal government's nationa *Jobs and Growth Agenda* to enhance:

- ► small- and medium-sized business (SME) development;
- trade and foreign investment;
- technology and innovation; and,
- employment opportunities for young people.

The foundation of the Portfolio approach is a commitment by its members to effective cooperation and partnerships, a concept which is central to how ACOA addresses the needs and opportunities of Atlantic Canadian SMEs.

ACOA's work in 1998-99 contributed to progress in many of the government-wide priorities outlined in the September, 1997 Speech from the Throne. To implement its *Jobs and Growth Agenda*, the Government prioritized work with youth, rural Canadians, SMEs, and Aboriginal communities as well as work in trade and the knowledge-based economy.



2. CO-DELIVERY PARTNERS

Regional economic development is a long-term, complex, multi-dimensional undertaking. ACOA's approach to economic development has been based on the partnerships it has forged with the business community (SMEs and business associations), the provinces, other government departments and agencies, educational institutions, and various public and community-based economic development organizations.

3. DEVELOPMENT APPROACH

To meet its mandate the Agency pursues two distinct activities:

- a) ensuring that a wide variety of business development tools and resources serve the diverse needs of the region's emerging and existing entrepreneurs; and,
- b) ensuring that all economic development programs and activities in Atlantic Canada are coordinated and designed to improve the climate for business growth generally.

ACOA works to enhance the competitive strength of SMEs in the region. In Atlantic Canada over 95% of newly created businesses are small- or medium-sized firms with less than 100 employees. SMEs create 58% of new jobs.

4. STRATEGIC DIRECTIONS

The Agency's strategic directions focus on the means to facilitate the creation and growth o SMEs, on overcoming barriers to growth, on fostering a development environment and on areas of special opportunities.

Strategic Priorities:

Delicy, Advocacy and Coordination

To provide a targeted program of policy research to improve the understanding of issues and build consensus; advocacy of Atlantic interests in federal policy and coordination of government initiatives.

Innovation and Technology

To strengthen the innovation performance of SMEs through development and commercialization of new technologies and growth of strategic sectors.

Trade, Investment and Tourism

To increase the number of new exporters and increase sales of existing exporters; to increase foreign investment in the Region; to support the tourism industry to increase growth.

<u>Entrepreneurship and Skills Development</u>

To contribute to an increase in the number of Atlantic Canadians who choose to start their own business and improve SME chances for survival and growth.

Horizontal Priorities:

<u>Community Economic Development</u>

To help communities plan and realize their own economic opportunities and ensure that all ACOA activities address rural economic development priorities.

Access to Capital

To provide greater access to capital and information to SMEs; to address gaps in those financing areas traditional lenders consider higher risk, with a focus on strategic sectors and most affected groups (e.g., youth and Aboriginals).

Adjustment

To take advantage of the established Agency network and knowledge to undertake initiatives for the federal government to mitigate impacts of economic downturns (e.g., base closures, groundfish closure).

5. PROGRAMS

ACOA links its strategic directions to its clients through the following major programs:

Business Development Program (BDP):

- assistance to SMEs to establish, expand or modernize;
- interest free, unsecured loans.

Consulting Advisory Services (CAS):

 provisions to business clients of immediate access to consulting expertise to pursue business opportunities or solve problems.



Canada Business Service Centres (CBSCs):

- provision of business-related services and information products to SMEs and aspiring entrepreneurs;
- a 1-800 telephone service, Internet communications, fax, and walk-in services.

Community Futures Program:

 autonomous, not for profit Community Business Development Corporations (CBDCs) are supported by ACOA to help entrepreneurs in rural areas to access the information, advice and capital required to succeed.

COOPERATION Program:

- comprehensive, federal-provincial, cost-shared agreements;
- strategic investment benefiting an industry, a sector, a community, and/or a province.

Adjustment Initiatives:

- Assistance to communities in developing alternative employment opportunities in response to the downturn in the Atlantic groundfish industry;
- Base closure adjustment activities, generating economic diversification and new employment opportunities;
- Borden-Cape Tormentine redevelopment programs, generating new employment opportunities during the transition from ferry service to the new fixed link between New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

C DEPARTMENTAL ORGANIZATION

1. ACTIVITY STRUCTURE

ACOA's program is divided into two main business lines: Development and Corporate Administration. The majority of ACOA's efforts towards the attainment of its objectives are accounted for under Development. The Corporate Administration business line isolates the administrative functions of the Agency from the direct program-related business of the organization.

Development:

Support and promote opportunities for economic development in Atlantic Canada, with particular emphasis on SMEs, through planning, research analysis, policy, program and project development and implementation, and through advocating the interests of Atlantic Canada.

Corporate Administration:

Ensure that ACOA's resources are efficiently and effectively managed and tha administrative systems and services are in place to enhance management decision making, managerial accountability and operational control.

2. ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE

ACOA's Head Office is located in Moncton, New Brunswick. Head Office components are the President's office, Policy and Programs, Finance and Corporate Services, Legal Services and Human Resources.

In each capital of the Atlantic provinces, regional Vice-Presidents are responsible for the deliver of ACOA programs. In Sydney, Nova Scotia, the Vice-President of Enterprise Cape Bret Corporation (ECBC) is responsible for delivering most of ACOA's programs in Cape Breton. Each Vice-President is equipped with Ministerial delegated authorities to approve most projects and proposals occurring in their respective area of responsibility.

Through its Ottawa office, ACOA advocates the interests of Atlantic Canadians in the development of national policies and programs, including the interests of the region's entrepreneurs related to federal procurement.

ACOA legislation provides for an ACOA Advisory Board. The Board is composed of the President of ACOA and not more than seven other members who represent all areas in Atlanti Canada.

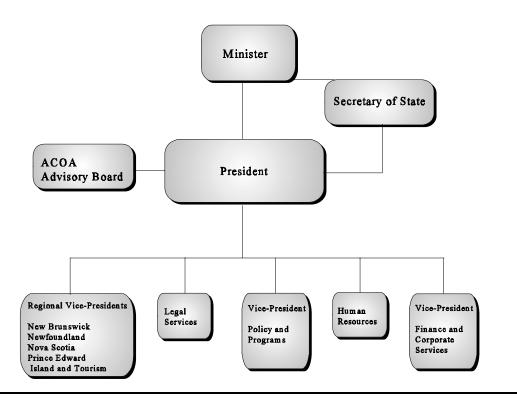


Figure 1: Organization structure



D ADMINISTRATION OF THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND PRIVACY PROGRAM

1. DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY

The President of the Agency is designated as the head of the government institution for the purpose of both the *Access to Information Act* and the *Privacy Act* and has delegated his authority to the Vice-President, Finance and Corporate Services.

The Access to Information and Privacy (ATIP) Coordinator has delegated authority to oversee the administration of the Acts and to ensure compliance with the legislation.

2. PROCESSING OF FORMAL REQUESTS

To ensure an effective and consistent administration of the ATIP legislation, the Agency maintains a system for processing requests aimed at disclosing to the requestor the maximum information possible which is not injurious to the public and private interest. The process also ensures that a representations from mandatory consultations, deliberations, and decisions expressed concerning each request are respected and responded to in the most timely and consistent manner given the nature and scope of the request.

3. READING ROOM

The Agency has designated a section of the library at Head Office in Moncton as the Access Reading Room for the purpose of examining the disclosable records.

4. EMPLOYEE AWARENESS

During the reporting period, the ATIP Office sensitized and guided employees on the requirements of the legislation by means of continuous dialogue and information bulletins. In addition, two privacy awareness sessions were delivered to ACOA staff at the New Brunswick regional office.

5. COMPLAINTS AND INVESTIGATIONS

In the 1998-99 Annual Report to Parliament, the Information Commissioner reported only three complaints on the Agency's application of the *Access to Information Act* of which two were resolved and one was discontinued.

REPORT ON THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT



A HIGHLIGHTS AND SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

From 1997-98 to 1998-99, the Agency has experienced a decline of 15% in the number of new requests received (see Figure 2 below). The caseload processed by the Agency during the reporting period amounted to 114 requests -- 91 new requests and 23 requests outstanding fro the previous reporting period -- which represented approximately 80,500 pages reviewed.

In addition, the Agency responded to 19 consultations from other federal and provincial institutions and conducted over 193 consultations with third parties and other government institutions.

In over half of the cases, the applicant sought information pertaining to Agency clients. Therefore, the two major exemptions applied under the *Access to Information Act* were the mandatory protection of personal and third party confidential information.

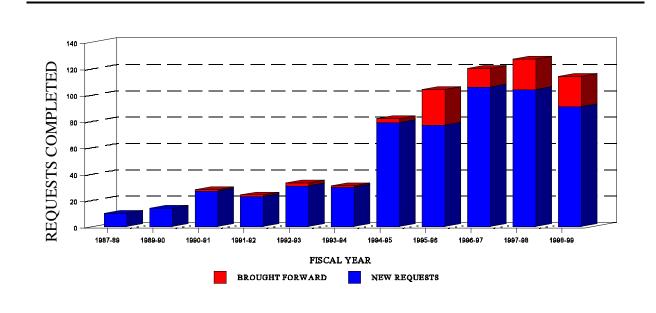


Figure 2: Requests made under the Access to Information Act from 1987-88 to 1998-99





Government Gouvernement

NNUAL STATISTICAL REPORT

REPORT ON THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT RAPPORT CONCERNANT LA LOI SUR L'ACCÈS À L'INFORMATION

nstitution Atlantic Canada Opportunities Agency / Agence de promotion économique du Canada atlantique								Reporting period Période visée par le rapport 01/04/98 - 31/03/99						
		Médias 31	-	Academia Secteur universit				ess Secteur com 36	Organization Organisme Public 19			Public	5	
						_								
Requests under Demandes en ve				Act l'information	II			completed les demandes trai	tées	r				P
Received during report Reçues pendant la péri			ort	91	1 All disclosed Communication totale				29	6		process t impossible		10
Dutstanding from prev En suspens depuis la p	ious period ériode antéri	ieure		23	2 Disclosed in part Communication partielle			47	7	Abandon de la demande			1	
OTAL				114	3 Nothing disclosed (excluded) Aucune communication (exclusion)			0	8	Treated in Traitemen	formall t non officiel		0	
Completed during repo Traitées pendant la pér	orting period iode visée p	i ar le rapp	oort	90	4	Nothing Aucune	g disclosed (exer communication	npt) (exemption)	3	TOTAL			90	
arried forward eportées				24	5	Transfe Transm	rred ission		0				20	
Exemptions Exceptions	invoked invoquées													
art. 13(1)(a)			0	S. Art. 16(1) (a)			4	S. Art. 18 (b)			0	S. Art. 21(1) (a)		4
(b)			1	(b)			0	(c)				(b)		3
(c)			12	(c)			5	(d)			1	(c)		12
(d)			2	(d)			0	S. Art. 19(1)			40	(d)		3
S. Art. 14	01 401		18	S. Art. 16(2)			0	S. Art. 20(1) (a)		\perp	5	S. Art. 22		0
S. Internation Art.15(1) Relations in	al rel. ntern.		1	S. Art. 16(3)			0	(b)			40	S. Art. 23		4
Defence Défense			0	S. Art. 17			0	(c)			36	S. Art. 24		1
Subversive activities Activités subversives 0 S. Art.		S. Art. 18(a)			0	(d)			32	S. Art. 26		0		
Exclusions of Exclusions of	cited citées									V	Comple Délai d	etion time le traitement		
S. Art. 68 (a)			1	1 S. Art. 69(1) (c)				30 days or under 30 jours ou moins			32			
(b)				0		(d)			5	31 to 60 days De 31 à 60 jours				21
(c)				0 (e)					6	61 to 120 days De 61 à 120 jours			16	
art. 69(1)	(a)			0	0 (f)			0 121 days or ove 121 jours ou pl			days or over jours ou plus	;		21
(b)				0		(g)			5	·				
VI Extensions Prorogation	s des délais	1			VI	Transla Traduci				VI	I Meth Méth	od of access ode de consulta	ation	
	30 days or 30 jour moin	r under	31 c 31 j	lays or over ours ou plus	Tran Trad	slations requ uctions dema			0	Cop Cop	ies given ies de l'origi	nal		75
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Third party Tiers		3	1	24	1 17		3	5	P					
TOTAL		3	†	31										
v Fees								v Co	sts					
X Frees Frais		Ne	et fees c	collected				X Co Co	<i>ûts</i> Fina	ncial (all	reasons)			
Application fees ¢ 440 Preparation						Salary	Finar Salary			\$327,93	34			
Frais de la demande Reproduction	Commuter processin			mont of	maintian)	\$ 53,25								
Searching Recherche		0	TOTA	-	ue		\$440	TOTAL	uon (ionctionne	ment et	mannuen)	\$381,1		
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Dispense de frais		140110	<1 c1			- - -	Person veg	Annees-pers		1115005 (11150		71		

Person year (decimal format) Années-personnes (nombre décimal)

7.71

\$ 457

\$1,109

61

15

\$25.00 or under 25 \$ ou moins

Over \$25.00 De plus de 25 \$

STATISTICAL REPORT - INTERPRETATION AND EXPLANATION

The following is an interpretation and explanation of the information contained in the Annual Statistical Report shown on the previous page.

I: REQUESTS UNDER THE ACCESS TO INFORMATION ACT

The total number of requests processed by the Agency during 1998-99 amounted to 114 compared to 127 in 1997-98; 91 new requests were received during the reporting period, while 23 requests were outstanding from the previous reporting period. Of the total requests received during 1998-99, 74% originated from the business sector and the media compared to 55% in the previous fiscal year.

II: DISPOSITION OF REQUESTS COMPLETED

Of the 90 requests completed during 1998-99, the Agency granted access to the records, either in whole or in part, in 84% of the cases, compared to 69% in the previous fiscal year. In ten cases, the Agency was unable to process the request for reasons such as non-existence of records. In three cases, all information was exempt from access. One request was abandoned by the applicant.

III and IV: EXEMPTIONS INVOKED AND EXCLUSIONS CITED

In 96% of the cases where access was granted, the Agency was able to disclose in full or in par the information requested. The two major exemptions invoked were related to the **mandatory** provisions for Personal Information (section 19) and Third Party Informati (section 20). Figure 3, on the following page, shows the frequency of exemptions invoked and exclusions cited for the last two reporting periods.

V and VI: COMPLETION TIME AND EXTENSIONS

During 1998-99, approximately 60% of the cases were completed within 60 days. Compared with the previous reporting period, this represents a 7% improvement in the response time.

Due to the necessary consultations with other government institutions and third parties, extensions were required beyond the prescribed time limit of 30 days in 38% of the requests completed in 1998-99, compared to 31% in the previous reporting period.



FIGURE 3: Frequency of exemptions invoked and exclusions cited, by sections of the *Access to Information Act* (Please note that the section is only reported once for each request)

Section	Description of the Section	Frequ	iency	
		1997-98	1998-99	
13(1)(b)	Information obtained in confidence from international organizations	0	1	
13(1)(c)	Information obtained in confidence from a provincial government	9	12	
13(1)(d)	Information obtained in confidence from a municipal or regional government	2	2	
14	Federal-provincial affairs	15	18	
15(1)	International affairs and defence	1	1	
16(1)(a)	Law Enforcement and Investigations - Information prepared or obtained from an investigating body re law enforcement and investigation	1	4	
16(1)(c)	6(1)(c) Law enforcement and Investigations - Information which could be injurious to the enforcement of any law of Canada or a province or the conduct of lawful investigations			
16(2)	Law enforcement and investigations - Securit	1	0	
18(d)	Economic interests of Canada	0	1	
19(1)	Personal information as defined in the Privacy Act	38	40	
20(1)(a)	Trade secrets of a third part	9	5	
20(1)(b)	Third-party financial, commercial, scientific or technical confidential information	37	40	
20(1)(c)	Financial loss or gain, or could prejudice the competitive position of a third part	34	36	
20(1)(d)	Interference with negotiations of a third part	31	32	
21(1)(a)	Advice or recommendations by or for the government or Minister of the Crown	18	4	
21(1)(b)	Account of consultations or deliberations of government or Minister of the Crown		3	
21(1)(c)	Positions or plans for negotiations carried by or on behalf of the Government of Canada		12	
21(1)(d)	Plans relating to the management of personnel or administration of a government institution not yet put into operation	17	3	
23	Solicitor-client privilege	6	4	
24	Statutory prohibitions against disclosure	4	1	
26	Refusal of access where information is to be published	2	0	
68(a)	Materials published or available for purchase by the public	5	1	
69(1)(a)	Confidences of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada - Memoranda	3	0	
69(1)(d)	Confidences of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada - Discussions between ministers	0	5	
69(1)(e)	Confidences of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada - Records to brief ministers	5	6	
69(1)(g)	Confidences of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada - Records containing information re (a) to (f)	4	5	

VII: TRANSLATIONS

No translation was required in 1998-99 or in 1997-98.

VIII: METHOD OF ACCESS

In all cases where access was granted in the past two fiscal years, the Agency provided copies, in whole or in part, of the records to the requester. In one case, the method of access also included an examination of records.

IX: FEES

The Agency collected application fees in the amount of \$440 during 1998-99 compared to \$425 in the previous fiscal year; while it waived a total of \$1,566 in fees (\$4,118 in the previous fiscal year).

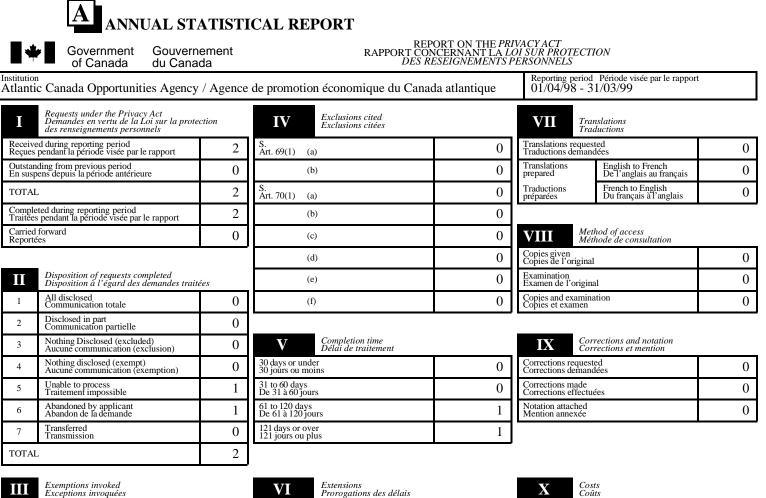
X: Costs

In 1998-99, the direct cost of administering the *Access to Information Act* amounted to \$381,186; \$327,934 in salary costs and \$53,252 in administration costs. The person-year utilization totalled 7.71. A system to collect indirect costs has recently been put into place and will undoubtedly result in much higher, more accurate total costs being reported in subsequent years.



REPORT ON THE PRIVACY ACT





<i>Exemptions invoked</i> <i>Exceptions invoquées</i>	
S. Art. 18 (2)	0
S. Art. 19 (1) (a)	0
(b)	0
(c)	0
(d)	0
S. Art. 20	0
S. Art. 21	0
S. Art. 22 (1) (a)	0
(b)	0
(c)	0
S. Art. 22 (2)	0
S. Art. 23 (a)	0
(b)	0
S. Art. 24	0
S. Art. 25	0
S. Art. 26	0
S. Art. 27	0
S. Art. 28	0

<i>Extensions</i> <i>Prorogations des</i>	s délais		
	30 days or under 30 jours ou moins	31 days or over 31 jours ou plus	
Interference with operations Interruptions des opérations	1		
Consultation	0		
Translation Traduction	0	0	
TOTAL	1	0	

4 Coüts						
Financial (all reasons) Financiers (raisons)						
Salary Traitement	\$7,284					
Administration (O and M) Administration (fonctionnement et maintien)	\$					
TOTAL	\$7,284					
Person year utilization (all reasons) Années-personnes utilisées (raisons)						
Person year (decimal format) Années-personnes (nombre décimal)	0.17					



Agency