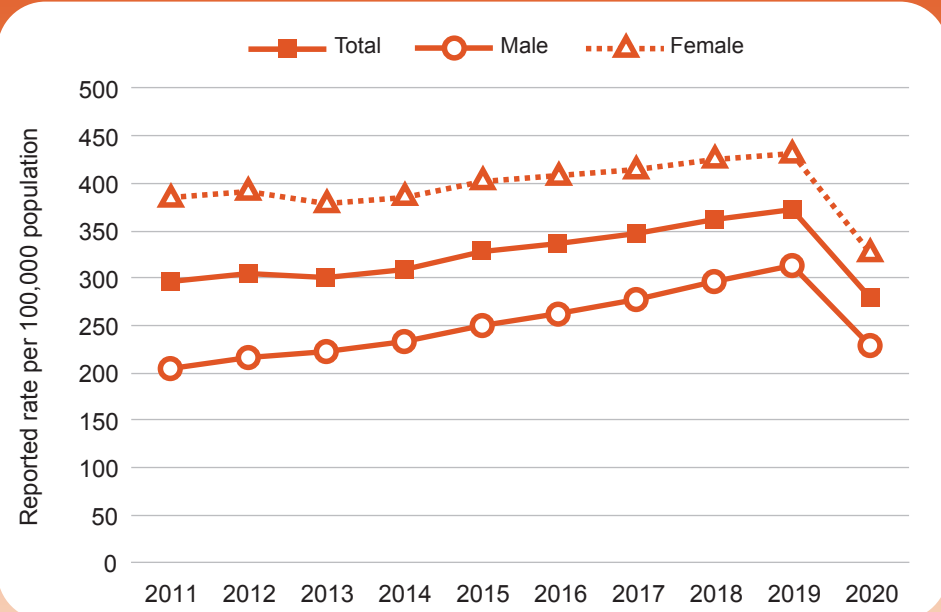


Chlamydia, Gonorrhoea and Infectious Syphilis in Canada, 2020

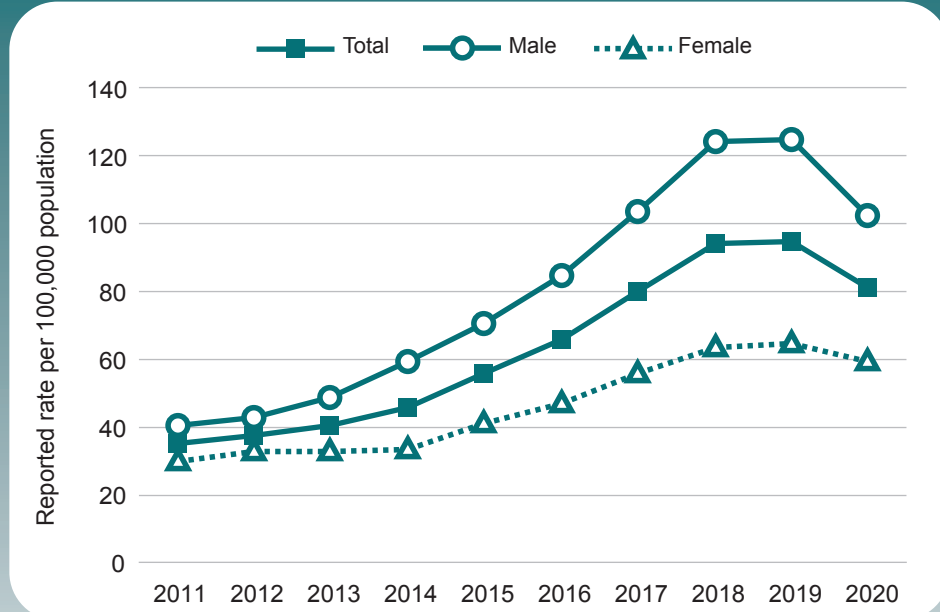
In the last decade, rates of chlamydia, gonorrhoea and infectious syphilis have been rising. Between 2011 and 2019, rates have increased by 26% for chlamydia, 171% for gonorrhoea, and 389% for infectious syphilis.

The COVID-19 pandemic affected the demand for and access to services related to sexually transmitted and blood-borne infections, including testing*. This likely impacted new chlamydia, gonorrhoea and infectious syphilis diagnosis rates in 2020.

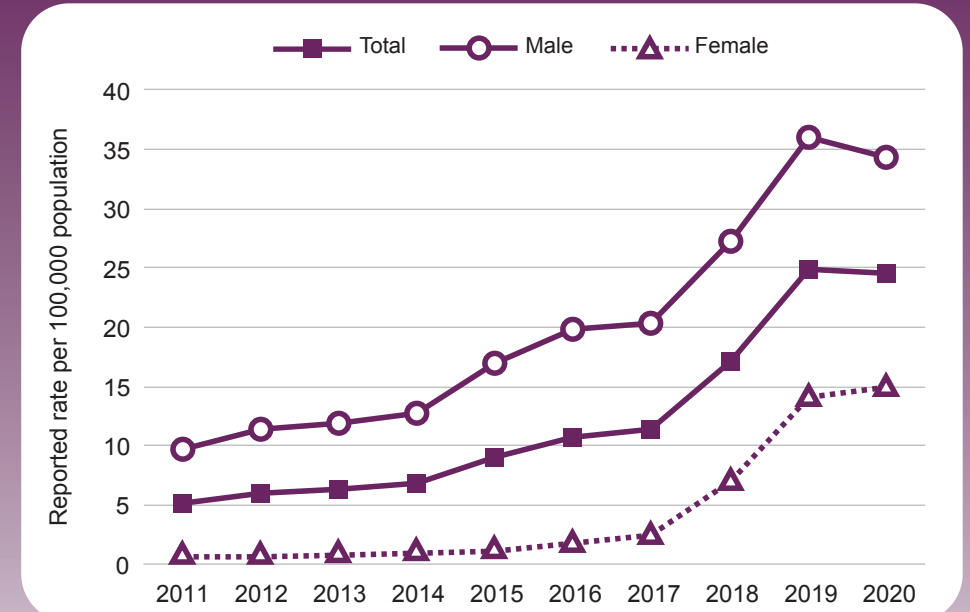
CHLAMYDIA



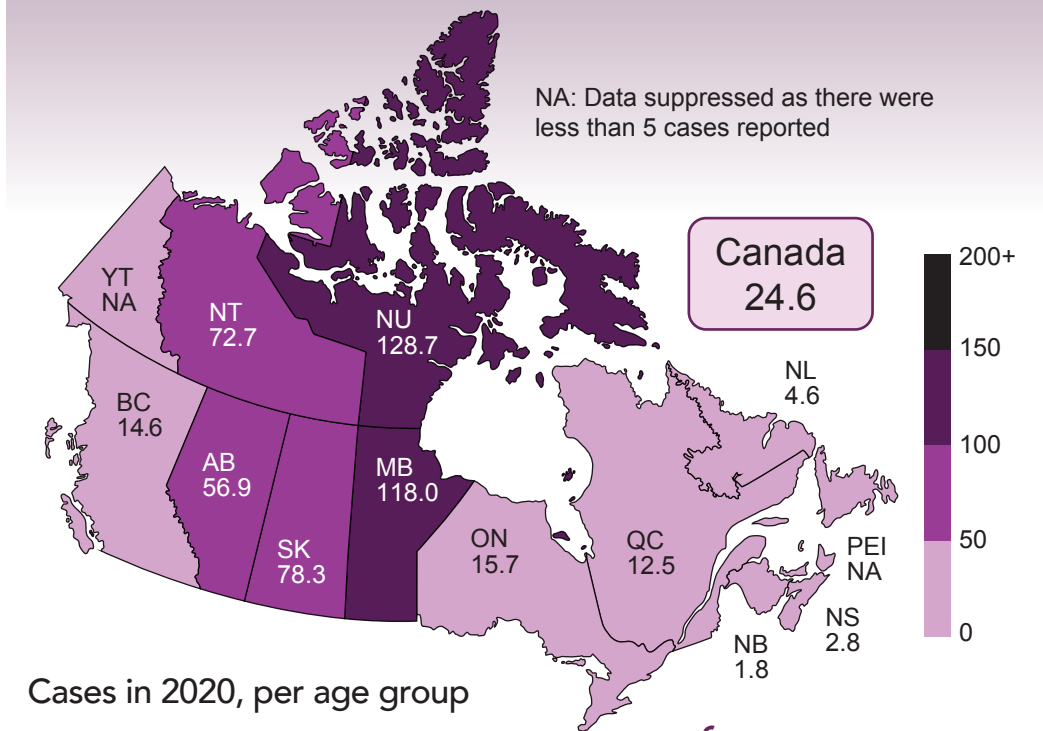
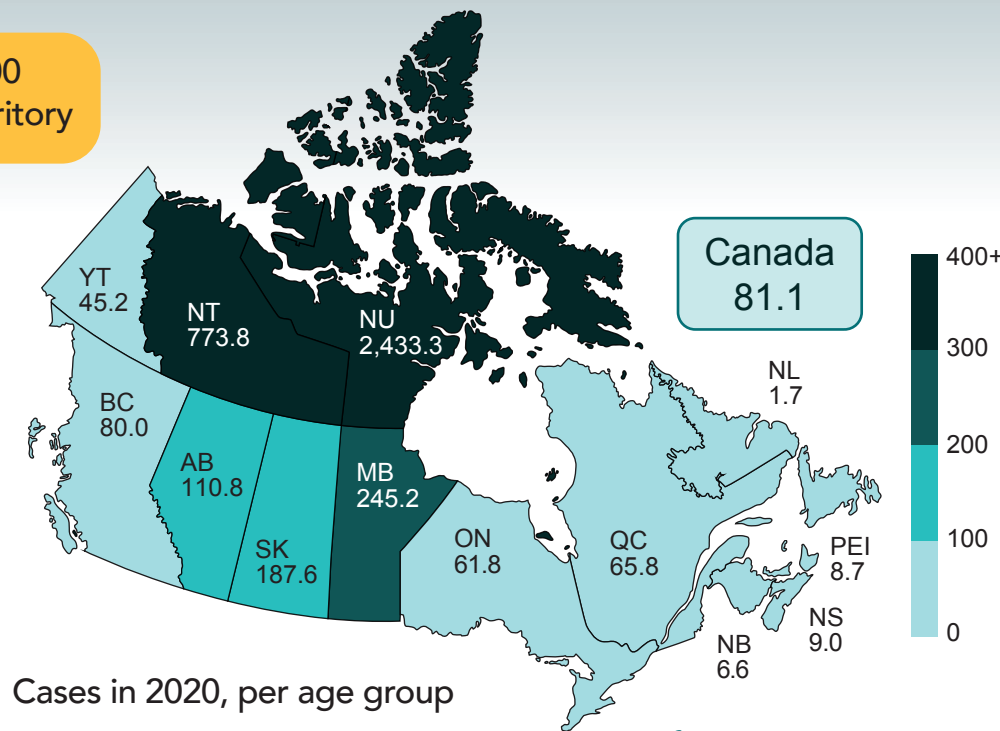
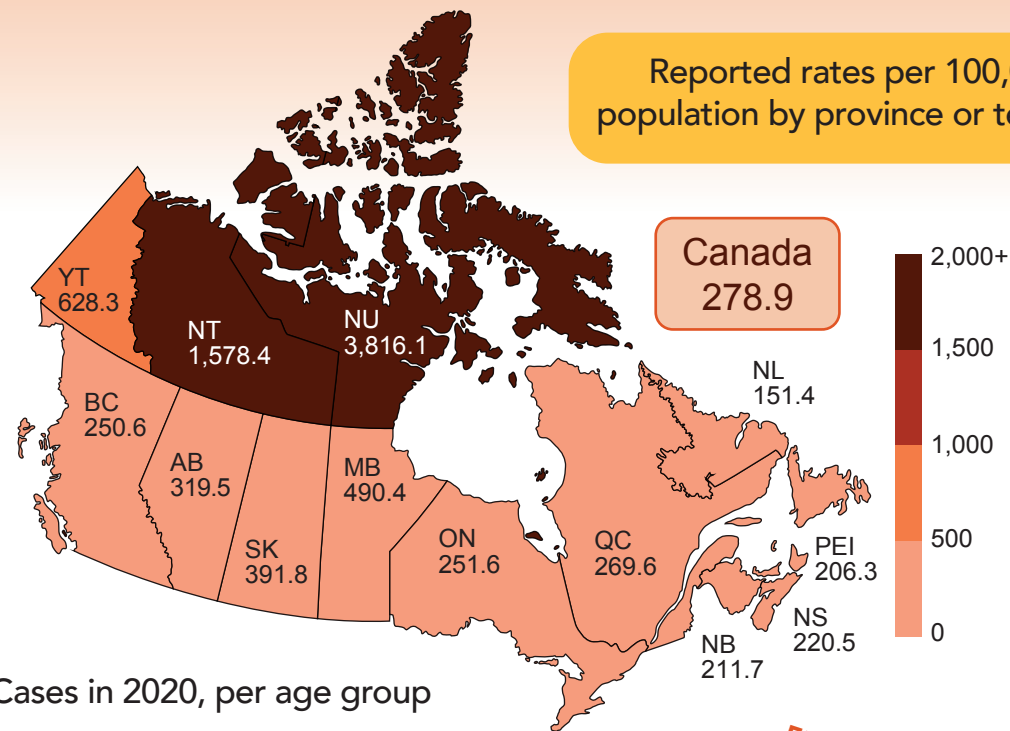
GONORRHEA



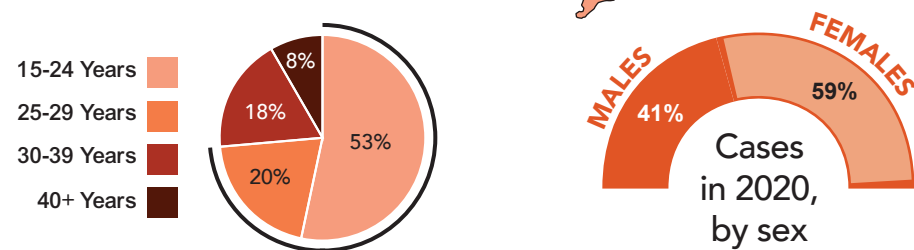
INFECTIOUS SYPHILIS



Reported rates per 100,000 population by province or territory



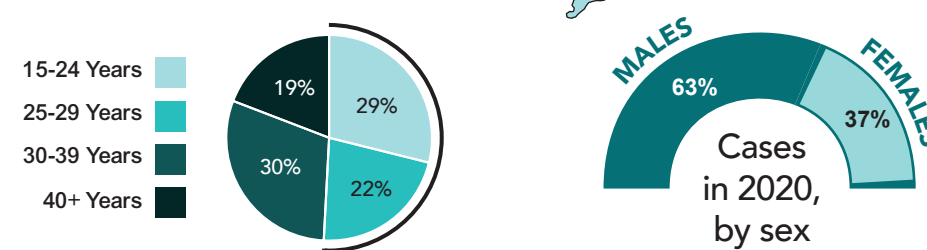
Cases in 2020, per age group



73% of chlamydia cases were among people less than 30 years of age.

Chlamydia remains the most commonly reported sexually transmitted infection

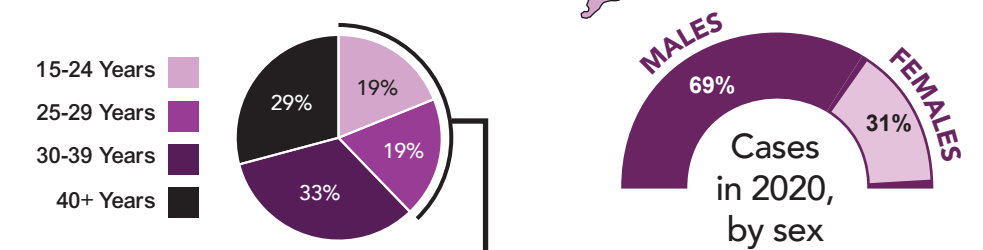
Cases in 2020, per age group



51% of gonorrhoea cases were among people less than 30 years of age.

Antimicrobial resistance in gonorrhoea remains an important public health concern

Cases in 2020, per age group



38% of infectious syphilis cases were among people less than 30 years of age.

Increasing rates of infectious syphilis in females have led to increased counts of congenital syphilis

For more information: visit Canada.ca/STBBI
Data source: Public Health Agency of Canada, "Notifiable Disease Online," 2022 [Online]. Available at: <https://diseases.canada.ca/notifiable>

* Survey of the impact of COVID-19 on the ability to provide STBBI prevention, testing and treatment including harm reduction services in Canada. Public Health Agency of Canada, Centre for Communicable Diseases and Infection Control. 2021. Retrieved December 2022, from <https://www.canada.ca/en/public-health/services/publications/diseases-conditions/survey-impact-covid-19-delivery-stbbi-prevention-testing-treatment.html>