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TRADE AND INVESTMENT

CANADA-UNITED STATES

UNITED STATES' PROFILE

Economic Indicators

- Gross domestic product (GDP) at purchasing power parity (PPP): US\$23.0 trillion (2021)
- GDP per capita at PPP: US\$69,300 (2021)
- Population: 331.9 million (2021)
- International merchandise exports and imports: 20.4% of GDP at official exchange rates (2021)
- Canada's largest merchandise trade partner (2021)
- Canada's largest services trade partner (2020)

Notable Trade and Investment Agreements between Canada and the United States

Canada–United States–Mexico Agreement (2020)



FUNDAMENTALS

The Series

The Library of Parliament's Trade and Investment series:

- provides information on Canada's trade and investment relationship with selected countries and regions; and
- describes the trade relationship of each of Canada's 10 provinces and three territories with the world.

All dollar amounts are in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Numbers have been rounded.

Definitions appear at the end of the profile.

This Profile

The merchandise trade data are customs-based; the services trade data and foreign direct investment data are balance of payments-based.

The five most highly valued merchandise export and import categories have been identified using values for 2021.

All figures were prepared using Statistics Canada data available in summer 2022.

For the data tables used to generate the figures, see the HTML version of this profile at **Trade and Investment** Series 2021.

The Sources for the "Economic Indicators" Section

World Bank's World Development Indicators database

 GDP at PPP, GDP per capita at PPP, population, and international merchandise exports and imports as a share of GDP

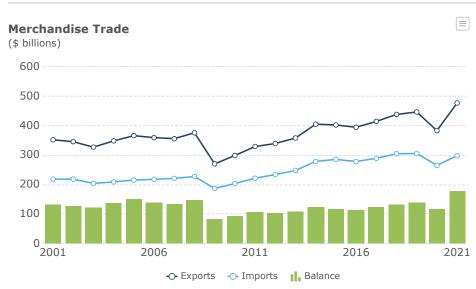
Statistics Canada

Merchandise and services trade rankings

Anne-Marie Therrien-Tremblay

Economics, Resources and International Affairs Division Parliamentary Information, Education and Research Services Publication No. 2022-515-E 14 July 2022

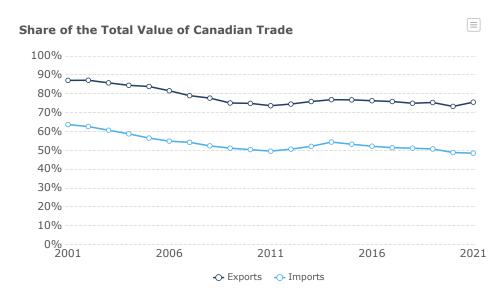
CANADA'S MERCHANDISE TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES



Bilateral merchandise trade in 2021: \$774.3 billion

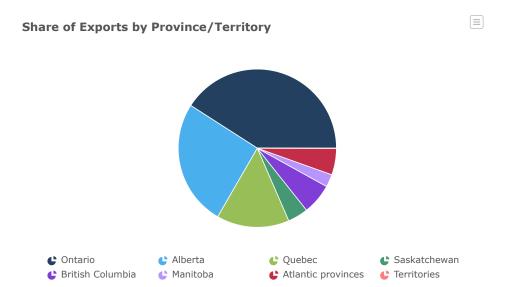
- Exports: \$476.6 billion, a 24.4% increase from 2020
- Imports: \$297.7 billion, a 12.3% increase from 2020

Trade surplus in 2021: \$178.8 billion, an increase from \$117.8 billion in 2020



Exports in 2021: 75.5% of the total value of Canadian exports, an increase from 73.3% in 2020

Imports in 2021: 48.5% of the total value of Canadian imports, a decrease from 48.8% in 2020



Highest-valued exporters in 2021:

- Ontario \$195.0 billion, an increase from \$180.6 billion in 2020
- Alberta \$122.7 billion, an increase from \$77.6 billion in 2020

Share of Exports by Sector



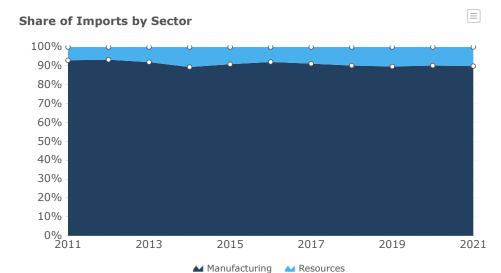
 \equiv Most Highly Valued Exports by Product Category (\$ billions) 300 250 200 150 100 50 0 2014 2016 2017 2018 2015 2019 2020 2021 Energy and related Motor vehicles, parts II. Machinery and equipment Wood, articles thereof II Plastics, articles thereof

Exports in 2021:

- Resource-based goods 30.0%, an increase from 24.7% in 2020
- Manufactured goods 70.0%, a decrease from 75.3% in 2020

Highest-valued exports in 2021: Crude oil and motor vehicles, together accounting for 28.0% of the total value of Canadian exports to the United States

- Crude oil: \$100.0 billion, an increase from \$61.4 billion in 2020
- Motor vehicles: \$33.3 billion, a decrease from \$39.9 billion in 2020



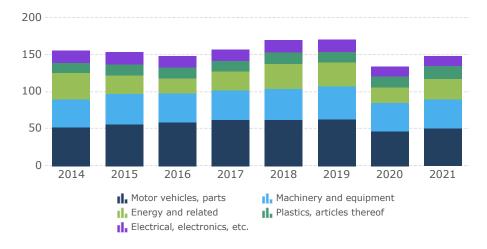
Imports in 2021:

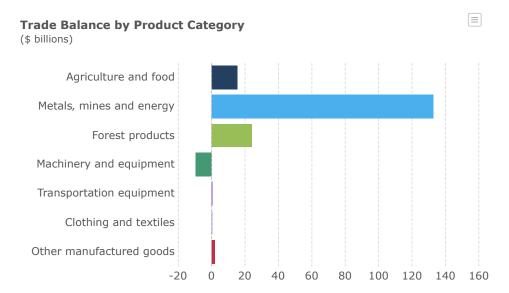
- Resource-based goods 10.1%, an increase from 9.8% in 2020
- Manufactured goods 89.9%, a decrease from 90.2% in 2020

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Most Highly Valued Imports by Product Category

(\$ billions)





Highest-valued imports in 2021: Motor vehicles, and trucks and other goods-transporting vehicles, together accounting for 10.7% of the total value of Canadian imports from the United States

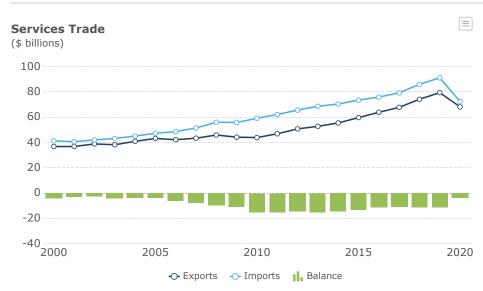
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- Motor vehicles: \$17.2 billion, an increase from \$14.3 billion in 2020
- Trucks and other goods transporting vehicles: \$14.8 billion, an increase from \$14.0 billion in 2020

Largest merchandise trade deficit in 2021: Machinery and equipment, at \$9.8 billion

Largest merchandise trade surplus in 2021: Metals, mines and energy, at \$133.2 billion

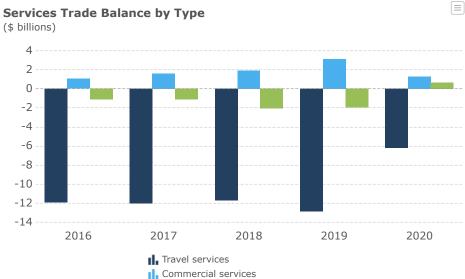
CANADA'S SERVICES TRADE WITH THE UNITED STATES



Bilateral services trade in 2020: \$140.4 billion

- Exports: \$68.1 billion, a 14.2% decrease from 2019
- Imports: \$72.3 billion, a 20.7% decrease from 2019

Trade deficit in 2020: \$4.2 billion, a decrease from \$11.7 billion in 2019



Transportation and government services

Services trade deficit in 2020: Largely due to travel services trade

Travel services

- Exports: \$1.8 billion
- Imports: \$8.0 billion

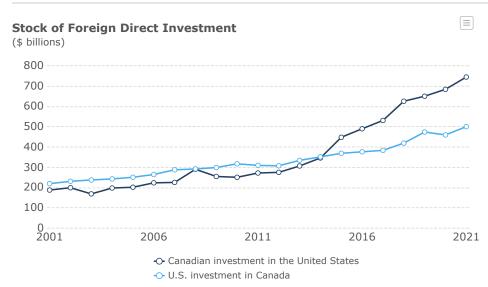
Commercial services

- Exports: \$58.6 billion
- Imports: \$57.3 billion

Transportation and government services

- Exports: \$7.7 billion
- Imports: \$7.0 billion

CANADA'S FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT WITH THE UNITED STATES



Stock of Canadian direct investment in the United States in 2021: \$744.9 billion, an 8.8% increase from 2020

United States as a destination for Canadian foreign direct investment among the 133 countries for which data were available for 2021: Largest

Stock of U.S. direct investment in Canada in 2021: \$500.7 billion, an 8.9% increase from 2020

United States as a source of foreign direct investment in Canada among the 66 countries for which data were available for 2021: Largest

Share of Foreign Direct Investment Stock 90% 80% 70% 60% 50% 40% 30% 20% 10% 0% 2001 2006 2011 2016 2021 $_{igodot}$ Canadian stock of foreign direct investment (FDI) in the United States as % of total Canadian FDI abroad

↔ Stock of FDI in Canada of U.S. origin as % of total FDI in Canada

47.9% of Canada's foreign direct investment stock was in the United States in 2021, an increase from 46.0% in 2020

46.3% of the foreign direct investment stock in Canada was of U.S. origin in 2021, an increase from 45.8% in 2020

Definitions Used Throughout the Series

Balance of payments-based data

Data that indicate the value of transactions between a country's residents and non-residents.

Customs-based data

Data compiled from declarations that are filed with the Canada Border Services Agency and that are used to track the flow of goods into and out of Canada, with one exception: exports to the United States. Since 1990, customs-based data on most Canadian exports to the United States have been based on declarations filed with U.S. Customs and Border Protection.

Gross domestic product (GDP)

Measure of an economy's total production in a given year.

Manufactured goods

Finished or semi-finished products resulting from the transformation of materials and substances into new products (North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, codes 31 to 33), and the output of establishments primarily engaged in operating electric, gas and water utilities (NAICS code 22).

Merchandise trade

Trade in physical goods, such as cars, wheat and iron ore.

Resource-based goods

Products of the agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting sector (North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, code 11), and of the mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction sector (NAICS code 21).

Services trade

Trade in travel, transportation, government and commercial services. Travel services are goods and services purchased abroad by travellers, with one exception: cross-border transportation. Transportation services are the transportation of goods and cross-border travellers, and related services. Government services arise largely from official representation and military activities, and some governmental commercial activities. Commercial services are all other services, such as management, financial or engineering services; this category also includes charges for the use of intellectual property.

Trade balance

Difference between the value of exports and the value of imports. There is a trade surplus if the value of exports exceeds the value of imports. There is a trade deficit if the value of imports exceeds the value of exports.

Definitions Specific to the Profiles for Countries and Regions

Foreign direct investment (FDI)

Investment that provides an investor with ownership of at least 10% voting equity in an enterprise that is located in a country other than the investor's country of residence. The stock of FDI is the value of the accumulated equity owned by investors abroad; the stock changes from year to year based on various factors, including flows of FDI.

Purchasing power parity (PPP)

Ratio of the prices in two countries for identical goods and services. It is used to adjust economic indicators to account for international price differences. With a calculation of GDP at PPP, a given good or service has the same price in each country.

Definitions Specific to the Profile for the European Union

EU-13

The 13 countries that joined the European Union between 2004 and 2013: Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czechia, Estonia, Hungary, Latvia, Lithuania, Malta, Poland, Romania, Slovakia and Slovenia.

EU-14

Fourteen of the 15 countries that became members of the European Union before 2004: Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and Sweden. The 15th country, the United Kingdom, withdrew from the European Union on 31 January 2020.

Definitions Specific to the Profiles for Provinces and Territories

Basic prices

Prices received by sellers. They exclude both taxes and subsidies on products.

Market prices

Prices paid by buyers. They include taxes net of subsidies on products.