Tetrachlorethylene (Use in Dry Cleaning and Reporting Requirements) Regulations

PERC Pointer #4

Secondary Containement Systems



What?

Any containers or tanks holding tetrachloroethylene (PERC), waste water or residue (e.g., sludge, lint and used filters) must have a secondary containment system.

Secondary containment systems must (1) be made of a PERC-impermeable material, (2) Cover at least the entire surface under the machine or container that holds PERC, waste water or residue, and (3) be able to hold a volume equal to 110%* of the largest tank or storage container.



*See PERC Pointer #5: Is Your Secondary Containment System Large Enough?

How?

Typically, this means placing the dry-cleaning machine, waste water bucket, sludge drum, waste water treatment system, etc. inside another container, such as a spill tray, pan, platform or pallet.

PERC-impermeable material can completely stop PERC from passing through. Rubber and bare concrete are not PERC-impermeable materials. Corrosion-resistant or stainless steel is a commonly used PERC-impermeable material. Contact your hazardous waste specialist to discuss PERC-impermeable secondary containment options.

Why?

Secondary containment systems provide a second line of defense against PERC leaks. This helps to (1) reduce the risks of environmental contamination, (2) reduce time and cost of any PERC spill cleanup, (3) reduce workplace hazards, and (4) protect the facility and equipment from damage.

For more information, please see our website: www.canada.ca/perc-dry-cleaning





Please contact your regional Environment and Climate Change Canada office if you have any questions or concerns:

Newfoundland and Labrador, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick

promo-atl-compro@ec.gc.ca

Quebec

perc-qc@ec.gc.ca

Ontario

promcon-on-compro@ec.gc.ca

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Northwest Territories, Nunavut perc-rpn-perc-pnr@ec.gc.ca

British Columbia, Yukon

perc-py-perc@ec.gc.ca

Submit your annual reports by April 30 to products@ec.gc.ca.

Regulatory Compliance

Environment and Climate Change Canada undertakes regular inspections in order to verify compliance with the requirements of the *Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999* and its regulations. Investigations are conducted when there are reasonable grounds to believe that a violation has occurred.

For further information, consult the Compliance and Enforcement Policy for CEPA at:

www.canada.ca/en/environment-climate-change/services/canadian-environmental-protection-act-registry/publications/compliance-enforcement-policy.html

This document is neither an official version nor a substitute for the Canadian Environmental Protection Act, 1999 or the Tetrachloroethylene (Use in Dry Cleaning and Reporting Requirements) Regulations. Please refer to the Regulations to determine your legal obligations.

