



Annual Report to Parliament | 2018-2019

# Administration of the *Privacy Act*

**Department of National Defence and the Canadian Armed Forces** 









### **CONTENTS**

1.	INTR	ODUCTION	1
	1.1.	Purpose of the <i>Privacy Act</i>	1
2.	ACCE	SS TO INFORMATION AND PRIVACY AT NATIONAL DEFENCE	1
	2.1.	Mandate of National Defence	1
	2.2.	National Defence organization	2
	2.3.	The Directorate of Access to Information and Privacy	4
3.	HIGH	LIGHTS OF THE STATISTICAL REPORT	5
	3.1.	Requests received	6
	3.2.	Requests completed	7
	3.3.	Consultations received and completed	9
4.	PRIV	ACY PROTECTION AND PERSONAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT	9
	4.1.	Public interest disclosures	9
	4.2.	Privacy breaches	10
	4.3.	Privacy impact assessments	10
5.	СОМ	PLAINTS, AUDITS AND REVIEWS	11
	5.1.	Complaints from the Office of the Privacy Commissioner	11
	5.2.	Court decisions	12
	5.3.	ATIP program review	12
6.	POLIC	CIES AND PROCEDURES	12
	6.1.	Departmental policies	12
	6.2.	Internal procedures	12
7.	TRAII	NING AND AWARENESS	13
	7.1.	ATIP training program	13
	7.2.	Training and awareness activities	13
8.	INITI	ATIVES AND PROJECTS	14
	8.1.	DAIP engagement with Defence organizations	14
9.	MON	IITORING COMPLIANCE	15
10.	PRIV	ACY OPERATING COSTS	15
ANN	IEX A: I	DESIGNATION ORDER	A-1
V VIV	IEV D. G	STATISTICAL DEDOCT ON THE DRIVACY ACT FOR 2019 2010	D 1

### 1. INTRODUCTION

The Department of National Defence and the Canadian Armed Forces are pleased to present to Parliament their annual report on the administration of the Privacy Act<sup>1</sup>. Section 72 of the Act requires the head of every federal government institution to submit an annual report to Parliament on its administration each financial year. This report describes National Defence activities that support compliance with the Privacy Act for the fiscal year (FY) commencing 1 April 2018 and ending 31 March 2019.

### 1.1. Purpose of the *Privacy Act*

The purpose of the Privacy Act is to extend the present laws of Canada that protect the privacy of individuals with respect to personal information about themselves held by a government institution and that provide individuals with a right of access to that information.

These rights of protection and access are in accordance with the principles that individuals should have a right to know why their information is collected by the government, how it will be used, how long it will be kept and who will have access to it.

### 2. ACCESS TO INFORMATION AND PRIVACY AT NATIONAL DEFENCE

### 2.1. Mandate of National Defence

#### Who we are

The Department of National Defence (DND) and the Canadian Armed Forces (CAF) make up the largest federal government department. Under Canada's defence policy, the Defence Team will grow to over 125,000 personnel, including 71,500 Regular Force members, 30,000 Reserve Force members and 25,000 civilian employees.

### What we do

DND and the CAF have complementary roles to play in providing advice and support to the Minister of National Defence, and implementing Government decisions regarding the defence of Canadian interests at home and abroad.

At any given time, the Government of Canada can call upon the CAF to undertake missions for the protection of Canada and Canadians and to maintain international peace and stability.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://laws-lois.justice.gc.ca/eng/acts/P-21/

Canada's defence policy presents a new strategic vision for defence: <u>Strong, Secure, Engaged.</u><sup>2</sup> This is a vision in which Canada is:

Strong at home, with a military ready and able to defend its sovereignty, and to assist in times of natural disaster, support search and rescue, or respond to other emergencies.

Secure in North America, active in a renewed defence partnership in the North American Aerospace Defense Command (NORAD) and with the United States to monitor and defend continental airspace and ocean areas.

Engaged in the world, with the Canadian Armed Forces doing its part in Canada's contributions to a more stable, peaceful world, including through peace support operations and peacekeeping.

The National Defence Act (NDA) establishes DND and the CAF as separate entities, operating within an integrated National Defence Headquarters as they pursue their primary responsibility of providing defence for Canada and Canadians.

### 2.2. National Defence organization

### Senior leadership

The Governor General of Canada is the Commander-in-Chief of Canada. DND is headed by the Minister of National Defence. The Associate Minister of National Defence supports the Minister of National Defence. The Deputy Minister of National Defence is the Department's senior civil servant. The CAF are headed by the Chief of the Defence Staff, Canada's senior serving officer. These senior leaders each have different responsibilities:

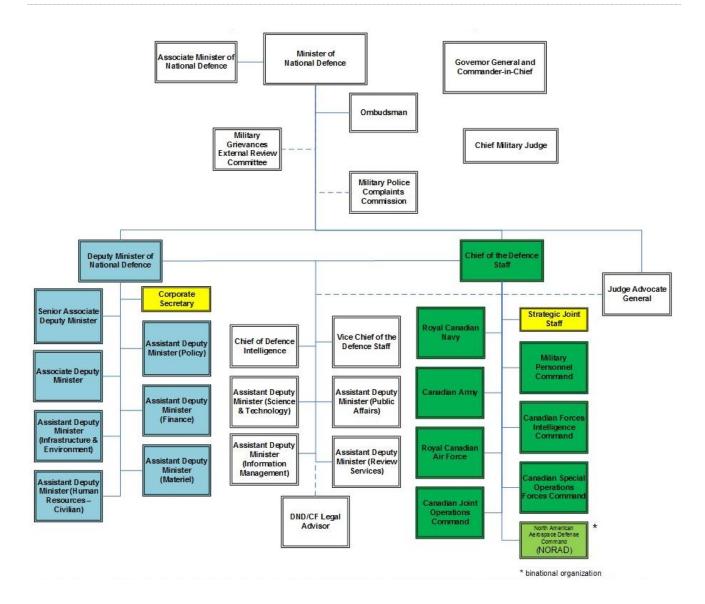
- The Governor General is responsible for appointing the Chief of the Defence Staff on the recommendation of the Prime Minister, awarding military honours, presenting colours to CAF regiments, approving new military badges and insignia, and signing commission scrolls;
- The Minister of National Defence presides over the Department and over all matters relating to national defence;
- The Associate Minister is also responsible for defence files, as mandated by the Prime Minister, with the specific priority of ensuring that CAF members have the equipment they need to do their jobs;
- The Deputy Minister is responsible for policy, resources, interdepartmental coordination and international defence relations; and
  - The Chief of the Defence Staff is responsible for command, control and administration of the CAF, as well as military strategy, plans and requirements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://dgpaapp.forces.gc.ca/en/canada-defence-policy/index.asp

### Defence organization

The National Defence organizational structure is represented in the diagram below. Additional information about the National Defence organization is available online.<sup>3</sup>

FIGURE 1: NATIONAL DEFENCE ORGANIZATION CHART



 $<sup>^{\</sup>bf 3} \ {\rm https://www.canada.ca/en/department-national-defence/corporate/organizational-structure.html}$ 

### 2.3. The Directorate of Access to Information and Privacy

### Delegation of authority

In accordance with section 73 of the *Access to Information Act* and the *Privacy Act*, a delegation of authority, signed by the Minister, designates the Deputy Minister, Corporate Secretary, Access to Information and Privacy (ATIP) Director, and ATIP Deputy Directors to exercise all powers and functions of the Minister, as the head of institution, under both Acts. It also designates other specific powers and functions to employees within the Directorate Access to Information and Privacy (DAIP).

Under the authority of the Corporate Secretary, the ATIP Director administers and coordinates both the *Access to Information Act* and the *Privacy Act*, and acts as the departmental ATIP Coordinator. In the administration of the Acts, DAIP seeks advice on legal, public affairs, policy, and operational security matters from other organizations and specialists as required.

A copy of the Access to Information Act and Privacy Act Designation Order is provided at ANNEX A.

### DAIP organization

DAIP is responsible for matters regarding access to information and privacy protection within the National Defence portfolio, except in the case of the following organizations: the Communication Security Establishment, the Office of the Communications Security Establishment Commissioner, the Military Police Complaints Commission, the Military Grievances External Review Committee, the Office of the National Defence and Canadian Forces Ombudsman, and Canadian Forces Morale and Welfare Services.

DAIP implemented organizational changes in 2018-2019 with the aim to integrate and streamline key intake processes. General operations support activities and access to information tasking functions were consolidated into a single Intake Team, and a Chief of Staff was established to manage this unit in addition to the existing Systems Liaison Team and Business Management Office.

DAIP's ATIP program management workforce is divided functionally into four main areas, and supported by Defence organization liaison officers, as illustrated in the diagram at FIGURE 2. The number of employees indicated are number of full time equivalents staffed at the end of the reporting period.

FIGURE 2: NATIONAL DEFENCE ATIP OPERATIONAL WORKFORCE

#### **ATIP** ATI **PRIVACY POLICY AND** INTAKE **OPERATIONS OPERATIONS GOVERNANCE** Process access to Process personal Provide strategic advice outside the and issues management Department Conduct line-by-line Conduct line-by-line Develop policy Send tasking notices to review of records review of records request records from Apply Privacy Act Consult other parties National Defence Deliver training and for disclosure awareness program Process requests for Perform data analytics disclosures in the Apply ATI Act and report on program public interest provisions Manage privacy incident Retain records of disclosures to response process investigative bodies Conduct privacy risk **ATI LIAISON OFFICERS PRIVACY LIAISON OFFICERS** Role performed within each of the organizations Role performed within each of the organizations identified in the National Defence organization chart identified in the National Defence organization chart (FIG. 1) (FIG. 1) Support the ATIP program by coordinating the ATI Support the ATIP program by coordinating the privacy activities for their respective groups incident response activities for their respective groups

DAIP is also supported by a Systems Liaison Team that maintain the ATIP application system and database, and a Business Management Office that is responsible for business planning, budgeting, human resources, physical security, and other administrative duties.

Additionally, in response to a key priority for National Defence, DAIP established a new Litigation Support Team. Stood up in the fall of 2018, this unit performs an ATIP-like review of records in support of class action settlements such as the LBGT Purge Class Action.

### 3. HIGHLIGHTS OF THE STATISTICAL REPORT

The statistical report at ANNEX B consists of data submitted by National Defence as part of Treasury Board Secretariat (TBS) annual collection of ATIP-related statistics. The following sections contain highlights, trends and an analysis of notable statistical data from a departmental perspective.

### 3.1. Requests received

During the reporting period, National Defence received 6,637 requests for personal information under the *Privacy Act* versus 7,393 in FY 2017-2018, representing a 10 percent decrease. Despite a second year of decreasing requests received, the large number of files carried over into the reporting period (4,183 requests) continued the trend of an increasing overall workload. This combined workload of 10,820 requests is the highest National Defence has experienced in over ten years.

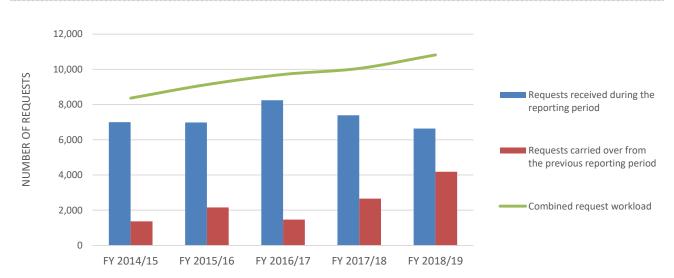


FIGURE 3: PRIVACY REQUEST WORKLOAD (LAST FIVE YEARS)

Additionally, for the past ten years, National Defence has ranked in the top five federal institutions for highest volume of personal information requests received according to annual statistics compiled by TBS.<sup>4</sup>

A large portion of *Privacy Act* requests received by National Defence are applications from CAF members for their health and personnel records upon releasing from the Forces. Canada's Defence Policy has directed improvements to the transition experience for CAF members to better prepare them for the shift to civilian life. As part of this new approach, relevant medical and dental records are provided to members as part of the release process to allow for a positive transition from the military health system to a civilian physician.

The reduction in number of requests received is likely due in large part to this proactive disclosure of health records to the releasing CAF member.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.canada.ca/en/treasury-board-secretariat/services/access-information-privacy/statistics-atip.html

### 3.2. Requests completed

National Defence closed a total of 9,006 privacy requests during the reporting period, over 3,000 more requests over FY 2017-2018, representing a 53 percent increase in productivity.



FIGURE 4: DISPOSITION OF REQUESTS COMPLETED AND TOTAL REQUESTS CLOSED (LAST FIVE YEARS)

### Pages reviewed

The volume of pages reviewed in FY 2018-2019 more than doubled from the previous reporting period with over 3.0 million pages processed. This volume represents a 129 percent increase over the 1.3 million pages processed in FY 2017-2018.



FIGURE 5: NUMBER OF PAGES REVIEWED FOR REQUESTS CLOSED, WHERE RECORDS EXISTED (LAST THREE YEARS)

The number of pages reviewed represents the total processed pages for closed requests and does not include the number of pages processed for requests that were carried over into the next reporting period.

National Defence consistently processes the highest volume of pages in response to personal information requests when compared to other federal government institutions.<sup>5</sup>

### Exemptions and exclusions

Consistent with previous reporting periods, section 26 of the *Privacy Act* was the most frequently invoked exemption and was applied in 3,653 requests. This section of the Act protects personal information of individuals other than the requester.

No information was excluded under the *Privacy Act* for requests completed in FY 2018-2019.

### Completion time

FIGURE 6 illustrates completion time for privacy requests. Despite the increase in total workload, Defence closed 4,134 requests within 30 days. This represents 46 percent of the total volume of requests closed and a 60 percent increase of files closed within 30 days compared to the last reporting period.

There was also a 75 percent increase in the number of requests closed that took 121 days or more to complete; however, this was a result of focused efforts to successfully reduce the number of backlogged files.

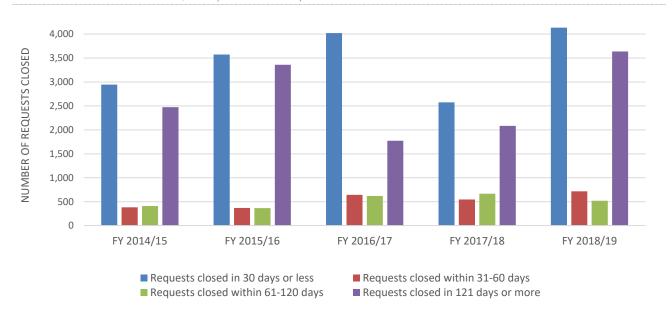


FIGURE 6: TIME TO COMPLETE REQUESTS (LAST FIVE YEARS)

Files closed beyond 30 days were not necessarily late as legal extensions may have been applied.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.canada.ca/en/treasury-board-secretariat/services/access-information-privacy/statistics-atip.html

### On-time compliance

A total of 4,567 requests were closed past the statutory deadline in FY 2018-2019. This represents a 49 percent increase from the previous year, due in large part to focused efforts during the reporting period to clear out backlogged files.

National Defence responded to 49 percent of requests within legislated timelines.

Workload continued to be the most common reason for deemed refusal, cited for over 75 percent of requests closed late during the reporting period. Some factors affecting performance and deemed refusal rates include:

Productivity and efficiency loss due to staff turnover: There continues to be staff
turnover at all levels due to a competitive job market and other factors. New
employees require a learning and adjustment period to realize performance potential.
The hiring and training of new employees also created additional workload for ATI
management and support services.

### 3.3. Consultations received and completed

During the reporting period, Defence received nine requests for consultation, all from other Government of Canada institutions. No consultations were received from other organizations in FY 2018-2019.

All nine consultations received were closed during the reporting period.

# 4. PRIVACY PROTECTION AND PERSONAL INFORMATION MANAGEMENT

### 4.1. Public interest disclosures

Paragraph 8(2)(m) of the *Privacy Act* permits the disclosure of personal information, without the consent of the individual to whom it relates, where the public interest in disclosure clearly outweighs any invasion of privacy that could result, or where the disclosure would clearly benefit the individual to whom the information relates.

During the reporting period, 48 disclosures of personal information were made in accordance with paragraph 8(2)(m). These public interest disclosures included information regarding Boards of Inquiry or Summary Investigations into the death or serious injury of a CAF member; others related to disclosures providing information in CAF medical records, personnel records or military police reports. In all cases, the information was disclosed to the CAF member's family or representative.

For the 48 disclosures made in the public interest during FY 2018-2019, the Office of the Privacy Commissioner (OPC) was notified in advance of each release.

### 4.2. Privacy breaches

Privacy rights are a matter of ongoing public concern. In respect of sections 4 to 8 of the *Privacy Act*, which govern personal information management, DAIP received 104 complaints regarding contravention of one or more of these provisions, a 20 percent increase from the previous reporting period.

DAIP's privacy incident response team worked to resolve 84 complaints alleging a breach of privacy, 33 of which were deemed to be well-founded.

### Material privacy breaches

TBS defines a material privacy breach as one that involves sensitive personal information and could reasonably be expected to cause injury or harm to the individual, and/or involves a large number of affected individuals.

National Defence did not report any material privacy breaches this reporting period.

### 4.3. Privacy impact assessments

National Defence collects, uses and discloses personal information in the delivery of mandated programs and services. In accordance with TB policy, the DND and the CAF undertake privacy impact assessments (PIA) to evaluate privacy impacts in the administration of these activities. A PIA provides a framework to identify the extent to which proposals comply with the *Privacy Act* and applicable privacy policies, assist program officials in avoiding or mitigating privacy risks, and promote informed program and system design choices.

National Defence completed<sup>6</sup> one PIA during FY 2018-2019 in support of the program described below. The Department is preparing to post the summary on its website.

In addition, DAIP continues to provide ongoing advice and support to National Defence organizations in the development of PIAs.

### Sexual Assault Review Program

In support of Operation HONOUR, which aims to eliminate sexual misconduct in the CAF, National Defence launched the Sexual Assault Review Program (SARP) to review unfounded sexual assault files investigated by the Military Police. An External Review Team (ERT), comprised of stakeholders and representatives from both the civilian and CAF communities, is responsible for conducting an annual review of unfounded investigations

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Completed PIAs must be submitted to the Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat, as well as to the Office of the Privacy Commissioner.

from the previous year. The ERT reports their findings to the Canadian Forces Provost Marshal and makes recommendations as to the conduct of the investigations, identifying policy, training or best practice proposals for consideration.

### 5. COMPLAINTS, AUDITS AND REVIEWS

### 5.1. Complaints from the Office of the Privacy Commissioner

In FY 2018-19, National Defence received a total of 77 complaints from the Office of the Privacy Commissioner (OPC), less than one percent of all requests closed during the reporting period.

Further to Part 8 of the Statistical Report, which notes complaints received and closed:

- Section 31: When the OPC gives formal notice of their intention to investigate a complaint regarding the processing of a request under the Act. Defence received 77 such notices during FY 2018-19.
- Section 33: When the OPC requests further representations from institutions pursuant to an ongoing complaint investigation. Defence was not required to provide any such formal written representations to the OPC during the reporting period.
- Section 35: When the OPC issues a findings report for a well-founded complaint upon conclusion of an investigation. During the reporting period, 61 complaints were found to have merit. Note that these complaints are not necessarily from the 77 complaints received during the reporting period.

The 61 well-founded determinations represent 66 percent of all findings issued in FY 2018-2019. The majority of these complaints -56 – were administrative in nature (about delays and time extensions) and five were refusal complaints (regarding application of exemptions or possible missing records). FIGURE 7 illustrates the reasons for complaints that had findings issued during the reporting period.

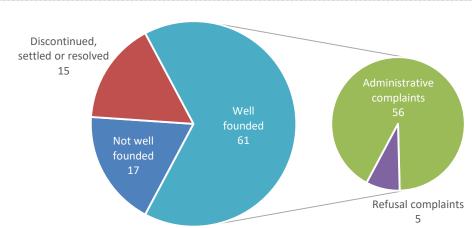


FIGURE 7: REASONS FOR COMPLAINT (FY 2018-2019)

There were no significant investigations to note regarding the processing of *Privacy Act* requests during the reporting period.

### 5.2. Court decisions

In FY 2018-19, there were no court proceedings actioned in respect of requests processed by National Defence.

### 5.3. ATIP program review

Further to the ATIP program review initiated in the fall 2017, National Defence continues to implement recommendations to improve the design, operational effectiveness and efficiency of key ATIP processes within the Department. Progress updates were provided to the Defence Audit Committee throughout the reporting period. Notable achievements have been made in the areas of Training and Awareness, and ATIP Governance and are outlined in the sections below.

Efforts and improvements will continue into the next reporting period. Additional information about the Assessment of the Access to Information and Privacy Program<sup>7</sup> is available on the National Defence website.

### 6. POLICIES AND PROCEDURES

### 6.1. Departmental policies

DND/CAF corporate administrative direction is set out in the comprehensive collection of Defence Administrative Orders and Directives (DAOD) that are issued under the authority of the Deputy Minister and the Chief of the Defence Staff.

During the reporting period, DND/CAF drafted and revised several DAODs that describe authorities, responsibilities, and requirements in respect of appropriate personal information management within the institution. These DAODs are scheduled for publishing early next fiscal year.

### 6.2. Internal procedures

DAIP continues to review and update procedures for processing personal information requests and managing privacy incidents, to document process improvements, and to ensure alignment with TB policies and directives.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> https://www.canada.ca/en/department-national-defence/corporate/reports-publications/audit-evaluation/assessment-access-information-privacy-program.html

### Litigation holds and preservation orders

In addition to ongoing improvements to ATIP-specific procedures, DAIP developed internal instructions to assist information management activities for requests that are subject to preservation orders.

Litigation holds, or preservation orders, are issued by departmental legal services to Defence organizations when litigation involving National Defence information is imminent or ongoing. These orders detail the legal obligations to preserve relevant records for possible disclosure as may be required for the litigation action.

DAIP procedures in respect of litigation holds ensures that steps are taken to prevent otherwise routine disposition of records when the normal retention periods have ended.

### 7. TRAINING AND AWARENESS

### 7.1. ATIP training program

Departmental ATIP training increased during this reporting period and included the creation of a dedicated ATIP training and awareness team. A three-pronged approach was implemented, where Directorate training resources supported the development and delivery of:

- Introductory courses (either General ATIP or Privacy Fundamentals)
- Advanced courses (either General ATIP or organization-specific content)
- ATIP awareness and engagement activities with the various branches and divisions

Introductory level courses continued to be offered along with various newly-developed advanced courses. Regional training at Canadian Forces Base Kingston was also delivered during this reporting period.

### 7.2. Training and awareness activities

A total of 90 face-to-face training sessions were delivered to approximately 1,500 Defence employees and CAF members on the administration of both the *ATI Act* and *Privacy Act*, as well as on appropriate management of personal information under the control of the institution. These training sessions were provided through participation in ATIP 101 (introductory) sessions, ATIP 201 (advanced) sessions, GCDOCS privacy-focused training, and targeted training sessions for specific Defence organizations. Most training sessions were delivered by ATIP Directorate staff in person, however some organizations conducted their own courses and one-on-one sessions. Defence employees and CAF members were also encouraged to take the Access to Information and Privacy Fundamentals course offered through the Canada School of Public Service.

In keeping with promoting awareness, ATIP Directorate employees also provided guidance to third parties and requesters on the requirements of the *Access to Information Act* and the *Privacy Act*, TB policies and directives, and associated institutional procedures as required.

### Liaison officer engagement

Two ATIP Town Halls were conducted in FY 2018-2019, which brought ATIP Directorate staff, organizational ATIP Liaison Officers and other departmental officials together to provide awareness, recognize achievements, and discuss experiences and solutions on various issues. As a result of positive feedback, the ATIP Town Hall will continue on an annual basis.

### Integrated privacy training

DAIP continued to collaborate on program-specific training offered by other Defence organizations to integrate supporting content on privacy protection concepts and personal information management practices. During FY 2018-2019, DAIP participated in the following courses:

- Integrated Conflict and Complaint Management course (three sessions)
- Harassment Advisor course (one session)
- GCDOCS on-boarding for information management specialists (19 sessions)

### Canadian Forces Health Services training

The Canadian Forces Health Services (CFHS) operates a privacy office that is responsible for providing advice and support to the CFHS Group on policies and activities that involve personal health information. In accordance with their mandate, the CHFS privacy office maintains training modules to educate staff on the principles of "Privacy, Confidentiality and Security" to support appropriate use of the Canadian Forces Health Information System.

During this reporting period, members of CFHS Group completed these modules and over 200 of their staff attended training offered specifically to the CFHS organization.

### 8. INITIATIVES AND PROJECTS

### 8.1. DAIP engagement with Defence organizations

An initiative to engage with Defence organizations to enhance performance and strengthen relationships with partners in DND was implemented during the reporting period. Current structures, staffing, processes and systems in support of ATIP activities were reviewed and discussed, in addition to opportunities for DAIP to assist through job aids, research, training or other forms of support. Reports for each organization were prepared following each assessment, which provided DAIP with a framework of details to identify efficiencies and areas of support that will inform planning for next fiscal year.

### 9. MONITORING COMPLIANCE

The ATIP Directorate regularly monitors and reports on a number of ATIP metrics. In FY 2018-2019, a new Performance Dashboard was developed to provide general awareness to Defence leadership on ATIP performance and metrics. In addition, the Department receives on-demand statistical reports. Performance is also compared to previous fiscal years to identify trends. This monitoring allows the ATIP Operations teams to manage workload and to determine where process improvement may be required. ATIP statistics are also provided to the Corporate Secretary upon request and are often accompanied by other key elements such as human resources data.

Currently, the time to process requests for correction of personal information is not formally monitored as this number is regularly very low. In FY 2018-2019, DAIP received only two requests for correction.

#### PRIVACY OPERATING COSTS 10.

The annual cost to administer the National Defence privacy program increased by 27 percent to approximately \$3.27 million in FY 2018-2019.

The cost of operations includes salaries, overtime, goods and services, contracts and all other expenses specific to the access to information and privacy office. Costs associated with time spent by program areas searching for and reviewing records are not included here.

The overall increase in operating costs is due in large part to growth in spending for operational personnel in FY 2018-2019:

- An additional \$299,500 (approximately) was spent on professional services contracts
- An additional \$476,000 (approximately) in salary costs

Additional resourcing in both these areas enabled National Defence to close over 3,000 more requests in FY 2018-2019 despite a largest total request workload experience in at least a decade.

### National Defence and the Canadian Armed

#### Access to Information Act and Privacy Act Designation Order

- 1. Pursuant to section 73 of the Access to Information Act and the Privacy Act, the Minister of National Defence, as the head of a government institution under these Acts, hereby designates the persons holding the following positions, or the persons occupying those positions on an acting basis, to exercise or perform all of the powers, duties and functions of the head of a government institution under these Acts:
- (a) the Deputy Minister;
- (b) the Corporate Secretary;
- (c) the Director Access to Information and Privacy;
- (d) Deputy Directors Access to Information and Privacy.
- 2. Pursuant to section 73 of the above-mentioned Acts, the Minister also designates the following:
- (a) those persons holding the position of Access Team Leader, or the persons occupying this position on an acting basis, to exercise or perform the powers, duties and functions in respect of:
- The application of the following provisions under the Access to Information Act: section 9; subsections 11(2), 11(3), 11(4), 11(5), 11(6); sections 19, 20, 23 and 24; subsections 27(1) and 27(4); paragraph 28(1)(b), subsections 28(2) and 28(4); and
- The response to requests made under the Access to Information Act if no records
- (b) those persons holding the position of Privacy Team Leader, or the persons occupying this position on an acting basis, to exercise or perform any of the powers, duties and functions of the head of an institution under the Privacy Act, other than under sub-paragraphs 8(2)(j) and 8(2)(m); and
- (c) those persons holding the position of Privacy Senior Analyst, or the persons occupying this position on an acting basis, to exercise or perform the powers and duties in respect of the application of section 26 of the Privacy Act.

#### Défense nationale et les Forces armées canadiennes

#### Arrêté sur la délégation en vertu de la Loi sur l'accès à l'information et la Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels

- 1. En vertu de l'article 73 de la Loi sur l'accès à l'information et de la Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels, le ministre de la Défense nationale, à titre de responsable d'une institution fédérale aux termes desdites lois, délègue par les présentes l'autorité d'exercer les attributions d'un responsable d'une institution fédérale que lui confèrent les lois en question aux titulaires des postes indiqués ci-après, ou aux personnes occupant ces postes à titre intérimaire :
- (a) le sous-ministre;
- (b) le Secrétaire général;
- (c) le Directeur Accès à l'information et protection des renseignements personnels;
- (d) les Directeurs adjoints Accès à l'information et protection des renseignements personnels.
- 2. En vertu de l'article 73 des lois susmentionnées, le ministre délègue aussi :
- (a) aux titulaires d'un poste de chef d'équipe de l'accès à l'information, ou aux personnes occupant un tel poste à titre intérimaire, l'autorité d'exercer les attributions relatives à ce qui suit :
- L'application de certaines dispositions de la Loi sur l'accès à l'information, à savoir l'article 9; les paragraphes 11(2), 11(3), 11(4), 11(5) et 11(6); les articles 19, 20, 23 et 24; les paragraphes 27(1) et 27(4); l'alinéa 28(1)b), et les paragraphes 28(2) et
- La réponse fournie aux demandes présentées en vertu de la Loi sur l'accès à l'information, lorsqu'il n'existe aucun dossier.
- (b) aux titulaires d'un poste de chef d'équipe des renseignements personnels, ou aux personnes occupant un tel poste à titre intérimaire, l'autorité d'exercer les attributions du responsable d'une institution fédérale aux termes de la Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels, sauf celles prévues aux alinéas 8(2)j et m;
- (c) aux titulaires d'un poste d'analyste principal, ou aux personnes occupant ces postes à titre intérimaire, l'autorité d'exercer les attributions relatives à l'application de l'article 26 de la Loi sur la protection des renseignements personnels.

Le ministre de la Défense nationale

The Hon. Harjit S. Sajjan, PC, OMM, MSM, CD, MP

Minister of National Defence

Date: JAN 1 2 2016

### ANNEX B: STATISTICAL REPORT ON THE PRIVACY ACT FOR 2018-2019

Government Gouvernement of Canada du Canada

### Statistical Report on the Privacy Act

Name of institution: National Defence

**Reporting period:** 2018-04-01 to 2019-03-31

### Part 1: Requests Under the Privacy Act

	Number of Requests
Received during reporting period	6,637
Outstanding from previous reporting period	4,183
Total	10,820
Closed during reporting period	9,006
Carried over to next reporting period	1,814

### Part 2: Requests Closed During the Reporting Period

### 2.1 Disposition and completion time

<b>D</b> 1 11 4	Completion Time							
Disposition of Requests	1 to 15 Days	16 to 30 Days	31 to 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	181 to 365 Days	More Than 365 Days	Total
All disclosed	351	768	288	220	52	141	672	2,492
Disclosed in part	60	1,333	336	257	108	316	2,275	4,685
All exempted	17	12	2	0	1	1	2	35
All excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
No records exist	984	219	60	14	8	10	6	1,301
Request abandoned	331	59	31	27	6	7	32	493
Neither confirmed nor denied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,743	2,391	717	518	175	475	2,987	9,006

TBS/SCT 350-63 (Rev. 2014/03)



### 2.2 Exemptions

Section	Number of Requests	Section	Number of Requests	Section	Number of Requests
18(2)	0	22(1)(a)(i)	120	23(a)	2
19(1)(a)	4	22(1)(a)(ii)	2	23(b)	0
19(1)(b)	0	22(1)(a)(iii)	0	24(a)	0
19(1)(c)	28	22(1)(b)	15	24(b)	0
19(1)(d)	14	22(1)(c)	0	25	0
19(1)(e)	0	22(2)	0	26	4,679
19(1)(f)	0	22.1	0	27	65
20	0	22.2	0	28	0
21	29	22.3	4		

### 2.3 Exclusions

Section	Number of Requests	Section	Number of Requests	Section	Number of Requests
69(1)(a)	0	70(1)	0	70(1)(d)	0
69(1)(b)	0	70(1)(a)	0	70(1)(e)	0
69.1	0	70(1)(b)	0	70(1)(f)	0
		70(1)(c)	0	70.1	0

### 2.4 Format of information released

Disposition	Paper	Electronic	Other formats
All disclosed	708	1,784	0
Disclosed in part	302	4,383	0
Total	1,010	6,167	0

### 2.5 Complexity

### 2.5.1 Relevant pages processed and disclosed

Disposition of Requests	Number of Pages Processed	Number of Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests
All disclosed	754,985	721,800	2,492
Disclosed in part	2,277,773	2,240,770	4,685
All exempted	627	0	35
All excluded	0	0	0
Request abandoned	1,392	0	493
Neither confirmed nor denied	0	0	0
Total	3,034,777	2,962,570	7,705

### 2.5.2 Relevant pages processed and disclosed by size of requests

Disposition	Less Than 100 Pages Processed		101-500 Pages Processed		501-1000 Pages Processed		1001-5000 Pages Processed		More Than 5000 Pages Processed	
	Number of Request s	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed
All disclosed	1,281	27,643	611	157,283	392	264,699	208	272,175	0	0
Disclosed in part	1,053	46,452	2,030	585,850	966	696,748	635	905,727	1	5,993
All exempted	34	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
All excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Request abandoned	486	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Neither confirmed nor denied	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	2,854	74,095	2,649	743,133	1,358	961,447	843	1,177,902	1	5,993

### 2.5.3 Other complexities

Disposition	Consultation Required	Legal Advice Sought	Interwoven Information	Other	Total
All disclosed	1	1	0	3	5
Disclosed in part	3	7	0	2	12
All exempted	0	3	0	0	3
All excluded	0	0	0	0	0
Request abandoned	0	1	0	0	1
Neither confirmed nor denied	0	0	0	0	0
Total	4	12	0	5	21

### 2.6 Deemed refusals

### 2.6.1 Reasons for not meeting statutory deadline

Number of Requests Closed	Principal Reason					
Past the Statutory Deadline	Workload	External Consultation	Internal Consultation	Other		
4,567	3,475	1	0	1,091		

### 2.6.2 Number of days past deadline

Number of Days Past Deadline	Number of Requests Past Deadline Where No Extension Was Taken	Number of Requests Past Deadline Where An Extension Was Taken	Total
1 to 15 days	224	0	224
16 to 30 days	204	0	204
31 to 60 days	380	0	380
61 to 120 days	225	0	225
121 to 180 days	142	0	142
181 to 365 days	584	0	584
More than 365 days	2,808	0	2,808
Total	4,567	0	4,567

### 2.7 Requests for translation

Translation Requests	Accepted	Refused	Total
English to French	0	0	0
French to English	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0

### Part 3: Disclosures Under Subsections 8(2) and 8(5)

Paragraph 8(2)(e)	Paragraph 8(2)(m)	Subsection 8(5)	Total
108	48	48	204

### Part 4: Requests for Correction of Personal Information and Notations

Disposition for Correction Requests Received	Number
Notations attached	0
Requests for correction accepted	2
Total	2

### Part 5: Extensions

### 5.1 Reasons for extensions and disposition of requests

Disposition of Requests Where	15(a)(i) Interference	15(a Const	15(b) Translation or	
an Extension Was Taken	With Operations	Section 70	Other	Conversion
All disclosed	3	0	0	0
Disclosed in part	9	0	0	0
All exempted	0	0	0	0
All excluded	0	0	0	0
No records exist	0	0	0	0
Request abandoned	1	0	0	0
Total	13	0	0	0

### 5.2 Length of extensions

Longth of Extensions	15(a)(i) Interference		a)(ii) ultation	<b>15(b)</b> Translation
Length of Extensions	with operations	Section 70	Other	purposes
1 to 15 days	0	0	0	0
16 to 30 days	13	0	0	0
Total	13	0	0	0

### Part 6: Consultations Received From Other Institutions and Organizations

# 6.1 Consultations received from other Government of Canada institutions and other organizations

Consultations	Other Government of Canada Institutions	Number of Pages to Review	Other Organizations	Number of Pages to Review
Received during the reporting period	9	225	0	0
Outstanding from the previous reporting period	0	0	0	0
Total	9	225	0	0
Closed during the reporting period	9	225	0	0
Pending at the end of the eporting period 0		0	0	0

# 6.2 Recommendations and completion time for consultations received from other Government of Canada institutions

	Number of Days Required to Complete Consultation Requests								
Recommendation	1 to 15 Days	16 to 30 Days	31 to 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	181 to 365 Days	More Than 365 Days	Total	
All disclosed	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	
Disclosed in part	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	
All exempted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
All excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Consult other institution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	9	

## 6.3 Recommendations and completion time for consultations received from other organizations

	Number of days required to complete consultation requests								
Recommendation	1 to 15 Days	16 to 30 Days	31 to 60 Days	61 to 120 Days	121 to 180 Days	181 to 365 Days	More Than 365 Days	Total	
All disclosed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Disclosed in part	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
All exempted	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
All excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Consult other institution	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

### Part 7: Completion Time of Consultations on Cabinet Confidences

### 7.1 Requests with Legal Services

Number of	Fewer Than 100 Pages Processed		101-500 Pages Processed		501-1000 Pages Processed		1001-5000 Pages Processed		More than 5000 Pages Processed	
Days	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed
1 to 15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 to 30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31 to 60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61 to 120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
121 to 180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
181 to 365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
More than 365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### 7.2 Requests with Privy Council Office

Number of	Fewer Than 100 Pages Processed		-	501-1000 Pages Processed		1001-5000 Pages Processed		More than 5000 Pages Processed		
Days	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed	Number of Requests	Pages Disclosed
1 to 15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16 to 30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31 to 60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
61 to 120	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
121 to 180	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
181 to 365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
More than 365	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

### Part 8: Complaints and Investigations Notices Received

Section 31	Section 33	Section 35	Court action	Total
77	0	61	0	138

### Part 9: Privacy Impact Assessments (PIAs)

Number of PIA(s) completed	1
----------------------------	---

### Part 10: Resources Related to the Privacy Act

### **10.1 Costs**

Expenditures	Amount	
Salaries	\$2,622,604	
Overtime	\$38,308	
Goods and Services		\$604,503
Professional services contracts	\$459,468	
Other		
Total	\$3,265,415	

### 10.2 Human Resources

Resources	Person Years Dedicated to Privacy Activities
Full-time employees	35.50
Part-time and casual employees	0.88
Regional staff	0.00
Consultants and agency personnel	2.25
Students	1.88
Total	40.50

### New Exemptions Table: Privacy Act

Section	Number of requests
22.4 National Security and Intelligence Committee	0
27.1 Patent or Trademark privilege	0