



Natural Resources
Canada

Ressources naturelles
Canada

CANADIAN GEOSCIENCE MAP 400

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

ELDER ISLAND

Baffin Island, Nunavut

NTS 47-D/14

**Map Information
Document**

**Geological Survey of Canada
Canadian Geoscience Maps**

2022

Canada 



MAP NUMBER

Natural Resources Canada, Geological Survey of Canada
Canadian Geoscience Map 400

TITLE

Surficial geology, Elder Island, Baffin Island, Nunavut, NTS 47-D/14

SCALE

1:50 000

CATALOGUE INFORMATION

Catalogue No. M183-1/400-2022E-PDF
ISBN 978-0-660-29650-0
<https://doi.org/10.4095/314725>

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Geological Survey of Canada, 2022. Surficial geology, Elder Island, Baffin Island, Nunavut, NTS 47-D/14; Geological Survey of Canada, Canadian Geoscience Map 400 (Surficial Data Model v. 2.3.14 conversion of Open File 1629), scale 1:50 000. <https://doi.org/10.4095/314725>

ABSTRACT

This new surficial geology map product represents the conversion of Open File 1629 (Dyke, 2004) and its legend, using the Geological Survey of Canada's Surficial Data Model (SDM version 2.3.14) (Deblonde et al., 2018). All geoscience knowledge and information from Open File 1629 that conformed to the SDM were maintained during the conversion process. The purpose of converting legacy map data to a common science language and common legend is to enable and facilitate the efficient digital compilation, interpretation, management, and dissemination of geological map information in a structured and consistent manner. This provides an effective knowledge-management tool designed around a geodatabase that can expand following the type of information to appear on new surficial geology maps.

RÉSUMÉ

Ce nouveau produit cartographique de la géologie des formations superficielles correspond à la conversion du Dossier public 1629 (Dyke, 2004) et de sa légende, en se servant du Modèle de données pour les formations superficielles (MDFS version 2.3.14) de la Commission géologique du Canada (Deblonde et al., 2018). Toutes les connaissances et l'information de nature géoscientifique du Dossier public 1629 qui sont en conformité avec le modèle de données ont été conservées pendant le processus de conversion. Le but de la conversion de cartes publiées antérieurement suivant un langage scientifique commun et une légende commune est de permettre et de faciliter la compilation, l'interprétation, la gestion et la diffusion efficaces de l'information géologique cartographique en mode numérique de façon structurée et cohérente. Cette façon de faire offre un outil efficace de gestion des connaissances élaboré à l'aide d'une géodatabase qui pourra évoluer suivant le type d'information à paraître sur les nouvelles cartes de la géologie des formations superficielles.

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SHEET 1 OF 1, SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

GENERAL INFORMATION

Author: Geological Survey of Canada

Geology by A.S. Dyke, 2002

Geology conforms to Surficial Data Model v. 2.3.14 (Deblonde et al., 2018).

Geological data conversion by D.E. Kerr, 2017 and 2018

Field data provided by De Beers Canada Inc., 2002

Geomatics by C.D. Stevens and K. McNeil

Cartography by M.J. Baldock

Scientific editing by L. Ewert

Initiative of the Geological Survey of Canada, conducted under the auspices of the Information Management Project as part of Natural Resources Canada's Geo-mapping for Energy and Minerals (GEM) program

Map projection Universal Transverse Mercator, zone 17
North American Datum 1983

Base map at the scale of 1:250 000 from Natural Resources Canada, with modifications
Elevations in metres above mean sea level

Proximity to the North Magnetic Pole causes the magnetic compass to be erratic in this area.

Magnetic declination 2022, 24°15'W, decreasing 41.3' annually

This map is not to be used for navigational purposes.

The Geological Survey of Canada welcomes corrections or additional information from users (gscpublications-cgcpublishations@nrcan-rncan.gc.ca).

Data may include additional observations not portrayed on this map. See map info document accompanying the downloaded data for more information about this publication.

This publication is available for free download through GEOSCAN (<https://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/>).

MAP VIEWING FILES

The published map is distributed as a Portable Document File (PDF), and may contain a subset of the overall geological data for legibility reasons at the publication scale.

REFERENCES

Deblonde, C., Cocking, R.B., Kerr, D.E., Campbell, J.E., Eagles, S., Everett, D., Huntley, D.H., Inglis, E., Parent, M., Plouffe, A., Robertson, L., Smith, I.R., and Weatherston, A., 2018. Surficial Data Model: the science language of the integrated Geological Survey of Canada data model for surficial geology maps; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 8236, ver. 2.3.14, 1 .zip file.
<https://doi.org/10.4095/308178>

Dyke, A.S., 1993. Landscapes of cold-centred Late Wisconsinan ice caps, Arctic Canada; *Progress in Physical Geography*, v. 17, no. 2, p. 223–247.
<https://doi.org/10.1177/030913339301700208>

Dyke, A.S., 2004. Surficial geology, Elder Island, Baffin Island, Nunavut; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1629, scale 1:50 000, 1 .zip file.
<https://doi.org/10.4095/215639>

Jackson, G.D. and Sangster, D.F., 1987. Geology, mineral deposits and occurrences, northwest Baffin Island and Bylot Island, District of Franklin, Northwest Territories; Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1-1987, scale 1:250 000.
<https://doi.org/10.4095/123765>

AUTHOR CONTACT

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COORDINATE SYSTEM

Projection: Universal Transverse Mercator

Units: metres

Zone: 17

Horizontal Datum: NAD83

Vertical Datum: mean sea level

BOUNDING COORDINATES

Western longitude: 83°00'00"W

Eastern longitude: 82°00'00"W

Northern latitude: 70°00'00"N

Southern latitude: 69°45'00"N

SOFTWARE VERSION

Data has been originally compiled and formatted for use with ArcGIS™ desktop version 10.8.2 developed by ESRI®.

DATA MODEL INFORMATION

Surficial

The Geological Survey of Canada (GSC) through the Geo-mapping for Energy and Minerals Program (GEM) has undertaken the Geological Map Flow to develop protocols for the collection, management (compilation, interpretation), and dissemination of surficial and bedrock geology data and map information. To this end, a data model has been created.

The Surficial Data Model (SDM) was designed using ESRI geodatabase architecture. The XML workspace document provided can be imported into a geodatabase, and the geodatabase will then be populated with the feature datasets, feature classes, tables, relationship classes, subtypes, and domains.

Shapefile and table (.dbf) versions of the data are included within the data. Column names have been simplified and the text values have been maintained within the shapefile attributes. The direction columns are numerical, to display rotation for points, and the symbol fields will hold the correct values to be matched to the appropriate style file.

For a more in depth description of the data model please refer to the official publication:

Deblonde, C., Cocking, R.B., Kerr, D.E., Campbell, J.E., Eagles, S., Everett, D., Huntley, D.H., Inglis, E., Parent, M., Plouffe, A., Robertson, L., Smith, I.R., and Weatherston, A., 2018. Surficial Data Model: the science language of the integrated Geological Survey of Canada data model for surficial geology maps; Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 8236, ver. 2.3.14, 1 .zip file.
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