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March 11, 1954.

Honourable Robert H. Winters, Minister of Public Works, Ottawa, Ontario.

Dear Sir,

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, and in accordance with the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act and the National Housing Act, I report herewith on the administration of the housing acts and the affairs of the Corporation during 1953. Included in this report are financial statements of the Corporation for 1953, duly signed and certified.

More houses were built in Canada in 1953 than in any previous year. For the first time in the history of the country, the figure of 100,000 units was surpassed both in new starts and in dwellings completed.

The total of 102,409 new starts represented an increase of 23 per cent over the corresponding figure for 1952, and 11% over the previous record in 1950. The numbers of dwellings started in the six years 1948 to 1953, excluding conversions, were:

	Numbe	MBER OF DWELLINGS STARTED BY QUARTER					
QUARTER	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953	
First	6,678	8,646	9,015	9,801	7,268	11,930	
Second	33,090	32,053	33,134	28,664	28,023	34,816	
Third	31,348	27,913	29,796	19,122	26,749	32,925	
Fourth	19,078	21,897	20,586	10,992	21,206	22,748	
Total	90,194	90,509	92,531	68,579	83,246	102,409	

The number of dwellings completed during 1953 was 32% above the total for 1952. The high carryover of almost 60,000 units under construction at the end of 1953 will contribute to completions in 1954.

	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954
Number of dwellings under construction at beginning					
of year	59,503	59,443	47,448	55,689	59,923
Number of dwellings completed during year,					
including conversions.	91,754	84,810	76,302	100,628	_
		_			

As in 1952, all regions in the country shared in the rise in housing starts. The Ontario region showed a greater increase in starts than other regions, in 1953, after having had the smallest rate of increase in 1952. The regional distribution of starts between 1950 and 1953 is indicated in the following table.

DWELLINGS STARTED, EXCLUDING CONVERSIONS					
REGION	1950 19		1952	1953	
Maritimes	7,451	3,562	4,720	5,921	
Quebec		21,193	26,355	30,249	
Ontario		27,349	30,016	38,873	
Prairies	15,599	10,779	15,044	18,776	
British Columbia	7,536	5,696	7,111	8,590	

The rate of starts on a per capita basis varied greatly and as shown in the following table, was as high as 22 per thousand population in Edmonton and as low as 2.4 in Sydney. The rate of starts in urban areas generally exceeds that of the country as a whole. Most of the 30 centres listed in the table following had more than 7 starts per thousand population which represents the overall national rate in 1953, and three of the cities had a rate of starts about three times as high as the national rate.

DWELLINGS STARTED PER THOUSAND POPULATION

Metropolitan 2	Areas		Other Major Cities	
Centre	1952	1953	Centre 1952	1953
Calgary	19.8	21.7	Brantford 6.8	8.8
Edmonton	16.6	22.1	Fort William 5.4	5.1
Halifax	4.9	11.9	Kingston 4.5	4.1
Hamilton	9.0	8.9	Kitchener 10.6	12.0
London	9.2	9.9	Oshawa 8.0	13.4
Montreal	8.6	10.9	Peterborough 5.5	7.2
Ottawa	6.2	7.0	Port Arthur 7.2	11.0
Quebec	3.4	4.8	Regina 12.5	20.4
Saint John	1.6	5.0	Sarnia 16.3	9.1
St. John's	9.6	6.4	Saskatoon 12.3	13.7
Toronto	8.6	9.8	Sault Ste. Marie 17.1	21.9
Vancouver	8.2	10.4	Sherbrooke 5.8	6.8
Victoria	7.8	10.2	Sudbury 6.3	7.7
Windsor	6.3	6.1	Sydney 2.7	2:4
Winnipeg	7.9	9.0	Three Rivers 4.4	6.8

The unprecedented volume of residential construction in 1953 was the result of a number of favourable influences. Population factors sustained

demand in a purely physical sense, while the general buoyancy of the national economy made possible a rise in real incomes and savings. The lending institutions increased their activities in the mortgage field. Supply conditions in respect of both construction labour and materials were more satisfactory than in any year in the past decade. Construction costs remained relatively stable. The development of serviced land progressed more favourably than was anticipated. In most of Canada the exceptionally open weather in both spring and autumn encouraged outdoor work.

As to population, the number of families in Canada increased by about 93,000 in 1953, slightly more than in 1952, as marriages were up by 5% to 130,000. The desire of families to establish separate households is heightened by the birth of first children; there were 105,205 first births in Canada in 1953, representing a 4% increase over 1952.

The effect of population factors on the demand for new housing was intensified by an increase in the purchasing power of the average Canadian. Canadians saved \$1,480 million out of personal income in 1953 as against \$1,181 million in 1952. Personal disposable income per capita in 1953 was 3% above the corresponding figure for 1952. The rise in savings made it possible for Canadian families to provide the down payments for new dwellings, while higher incomes increased their capacity to meet carrying charges on owner-occupied homes and to pay rentals. There were more people in Canada wanting houses and able to pay for them at existing prices, than at any time since 1947.

This demand could not have remained fully effective without an increase in the flow of mortgage funds in 1953. The value of mortgage loans approved by lending institutions for 55,706 units of new residential construction in 1953, was \$370 million or 23% more than in 1952.

Gross Mortgage Loans Approved By Lending			P	RELIMINARY
Institutions	1950	1951	1952	1953
Total amount (\$000) Amount for new residential	523,329	433,925	497,365	583,376
construction (\$000) Number of new dwellings	310,157	236,315	301,695	370,111
1st Quarter	9,413	11,409	8,519	11,532
2nd Quarter	17,665	12,352	12,530	16,063
3rd Quarter	16,452	8,310	13,162	14,978
4th Quarter	11,828	6,509	11,564	13,133
Year	55,358	38,580	45,775	55,706

Building materials were in adequate supply throughout the country and the construction labour force continued to expand. As a result the construction industry was able to build more houses than ever before, and also to raise the already high volume of non-residential construction. In 1953 residential construction formed a larger part of all new construction, as is indicated in the following table.

VALUE OF NEW CONSTRUCTION (\$ MILLION)

		Non	R	esidential
YEAR	Total	Residential	Amount	Per Cent of Total
1946	1,074	662	412	38.4
1947	1,424	884	540	37.9
1948	1,876	1,208	668	35.6
1949	2,124	1,349	775	37.5
1950	2,364	1,520	843	35.8
1951	2,736	1,914	822	30.0
1952	3,133	2,307	826	26.4
1953	3,651	2,565	1,086	29.7

In 1953 the value of new non-residential construction was almost four times as high as in 1946, while the value of new residential construction was about $2\frac{1}{2}$ times as high. The residential proportion of new construction dropped most rapidly in 1951 and 1952 when house building was affected by the defence measures undertaken following the Korean outbreak. At the same time non-residential new construction increased sharply with the expansion of defence and defence supporting construction work.

Despite the continued growth in overall construction activity, costs remained comparatively stable during 1953. Material prices for building products declined for the second successive year, but wage rates of construction workers rose. As in 1952, the combination of these factors produced a fairly constant price level to the buyers of new housing, and represented a psychological contribution to the high effective demand; the relative consistency of selling prices tended to encourage prospective buyers. The following table underlines the rapid increase in construction cost between 1948 and 1951, and the comparative stability during the past two years.

Cost Indexes		An	NUAL A	VERAGE		
1949 = 100	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953
Residential building material prices	95.4	100.0	106.4	125 5	125 0	123.8
Wage rates of construc-						
tion workers Combined wage rates and	94.4	100.0	105.4	115.3	124.5	132.8
material prices	95.0	100.0	106.0	121.7	124.8	127.2

There is evidence that the most recent increases in the combined index of wage rates and material prices have been partly offset by greater output per worker. The average construction period was 6.3 months for dwellings completed in 1953 and 7.0 months for those completed in 1952.

Considering the difficulties, Canadian municipalities on the whole achieved outstanding success during 1953 in providing serviced land; but in some cases new house construction was held back on this account. Lack of serviced land was probably the chief reason for the fact that residential starts in the Toronto area were at less than half the Edmonton rate. Even where the required quantity of land was produced, the financial problem continued to deteriorate. As fewer lots remained with ground services already in place, speculative activity drove raw land prices further upward, and those municipalities which still installed on-site services faced a rapidly growing burden upon their borrowing powers.

To an increasing extent, municipalities in 1953 abandoned the traditional technique of financing services through borrowings and recovering through local improvement charges. More and more, builders and developers were made responsible for the capital costs of developing raw land into building lots, and these costs were added to the sale price of the dwellings. Also, because the builder was faced with a need for additional working capital to finance the installation of on-site services, he needed assurance that mortgage financing would be available to him when he began to build. Hence a rising proportion of applications for National Housing Act loans involved forward commitments. In some cases, shortages of building land led to the development of projects just beyond the end of sewer and water lines, and septic tanks or wells were provided; here the cost of the installations raised the initial selling price, and the purchaser remains exposed to duplicated payments for services if and when mains are extended at a later date.

The financing of new schools is still a difficult problem, particularly for municipalities which are satellites to large cities and which attract a relatively high proportion of families with children. A few municipalities have required builders to make a direct contribution to the capital cost of new schools; and these sums have been added to the selling price of the houses.

Up to the present the operation of the National Housing Act has depended largely on mortgage lending through lending institutions, principally life insurance companies and trust and loan companies. Joint loans have represented by far the most important aspect of Federal Government assistance in the housing field. The joint loan technique was first introduced in the Dominion Housing Act of 1935. It was incorporated also in the National Housing Acts of 1938 and 1944. Essentially the arrangement was that three-fourths of the amount of each loan was supplied by the lending institution, with the remaining one-quarter supplied from public funds but disbursed through the lending institution. The lending institutions acted as administrative agents for the loans. From the time of inception of the joint loan arrangement up to the end of 1953, a total of 168,000 loans, representing 203,000 dwellings and an amount of \$1,224 million were approved. Of all dwellings built in Canada between 1935 and 1953 two in every eleven were financed under the joint loan provisions.

Since the end of the war the mortgage portfolios of the lending institutions have been growing, both in amount and in proportion to their other assets. At the end of 1945 Canadian life companies with Canadian assets of \$2,082 million, held \$272 million or 13% of these assets in mortgages. By the end of 1952 their mortgages had reached \$3,373 million or 29.7% of their assets and by the end of 1953 this ratio was about 31%. Meanwhile the life companies reduced their holdings of Government of Canada bonds by about \$480 million, or from 57% of their total Canadian assets in 1945 to about 20% in 1953. The mortgage investments of the loan and trust companies have also formed a progressively increasing proportion of their total assets.

It became clear that the existing lending institutions could not maintain indefinitely the flow of mortgage funds needed to keep up the high rate of house building. In 1952 there had already been signs that the demand for new mortgage money was beginning to outstrip the non public funds available; as a result the Corporation extended its direct lending and made loans available for home ownership in communities up to 55,000 population. The further acceleration of residential construction in 1953 required a far heavier investment than ever before by the lending institutions; and the Corporation, in addition to its share of joint loans, approved direct loans amounting to \$55 million. It was apparent that

if private lending was to sustain the high level of house building there would have to be more lenders with more money to lend under the National Housing Act.

Accordingly in December 1953, the Government introduced legislation which would (a) replace the present joint loan technique by a system of mortgage insurance, (b) increase the liquidity and transferability of residential mortgages, (c) provide for the continued participation of present approved lenders, (d) enable the chartered banks and Quebec Savings Banks to enter the new residential mortgage lending field and (e) provide for the ownership of insured mortgages by individuals and other lenders subject to servicing by an approved lender.

In November 1950, the Corporation became the agent of Defence Construction Limited in the supervision and administration of defence projects. Since that time defence work valued at \$390 million has been put in place under the Corporation's supervision; this was in addition to the Corporation's other construction programmes. However by the end of 1953 the volume of defence construction activity had tapered sharply and only \$52 million worth of work remained to be completed. The reduced programme no longer justified the continued use of the Corporation's field organization; and arrangements were therefore made at the end of 1953 for the termination of the Corporation's agency. This did not affect other agency arrangements, such as that covering the construction of married quarters and schools for the Department of National Defence.

During 1953, The National Housing Act, 1944, as amended, was incorporated into the *Revised Statutes of Canada*, 1952, as the National Housing Act. The Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act was also consolidated into this revision, with no change in title. In this report references to particular sections of the National Housing Act, and the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act, are made according to the section numbers designated in the new consolidations. For convenience in reference to earlier reports the section numbers previously used are also shown in square brackets.

LENDING OPERATIONS

The number of new dwellings approved for loans under the National Housing Act, at 38,648 in 1953, was 12.6% higher than in 1952. The number of loans, 26,514 and the amount of loans, \$290.8 million, were also higher than in 1952. Loans under the National Housing Act are made jointly with lending institutions or by the Corporation alone. Details of lending in the past year are shown in Tables 1 to 8.

Loans Made Jointly With Lending Institutions

Joint loans are made to prospective home owners and to builders of houses for sale to home owners under *Section 7* [4]. Under *Section 13* [8] joint loans are made to developers of rental projects.

Three trends in loans on dwellings for owner occupancy continued from 1952 into 1953. The ratio of land value to total dwelling cost increased, the average size of unit approved for loans rose, and the preference for bungalows as against other types of single family dwelling grew stronger.

Land valuations in excess of 15% of the estimated cost of construction occurred in about one-twentieth of the cases early in the year and one-sixth of the cases towards the year end. Floor areas of bungalows approved in 1953 averaged 1,073 square feet as against 1,037 square feet in 1952. One-storey dwellings represented 77% of all single family dwellings for which loans were approved in 1953 as against 70% in 1952.

Joint loans under Section 7 [4] may be as high as 80% of lending value, if the sale or contract price of the dwelling does not exceed the Corporation's appraised value. Failing a sale price agreement, the loan is limited to 66% % of the lending value. In 1953 about 70% of the single family dwellings approved carried a sale price agreement.

The size of loan is subject also to maxima set by regulation. If a sale price agreement is in effect the amount of loan may not exceed \$10,000 per single family dwelling. Failing a sale price agreement the amount of loan may not exceed \$8,500 per unit. Towards the end of 1953 about one-third of the loans in some of the larger centres were limited by these maxima.

As a matter of policy the Corporation continued to take precautions that borrowers under the Act do not assume a debt that is unduly high in relation to their incomes. The average ratio of gross debt service to income in 1953, at 18.4%, compares with 18.2% in 1952 and 17.7% in 1951. Annual incomes of applicants averaged \$4,798 in 1953, compared with \$4,618 in 1952 and \$4,428 in 1951.

The table below gives a summary of lending operations under Section 7 [4] of the Act for 1952 and 1953.

NET LOANS APPROVED	1952	1953	INCREASE %
Number of loans	20,758	22,569	8.7
Number of dwellings	21,250	22,905	7.8
Amount of loans (\$000)	169,648	190,534	12.3

Lending for rental projects under *Section 13* [8] of the Act also increased during 1953, as shown in the following table. The projects varied widely in their size and in the type of unit provided. The increase in lending on rental accommodation reflects in part the higher maximum loans authorized by regulation. In October, 1952, these maxima were increased from \$6,700 to \$8,500 per unit for semi-detached and row houses, and from \$6,700 to \$7,200 per unit for fully serviced apartments.

NET LOANS APPROVED	1952	1953	Increase %
Number of loans	525	597	13.7
Number of dwellings	6,238	7,968	27.7
Average loan per unit (\$)	5,121	5,726	11.8
Amount of loans (\$000)	31,947	45,623	42.8

In 1953, advances of the Corporation's share of all joint loans totalled \$54.2 million. At the year end 135,534 loans were outstanding, in which the Corporation's share amounted to \$241.3 million. At the end of the year 263 joint loans, representing less than one-quarter of one percent of the total number outstanding were reported three months or more in arrears.

Loans Made by the Corporation

Loans are made wholly by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation under Section 16 [9], Section 17 [9A], and Section 42 [31A] of the Act.

One striking change during 1953 was the upsurge of public interest in *Section 16* [9] authorizing loans for the construction of moderate-rental projects by limited dividend companies. Approvals during the year covered 1,329 units as compared with 841 in 1952, and it is perhaps significant that a substantial number of new projects of this kind were under discussion at the close of the year. This unusual interest arose partly from the difficulty of obtaining private mortgage funds and partly from uncertainty regarding future lending policies; but there was also evidence of a genuine interest in the social aspect of housing. Of the projects approved in 1953, seven were for families of low income, six were for elderly people, and one was for families of personnel of the Department of National Defence in Cobourg, Ontario.

NET LOANS APPROVED	1952	1953
		
Number of loans	10	16
Number of dwellings	841	1,329
Amount of loans (\$000)	5,612	9,005

Section 17 [9A] provides for housing loans to companies engaged in mining, lumbering, logging or fishing. Two such loans were approved in 1953, for the construction of 13 dwellings in Quebec and Ontario.

Under Section 43 [31A] the Corporation may make direct loans in areas where joint loans are not being provided by the lending institutions. Until July of 1952 such loans were restricted to municipalities of 5,000 population or less. Since then the Corporation's direct lending facilities have been extended to centres of up to 55,000 population. In most cases loans in the larger towns and smaller cities are made through lending institutions acting as agents of the Corporation, with the lending institution having a two-year option to convert any agency loan to a joint loan by purchasing a 75% interest.

Also under Section 43 [31A] the Corporation may make loans in respect of rental insurance projects as prescribed for lending institutions under Section 15 [8B] of the Act, provided that financing by a private lending institution is not available. On rental insurance projects intended for certified defence workers, the Corporation loan may be up to 85% of the estimated cost, with a rental ceiling effective for five years, otherwise the loan is limited to 80% of cost, with a rental ceiling effective for three years.

Finally under this section, and in accordance with the Defence Workers' Housing Loans Regulations, the Corporation may lend up to 90% of the agreed sale or contract price of dwellings for the ownership of certified defence workers.

A summary of loans under Section 43 [31A] in 1953 follows, and details are contained in Tables 4 to 6. The number of units approved for loans under the rental insurance plan declined from 3,599 in 1952 to 3,060 in 1953. This reflects the fact that for the first time in recent years, a reduction in tenant demand became apparent in a few areas; significant numbers of rental vacancies developed in heated rental projects in Greater Montreal and Quebec City.

NET LOANS APPROVED

Type of Loan		Dwellings (Number)	
In lieu of joint loans			
Home-ownership	2,542	2,615	18,993
Rental	8	25	161
Rental insurance	47	3,060	20,331
Defence worker home-ownership	733	733	6,109

At the year end 5,765 loans made wholly by the Corporation were outstanding in the amount of \$120.7 million. Of these, six loans, or less than one-twelfth of one per cent were in arrears for three months or more. One *Section 43* [31A] mortgage was foreclosed and title to the property vested in the Corporation.

GUARANTEES

Guarantees under the National Housing Act are provided to lending institutions against losses on joint loans and to banks or other approved agencies lending funds for the improvement or extension of homes. Minimum returns may be guaranteed to lending institutions on investment in the assembly of land for residential purposes and to builders or other investors in approved rental housing projects.

Pool Guarantees

The Act provides that the Government shall bear losses on its share of joint loans and shall reimburse the lending institutions for losses on their share of such loans. By regulation, the liability of the Government on account of any lending institution is limited to the amount credited to the lending institution under a pool guarantee arrangement. The amount to the credit of any lending institution depends on the number of joint loans it has approved, their amount, term, and location. Separate guarantee accounts are maintained for rental and home-ownership loans. At the end of 1953 the Government had contingent liabilities under this arrangement of \$35.9 million on account of the 1944 Act and \$4.6 million on account of the 1938 Act. During 1953, profits on the realization of the security for defaulted joint loans exceeded losses by \$893. This amount was credited to the appropriate pool guarantee accounts.

Rental Insurance

In return for an insurance premium, payable annually up to 30 years, the Corporation under Section 14 [8A] may guarantee to the owner of an approved rental housing project a minimum gross rental per annum. The rent for the first three years may not exceed \$87 per month for a fully-serviced housing unit of 800 square feet and \$61 for an unserviced unit. This maximum varies with the size of apartment and an additional rental of \$4.00 is allowed for fireproof construction. Developments for the period from the inception of the plan in July, 1948, are shown in the following table with further details in Tables 9 and 10.

	July, 1948 to End of 1952	1953
Number of dwelling units covered by rental guarantee contracts	11,808	5,219
Number of dwelling units covered by commitments but not by contracts at end of period	6,461	4,180
Aggregate of first year's rental guarantee at end of 1953 (\$000)		12,917
Claims paid (\$)	5,474	
Reserve for guaranteed rentals at end of period (\$000)	718	931

Home Extension and Home Improvement Loans

Under Section 27 [17] of the Act the Corporation may pay losses sustained by lending agencies in respect of approved loans for home improvement or home extension. The home improvement provisions have not been generally proclaimed.

During 1953 no home extension loans were approved. By the end of the previous year, 43 loans totalling \$130,090 had been approved for 74 units. At the end of 1953 the lenders reported 43 loans and a balance of \$10,533 outstanding, with no arrears.

Under the home improvement provisions 22 loans, totalling \$19,570 have been made to date, all in the Yellowknife area in 1952 and 1953. At the year end the lending agency which made these loans reported that a total amount of \$13,308 was outstanding, with no arrears.

Land Assembly

Under Section 21 [11B] the Corporation may guarantee recovery of capital, with interest at 2% in respect of approved lending institution investments in the acquisition and development of land for housing purposes. At the beginning of 1953 there remained only one uncompleted project consisting of 417 lots of which 385 were sold or under option by the year end.

PUBLIC HOUSING AND LAND ASSEMBLY

Federal-Provincial Housing and Land Assembly

Section 46 [35] authorizes the Corporation, in cooperation with provincial governments, to undertake the purchase and improvement of land for sale and to construct houses for sale or for rent. Capital expenditures, profits and losses for projects initiated under this section

are shared 75% by the Federal Government and 25% by the government of the province. A province may require the municipality in which a project is located to carry a part of the provincial share. Nine provinces have enacted legislation providing for joint undertakings of this kind with the Federal Government, and seven of them have projects either planned, under way, or completed.

In all projects resulting in lots for sale, and some resulting in houses for rent, the revenues of the projects are established to meet the costs. When requested by the municipality and agreed by the province, dwellings may be rented to families of low income at rates insufficient to meet the carrying charges, each rental being set in relation to the income and number of persons of the family occupying the dwelling. Management of rental housing in every case is vested in a local housing authority, whose members are appointed by provincial order-in-council. Housing authorities have been appointed in 28 Canadian cities and towns. Rental dwellings are completed and occupied in 20 of these localities. The Corporation has endeavoured to serve as a clearing-house for the management experience gained by these authorities in the various provinces.

Up until 1953 under Section 46 [35] three types of project had developed, one type involving land improvement and sale only, another public rental housing only, and the third combining both the preparation of lots for sale and the construction of houses for rent. In 1953, by agreement with the Nova Scotia Housing Commission, two projects were undertaken with the houses to be built under conditions endorsed by the Commission as agent for the Government of Nova Scotia. Information about these projects is shown by locality in Tables 16 and 17. A summary of projects approved in 1953 and earlier years follows.

Projects Approved under			
Section 46 [35]	1949-52	1953	Total
Number of projects	38	15	53
Number of lots to be sold	11,906	1,067	12,973
Number of dwellings to be rented			
Economic rent	1,146	132	1,398
Subsidized rent	1,340	222	1,562
Number of dwellings to be sold		20	20

Of the 53 projects approved since enactment of the section, 16 have been for land assembly only, 26 for rental housing only, nine for combined land assembly and rental housing, and two for houses to be sold. Of the 2,960 dwellings in rental projects approved to date, 1,398 are to be let

at rents sufficient to meet the annual carrying charges, including interest and principal, and 1,562 are to be rented at less than the annual carrying charges.

Urban Redevelopment

Under Section 22 [12] of the National Housing Act, Federal grants to municipalities may be made to assist in clearing, replanning, rehabilitating and modernizing blighted or sub-standard areas. Section 22 [12] was amended in 1953 to allow greater choice in the use of land cleared with assistance under the Act. A municipality may qualify for a grant toward the cost of acquisition and clearance if the land so cleared is re-used for rental housing under any of Sections 16 [9], 19 [10] or 46 [35] of the Act, or for any other public purpose, provided that an equivalent amount of residential land is made available elsewhere.

In previous years, grants totalling \$1,150,000 were made to the City of Toronto with respect to acquisition and clearance of the northern portion of the Regent Park site. In 1953 a supplementary grant of up to \$212,000 was approved to complete this clearance. At the end of the year 693 properties had been acquired, representing over 97% of the designated area, and 27 properties remained to be acquired. Some 650 apartments out of a proposed total of 1,289 had been built and occupied.

No additional cities applied for clearance grants in 1953, although a number of municipalities have initiated necessary investigations with a view to redevelopment under the new terms. The preparation and execution of a redevelopment operation usually takes two or three times as long as the creation of the same number of dwellings on an undeveloped site, since it involves valuation and acquisition of numerous properties, rezoning and redesign of streets and services, and relocation of residents in a long-developed urban area, each step in accordance with exacting statutory and budgetary requirements.

CONSTRUCTION

The Corporation continued to supervise a large volume of construction in 1953 although there was reduced activity in certain programmes. The Corporation administered construction work on Federal-provincial projects, and on improvements to war workers' houses acquired from Wartime Housing Limited. Construction under the veterans' rental programme came to an end in 1953.

On an agency basis the Corporation carried out construction of schools and married quarters for the Department of National Defence. It also administered and supervised construction work for other departments and agencies, including Defence Construction (1951) Limited.

Federal-Provincial Housing Agreements

Since the introduction of *Section 46* [35] of the Act, construction operations pertaining to housing and land assembly projects have been as follows.

	1949-52	1953	Total
Number of dwellings			
Started	1,758	906	2,664
Completed	566	1,532	2,098
Under construction at year end	1,192	566	
Number of lots developed	1,041	883	1,924
Expenditures, including provincial share (\$000)	14,324	13,586	27,910

Veterans' Rental Housing

The 400 units under construction at the end of 1952 were completed during 1953. This brought the veterans' rental programme to an end as new projects were not approved after May 15, 1949.

Permanent Improvements

At the beginning of the year there were 480 war workers' houses under contract for permanent improvements. During the year contracts for improvements on a further 36 units were awarded. At the end of the year work had been completed on 487 units and was proceeding on 29.

Permanent Married Quarters for the Department of National Defence

At the beginning of the year 2,453 housing units were under construction and 330 were under contract but not started. During the year contracts for an additional 637 units were awarded. Work was completed on 2,581 of these housing units in 1953. Preliminary arrangements were underway at the end of the year for a further 431 housing units required by the Armed Services. Tables 19 and 20 contain data on this housing programme by province and locality.

Department of National Defence Schools

It was arranged with the Department of National Defence that after the end of 1952 the Corporation would not conduct further negotiations for the provision of educational facilities for the children of servicemen. Five agreements under negotiation at the end of 1952 were completed in 1953.

Construction of 41 schools had been completed by the beginning of the year. Two schools and one four-room extension to an existing school were under construction. During the year contracts for six schools

and one extension were awarded. Three schools and two extensions were completed. At the end of the year, contracts were still to be awarded for two schools.

Department of Defence Production

The Corporation manages the construction of rental housing built for employees of defence industries under the capital assistance programme of the Department of Defence Production. As the agent of the Department of Defence Production the Corporation also administers the leases of these dwellings. Up to 1953 construction of 130 houses had been completed, 65 at Sorel, 50 at Renfrew, and 15 at Haley's Station near Renfrew. Construction was begun in 1953 on 24 units at St-Paul-L'Ermite.

Atomic Energy of Canada Limited

Before 1953 the Corporation had conducted an extensive programme for the construction of houses, schools, and other buildings for Atomic Energy of Canada Limited. Four housing units under construction at the beginning of the year were completed and 64 units were started in 1953. A further 15 units were approved for construction at the end of the year, and a programme for an additional 85 units was under consideration.

Defence Construction (1951) Limited

The construction programme conducted on behalf of Defence Construction (1951) Limited diminished during 1953. As shown in the following summary the Corporation had awarded contracts for most of the work requested by the Department of National Defence. Requests were made for construction valued at \$72 million in 1953 compared with \$186 million in 1952, and \$198 million in 1950 and 1951. Work remaining to be put in place at the end of 1953 was valued at about \$52 million.

	Number of Contracts	VALUE (\$million)
Uncompleted contracts taken over as at November 22, 1950	128	43.0
Contracts requested		
November 22—December 31, 1950	27	14.3
1951	393	183.4
1952	487	185.5
1953	457	72.3
Total	1,364	455.5

	Number of Contracts	VALUE (\$million)
Contracts awarded		
November 30—December 31, 1950	. 23	10.9
1951	. 350	171.9
1952	. 493	160.7
1953	. 445	76.1
Total	. 1,311	419.6
Work put in place		
November 30—December 31, 1950	. —	1.2
1951		84.2
1952	. –	181.8
1953	. —	123.0
Total		390.2

During the year 733 buildings and other works were completed and turned over to the Department of National Defence as compared with 669 buildings and other works during 1952. At the end of 1953 contractors were engaged at 112 sites under Corporation supervision and were employing about 3,900 on-site workers, as compared with 157 sites and 11,400 on-site workers at the end of 1952. The greater decrease in the number of workers was occasioned by the completion of many multiple building contracts during 1953.

Under this programme the Corporation has supervised the construction of buildings ranging in size from small signals buildings to cantilever hangars valued in excess of \$4 million each. The largest single contract awarded during 1953 was for the construction of a magazine, service buildings and associated services at Rocky Point (Esquimalt, B.C.), in the amount of \$2,002,400.

By type of service the value of contracts taken over and awarded by the Corporation up to the end of 1953 has been as follows: Air Force \$302 million; Army \$93 million; Navy \$43 million; Defence Research Board \$15 million; Canadian Arsenals, Civil Defence and Inspection Services together \$10 million.

REAL ESTATE ADMINISTRATION

The Corporation manages real estate acquired from various sources. This real estate includes houses built by Wartime Housing Limited, Housing Enterprises of Canada Limited, and by the Corporation under the veterans' rental housing programme; houses purchased under guarantee through the integrated and defence workers' housing plans; the new Gander townsite, Laurentian Terrace in Ottawa, and Arbour Lodge at Ajax.

Property Management

Summary data on real estate management in 1952 and 1953 are shown in the following table. More detailed information for 1953 is provided in Tables 13 to 15. At the end of the year total rental arrears amounted to \$60,188, which represented .06% of rentals payable during the year. Of this amount \$36,382 represented arrears of one month only.

•	1952	1953
Number of dwellings under management		
At beginning of year	24,775	19,644
At end of year	19,644	18,296
Rental revenue, dwellings		
Total (\$000)	9,172	8,494
Per unit (\$)	413	448
Maintenance expenditures		
Total (\$000)	1,501	1,518
Per unit (\$)	68	80

Tenant Selection

Dwellings in new projects allocated to tenants in 1953 numbered 463 and vacant units allocated numbered 2,412, for a total of 2,875 in the year. The proportion of Corporation-owned houses occupied by veterans increased from 93.0% to 94.6% through 1953. For the most part non-veteran occupancy represents continued tenancies of houses built for war workers by Wartime Housing Limited. Veterans' applications on hand at the end of the year numbered 11,200 as compared with 16,162 at the end of 1952.

Sale of Rental Houses

By the beginning of 1953 a total of 38,511 houses had been offered for sale and 34,335 sold for a total amount of \$130 million. During the year an additional 232 were put up for sale and 1,682 were sold for an aggregate price of \$7.0 million. Data by province and locality are shown in Tables 11 and 12.

First priority to purchase is given to the tenants. Houses which become vacant in a project are held for sale to veterans of World War II and the war in Korea. A tenant who does not wish to purchase the house he occupies or any other house which the Corporation has for sale, may be requested to move to other suitable rental accommodation owned by the Corporation if an acceptable offer is received for his house.

At the end of the year 30,515 accounts resulting from the sale of houses to individuals on a deferred payment plan were under administration. Of these accounts, 59 were in arrears for three months or more at the year end. During the year three agreements were cancelled because of default in payment and there was no loss to the Corporation.

Payments to Municipalities

Payments in lieu of taxes on Corporation-owned houses were made to 179 municipalities in the amount of \$1.3 million during the year.

Fire Losses

There were 64 fires reported in 1953 resulting in repair costs of \$8,209. The average fire loss per unit for the units under management was 43 cents.

Integrated and Defence Workers' Housing

The 342 houses purchased by the Corporation under integrated contracts, had been sold by the end of 1953. During the year 26 houses built for defence workers and not sold by the builder were acquired. Of these eight were sold.

Ajax Development Project

In the Improvement District of Ajax the Corporation is engaged in the sale and management of industrial, commercial, and residential land and buildings, and the development of facilities and services which contribute to the growth of Ajax as a balanced industrial community.

Thirty acres of industrial land were sold during the year and negotiations for the sale of about 25 acres were in progress at the year end. Purchasers of industrial land constructed and occupied more than 235,000 square feet of industrial space. One new factory of 12,000 square feet is under construction and a factory of 10,000 square feet is to be constructed early in 1954. At the end of the year there were 32 industries in Ajax, with 1,700 employees. The commercial and residential development of Ajax proceeded in response to its industrial growth.

Fifty serviced residential lots were sold and on 43 of them new homes were completed and occupied by the year end. A row housing project of 36 dwelling units was started under the rental insurance plan. In the provision of ground services on land the Corporation spent \$318,000 in 1953.

The Improvement District began construction of two new schools, one of 16 rooms and the other of four, and a one room addition to the existing school.

Gander

By arrangement between the Department of Transport and the Corporation a townsite is being developed adjacent to Gander Airport. The townsite is being planned to accommodate an ultimate population of about 5,000, consisting mainly of Federal Government employees and their families. The plan involves the construction of rental housing by the Corporation and at the beginning of the year 24 units had been completed and 26 were under construction. Of these, 12 were completed in 1953 and contracts for an additional 50 were awarded. Serviced lots and housing loans are being made available for those preferring home ownership.

The Corporation has assumed responsibility for the townsite planning and the acquisition of necessary land. Municipal services are being installed by the Department of Transport.

The cost of new homes has been substantially higher in Gander than in less isolated locations. In order to protect the investment of the Corporation in rental housing an arrangement has been made for recovery of losses from the Federal departments whose employees are accepted as tenants at rents below an economic level.

RESEARCH AND INFORMATION

Under Part V of the Act the Corporation conducts and sponsors educational, information, and research activities in housing and community planning. Expenditures for these activities in 1953 amounted to \$361,358 of which \$219,697 was spent directly by the Corporation and \$141,661 was paid to universities and other Government agencies. Research is done in the field of mortgage finance in accordance with Section 26 [27] of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act.

Economic and Related Research

The Corporation continued to provide statistics about housing and to conduct research into its economic aspects. Information arising out of this research is published quarterly in "Housing in Canada" and annually in "Mortgage Lending in Canada". The former publication deals mainly with the national rate of house building and the supply and demand factors underlying it. "Mortgage Lending in Canada" deals specifically with mortgage lenders and borrowers, and with the sources of funds used for new house building. The Corporation conducted an

outlook survey for 1953 as for earlier years, its results being incorporated in part in the White Paper, "Private and Public Investment in Canada, Outlook, 1953" tabled in Parliament by the Minister of Trade and Commerce early in the year.

In cooperation with the Bureau of Statistics, the Corporation continued its survey of the number of dwellings started and completed in cities and towns of 5,000 population and over. This survey was supplemented by sample surveys covering other areas. The Bureau of Statistics published the data monthly in "New Residential Construction".

Total outlay for economic and related research amounted to \$114,777 during 1953, with \$106,044 spent directly by the Corporation and the remainder paid to other organizations.

Housing Design

During 1953 the Corporation increased its efforts to obtain new and improved small house designs to be made available to the Canadian public. Invitations were sent to every registered architect in Canada to submit new designs to the Corporation. A total of 271 designs were submitted from 83 architects. Of these, 49 were accepted for inclusion in the Corporation's small house design booklets. These booklets are distributed widely and working drawings for the designs are sold at \$10 a set. Thirty designs, formerly included in these booklets, but now considered out of date, are withdrawn from the new issue to appear early in 1954.

The popularity of the bungalow is indicated by the number of sales of sets of working drawings for different house types. The total number of plan sets sold suggests that about 40% of the houses financed under the Act were based on plans obtained from the Corporation.

PL.	an Sets Sold
Bungalows	7,225
1½-Storey	
2-Storey	
West Coast Designs	
Other	
Total	10,577

Building Research

Through observations of field performance and investigations of test data, the Corporation decides on the suitability of products or practices for use in housing financed under the National Housing Act or built under the supervision of the Corporation.

In the conduct of building research the Corporation works with other agencies, including the Division of Building Research of the National Research Council, the Forest Products Laboratory of the Department of Northern Affairs and National Resources, Testing Laboratories of the Department of Public Works, and the Mines Branch of the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys. Many of the investigations by these agencies are undertaken at the suggestion of the Corporation and 127 projects in which the Corporation was interested went forward in 1953. The results of technical research enable the Corporation to adjust its standards from time to time in keeping with the development of new products and methods in light construction. In 1953 work was begun on basic revisions in Corporation standards pertaining to building papers, subflooring, roofing products, and insulation.

The Corporation, together with the National Research Council, assisted a heating device research and development project being conducted at Queen's University. In addition the Corporation completed six experimental houses in 1953, two of panel type construction and four prefabricated units.

Assistance was given to the National Research Council in its development of a revised national building code. The Corporation continued to work with committees of the Canadian Government Specifications Board and the Canadian Standards Association who are engaged in establishing performance specifications for building materials, equipment, and methods of application.

Community Planning

To promote the practice of community planning the Corporation has continued to give financial aid to the Community Planning Association of Canada, under the terms of *Section 35* [25] of the Act. The Association is also supported by contributions from provincial and municipal governments and by membership fees. Its national office produces publications on community planning and its provincial divisions have conducted conferences and programmes of public education in all major centers. Local groups of members have focussed attention on special problems such as the housing needs of old people and the provision of adequate open spaces in residential areas.

The value of sound community planning is increasingly recognized and this is creating a demand for trained staff. Consequently the Corporation has continued to offer fellowships for the study of community planning and has aided the development of graduate courses for this purpose at the universities of McGill, Toronto, Manitoba and British Columbia. In 1953 eight fellowships were awarded. In the previous two years of this scheme 15 persons were awarded fellowships and 14 have completed their training. All of these have been engaged in community planning work, five with municipalities, four with provincial governments, two with the Federal Government, and three in other capacities.

Information Services

More than 300,000 pieces of printed material were distributed during the year to explain the facilities of the National Housing Act and to encourage good house design and construction.

The Corporation's 1953 exhibit itinerary included fairs, exhibitions and builders' home shows at Vancouver, Trail, Edmonton, Calgary, Regina, Saskatoon, Winnipeg, Sarnia, London, Toronto, Peterborough, Montreal, Sherbrooke, Three Rivers, and Quebec. In addition a special exhibit concerning small houses and their furnishings was shown for an extended period at the Design Centre in Ottawa through the cooperation of the Industrial Design Division of the National Gallery.

There was an increase of more than 60% in requests for the Corporation's "Newspaper Feature Service" which provides house design illustrations for newspapers and other publications. In 1953 the service was requested by 89 English-language and 102 French-language publications as compared to 83 English and 35 French in 1952.

With the cooperation of the Canadian Film Institute and its member libraries, two Corporation films continued to circulate throughout Canada. A third film, a documentary on the development of Ajax, after being called in for revision, was redistributed to Canada's trade representatives in Europe and the United States.

Expenditures in 1953 on account of information services amounted to \$57,435

ACCOUNTS

The financial statements of the Corporation, shown on pages 35 to 45, comprise the "Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1953", the statement of "Income and Expenditures for the Year Ended 31st December, 1953", and the statement of "Reserve Fund". In support of the balance sheet two additional schedules are shown, "Loans under the Housing Acts for the Year Ended 31st December, 1953", and "Real Estate for the Year Ended 31st December, 1953".

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE

A summary of income and expenditure for 1952 and 1953 follows.

	1952	1953
Income	(\$000)	(\$000)
Interest earned on loans	8,643	11,719
Property rentals Income from investment in Federal-provincial	10,374	9,385
projects	180	580
Interest earned on mortgages and agreements for sale	4.479	4,805
Fees for services provided under agreements	1,448	1,446
Profit on sale of Corporation-owned real estate	•	,
and other assets	(4)	9
Other income	117	188
Expenditure	25,237	28,132
Administration	5,184	5,412
Property expenses	6,595	6,300
Interest on borrowings	9,079	12,055
	20,858	23,767
	4,379	4,365
Less estimated income tax	2,325	2,130
Balance transferred to Reserve Fund	2,054	2,235

Interest earned on loans has increased from 1952 because of the greater amount outstanding on National Housing Act loans and the higher interest rates charged on more recent loans.

Interest earned on mortgages and agreements for sale has increased over 1952 by \$325,763.94 as a result of additional sales of property and the increased interest rate.

In the income and expenditure statement on pages 40 and 41, "Fees earned for Services provided under Agreements" includes those relating to construction supervision performed for Defence Construction (1951) Limited, the Department of National Defence, Atomic Energy of Canada Limited in respect of construction work at Deep River Village, and the Department of Defence Production.

Salaries and wages paid by the Corporation in 1953 amounted to \$6,809,407.65. Of this amount, \$3,011,553.82 was charged to administration expense and is reflected in the statement of income and expenditure. The remainder, being recoverable from the Minister of Public Works, and representing salaries paid on direct construction account, on maintenance of real estate, on Part V activities and under special agreements, was not shown as part of the administration expenses of the Corporation.

BALANCE SHEET

The assets and liabilities of the Corporation as at the end of 1953, shown on pages 38 and 39, totalled \$607,256,413.14. Details and explanatory comments follow.

Assets

In the statement of assets, "Cash" includes all funds on deposit in bank accounts, funds in transit and small amounts of cash held at Head Office and branches. Additional cash, if required, may be obtained under the Corporation's borrowing powers.

"Accounts Receivable" is made up of balances due from various Government departments and agencies for construction services performed under agreements, uncollected balances owed by tenants, amounts currently due from local housing authorities and municipalities in respect of Federal-provincial projects, and an adjustment in employer contributions to the Corporation's Pension Fund based upon an actuarial review of the fund.

"Expenditures Recoverable from Provincial Governments under Federal-Provincial Agreements," shown at \$1,201,541.85, represents the provincial share of expenditures made by the Corporation acting as banker for the several Federal-provincial partnerships. This is normally collected from the provinces at the end of each quarter.

The amount of \$116,749.89 shown as "Due from the Minister of Public Works on Current Account", consists of unrecovered expenditures made under Part V of the National Housing Act, and payments under Section 4 [3A] to lending institutions to cover special expenses in connection with joint loans in remote areas, less net recoveries from defaulting borrowers of guarantees paid under the Home Improvement Loans Guarantee Act, and net income collected from Emergency Shelter Projects.

"Maintenance Materials and other Supplies", valued at \$53,746.76, represents inventories of fuel and foodstuffs at special projects and other materials held for maintenance purposes at housing projects.

"Loans under the Housing Acts", reported also by type of loan in Statement IV, shows a net increase of \$84,876,306.10 over the previous year to a new balance of \$363,350,196.56 after allowance for repayments of \$17,128,769.82 during the year.

"Mortgages and Agreements for Sale" totalling \$102,762,606.67 represents the amount owing on properties sold by the Corporation and is distinguished from actual loans made under the housing acts. The total owing on these accounts has increased over 1952 by \$2,311,713.61. Repayments of \$10,261,694.82 were made during the year.

"Advances to Municipalities and others on deferred repayment terms" in the amount of \$5,279,396.57 represents the unrecovered portion of payments made by the Corporation to assist in construction and the installation of services in connection with housing and land assembly projects. The payments were made under agreements with the Corporation, some of which were undertaken in partnership with provincial governments under *Section 46* [35].

The "Real Estate" balance at \$107,403,753.60, was \$4,410,283.47 less than at the end of 1952. Additions to "Real Estate" totalling \$3,365,548.21 were made during 1953, with the greater part expended in completing the Fraserview development in Vancouver, adding to the Ajax industrial townsite and developing the Gander townsite in Newfoundland. The account has been reduced through dispositions of property totalling \$6,071,049.69 and depreciation of \$2,627,879.07 calculated at previous rates.

The "Corporation's Share in the joint ownership of Real Estate under Federal-Provincial Agreements" increased by \$8,567,193.35 to \$18,961,744.11 during 1953. As shown in the Schedule of Real Estate, recovery of investments in this field has accounted for a reduction of \$18,432.09 in the total Corporation interest in this type of property.

"Office Furniture and Sundry Equipment" increased in value by \$79,419.36 before providing for depreciation of \$107,481.77 calculated at rates previously in effect. The net value reported on the balance sheet is \$452,362.55.

"Contractors' and other Security Deposits lodged with the Department of Finance" includes government bonds received in respect of contracts awarded by the Corporation. These are held for safe-keeping until released to depositors. One item of \$22,500.00 in this account represents municipal bonds accepted as additional security in respect of a loan under Section 16 [9].

"Other Assets" reported on the balance sheet at \$171,522.57 comprises the following.

Prepayments to municipalities of taxes or in lieu of taxes\$	42,585.06
Unexpired group insurance premiums	85,489.48
Unexpired premiums on insurance and employees' surety	00,107.10
bonds	13,692.72
Unexpended advances made to employees and others	29,755.31
\$	171,522.57
Liabilities	1,1,022.0.
"Accounts Payable and Sundry Accrued Charges" co	ontains the
following items.	
Debts currently owing for operating purposes\$	159,223.01
Contractors' and consultants' claims for construction	·
	1,010,878.48
Proceeds from sale of surplus construction materials	
payable to the Receiver-General	72,885.13
Provision for completion of permanent improvements	27,596.23
Owing to provincial governments and housing authorities	
under Federal-provincial agreements	42,676.61
Sundry items accrued but not due for payment	67,390.28
<u>\$1</u>	,380,649.74
"Contractors' Holdbacks and Deposits from Contractors as comprises:	nd Others"
Contractors' holdbacks\$	882,820.21
	,649,397.99
Refundable deposits from tenants	214,389.21
Deposits from borrowers for replacements and repairs	•
to premises covered by rental insurance contracts	964,909.81
Sundry deposits held in trust for future release to	
municipalities and others	57,330.56
\$3	,768,847.78
"Prepaid Rents and payments received on uncompleted sale Estate" consists of three items.	les of Real
Receipts representing prepaid rentals\$	136,517.92
Receipts on account of sales of Corporation-owned real	100,011.72
estate in process but not fully executed	275,868.51
Receipts on account of uncompleted serviced land sold	_, _,
under Federal-provincial agreements	551,139.01
<u>-</u>	963,525.44
	200,000.11

"Employees' Retirement Fund" represents contributions held in trust for those employees not admitted to the Pension Fund and was \$47,402.33 more than at the end of 1952.

"Reserves for Guaranteed Rentals and Purchase Guarantees" consists of two items which have both increased during the year, as follows.

Reserve for guaranteed rentals represents unused premiums collected on rental insurance contracts under *Section 14* [8A] of the National Housing Act and held to meet loss claims.

Balance at	Increase	Balance Outstanding
31st Dec. 1952	During 1953	at 31st Dec. 1953
\$718,114.95	\$334,231.97	\$1,052,346.92

Reserve for Purchase Guarantees re Defence Workers' Loans consists of unused premiums collected on account of guarantee contracts with builders under the Defence Workers' Housing Loans Regulations and held to meet losses on disposal of houses bought under the guarantee.

Balance at	Increase	Balance Outstanding		
31st Dec. 1952	During 1953	at 31st Dec. 1953		
\$36,962.57	\$19,973.12	\$56,935,69		

The item "Due to the Minister of Public Works in respect of profits under the Housing Acts" comprises profits earned on sales of property acquired by foreclosure and profits on sales of property in land assembly projects developed under Section 21 [11B] of the National Housing Act less losses covered by guarantees in Section 24 [25] of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act. A summary of this account is set forth below.

Profits on sale of property acquired from	n institutiona	i	
housing companies		\$	55,877. 02
Profits from sale of property on terminated	d direct loans.		530.00
Profits from land assembly transactions un	der Section 21	!	
[11B] of the National Housing Act			58,782. 77
Deduct:			115,189.79
Losses on joint loans including the			
lending institutions' and the Corpo-			
ration's share	105.41		
Losses on share of property on terminated			
direct loans	1,375.34		
Losses on sale of property acquired under			
guarantee from builders under the			
integrated housing plan	19,665.59		
_	21,146.34		
Less recoveries of losses paid to			
lending institutions	1,137.80		20,008.54
_		\$	95,181.25

The amount of \$7,469,294.15 has been credited to the Reserve Fund in excess of the statutory limitation of \$5,000,000.00 stipulated in Section 30 [31] of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act. Payment of this excess has been made to the Receiver-General since the year-end.

A provision of \$2,130,000.00 has been made for income tax which is payable pursuant to Section 84 of the Income Tax Act. At the end of the year instalments totalling \$1,015,949.74 had been made in accordance with the requirement specified for corporations in Section 50. These instalment payments have been charged against this provision and the balance of \$1,114,050.26 shown on the balance sheet remains to be paid before June 30, 1954.

Borrowings from the Government of Canada are reported on the balance sheet according to the statutory authorities. These amounts include interest accrued at rates specified in the covering debentures. Changes in the principal owing under these accounts are shown for the year 1953 in the following table.

Account Description	OUT- STANDING AT THE END OF 1952	New Borrow- ings in 1953	REPAY- MENTS IN 1953	OUT- STANDING AT THE END OF 1953
Borrowings under Section	ı			
22 [23] of the Centra				
Mortgage and Housing	5			
Corporation Act for				A
lending under the	e v		* +	
housing acts (\$ million)	259.5	85.5		345.0
Borrowings under Section 45 [34] of the National Housing Act for acqui-				
sition and construction of real estate (\$ million	-	3.0	4.6	114.0
Borrowings under Section 46 [35] of the National Housing Act for land assembly and construction of rental housing units under Federal-provincial agreements				
(\$ million)	7.0	11.5	0.3	18.2
	[31]		

"Unrealized Capital Surplus" represents the capitalized value of real estate acquired under *Section 45* [34] of the National Housing Act, the balance uncollected on sales of real estate acquired from the same source, and the uncollected portion of profits on sales of houses which were built by the Corporation with funds borrowed under *Section 45* [34]. Changes in this account during 1953 are summarized below.

Balance brought forward from December 31, 1952		\$ 79,364,866.10
Add:		
Additional surplus arising from sales of properties in 1953 acquired under Section 45 [34] of the National Housing Act	3,295,130.08	
Unrealized profit on sales in 1953 of real estate acquired on Corporation account	270.11	3,295,400.19
		82,660,266.29
Deduct:		
Proceeds from sales of properties acquired under Section 45 [34] of the National Housing Act transferred to Reserve Fund account	4,686,513.26	
Proceeds from sales of properties acquired on Corporation account transferred to Reserve Fund account	6,532.77	4,693,046.03
Balance as per Balance Sheet		\$ 77,967,220.26

RESERVE FUND

After taking into account all profits realized in 1953 and allowing for estimated income tax, the Reserve Fund of \$5,000,000.00 at the beginning of the year was increased to \$12,469,294.15. The surplus in excess of \$5,000,000.00 was transferred to the credit of the Receiver General as stipulated under Section 30 [31] of the Central Mortgage

and Housing Corporation Act. A stater and 1953 appears below.	ment of this ac	count for 1952
	1952	1953
Credit Balance, January 1st	\$ 5,000,000.00	\$ 5,000,000.00
Add:		
Transfer from Income and Expenditure account for the year	2,053,984.23	2,234,660.30
Proceeds from the sales of properties acquired under Section 45 [34] of the National Housing Act	6,700,589.51	5,234,633.85
	13,754,573.74	12,469,294.15
Deduct:		
Amount transferred to the credit of the Receiver-General as required by Section 30 [31] of the Central Mort-		x
gage and Housing Corporation Act.	8,754,573.74	7,469,294.15
Credit Balance	\$ 5,000,000.00	\$ 5,000,000.00

ORGANIZATION AND STAFF

The number of regional, branch, and district rental offices remained the same as in 1952. However, as a result of the continued sale of Corporation owned houses five rental sub-offices were closed. On December 31, 1953, there were five regional offices, 29 branch offices, three district rental offices and 22 rental sub-offices.

Construction of a new building for the British Columbia Regional Office was begun late in the year and an extension to the Atlantic Regional Office building was completed.

The staff decreased by 125 from 2,208 to 2,083 during the year. This is exclusive of part time or casual employees who decreased from a monthly average of 125 in 1952 to 122 in 1953. The completion of construction projects resulted in a decrease in our staff which was partly offset by an increase in the number of employees engaged in mortgage administration and lending.

The decentralization of mortgage accounting was completed in the Atlantic, Prairie and British Columbia Regions, and partially completed in the Ontario Region.

The directors of the Corporation extend their thanks and appreciation to members of the staff in all parts of the country for their excellent work in 1953.

Yours very truly,

D. B. MANSUR,

President.

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31st DECEMBER, 1953

AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Minister of Public Works, Ottawa.

We have examined the financial statements of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation for the year ended 31st December, 1953 as enumerated in the index and have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. Our examination included a general review of the accounting procedures and such tests of accounting records and other supporting evidence as we have considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion proper books of account have been kept and the financial statements of the Corporation were prepared on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year and are in agreement with the books.

The transactions of the Corporation that have come under our notice have, in our opinion, been within its powers under the Acts applicable to the Corporation.

In our opinion the balance sheet and the related statement of income and expenditure are properly drawn up so as to give respectively a true and fair view of the state of the Corporation's affairs as at 31st December, 1953 and of the income and expense of the Corporation for the year ended that date, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Corporation.

MAURICE SAMSON, C.A.

K. W. DALGLISH, C.A.

Ottawa, Canada, 19th February, 1954

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31st DECEMBER, 1953

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Statement V—Real Estate for the year ended 31st December, 1953

Corporation's Share in the joint ownership of Real Estate under Federal-Provincial agreements for the year ended 31st December, 1953.

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND BALANCE SHEET AS

Assets

Cash	\$ 6,258,416.35
Accounts Receivable, less provision of \$9,137.81 for bad debts	922,375.66
Expenditures Recoverable from Provincial Governments under Federal-Provincial Agreements	1,201,541.85
Due from the Minister of Public Works on Current Account	116,749.89
Maintenance Materials and Other Supplies—at cost	53,746.76
Loans under the Housing Acts, including \$1,310,203.03 accrued interest	363,350,196.56
Mortgages and Agreements for Sale arising from sales of properties, including \$393,115.26 accrued interest	102,762,606.67
Advances to Municipalities and Others on deferred repayment terms, including \$13,374.76 accrued interest	5,279,396.57
Real Estate—at cost, or at values placed by the Board of Directors on properties acquired under Section 45 of the National Housing Act, less provision of \$10,843-184.02 for depreciation	107,403,753.60
Corporation's Share in the joint ownership of Real Estate under Federal-Provincial Agreements	18,961,744.11
Office Furniture and Sundry Equipment, less provision of \$565,624.72 for depreciation	452,362.55
Contractors' and other Security Deposits lodged with the Department of Finance	322,000.00
Other Assets	171,522.57
Note:—No provision has been made in the above statement for possible losses in respect of loans, guarantees and other commitments which are obligations of Her Majesty under the Housing Acts, other than the Reserves for Guaranteed Rentals and Purchase Guarantees.	

\$607,256,413.14

D. B. MANSUR,

President

HOUSING CORPORATION AT 31st DECEMBER, 1953

LIABILITIES

LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and sundry Accrued Charges	\$ 1,380,649.74
Contractors' Holdbacks and Deposits from Contractors	2 7 4 0 0 4 7 7 0
and Others	3,768,847.78
Prepaid Rents and payments received on uncompleted sales of Real Estate	963,525.44
Employees' Retirement Fund	281,171.40
Reserves for Guaranteed Rentals and Purchase Guaran-	
tees	1,109,282.61
Due to the Minister of Public Works in respect of profits under the Housing Acts	95,181.25
Due to the Receiver General under Section 30 of the	7 460 004 47
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act	7,469,294.15
Estimated Income Tax, less instalments paid	1,114,050.26
Borrowings from the Government of Canada under Section 22 of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation Act, evidenced by debentures of the Corporation, including \$3,689,611.79 accrued interest (for lending under the Housing Acts)	348,689,611.79
Borrowings from the Government of Canada under Section 45 of the National Housing Act, evidenced by debentures of the Corporation, including \$1,706,569.52 accrued interest (for acquisition and construction of Real Estate)	115,747,932.92
Borrowings from the Government of Canada under Section 46 of the National Housing Act, evidenced by debentures of the Corporation, including \$423,468.55 accrued interest (for investment under Federal-Provincial Agreements)	18,669,645.54
Unrealized Capital Surplus, including Surplus arising from valuations of property acquired under Section 45 of the National Housing Act	77,967,220.26
Capital: Authorized and paid up	25,000,000.00
Reserve Fund	5,000,000.00
resolve a und	
,	\$607,256,413.14

C. D. ARMITAGE,

Chief Accountant

Statement II

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953

	ECEMBER, I	753	
INCOME:			
Interest earned on Loans under	the Housing		
Acts	\$	11,719,212.95	
Less: Interest on borrowings	from the		
Government of Canada			
under the Housing Acts		9,370,957.61	2,348,255.34
		9,385,076.28	2,010,200.01
Property Rentals		9,383,070.28	
Less: Interest on borrowings	from the		
Government of Canada			
ment in completed proper	ties	2,184,109.45	7,200,966.83
Income from Corporation's inves	tment under		
Federal-Provincial Agreement		580,343.41	
Less: Interest on borrowings			
Government of Canada for	investment		
under Federal-Provincial		500,722.54	79,620.87
	agreements	300,722.34	19,020.01
Other Income			
Interest earned on Mortgages	and Agree-		
ments for Sale		4,804,808.70	
Fees earned for services prov	<i>r</i> ided under		
Agreements		1,445,461.02	
Miscellaneous		188,334.27	6,438,603.99
			16,067,447.03
Expenditure:			10,007,117.00
Administration:			
Salaries, Head Office and			
Branches	3.011.553.82		
Pension Fund, Retirement	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Fund, Group and Unem-			
ployment Insurance and			
Medical Examinations	544,094.43		
Directoral Examinations			
Directors' Fees and Expenses	8,879.02		
Provision for Auditors' Fees			
and Expenses	38,442.13		
Legal Expenses	14,245.73		
Office Supplies and Expenses.	333,405.47		
Telephone and Telegraph	156,008.55		
Rental and Expenses of Ad-			
ministrative Premises	315,913.87		
Travel Expenses and use of	•		
employee-owned cars	540,727.11		
Information Services, Films	010,02001		
and Plans	26,711.39		
Depreciation on Business	20,711.07		
Premises	54,288.22		
	J 1 ,400.44		
Depreciation on Furniture	07 007 06		
and Equipment	97,987.96	E 410 060 04	
Other Expenses	269,805.31	5,412,063.01	
carried forward	- 10.°	\$5,412,063.01	\$16,067,447.03
	[40]		

Statement II (Continued)

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953

3131 DECEMBER, 1	755	
brought forward EXPENDITURE (continued)	\$5,412,063.01	\$16,067,447.03
Property Expenses		
Operating Expenses of Special		
Operating Expenses of Special Projects		
Repairs and Maintenance of		
Properties		
Payments to Municipalities		
in lieu of taxes and for		
services	6 200 964 29	11 711 027 20
Depreciation on Real Estate 2,506,103.35	0,299,004.30	11,711,927.39
Add:		4,355,519.64
Profit on Sales of Corporation-owned Real		
Estate	25,545.35	
Less:	20,010.00	
Loss on disposal of assets through Crown		
Assets Disposal Corporation	16,404.69	9,140.66
INCOME LESS EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR		
BEFORE ESTIMATED INCOME TAX		4,364,660.30
Deduct:		
Estimated Income Tax		2,130,000.00
BALANCE TRANSFERRED TO RESERVE FUND		
		Statement III
CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSE	ING CORPOR	ATION
RESERVE FUND)	
C 1't D-1 21-t D 1052		# E 000 000 00
Credit Balance as at 31st December, 1952	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$ 5,000,000.00
Add:		
Income less Expenditure for the year ended		
31st December, 1953 after Estimated	2 224 660 20	
Income Tax Proceeds from sales of properties acquired	2,234,660.30	
under Section 45 of the National Housing		
Act, and accumulated depreciation thereon	5,234,633.85	
rict, und documented depression micross	0,201,000.00	7,469,294.15
•		12,469,294.15
Deduct:		12,407,274.13
Amount transferred to the credit of the Rece	iver General	7,469,294.15
Credit Balance as at 31st December, 1953, as lim		,,,,
30 of the Central Mortgage and Housing Cor		\$ 5,000,000.00
	F	

Statement IV

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION LOANS UNDER THE HOUSING ACTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953

Balances 31st December, 1953	f f f ms tr- ding Value	\$11,778,132.58 135,534 \$241,347,031.67	37 9,259,810.36	4 256,856.19	573 77,603,452.39	5,151 33,572,842.92	5,765 120,692,961.86	\$362,039,993.53	t 1,310,203.03	\$363,350,196,56
318	Repayments Coarsidaring Out-	\$11,778,132.58 135,	266,990.73	32,981.09	3,768,856.41	1,281,809.01	5,350,637.24 5,	\$17,128,769.82 141,299	ADD: Accrued Interest	
	Number of Loans Paid in Full	2,896	1	H	=	23	26	2,922	AL	
	Advances and Other Charges during 1953	22,652 \$ 54,158,729.23	4,650,572.95	3,161.35	21,355,813.00	21,836,799.39	47,846,346.69	25,558 \$102,005,075.92		
	Number of New Loans	22,652	12		49	2,845	2,906			
Balances 31st December, 1952	Value	\$198,966,435.02	4,876,228.14	286,675.93	60,016,495.80	13,017,852.54	78,197,252.41	\$277,163,687.43		
31st De	Number of Loans Out-	115,778	26	ĸ	525	2,329	2,885	118,663		
		Joint Loans (Corporation's Share) 115,778 \$198,966,435.02	Direct Loans Limited Dividend Housing Companies Mining Lumbering.	Logging and Fishing Industries Builders and Others.	insured under Rental Guarantee Contracts.	Home Owners		GRAND TOTALS 118,663 \$277,163,687.43		

Statement IV (Cont'd)

MORTGAGES AND AGREEMENTS FOR SALE ARISING FROM SALES OF PROPERTIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1953

					f		'	
!	31st De	Balances 31st December, 1952	Sales and Du	Sales and Other Charges During 1953	Repay Durin	Repayments During 1953	31st D	Balances 31st December, 1953
1 4 I	Number of Accounts Out- stand- ing	Value	Number of New Accounts	Value	Number of Accounts Paid in Full or Closed	Total Repayments	Number of Accounts Out- stand- ing	Value
	3,190	14,573,710.96 85,484,066.84	489	2,328,359.77	49	1,616,814.62	3,630	15,285,256.11 87,084,235.30
 -	28,769	28,769 \$100,057,777.80	2,339	\$12,573,408.43	593	\$10,261,694.82	30,515	\$10,261,694.82 30,515 \$102,369,491.41
					ADD:	ADD: Accrued Interest		393,115.26
								\$102,762,606.67

CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND REAL ESTATE FOR THE YEAR

		Balances December, 1952		ditions and ers during 1953
	Units	Book Value	Units	Amount
Business Premises for Corporation Use.	77	\$ 2,564,935.67	(7)	\$ 197,214.88
Constructed for Rental Warworkers' Houses Servicemen's Houses 1947 Programme and prior 1948 and 1949 Programme Multiple Dwellings	2,118 4,181 12,400 623	1,243,821.72 12,543,000.00 86,339,916.32 5,344,451.65	1 Nil Nil Nil	(16,309.34) Nil 1,245,306.83 Nil
Housing acquired from Limited Dividend Companies: Single Houses Multiple Dwellings Garages Gander Townsite Development	287 1,136 232 24	2,242,021.08 8,485,054.84 198,723.86	Nil Nil Nil 12	Nil Nil 898,747.48
	21,001	116,396,989.47	13	2,127,744.97
Ajax Industrial Townsite Property Taken Over Corporation's Investment	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	110 3	197,625.63 1,116,968.85
	Nil	Nil	113	1,314,594.48
Acquired under Guarantee Agreements	15	86,591.57	26	243,902.80
Leasehold Properties Staff House—Hamilton	1	190,000.00	Nil	Nil
Other Real Estate	Nil 154	955,053.37 758,869.02	Nil (94)	125,122.51 (643,031.43)
	154	1,713,922.39	(94)	(517,908.92)
GRAND TOTALS	21,248	\$120,952,439.10	51	\$3,365,548.21
CORPORATION'S SHARE IN THE J	OINT OV	VNERSHIP OF RI	EAL ESTA	ATE UNDER FE
Rental Housing		8,066,263.12 1,786,280.01		8,499,415.07 494,912.13
Expenditures on Preliminary Agreements		185,011.61		(51,705.74)
Combined Rental Housing and Land Assembly		356,996.02		(356,996.02)
TOTALS		\$10,394,550.76		\$8,585,625.44

HOUSING CORPORATION ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1953

	spositions ring 1953		Balances 31	st December, 195	3
Units	Book Value	Units	Book Value	Dep'n. and Amortization	Book value after Dep'n.
9	\$ 20,535.40	61	\$ 2,741,615.15	\$ 104,651.50	\$ 2,636,963.65
635	539,079.47	1,484	688,432.91	Nil	688,432.91
1,546 5 Nil	4,638,000.00 34,159.55 Nil	2,635 12,395 623	7,905,000.00 87,551,063.60 5,344,451.65	1,500,523.45 6,973,894.38 645,838.48	6,404,476.55 80,577,169.22 4,698,613.17
32 27) Nil}	253,121.80 439.36	255 1,109) 232∫	1,988,899.28 8,4 8 4,615.48	280,073.67 1,219,663.04	1,708,825.61 7,264,952.44
Nil	Nil	36	1,097,471.34	Nil	1,097,471.34
2,245	5,464,800.18	18,769	113,059,934.26	10,619,993.02	102,439,941.24
14 1	14,734.72 238,652.48	96 2	182,890.91 878,316.37	11,788.57 74,248.44	171,102.34 804,067.93
15	253,387.20	98	1,061,207.28	86,037.01	975,170.27
14	79,387.54	27	251,106.83	Nil	251,106.83
1	190,000.00	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nil 14	45,564.90 17,374.47	Nil 46	1,034,610.98 98,463.12	24,689.79 7,812.70	1,009,921.19 90,650.42
14	62,939.37	46	1,133,074.10	32,502.49	1,100,571.61
2,298	\$6,071,049.69	19,001	\$118,246,937.62	\$10,843,184.02	\$107,403,753.60
ERAL-PR	OVINCIAL AGI	REEMENTS	FOR THE YEAR	ENDED 31st [DECEMBER, 1953
	Nil Nil		16,565,678.19 2,281,192.14	18,432.09 Nil	16,547,246.10 2,281,192.14
	Nil		133,305.87	Nil	133,305.87
	Nil		Nil	Nil	Nil
	Nil		\$18,980,176.20	\$18,432.09	\$18,961,744.11

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PART I NATIONAL HOUSING ACT OPERATIONS

TABLE 1

NET LOANS APPROVED UNDER THE

DOMINION HOUSING ACT, 1935, THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1938,

AND THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944

October 1, 1935 — December 31, 1953 (1)

		-	
Period and Housing Act	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	Amount (\$000)
Dominion Housing Act, 1935: 1935 (October 1—December 31)	73 550 1,311 1,149 3,083	97 788 1,817 2,197	514 3,778 7,524 7,803 19,619
National Housing Act, 1938: 1938 (August 1—December 31). 1939. 1940. 1941. 1942. 1943. 1944. 1945 (January 1—January 31) (2). Sub-Total.	1,198 4,315 4,897 4,370 1,138 1,721 1,393 -407	1,697 5,973 5,621 4,323 1,093 1,721 1,393 -407	6,037 19,142 16,721 13,508 3,170 5,454 4,855 -1,368
National Housing Act, 1944: 1945 (February 1—December 31)	4,838 7,341 8,886 15,313 18,047 33,934 14,916 23,718 26,514	5,387 11,827 10,933 18,776 25,166 42,280 19,283 34,323 38,648	22,511 55,951 53,230 104,291 140,830 284,487 123,621 249,084 290,823
Sub-Total	153,507	206,623	1,324,828
TOTAL	175,215	232,936	1,411,966

⁽¹⁾ Annual figures represent the total number of approvals plus reinstatements and increases minus cancellations, decreases and withdrawals.

⁽²⁾ In 1945 cancellations exceeded approvals under The National Housing Act, 1938.

TABLE 2

NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY PROVINCE, 1953

Net Loans Approved Construction Progress of N.H.A.	E CALL		Net Loans	Net Loans Approved	5	Constru	ction Progre	Construction Progress of N.H.A. Units	. Units
Province						Number of Housing Units	N.:mbor	Mumbor	Number of Housing Units
	Population	Number of	Number of Housing	Amount	Units per 1,000 popu-	Units per Construction 1,000 as at popu- December		of Housing Units	Construction as at December
	(000)	Loans	Onits	(0004)	lation	31, 1932	Started	Сошрієте	51, 1935
Newfoundland	383	158	168	1,279	.44	30	121	36	115
Prince Edward Island	106	15	16	124	.15	11,	13	15	6 6
Nova Scotia	9003	308	1,130	2,620	1.70	105	1,000	340 301	885 127
Quebec	4,269	4,684	7,456	55,459	1.74	4,554	6,584	7,369	3,769
Ontario	4,897	13,097	18,839	145,129	3.85	9,957	16,240	17,857	8,340
ManitobaSaskatchewan	809	1,558	2,050	14,969	2.53	1,234	2,019	2,223	1,030
Alberta	1,002	3,738	5,464	39,593	5.45	2,660	4,467	4,821	2,306
British Columbia	1,230	1,913	2,360	17,593	1.92	1,114	2,270	2,425	959
Northwest Jerritories	9.0			- 0	දි -				
Takon Tennory		ī	1	?					
CANADA (¹)	14,781	26,514	38,648	290,823	2.61	20,061	33,774	35,861	17,974
							,		

(1) Gross loans approved during 1953 numbered 28,129 for 40,849 units amounting to \$314,040, 729; this volume was reduced by cancellations, reinstatements and other changes involving 1,615 loans for 2,201 units and \$23,217,577 to yield net loans approved as shown above.

TABLE 3
NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY MAJOR CITY (1), 1953

			Net Loans Approved	Approved		Constru	ction Progr	Construction Progress of N.H.A. Units	A. Units
Area	Population (000)	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	Amount (\$000)	Units per 1,000 popu- lation	Number of HousingUnits Under Construction as at December 31, 1952	Number of Housing Units Started	Number of Housing Units Completed	Number of Housing Units Under Construction as at December 31, 1953
Metropolitan Areas (2) Calgary Edmonton Halifax Hamilton London	160 200 143 283 135	1,414 1,648 289 1,729 881	1,924 2,796 1,001 1,828 990	14,350 20,070 6,913 14,585 7,796	12.03 13.98 7.00 6.46 7.33	810 1,497 114 775 641	1,499 2,285 944 1,909 930	1,724 2,328 244 1,677 1,034	585 1,454 814 1,007 537
Montréal Ottawa Québec Saint John St. John's	1,730 330 341 78	3,181 1,073 477 36 95	5,184 2,059 545 37 105	38,230 16,449 4,742 313 736	3.00 6.24 1.60 .47	3,529 750 361 20 15	4,843 1,592 344 36	5,633 1,355 633 39 17	2,739 987 72 17 58
Toronto. Vancouver. Victoria. Windsor.	1,172 628 108 175 368	3,900 1,266 315 584 1,451	7,899 1,549 405 679 1,942	59,005 11,698 2,714 5,303 14,211	2.47 3.75 3.88 5.28	4,317 747 187 184 1,161	5,908 1,486 429 564 1,901	7,500 1,687 423 452 2,082	2,725 546 193 296 980
Sub-Total	5,923	18,339	28,943	217,115	4.89	15,108	24,730	26,828	13,010

(¹)—Major cities are municipalities with a population of 30,000 and over.
(²)—Includes a few dwelling units situated in parts of municipalities which cut across metropolitan boundaries but lie outside these areas.

TABLE 3 NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY MAJOR CITY (1), 1953—Continued	AND CON	STRUCTIO	N PROGI	TABLE 3 RESS OF	N.H.A. U	VITS, BY MA	JOR CITY	(1), 1953–	-Continued
			Net Loans Approved	Approved		Constru	ction Progr	Construction Progress of N.H.A. Units	A. Units
•						Number of Housing Units			Number of Housing Units
Area		N	Number		Units per	Units per Construction	Number of		Under Construction
	Population (000)	of Loans	Housing Units	Amount (\$000)	1,000 popu- lation	as at December 31, 1952	nousing Units Started	Trousing Units Completed	as at December 31, 1953
Other Major Cities Brantford. Fort William. Kingston.	37 37 53	25 31 147 520	46 31 164 533	257 225 1,344 3,920	1.24 .84 3.64 10.05	22 8 87 258	30 27 167 615	36 21 170 578	16 14 84 84
Oshawa	44 39 47 47	190 189 28 261	190 207 28 261	1,458 1,514 202 2,036	4.32 5.31 3.53	45 138 13 115	251 190 26 259	151 192 21 210	145 136 18 164
St. Catharines Sarnia Saskatoon Sault Ste. Marie	38 38 36 36 36	49 201 246 46	49 201 445 46	425 1,734 3,296 355	1.26 5.29 7.42 1.28	6 140 46 25	28 291 288 40	19 301 169 44	15 130 165 21
Sherbrooke Sudbury. Sydney. Three Rivers.	57 46 35 54	77 41 44 44	114 52 6 197	778 395 51 1,293	2.00 1.13 .17 3.65	62 7 79	117 30 8 51	110 8 10 102	69 29 28 28
Sub-Total	728	2,101	2,570	19,283	3.53	1,058	2,418	2,142	1,334
Other Areas	8,130	6,074	7,135	54,425	.88	3,895	6,626	6,891	3,630
Total	14,781	26,514	38,648	290,823	2.61	20,061	33,774	35,861	17,974

(1)—Major cities are municipalities with a population of 30,000 and over.

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TABLE 4—NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY TYPE OF LOAN, 1953.

	, O	o, z		20/4/7 1	, • • •		
	Net I	oans Ap	proved	C	Construction of N.H.	on Progre A. Units	ss
Type of Loan	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	Amount (\$000)	Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1952	Number of Housing Units Started	Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1953
(a) N.H.A. Part I Joint Loans for Home Owners (basic): Owner-Occupancy Integrated Housing For Sale	2,048 4,468	2,117 4,783	15,725 34,107	1,623 112 2,370	1,854 3,561	2,604 112 4,309	873 1,622
Sub-Total	6,516	6,900	49,832	4,105	5,415	7,025	2,495
(b) N.H.A. Part I Joint Loans for Home Owners (with additional Loan): Owner-Occupancy Integrated Housing For Sale	-39 -63	-42 -66	-303 -597 -900	233 64 875		233 64 875	
(c) N.H.A. Part I Joint Loans for Home Owners (higher ratio): Owner-Occupancy For Sale	3,185 12,970 16,155	3,202 12,911 16,113	27,224 114,377 141,601	1,576 6,712 8,288	3,514 13,866 17,380	3,591 13,708 17,299	1,499 6,870 8,369
(d) N.H.A. Part II Loans for Rental Purposes: For rent Limited-Dividend Companies Primary Industries	597 16 2	7,968 1,329 13	45,622 9,005 68	3,336	6,072 336	5,872 278	3,536 301 1
Sub-Total	615	9,310	54,695	3,579	6,409	6,150	3,838

TABLE 4—NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY TYPE OF LOAN, 1953—Continued

	Net I	oans Ap	proved	C	Construction of N.H.	on Progre A. Units	SS
Type of Loan	Number of Loans		Amount (\$000)	Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1952	Number of Housing Units Started	Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1953
(e) N.H.A. Section 43 Corporation Loans for							
Home Owners (basic): Owner-Occupancy	506	514	3,345	187	609	435	361
For Sale	11	11	87		4		4
Co-operatives	90	148	1,008		41		41
additional loan): Owner-Occupancy Corporation Loans for Home Owners	-1	-1	-5	1		1	
(higher ratio): Owner-Occupancy For Sale Corporation Loans for Home Owners	860 184	866 184	6,111 1,599	112	645 49	318 3	439 46
(defence workers): Owner-Occupancy For Sale Agency Loans for	254 479	254 479	2,154 3,955	18 796	205 820	115 1,207	108 409
Home Owners (basic): Owner-Occupancy For Sale Agency Loans for Home Owners	128 50	128 50	902 346		131 45	43 9	92 36
(higher ratio): Owner-Occupancy For Sale Corporation Loans	411 298	412 298	3,199 2,371	13 13	352 304	101 141	264 176
for Rental Purposes: For Rent For Rental Insurance Agency Loans for	6 47	3,060	145 20,331	2 1,755	3 1,358	3 1,834	1,279
Rental Purposes: For Rent Corporation Loans for Rural Housing:	2	3	16	12	2		14
Owner-Occupancy	5	5	31	4	2	5	1
Sub-Total	3,330	6,433	45,595	2,917	4,570	4,215	3,272

TABLE 4—NET LOANS APPROVED AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF N.H.A. UNITS, BY TYPE OF LOAN, 1953—Continued

	Net I	oans Ap	proved	Construction Progress of N.H.A. Units				
Type of Loan	Number of Loans			Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1952	Housing		Number of Housing Units Under Con- struction as at December 31, 1953	
(f) N.H.A. Parts I, II and Section 43 Joint and Corporation Loans for Home Owners and Rental Purposes: Owner-Occupancy	7,352 18,397 90 605 47 16 2 5	7,450 18,650 148 7,993 3,060 1,329 13 5	58,352 156,245 1,008 45,783 20,331 9,005 68 31	3,767 176 10,766 3,350 1,755 243 4	7,310 18,649 41 6,077 1,358 336 1 2	7,441 176 20,252 5,875 1,834 278 5	3,636 9,163 41 3,552 1,279 301 1	
TOTAL	26,514	38,648	290,823	20,061	33,774	35,861	17,974	

TABLE 5—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR HOME OWNERSHIP, BY LOCALITY, 1953

	Hon	ie-Owne	ership	Defe	ence W	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lo ne-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Metropolitan Areas: Calgary Edmonton Halifax Hamilton London	- 32 21 -	33 21	213 145	17 32 68 145	17 32 68 145	138 284 524 1,372		4 4 4	33 29
Montréal. Ottawa. Québec. Saint John. St. John's. Toronto. Vancouver. Victoria. Windsor. Winnipeg.	147 25 4 82 116 20 1	150 58 4 93 116 20 1 1	1,051 436 28 	-100 -3 66 16	-100 -3 66 16	-1,044 -23 583 140	2 -1 -1 14 	2 -1 -1 14 -	19 -10 112
Sub-Total	449	497	3,622	247	247	2,020	23	23	183
Other Major Cities: Brantford Fort William Kingston Kitchener Oshawa Peterborough Port Arthur Regina St. Catharines Sarnia Saskatoon Sault Ste. Marie Sherbrooke Sudbury Sydney Three Rivers	15 	4 7 4 12 15 — 18 24 — 1	27 44 32 			-189 	1 14 22 	1 14 22 39 22 8 — 182 12 — 4	10 113 183 268 178 64 1,401 102 30
Sub-Total	85	85	624	-18	-18	-189	304	304	2,349
Other Localities Abbotsford, B.C Ajax, Ont Allan, Sask Alliston, Ont Amnorte, Ont Amherst, N.S Amherstburg, Ont. Anderson Twp., Ont	5 1 3 1 —	5 1 3 1 - 1	45 4 19 7 7	7	7 - - - -	64	1 43 — — 2 —	1 43 — — 2 —	9 356 — — — 9 —
Andrew, Alta	2	2	10						

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lo ne-Owno	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities]							
Annapolis, N.S	1	1	7	_		_	_		<u> </u>
Antigonish, N.S	1	2	12	_	_		1	1	8
Arvida, P.Q		-		18	18	160		_	
Assiniboia, Sask	1	1	5		_	_		_	
Athabaska, Alta	1	1	6	17	17	146	10	10	75
Atikokan, Ont	2	2	13	17	17	140	10	10	13
Aurora, Ont Avonport, N.S	1 1	1	5						
Aylmer, Ont	\ <u> </u>	1					2	2	13
Baie-Comeau, P.Q.	11	11	75	_					1
Balmoral, N.B	-1	-1	-7	<u> </u>	_				l —
Barrie, Ont	l —		l <u> </u>		l —	_ `	4	4	26
Barraute, P.Q	2	2 3	14	_		—	_		
Bassano, Alta	3	3	20	-			_		l —
Bathurst, N.B	5	5	36					— ,	—
Beaupré, P.Q	-1	-1	-5	—		_	_	1 —	-
Beausejour, Man	2	2	14	_			_		7
Beaver Falls, B.C	_	-	_	_	_		1 3	1 3	23
Belleville, Ont Beloeil, P.Q	1	1	9		_	-	٥	3	
Beloeil Station,	1 1	1 1	,			_		_	
P.Q	1	1	8			_	_		
Beresford, N.B	ī	l î	5		<u> </u>			l —	
Bertie Twp., Ont.		_	l —	4	4	31		l —	l —
Biggar, Sask	1	1	7	_		_	_		—
Big Valley, Alta	2	2	12		_		_		
Binbrook Twp.,			_						
Ont	1	1 1	7 17		_			-	
Black Lake, P.Q Blairmore, Alta	2 -1	3	-5	_		_	_		i =
Blanshard, Ont	1 1	1 1	5		_				
Blenheim, Ont		1			_ .		1	1	8
Bolton, Ont	1	1	8	_		_		_	8 - - -
Bonnyville, Alta	2	2	10		_		_		—
Borden, P.E.I	1	1	8	_				—	
Boucherville, P.Q.	12	12	85	_		_		—	-
Bow Island, Alta.	20	20	121	_	_	_	_		30
Bowmanville, Ont.	-	—	-		_		4	4	30
Bow Slope, Alta.(1)	1	1	8					l	
Bracebridge, Ont	1	1 1				_		l —	_
Bradford, Ont	l i	ĺ	7			l — '			l —
Brampton, Ont	29	29	233	-1	-1	-16	_		
Brandon, Man	_			1	1	10	9	9	73
Brantford Twp.,	1	1				,			
Ont	5	5	34	-		-	4	4] 31
Bridgewater, N.S	1	1	4		-		1	1	31 5 8
Brockville, Ont	1	1	7	_		_	1	1	٥
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>

^{(1)—}Part III, Section 43, Rural Housing.

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence We	orkers	Ag Hon	gency Lone-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities									
Broder Twp., Ont.	1	1	7			<u> </u>	-		
Bronte Twp., Ont.	2	2	13		—	_		-	_
Bronte Village,		1		71	71	633			
Ont Brooks, Alta. (1)	7	7	44	71	1 /1	055			
Brosseau Station,	′	'	**						
P.Q	1	1	7		—	-		-	
Buckingham, P.Q.		1	6	<u> </u>	\ —	_			-
Burdett, Alta	1	1	5			_		_	_
Calumet, P.Q	1	1 7	5 48	_			_		
Campbellton, N.B Campbell River,	6	'	40	_					
B.C	5	5	32						_
Camrose, Alta	27	27	177	_	 		-	—	
Canora, Sask	4	4	26	_	—	_			-
Caraquet, N.B	3	3	18	_	-	<u> </u>	_] —] _
Cardston, Alta Castor, Alta	2	2	13					_	_
Chancellor,	1	1	l '	_	_				
Alta.(1)	1	1	5		l —			-	l —
Charlottetown,	_	-]		1				
P.E.I		-	_	_		_	1	1	9
Chandler, P.Q Chapleau Twp.,	1	1	7		-				-
Ont	2	2	14		l	l _		l —	l
Chateauguay, P.Q.	30	30	210		 		_		
Chatham, Ont	1	1	8	_			11	11	82
Chelmsford, Ont	1	1	7			_		_	-
Chemainus, B.C	1	1 1	6	-		_	_	-	
Chicoutimi, P.Q	1 2	2 2	12 14	_				2	18
Chilliwack, B.C Chilliwack Mun.,	2		14		i —			1 ~	1
B.C	1	1	7					—	_
Chinguacousy,		1							
Ont	1	1	10	_		_	_	1	6
Chippawa, Ont		5	33	_	_		1		
Claresholm, Alta Clarkson, Ont	5 13	13	110	_	=		_		l _
Clinton, Ont	13	1	110	_	 		1	1	8
Clover Bar, Alta	1	1	7		l —		_		
Cobourg, Ont	1	1	8	51	51	406	4	4	33
Cochrane, Ont	1 1	1	6			-			_
Cochrane, Alta Colchester Co.,	8	8	51	_	-		_	ı —	
N.S	_			_			1	1	6
Cole Harbour, N.S.		l —		1	1	6	_		
Collins Bay, Ont	11	11	85	_		<u> </u>	-	—) -
Corner Brook		4=	40.						_
East, Nfld	47	47	424					<u> </u>	

^{(1)—}Part III, Section 43, Rural Housing.

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lone-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities		l					3		
Courtenay, B.C Cranbrook, B.C Cumberland	1 1	1 1	9 6	_	=	_		3	
Twp., Ont Cutknife, Sask Dalhousie, N.B Danville, P.Q Dauphin, Man	1 3 1 8	1 3 1 8	9 -1 20 8 56	1111			_ _ _ 6		<u>-</u>
Dawson Creek, B.C	13	13	90	_	_	_	1	6	47
Dereham Twp., Ont				_			_	1	8
Dorchester North, Ont	-	 	_	·	_	-	3	3	20
Dover East Twp. Ont Downie Twp.,Ont. Drummond, Ont Dryden, Ont Dryden Twp.,Ont.	<u></u>	_ _ 1 _	- - -	 - - -			21 1 6 3	$\begin{array}{c c} 21 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 6 \\ 3 \end{array}$	147 6 - 43 15
Duncan Bay, B.C Dysart Twp., Ont. Eardley, P.Q	1 1 1	1 1 1	6 4 7	=		_		=	=
East Florence- ville, N.B East Whitby, Ont. East Williams	2 2	2 2	10 15	_	=	_	_	=	_
Twp., Ont Eckville, Alta Elk Point, Alta Elk Point, Alta Elrose, Sask Eramosa, Ont Ernestown, Ont Essex, Ont Esterhazy, Sask Exeter, Ont Falher, Alta Falmouth, N.S Farnham, P.Q Fernie, B.C Foremost, Alta Forestville, P.Q Fort Erie, Ont Fort Frances, Ont.	1 1 1 1 3 1 1 2 2 - 1 1 7 2 - -	1 1 1 1 3 1 1 - 2 2 - 1 1 7 2 - 7	7 7 7 4 7 19 6 8 14 13 6 49 7 43 13 —				1 - 2 6 2	1 - 2 6 2	7

Locality	Hom	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence We	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lo ie-Own	oans ership
2000	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Fort McLeod, Alta	15	15	94			_	_		_
Fort Saskat- chewan, Alta	4	4	25 7	73	73	629	_	_	
Galetta, Ont Gander, Nfld Gaspé, P.Q	1 4 7	1 4 7	26 48	_	_	_	1	1	_9
Genelle, B.C Georgetown, Ont	2	2	18	_	_	_	3		27
Glace Bay, N.S Gladstone, Man	2	2 1	16 7	_	_	_	<u>_</u>	$\frac{-}{7}$	
Goderich, Ont Golden, B.C Gordon, N.B	1	<u>1</u>	6 -1	_ _ _	_ _ _	_	-	- -	46 — —
Gosfield South, OntGoulburn, Ont	1 1	1 1	6 7	_	_	_	1	1 —	7
Granby, P.Q Grand Forks, B.C. Grand'Mère, P.Q	2 1 3	2 1 4	14 6 28	_					7 — — —
Grande Prairie, Alta	10	10	64	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>	
Grantham, Ont Grenfell, Sask Grimshaw, Alta	1 1	1 1	7 7	<u> </u>	1 	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	- 8 -
Guelph, Ont Guelph Twp.,Ont. Haileybury, Ont	1	1 2 2	10 14 15	_ _ _	_	=			
Hamilton Twp., Ont Hanna, Alta	1 7	1 7	10 48		_	_	_	_	
Hanover, Man Hantsport, N.S Hants West, N.S	$\frac{1}{1}$	1 - 1	$\frac{6}{6}$	_	_		1	1	6
Harrison Hot Springs, B.C Harwich, Ont	1	1	_6	_	_	_	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 59
Hauterive, P.Q Hawkesbury, Ont.	1	1	7 7	_	_	_		_	
Hébertville, P.Q High Prairie, Alta. High River, Alta Howick, P.Q		9 3 3 1	60 18 19 7	_ _ _	_ _ _			_ _ _	
Hull East Twp., P.Q Huntsville, Ont		_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	2	2	17
Ile-Maligne, P.Q Ile-Perrot, P.Q Imperial, Sask	$\frac{2}{5}$	5 1	35	39	39 —	358	_ _		

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lo	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Innisfail, Alta Ingersoll, Ont Jasper, Alta Jonquière, P.Q Kamloops Mun.,	3 2	$\frac{3}{2}$	19 13	<u>_</u>		_ _ _ 14	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	6
B.C Kelliher, Sask Kelowna, B.C Kenaston, Sask Kenora, Ont Kerrobert, Sask	2 -1 	$ \begin{array}{c c} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 8 \\ 2 \\ 17 \\ -5 \\ \hline 20 \end{array} $				- 7 - 5	- 7 -5	59 35
Kindersley, Sask Killarney, Man Kimberley, B.C King Twp., Ont Kingston, N.S Kingsville, Ont	1 1 1 8 3	1 1 1 8 3	3 7 7 57 20						
Kinnaird, B.C Kitscoty, Alta Lacolle, P.Q Lac du Bonnet,	1 2	1 2	5 13	5	5 —	43			
Man Lacombe, Alta Ladner, B.C Lakeside, N.S Lamont, Alta Langley Prairie,	3	1 3 1 1 1	7 19 7 7 7						
B.C Laprairie, P.Q La Sarre, P.Q La-Tuque, P.Q Lawrencetown,	1 3 3 2	1 3 3 2	6 27 21 13						
N.S Leamington, Ont Leduc, Alta Leeds, Ont Les Forges, P.Q	2	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline \frac{1}{2}\\\hline \frac{1}{1}\\\hline \end{array}$	7 13 -3 7		— — —		9 -	9 -	66 —
Lethbridge, Alta Lindsay, Ont Liverpool, N.S Lloydminster, Sask	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline 1\\ \hline 2\\ \hline \\ 5\\ \end{array}$	1 16 - 5	7 108 — 32				2 2	2 2	14 16
Lloydminster, Alta Lochiel Twp.,Ont. Lorraineville, P.Q. Low, P.Q Lucan, Ont Maidstone, Ont	18	18 1 1 1 -	112 7 8 7 —						

Locality Other Localities	No. of Loans						rion	Agency Lo Home-Owne		
Other Leadities	1	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	
Malartic, P.Q	1	1	7	_	_			_	_	
Maple Creek, Sask	1	1	4		_	_		_		
Maple Ridge, B.C	1	1	5	_		_	-	_	<u> </u>	
Markham Twp., Ont	2	2	15	_	_	_			_	
Markham, Ont	5	5	37	<u> </u>) —	-	_	l —	
Matheson, Ont	1	1	7			1			l -	
Matsqui, B.C McCreary Mun.,	1	1	7	_	_		_	_		
Man	1 —	1	7	_	_	_	1	<u> </u>	7	
. McMasterville, P.O			1	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Medicine Hat,]							_		
Alta	1	1	6			_	18	18	130	
Melfort, Sask	2	2	12	_	_			_		
Melville, Sask	1	1	4		_	_		_	-	
Merritt, Ont	1 1	1	8			<u> </u>				
Mersea, Ont	_						1	1	10	
Middleton, N.S	l — :			_	_		1	1	7	
Midland, Ont	-1	-1	-7							
Milk River, Alta	1	i	6							
	33	33	227							
Milton, Ont	33	33	17							
Minnedosa, Man	ا ا	3	1,				1	1	_ _ _ _ 9	
Mission, B.C	—						61	62	516	
Moncton, N.B	_				_	_	61	02	310	
Morden, Man	2 3	2	13	_	_		_		_	
Mount Hope, Unt.	3	3	19					_		
Mont-Laurier,	1	Ì			·					
P.Q	i —		2		_			_	_	
Mountainview,		i								
Alta	1	1	7	_	. —					
Nanton, Alta	1	1	7	_					<u> </u>	
Napierville, P.Q	1	1	7		_	_		_		
Naudville, P.Q	1	1	7	_		-				
Neelon, Ont		Ī	7						l —	
Neepawa, Man	3	3	20	_	_) <u> </u>		_		
Nelson, B.C	ĭ	Ĭ	5	1	1	8	10	10	77	
Nelson, P.Q			-1			_				
Newbrook, Alta	1	1	3		l —	_		_	l —	
New Glasgow,	l *	*							1	
N.S	l						3	3	20	
	l —			_			J		~~	
New Liskeard,	1	1	8			_				
Ont	1		2		_				_	
Newmarket, Ont	1	1	6	-	_	-			_	
Nipawin, Sask	-		-2	_		i —	-	1	8	
Nipigon, Ont			-		<u> </u>		1	1	j	
	1		<u></u>		<u> </u>					

TABLE 5—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR HOME OWNERSHIP, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

	Hon	ie-Owne	ership	Def	ence W	orkers		gency L ne-Own	
Locality	No. of Loans		Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Nissouri West,									
Ont	1	1	5		l	<u> </u>	l —	l —] —
North Battleford,	١.	١.						١ .	
Sask	5	4 5	28 35	_			2	2	12
North Bay, Ont Oakville, Ont	3] _3	33	22	22	193	_	_	
Olds, Alta	2	2	13			1 	_	 	
Oneida Twp., Ont.		l ī	7	_					
Orangeville, Ont	3	3	23	_			3 2	3 2	23
Orillia, Ont						[2	2	16
Otterburn Park,	١.		١ ـ		{			}	}
P.Q	1	1 1	7				_		
Outlook, Sask Oxford West, Ont.	1	1	4	_	=	_	5	5	39
Oxford East, Ont		1	7				<u>-</u>		
Papineauville,	1 1	1	\ '		١	\	}	`	\
P.Q	1	1	8				—	l —	
Parry Sound, Unt.	. 4	2	15] —	l —			
Peace River, Alta.		3	20				<u> </u>		
Pembroke, Ont	-	<u> </u>		-	_		4	4	34
Penticton, B.C		2	12	_) —	1 —	2	2	18
Petrolia, Ont		1	13	_		-	_		
Philipsburg, P.Q Pickering, Ont	4	4	31	_			_		
Picton, Ont	1	i	5	_					
Pilot Mound,	1	1			}			\	}
Man	2	2	11	_			-		
Pincher Creek,					1			[
Alta	12	12	71	_			_	_	
Pincourt, P.Q	26	26	179	-	-	-			
Pipestone,			5		ì]	1]	
Man.(1) Pittsburg, Ont	1 2	1 2	14						
Point Edward,	-		1 17					ŀ	
Ont				-			19	19	139
Ponoka, Alta	6	6	38						
Port Colborne,	}		1			1	_	_	
Ont		-		_		_	3	3	22
Port Moody, B.C	5	5	44				_		
Powell River,	1	1	9						
B.C Prescott, Ont	1 1	1 1	7		_		39	39	309
Preston, Ont						_	8	8	58
Prince Albert.									
Sask	4	4	27				2	2	14
Princeton, B.C	l —		-				1	1	9
Provost, Alta	1	1	7	—	_			_	_
Quesnel, B.C	3	14	20						

^{(1)—}Part III, Section 43, Rural Housing.

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lone-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Raleigh, Ont Raymond, Alta Red Deer, Alta Redwater, Alta Revelstoke, B.C Richmond, Ont	6 3 1 -1 1	6 3 1 -1 1					-1 35 	-1 35 -	6
Richmond Hill, Ont Rimbey, Alta Riverview	2 1	2 1	18 7	_	_		_	_	<u> </u>
Heights, N.B Rolph Twp., Ont Rosemere, P.Q Rosetown, Sask Rossland, B.C Russell, Man	$\begin{array}{ c c }\hline -1\\ 12\\ 1\\ \hline -3\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} - \\ \hline 1 \\ 12 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline - \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} $				9 —	9 — — — — — —	79
Salt Spring Island B.C Seaforth, Ont Selkirk, Man Senneterre, P.Q Sept-Isles, P.Q Scugog, Ont Shawbridge, P.Q	1 - - 5 1 1	1 -1 5 1	6 -1 31 8 7				1 1 - -	1 1	-7 6
Shawinigan South, P.QSherwood, Ont	7	8 1	58 6	=	=	_	_		_
Shubenacadie, N.SShaunavon, Sask Sidney Twp., Ont. Sioux Lookout,	1 1 —	1 1 —	7 7			<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> 1	=_7
Ont Smithers, B.C Smoky Lake,	2 3	2 3	13 24	_	=	_	_	_	-
Alta Sorel, P.Q Sorel South, P.Q Souris, P.E.I South Crosby,	1 13 3 2	1 14 3 2	5 102 20 13			16 —	 		
Ont	1	1	7	_		_	_		
Ont South March,	1	1	6		-	-	—	_	_
Ont	1 1 1	1 1 1	7 6 7 —		<u> </u>	'		<u>-</u> - <u>3</u>	
Stamford Twp., Ont	1	1	7						

TABLE 5—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR HOME OWNERSHIP, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued Part I, Section 43.

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lone-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Stanley, Ont Stanstead Twp.,	_	_		_	_	_	1	1	8
P.Q	1	1	7	_			_		
Stayner, Ont	1	1	7	_		I —		l —	l —
Steinbach, Man		9	57	_					
Stellarton, N.S		1 1	7		<u> </u>		5	5	35
Stettler, Alta	25	25	165	_	l —		_		
Stratford, Ont		\ —	l —				5	5	37
Strathmore, Alta	3	3	19			_	_		
Strathroy, Ont			l —	_	—	l —	11	11	74
Stouffville, Ont	1	1	10	—	l —	i —		—	l —
Streetsville, Ont	. 5	5	39	63	63	564			! —
Ste-Adèle, P.Q	1	1	7		—	l —	_		i —
St-Alexis-des-									
Monts, P.Q	1	1	7	_	l —	[l — ,	l
St-André-Avellin,		İ	ļ						1
P.Q	1	1	6		l —	—	_		l —
Ste-Änne-de-	1	l							
Chicoutimi, P.Q.	. 1	1	7	_	l —	_		-	l —
St-Basile-le-			l		!				l
Grand, P.Q	1	1	7			l			
St-Bruno, P.Q	4	5	34		-				l —
Ste-Cecile, P.Q	2	2	14	_	l —				l —
St-Constant, P.Q.		l —	1		l			l —	l
Ste-Dorothée,			_		1				
P.Q	3	3	22						
St-Elzéar, P.Q	ľ	1	7		l —	l —	_	-	l —
St-Elzéar-de-	1 *	1	'		1				
Laval, P.Q	12	12	81						
St-Eustache, P.Q		5	34						
St-Eustache St-Eustache	1 3	\	. 5	į į	([_		ļ
	1	1	6						l
Parish, P.Q	1 1	1 1	"		_				ļ
St-Eustache-sur-	5	5	33						l
le-Lac, P.Q	1 1	1	7		_		_		
Ste-Flore, P.Q	1 1	1 1	1 '						
St-François-de-		2	10						ľ
Sales, P.Q	2	-1		_	-	_			\
St-Georges, P.Q	-1	-1	-6	_	-		_		ļ —
St-Georges-Est,	١.								i
P.Q	1] 1	7				_		
St-Georges-Ouest,		١.	7		Ì				
P.Q	1 1	1	7		_		_		
St-Hilaire, P.Q	6	6	45	_	_	_		_	_
St-Hubert, P.Q	1	1	7			. —	_		
St-Jean, P.Q	1	1	6		_		_	_	
St-Joseph-d'Alma,		l _				-			}
P.Q	4	5	32	1	1	7	_		_
St Incomb d'Alma	1	I	1		ľ	ı			t ·
St-Joseph-d'Alma	1	l							ł
Parish, P.Q	—	_		1	1	7	_	_	-

TABLE 5—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR HOME OWNERSHIP, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence Wo	orkers	Ag Hon	ency Lo	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans		Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities									
St-Joseph-de-Sorel Parish, P.Q	19	20	144	23	23	169	_		_
St-Martin, P.Q	16	16	112	23	23	109	_		
St. Mary's, Ont			l —	l — ,			4	4	26
St. Paul, Alta	9	9	57	_ '	_	_	_		
St-Pierre-de-Sorel,			7						
P.Q Ste-Rose, P.Q	1 -1	1 -1	-6		_			_	
St-Sauveur-des-	_*	-1	"						
Monts, P.Q	1	1	7	_	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
St. Thomas, Ont	<u> </u>	l —	-	-	—	-	14	14	103
St-Tite, P.Q	1	1	9	_	_	_	_		_
St-Vincent-de- Paul, P.Q	1	1	6			_			
Summerside,	•	*	"						
P.E.I	l —	l —			_		1	1	10
Sunny Acres, N.B.			-	_			7	7	61
Sunny Brae, N.B	1	1 1	7	_	-		1	1	7
Sutherland, Sask Sutton, P.Q	1 1	1 1	6			_		_	
Swift Current,	1	1 1]						ļ
Sask	21	21	170			_	20	20	169
Taber, Alta	26	26	154	_		_	_		_
Telkwa, B.C	3	3	21			_		- '	
Temiskaming, Ont. Thamesford, Ont.	1	1	7	_	_		2	2	14
Thorold, Ont	1	1	7			l — .			
Three Hills, Alta	1	1	5 7	_	_	_		—	_
Thurlo Twp., Ont.	1	1	7					-	
Tilbury East, Ont.				10	10	81	2	2 2	12 14
Tillsonburg, Ont Timmins, Ont	7	7	16		_				
Tofield, Alta.(1)	2	2 1	5		_			_ `	
Toronto Twp.,Ont.		—		1	1	9	_		
Trafalgar Twp.,	}								
Ont Trail, B.C	-	-	_	1 56	1 56	10 474		7	
Truro, N.S	_		_	30	30	7/7	-7 2 2	-7 2	11
Tuckersmith, Ont.		l —					2	2	15
Unity, Sask	-1	-1	<u>-4</u>		_	-	_		
Unorganised		[٠
Parts, B.C	-	-	7	6	6	52	_		
Uxbridge, Ont Valleyfield, P.Q	1 2	1 2	17		_			_	
Vanderhoof, B.C	1	í	6					l —	
Varennes, P.Q	ı î	ī	7	l — '	<u> </u>	-	_		_
Vaughan Twp.,			402					1	
Ont	12	12	103 43						
Vauxhall, Alta			1 43					1	!

^{(1)—}Part III, Section 43, Rural Housing.

	Hon	ne-Own	ership	Defe	ence W	orkers	Ag Hon	ency L ne-Own	oans ership
Locality	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities									
Vegreville, Alta		4	25	_			_	-	l —
Vermillion, Alta	2	2	13	_	-	_	• 1	1	6
Viking, Alta	1	1	6	_	-	-			-
Ville-Marie, P.Q.	2	2	15		_		_	—	-
Virden, Man	11 10	11 10	57					-	-
Vulcan, Alta Wakaw, Sask	10	10	65	_				_	
		1 +	′ .	_	_	-	2	2	20
Wallaceburg, Ont. Warfield, B.C	4	4	30				4		20
West Bathurst,	7	T .	30	_		-	_		
N.B	1	1	7						
Westlock, Alta	2	2	14	_		l :		_	
West Lorne, Ont.	ī	lī	6			l _ i	_		
Westmorland	1	1 *	"			1			
Parish, N.B	2	2	15				1	1.	8
Westville, N.S	ī	1	وَ	_	l	l —			
Wetaskiwin, Alta.	17	17	108		l —	l — I	_		
Wheatley, Ont	l —						5	5	30
Whitby, Ont	2	2	18				1	1	9
Whitehorse,	i					1			
Yukon	-1	-1	-3		_	—	_		_
Whitemouth,		l						:	
Man	-1	-1	-7	_	_			_	
Wilkie, Sask	2	2	12	_	_	-	_		
Williams Lake,	1					1			
B.C	1	1	6	_		l — I		_	_
Willow Bunch,									
Sask	1	1	6	-				_	
Wilmot, Ont	1	1	6		_	_	_	-	_
Winchester, Ont	1	1	8		_	_	_		— <u>.</u>
Windsor, N.S	-		_	_	_		1	1	5
Windsor, P.Q	1	1	8	_	_		_		
Winkler, Man	4	4	20 7	_		-	_		_
Wottonville, P.Q		9	71	-				_	
Woodbridge, Ont Woodstock, Ont	, ,	, ,	/1	_	_		3	3	21
Wynyard, Sask	2	7	14					J	- 21
Wyoming, Ont	2	2 2	13	\equiv 1					
Yarmouth, N.S			15		_	_	1	1	7
Yarmouth, Ont		l		_			2	2	15
Yellowknife,				1			-	-	
N.W.T	1	1	7						
Yorkton, Sask				_	_		11	11	80
Zorra East, Ont		-	_	_	-	_	1	1	7
Sub-Total	1,121	1,145	7,929	504	504	4,278	560	561	4,286
TOTAL	1,655	1,727	12,175	733	733	6,109	887	888	6,818

TABLE 6—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR RENTAL PURPOSES, BY LOCALITY, 1953

							,		
			Secti	on 43			Prim	ons 16 a ary Ind	ustries
Locality	Ren	tal Pur	poses	Ren	tal Insu	ırance		nd Limi end Co	ted mpanies
	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Metropolitan Areas Calgary Edmonton Halifax Hamilton London Montréal Ottawa Québec Saint John St. John's Toronto Vancouver Victoria Windsor Winnipeg	- - - 1 - -1 - - - - - - - - - -		30 	3 7 3 — 6 1 — 22 —	456 560 660 — 172 24 — 1,082 — —	3,275 3,486 4,246 ————————————————————————————————————	- - 1 1 - - - - - 1 1	32 16 216 	259 70 ———————————————————————————————————
Sub-Total		4	18	43	2,967	19,769	7	435	2,942
Other Major Cities Brantford. Fort William. Kingston. Kitchener. Oshawa. Peterborough. Port Arthur. Regina. St. Catharines. Sarnia. Saskatoon. Sault Ste. Marie. Sherbrooke. Sudbury. Sydney. Three Rivers.							1 	16 	60
Sub-Total		_			_		3	368	2,429

TABLE 6—NET CORPORATION LOANS APPROVED FOR RENTAL PURPOSES, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

			Section	on 43				ons 16 a	
Locality	Ren	tal Pur	poses	Rent	tal Insu	ırance	aı	ıd Limi	
	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)	No. of Loans	No. of Units	Amount (\$000)
Other Localities Ajax, Ont Amos, P.Q Armstrong, B.C Beaupré Parish,	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	90	1	36 	238 	<u></u>	 64 	477 —
P.Q Chapleau, Ont	1	1	5	_	_	_	1	<u></u> 26	— 189
Charlottetown Royalty, P.E.I. (1) Cobourg, Ont Courtenay, B.C. (1) Digby, N.S Guelph, Ont Lamont, Alta	_	2 1 - 1	9 7 — 8		- 8 28 -	- - 38 169	1 - - -	132	1,013
Lloydminster, Sask Merril Island, P.Q.	1 —	1	7	_	_	=	<u> </u>	12	_ 60
Methuen Twp., Ont Ormstown, P.Q Owen Sound, Ont.	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		_ 	=	=	1 1 -	1 8 —	8 40 13
St-Martin Parish, P.Q Stratford, Ont Trepassey, Nfld Waterloo, Ont			<u>-</u> 17	_ _ _ 1			1 1 —	288 8 —	1,866 36 —
Sub-Total	8	21	143	4	93	562	8	539	3,702
TOTAL	8	25	161	47	3,060	20,331	18	1,342	9,073

⁽¹⁾ Agency Loans.

TABLE 7
NET LOANS APPROVED, BY TYPE OF HOUSE, 1953

Type of House	Number of Housing Units	Amount (\$000)
Single family—1-storey. Single family—1½-storeys. Single family—2-storeys.	19,203 4,521 1,493	157,305 37,351 13,432
Sub-Total	25,217	208,088
Semi-detached. Duplex Triplex Double Duplex. Row House Apartment Building	521 150	6,057 2,870 735 4,596 8,578 59,899
Sub-Total	13,431	82,735
TOTAL	38,648	290,823

TABLE 8
NET LOANS APPROVED, BY SIZE OF LOAN, 1953

Size of Loan	For Home Owners N.H.A. Part I and Section 43 Number of Housing Units	For Rental Purposes N.H.A. Part II and Section 43 Number of Housing Units	For Rural Housing N.H.A. Section 43 Number of Housing Units	Total Number of Housing Units
Less than \$3,000. \$3,000—\$3,499. \$3,500—\$3,999. \$4,000—\$4,499. \$4,500—\$5,499. \$5,500—\$5,499. \$6,000—\$6,499. \$6,000—\$6,499. \$7,000—\$7,499. \$7,500—\$7,999. \$8,000—\$8,499. \$8,500—\$8,999. \$9,000 and over.	929 1,395 2,647 2,302	36 66 144 584 677 1,600 2,693 3,036 988 1,252 923 291 106	3 2	55 87 169 670 814 2,072 3,283 3,965 2,383 3,899 3,225 4,495 4,071 9,460
TOTAL	26,247	12,396	5	38,648

NET RENTAL INSURANCE PROJECTS APPROVED, BY PROVINCE, 1953 TABLE 9

Province	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Total Estimated Costs (\$000)	Average Floor Area (Sq. Ft.)	Average Number of Standard Rooms	Maximum Annual Rent (\$000)
Newfoundland. Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia. Now Brunswick. Quebec. Ontario. Manitoba. Saskatchewan. Alberta. Alberta. British Columbia.	4 4 7 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	668 1,159 1,016	5,724 735 10,469 100 8,651	897 984 874 755 866	3.6	693 101 1,266 1,113
CANADA	45	2,938	25,679	879	3.9	3,186

TABLE 10

NET RENTAL INSURANCE PROJECTS APPROVED AND CONTRACTS ISSUED, 1948-1953

	2000	1100		200	, , , , , ,	2011	
		Projects	Projects Approved			Contracts Issued	pens
Locality			Total	Maximum			Maximum Guaranteed
	No. of Projects	No. of Units	Costs (\$000)	Annual Rent (\$000)	Number	No. of Units	Kentals (First Year) (\$000)
Ajax, Ont.	2	274	2,135	254		238	181
Drantioru, Ont	- ~	40 456	4.185	522	-	0#	e
Dartmouth, N.S.	, vo	679	5,818	703	7	19	14
Digby, N.S. Edmonton, Alta	27	1 4 18	10.528	1.392	- 73	10	049
Granby, P.Q.	4.	20	354	41	4	26	35
Guelph, Ont. Hamilton, Ont	17	87 403	3.722	470	8	403	300
Kitchener, Ont.	· ~	96	622	87	<u>س</u>	96	74
London, Ont.	m .	132	953	125	4	132	106
Moncton, N.B.	12	22	71 006	18	215	22	15
Niagara Falls Ont	117	10,203	71,000	0,049	213	30	0,735 24
Oakville, Ont.		12	112	15	. ⊷	15	13
Oshawa, Ont.	7	62	463	63	7	62	53
Ottawa, Ont.	8,	1,835	14,776	1,874	71	1,281	1,026
Peterborougn, OntOnéhec. P.O.	7 7	186	1.314	32 173		30 162	119
Št. Catharines, Ont.	7	62	419	58	5	62	46
St-Jean, P.Q		72	450	20		72	41
Sarnia, Ont		22.8	340	52 14		2 ×	12
Three Rivers, P.O.	· 100	4	424	50	3.50	64	41
Toronto, Ont.	96	3,748	32,797	3,991	84	2,774	2,440
Iraiaigar 1Wp., Ont	7 00	32 143	1,022	131	71~	131	101
Verdun, P.Q.	1	78	571	54	1		
Victoria, B.C.	∞ -	166	1,162	160	∞	166	136
Waterloo, Ont.		17	83	911		11	6
Windsor, Ont.	-	96	1,120	104	-	96	88
Winnipeg, Man	13	483	3,286	465	11	462	376
TOTAL	321	21,207	160,658	19,735	481	17,027	12,917

TABLE 11
RENTAL HOUSING UNITS FOR SALE AND SOLD, BY PROVINCE, 1953

	Number of	Number of	Housing Un	its Sold, 1953
Province	Housing Units for Sale 1946-1953	Housing Units Sold 1946-1952	Number	Purchase Price (\$000)
Newfoundland				
Prince Edward Island	2	2		
Nova Scotia	2,305	2,300	3	6
New Brunswick	1,343	1,262	54	227
Quebec	5,932	5,240	191	958
Ontario	17,807	16,409	748	2,865
Manitoba		870	380	1,616
Saskatchewan	2,405	1,972	132	562
Alberta		2,077	67	297
British Columbia	4,383	4,203	107	461
CANADA	38,743	34,335	1,682	6,992

TABLE 12
RENTAL HOUSING UNITS FOR SALE AND SOLD, BY LOCALITY, 1953

	Number of	Number of	Housing Uni	ts Sold, 1953
Locality		Housing Units		Purchase
Locality	for Sale	Sold		Price
	1946-1953	1946-1952	Number	(\$000)
Metropolitan Areas				· · · · · ·
Calgary	854	798	17	78
Edmonton	946	917	17	82
Halifax	1,645	1,638		
Hamilton	1,307	1,291	10	32
London	417	298	46	234
Montréal	3,077	2,690	155	809
Ottawa	867	618	82	471
Québec	487	487		
Saint John	568	514	42	176
St. John's				
Toronto	1,000	966	12	62
Vancouver	1,893	1,918	11	47
Victoria	778	778		2
Windsor	2,736	2,351	343	1,098
Winnipeg	2,050	707	346	1,477
Sub-Total	18,625	15,971	1,081	4,568
Other Major Cities				
Brantford	698	616	56	223
Fort William	451	434	5	20
Kingston	413	411	2	14
Kitchener	214	212	1	5
Oshawa	122	115	3	11
Peterborough	773	696	1	4
Port Arthur	200	173	9	38
Regina	700	540	40	172
St. Catharines	962	933	6	19
Sarnia	510	496	5	29
Saskatoon	850	723	40	176
Sault Ste. Marie	400	385	9	34
Sherbrooke	135	128	4	16
Sudbury	l —) —		
Sydney	l —			
Three Rivers	57	57		
Sub-Total	6,485	5,919	181	761

TABLE 12 RENTAL HOUSING UNITS FOR SALE AND SOLD, BY LOCALITY, 1953 —Continued

TABLE 12
RENTAL HOUSING UNITS FOR SALE AND SOLD, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

	Number of	Number of	Housing Uni	ts Sold, 1953
Locality		Housing Units Sold 1946-1952	Number	Purchase Price (\$000)
Other Localities Kenora, Ont Kimberley, B.C Kirkland Lake, Ont Lake Cowichan, B.C Lakeview, Ont Larder Lake, Ont Larder Lake, Ont Larder Lake, Ont Lethbridge, Alta Lindsay, Ont Listowel, Ont Listowel, Ont Liverpool, N.S Lucan, Ont Medicine Hat, Alta. Melville, Sask Merritton, Ont Midland, Ont Midland, Ont Moose Jaw, Sask New Glasgow, N.S New Glasgow, N.S New Liskeard, Ont North Battleford, Sask. North Bay, Ont Oakville, Ont Orillia, Ont Orillia, Ont Orillia, Ont Orwen Sound, Ont Parry Sound, Ont Parry Sound, Ont Penticton, B.C Perth, Ont Perth, Ont Pertictou, N.S Portage la Prairie, Man Port Alberni, B.C Port Elgin, N.B Port Hope, Ont Prince Albert, Sask Prince George, B.C Prince Rupert, B.C Redcliff, Alta Renfrew, Ont Revelstoke, B.C Rimouski, P.Q Rock Island, P.Q	50 25 200 25 150 . 75 92 100 300 350 50 138 31 397 248 100 75 50 96 163 30 50	19 158 92 92 75 85 72 95 156 118 59 50 17 198 144 59 90 92 294 259 43 138 28 385 240 88 76 45 93 161 21 42 73 27 100 41 299 76 98 1 119 94 142 83 523 11 110 50	5 1 5 1 1 2 16 4 3 25 1 7 1 4 2 31 2 4 3 4 1 2 2 3 1 2 1 4 46 2 3 4 7 9 6 6 6	21 4 19 4

TABLE 12
RENTAL HOUSING UNITS FOR SALE AND SOLD, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

	N. 1	N1	Housing Un	its Sold, 1953
Locality	Number of Housing Units for Sale 1946-1953	Number of Housing Units Sold 1946-1952	Number	Purchase Price (\$000)
Other Localities Rossland, B.C St-Georges-de-Beauce, P.Q. St-Joseph-de-Sorel, P.Q St. Mary's, Ont St-Paul-l'Ermite, P.Q St. Thérèse, P.Q St. Thomas, Ont Salisbury, N.B Shediac, N.B Sioux Lookout, Ont Smith's Falls, Ont Sorel, P.Q Stellarton, N.S Stirling, Ont Stratford, Ont Sutherland, Sask Tilbury, Ont Timmins, Ont Trenton, Ont Uxbridge, Ont Val-d'Or, P.Q Valleyfield, P.Q Walkerton, Ont Waterloo, P.Q Welland, Ont Wetaskiwin, Alta Weyburn, Sask Wheatley, Ont Woodstock, N.B Woodstock, N.B Wookton, Sask	176 35 37 100 65 3 4 35 150 200 5 25 208 30 98 200 196 17 1	122 20 149 27 37 97 64 3 4 26 144 200 5 22 188 21 97 186 193 16 1 10 24 50 25 774 36 24 4 39 31 15 117	1 2 1 1 2 1 3 2 1 7 1 1 1 6 1 1 6 1 4	55 8 4 28 5 5 — — 8 27 3 4 24 3 — 17
Sub-Total	13,633	12,445	420	1,663
TOTAL	38,743	34,335	1,682	6,992

TABLE 13

RENTAL HOUSING UNITS UNDER MANAGEMENT AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1953(1)

	S	Single Units		Mı	Multiple Units		A	All Projects	
Province	Total	Occupied by Veterans	Vacant	Total	Occupied by Veterans	Vacant	Total	Occupied by Veterans	Vacant
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Ouebec. Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta. British Columbia	78 435 435 1,527 2,587 1,370 1,283	51 29 415 483 1,380 5,197 2,544 1,268 1,275 2,786	11 12 11 12 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	10 205 535 535 106 346	5 191 522 532 532 106 346	2	78 29 445 700 2,062 6,387 1,370 1,389 3,289	51 29 420 1,902 5,729 2,544 1,368 1,368 3,132	15 22 3
CANADA	16,559	15,528	42	1,737	1,702	2	18,296	17,230	44

(1)-Including housing units acquired under agreements with builders and being held for sale.

TABLE 14-RENTAL HOUSING PROJECT INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSE, BY PROVINCE, 1953	IG PRO	DIECT IN	COME	AND O	PERATIN	G EXPE	NSE, BY	, PROVI	NCE, 1	953	
Province	New- found- land	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Bruns- wick	oaq -ənÖ	On- tario	Mani- toba	Saskat- chewan	A1- berta	British Colum- bia	CANADA
Gross Revenue (\$000) Housing rentals. Staff houses and cafeterias. Ajax revenue.	30.5	13.6	192.1	396.8	1,120.0	1,120.0 2,910.9 1,062.2 242.2 657.1	1,062.2	577.2	667.2	1,523.3	8,493.8 242.2 657.1
Sub-Total	30.5	13.6	192.1	396.8	1,120.0	1,120.0 3,810.2	1,062.2	577.2	667.2	1,523.3	9,393.1 3.5 9,396.6
Expenditures (\$000) Physical maintenance of property: (a) Wages and materials	6.2	9.	31.2 1.3 2.0	88.4 28.0 14.3 1.3	180.6 41.5 74.0 6.3	318.5 57.9 67.3 3.8	100.4	105.1 4.5	121.5 8.6 12.6 1.4	188.4 35.9 2.4 3.8	1,140.9 171.9 184.0 21.0
efertas	2.0	2.2	25.5	59.6 1.5 4.	206.9 4.5 4.3	274.2 664.7 434.6 12.7 3.5	172.4	84.5	112.7	194.0 6.5 1.9	274.2 664.7 1,294.4 37.4 12.0
Sub-Total	8.7	2.9	61.1	193.5	518.1	1,837.2	288.2	197.8	260.1	432.9	3,800.5 6.4 3,804.5
Net Income before adjustments (\$000) Less: Net adjustments Net Income (\$000)	21.8	10.7	131.0	203.3	601.9	1,973.0	774.0	379.4	407.1	1,090.4	5,592.6 5,592.1
Number of Housing Units	78	29	445	700	2,062	6,387	2,547	1,370	1,389	3,289	18,296

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LOCALITY
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TABLE 1

	TABLE 15—RENTAL HOUSING	오	NSIN	S PRC	PROJECT INCOME AND		WE /		P.E.	OPERATING		EXPENSE,		<u>ჳ</u>	BY LOCALITY, 1953	53		
	Metropolitan Areas	Cal- gary	Ed- ton (2)		Hali- Ham- Lon- Mont- fax ilton don réal (3) (4) (5) (6)	Lon- don	Mont- réal (⁶)	Ot- tawa	Oué- pec	Qué-Saint bec John (8)	St. To- John's ronto	To- conto	Van- cou- ver	Vic- toria	Wind- sor (13)	Win- nipeg	Sub- Total	
	Gross Revenue (\$000) Housing rentals	201.6	201. 6 343.8 175.6 211.4 278.6 916.0 544.1	175.6	211.4	278.6	916.0	544.1	111	351.4	30.5	205.5	30.5 205.5 1,184.5 127.1	127.1		532.9 1,067.8	6,170.8	
	Total	201.6	343.8	175.6	259.3	278.6 916.0 726.9	916.0	726.9	1	351.4	30.5	217.0	1,184.5	127.1	532	.9 1,067.8	6,413.0	
[81]	Expenditures (\$000) Physical maintenance of property: (a) Wages and materials (b) Heat, light, power & water (c) Extraordinaryexpenditures (d) Miscellaneous Cost of operating staff houses and cafeterias Ajax operating expenses Municipal charges Provision for fire loss. Provision for uncollectable rent	65.1	34.1 8.6 112.7 12.7 7.7 57.7 1.3	30.3 1.3 2.0 22.8 .8	6.6	28.6 7.4.7 5.2 5.2 7.2 1.2 1.2 8.	148.2 41.4 60.6 6.2 173.0 3.5	28. 6 148. 2105. 6 7.4 41.4 38. 8 5.2 60.6 20.0 .2 6.2 1.3 183. 8 49. 8 173. 0 69. 2 1.2 3.5 1.8		86.1 28.0 14.3 1.3 1.3 52.0 1.3	6.2	19.8 11.7 10.9 . 2 . 2 . 32.0 . 8	138.9 36.0 3.6 1.6 1.53.0 4.9	18.8 	59.9 112.4 .6 .6 .96.2 2.5	101.0 7.3 1.7 1.7 172.4 5.6	849.2 171.9 146.5 19.0 274.2 942.1 26.7	
	Total	102.9	102.9 115.2	57.4	8.96	93.2	93.2 436.8	421.4		183.4	8.7	86.4	339.3	37.1	172.3	288.8	2,439.7	
	Net Income (\$000)	98.7	228.6 118.	118.2	162.5	185.4	479.2	305.5	1	168.0	21.8	21.8 130.6	845.2	90.0	360.6	779.0	3,973.3	
	Number of Housing Units	457	651	409	705	556	1,588	836		009	78	388	2,519	266	1,128	2,564	12,745	
	(1)—Includes Ponoka and Red Deer. (2)—Includes Cold Lake, Leduc and Wetaskiwin. (3)—Includes Eastern Passage, New Glasgow, Stellarton and Trenton, N.S. (4)—Includes Oakville. (5)—Includes Centralia, Chesley, Clinton, Exeter, Goderich, Listowel, Lucan, Meaford, Owen Sound, Palmerston, St. Mary's, St. Thomas, Stratford, Walkerton, Wingham and Woodstock. (6)—Includes De Salaberry, St-Hubert and Ste-Thérèse. (7)—Includes Arnprior, Pembroke and Renfrew; Hull and Aylmer, P.Q.	eer. and W New y, Cl rd, Ou tratfo ubert oke a	Wetaskiwin. Wetaskiwin. We Glasgow, Stellican Exeter, Owen Sound, Palm tford, Walkerton, ert and Ste-Thérèse and Renfrew;	kiwin. sgow, Stellartor ', Exeter, God ound, Palmerstc Walkerton, Win Ste-Thérèse. Renfrew; Hull	Stellarton and ster, Goderich, Palmerston, St. ton, Wingham nérèse.	arton and Goderich, erston, St. Wingham	m - :: = =		Included A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	Includes Fredericton Includes Gander. Includes Barrie, Br Midland, Newma Penetanguishene. Includes Prince Geory Alberni. Includes Chatham, E Includes Brandon, I Kenora, Ont.	ederic nuder. karrie, I, Nev ince C nurten, nathan nathan randoi, Ont.	Brac mark me. eorge ty, Cu 1, Esse 1, Por	—Includes Fredericton and Woodstock, N.B. —Includes Gander. —Includes Barrie, Bracebridge, Brampton Midland, Newmarket, Nobel, Orillia, Frencanguishene. —Includes Prince George and Sea Island. —Includes Courtenay, Cumberland, Lake Co-Alberni. —Includes Chatham, Essex, Learnington and Kenora, Ont.	dstock, Bracel, Or a Islar nd, La mingto	, N.B. illia, P. id. id. ike Co. ike Co. in and rie, an	 Includes Fredericton and Woodstock, N.B. Includes Gander. Includes Barrie, Bracebridge, Brampton, Collingy Midland, Newmarket, Nobel, Orillia, Parry Sound Penetanguishene. Includes Prince George and Sea Island. Includes Courtenay, Cumberland, Lake Cowichan and Alberni. Includes Chatham, Essex, Leamington and Wheatley. Includes Brandon, Portage la Prairie, and Selkirk; Kenora, Ont. 	 Includes Fredericton and Woodstock, N.B. Includes Gander. Includes Barrie, Bracebridge, Brampton, Collingwood, Midland, Newmarket, Nobel, Orillia, Parry Sound and Penetanguishene. Includes Prince George and Sea Island. Includes Courtenay, Cumberland, Lake Cowichan and Port Albeni. Includes Chatham, Essex, Leamington and Wheatley. Includes Brandon, Portage la Prairie, and Selkirk; and Kenora, Ont. 	

•	TABLE 15—RENTAL HOUSING PROJECT INCOME AND	NISO	G PR	OJEC	N	OME	AND		XIIX	EX EX	ENS	E. BY	<u>ა</u>	LITY,	1953	ပို	OPERATING EXPENSE, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued	
J	Other Major Cities	Brant- ford	Fort Wil- liam	King- ston	King- Kitch- Osh- borston ener awa ough $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$	Osh- awa		Port Arthur	Regina	St. Cath- Sar- arines nia (6)	Sar- nia	Sas- ka- toon (7)	Sault Ste. Marie	Sault Ste. Sher- Sud- Syd- Marie brooke bury ney	Sud- bury	Sud-Syd- bury ney	Three Rivers	Sub- Tota
-	Gross Revenue (\$000) Housing rentals Staff houses and cafeterias Ajax revenue	111	234.5		43.6 324.8	111	326.3		411.4	121.4	86.8	411.4 121.4 86.8 165.8		43.6	111	111	2.6	1,760
	Total		234.5	43.6	324.8		326.3		411.4	121.4	8.8	411.4 121.4 86.8 165.8		43.6			2.6	1,760
[82	Expenditures (\$000) Physical maintenance of property: (a) Wages and materials (b) Heat, light, power & water (c) Extraordinary expenditures (d) Miscellaneous		27.6	1.1	25.0	1111	16.6 12.0		76.6		13.0 11.2 3.0 3.0 1.1	28.5		3.3	1111	1111	1.3	204
1	and cafeterias. Ajax operating expenses. Municipal charges. Provision for fire loss.		33.0	6.7	54.6		50.6		62.5	21.2	15.0	22.1		6.9	1111	1111	.2	272
	rentrent		Ψ.	₹.	=	Ī	—		Τ.	.2	. 2	.1		£.	- 1	1	.1	-
	Total		62.4	14.7	85.9	1	80.8		143.1	37.9	29.9	54.8		10.9	1	1	1.6	522
, .	Net Income (\$000)		172.1	28.9	28.9 238.9		245.5		268.3		5 56.9	83.5 56.9 111.0		32.7	1	I	1.0	1,238
	Number of Housing Units		540	97	899	Ī	681		996	271	195 405	405		88			24	3,935
•	(*)—Includes Dryden, Fort Frances, Geraldton, Port Arthur and Sioux Lookout. (*)—Includes Barriefield, Brockville, Carleton Place, Cornwall, Napanee and Smith's Falls. (*)—Includes Acton, Brantford, Fergus, Galt, Guelph, Hespeler, Paris, Preston and Waterloo, Ont. (*)—Includes Belleville, Campbellford, Cobourg, Lindsay, Port Hope, Stirling and Trenton, Ont.	ances, kville Falls I, Fer aterlo bellfo	Gerak, Carle gus, Go, Ont rid, Cont.	tton, leton I alt, Gi	Port A Place, uelph, , Lind	Corny Hesp say,	and wall, eler, Port	© © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © © ©	Inch Inch Inch Inch	udes Kamsa Weyburn ar udes Fort E the-Lake, T udes Lloydr Sutherland. udes Cowan	Kams urn a Fort I ake, 7 Joydn rland. Sowan	des Kamsack, Melvill Weyburn and Yorkton. Ides Fort Erie, Merritt the-Lake, Thorold and des Lloydminster, Norl Sutherland. Ides Cowansville and F.	Aelville rkton. Aerritt I and I ; Nort and Fe	(*)—Includes Kamsack, Melville, Moose Jaw, S Weyburn and Yorkton. (*)—Includes Fort Erie, Merritton, Niagara Fall the-Lake, Thorold and Welland. (*)—Includes Lloydminster, North Battleford, Pri Sutherland. (*)—Includes Cowansville and Farnham. (*)—Includes Cap-de-la-Madeleine and La Tuque.	agara agara 1. leford La Tu	rw, Sr Falls , Prin	(*)—Includes Kamsack, Melville, Moose Jaw, Swift Current, Weyburn and Yorkton. (*)—Includes Fort Erie, Merritton, Niagara Falls, Niagara-on-the-Lake, Thorold and Welland. (*)—Includes Lloydminster, North Battleford, Prince Albert and Sutherland. (*)—Includes Cowansville and Farnham. (*)—Includes Cap-de-la-Madeleine and La Tuque.	ırrent, ra-on- rt and

TABLE 15—RENTAL HOUSING PROJECT INCOME AND OPERATING EXPENSE, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued	COME	AND O	PERATIN	G EXPE	NSE, B	Y 10C	ALITY,	1953-	Contin	ped
Other Localities	Ajax (¹)	Chicou- timi (²)	Kelowna (3)	Leth- bridge (4)	Moncton ton (6)	Mone- North ton Bay (6)	Trail	Val d'Or (⁸)	Sub- Total	TOTAL
Gross Revenue (\$000) Housing rentals. Staff houses and cafeterias. Ajax revenue.	657.1	25.0	121.6	121.9	75.4	71.1	90.0	57.2	562.2	8,493.8 242.2 657.1
Sub-Total. Adjustments to revenue reported in 1952 (not allocated). Total	657.1	25.0	121.6	121.9	75.4	71.1	90.0	57.2	1,219.3	9,393.1 3.5 9,396.6
Expenditures (\$000) Physical maintenance of property: (a) Wages and materials. (b) Heat, light, power and water. (c) Extraordinary expenditures. (d) Miscellaneous. Cost of operating staff houses and cafeterias. Ajax operating stepses. Municipal charges. Provision for fire loss.	664.7	6.5	7.5 1. 1. 6. 4.	22.2	3.8	16.4	23.2	2.6	87.5 3.7 .2 .2 79.5 2.7 2.7	1,140.9 171.9 184.0 21.0 274.2 664.7 1,294.4 37.4
Sub-Total	664.7	11.4	19.8	42.0	16.6	27.1	36.7	20.5	838.8	3,800.5 6.4 3,804.5
Net Income before adjustments (\$000). Less: Net adjustments. Net Income (\$000).	-7.6(³)	13.6	101.8	79.9	58.8	44.0	53.3	36.7	380.5	5,592.6 5,592.1
Number of Housing Units	341	59	279	282	166	136	225	128	1,616	18,296
(1)—Includes Oshawa. (2)—Includes Jonquière. (3)—Includes Kamloops, Penticton, Revelstoke and Vernon. (4)—Includes Medicine Hat and Redcliff. (8)—Includes Campbellton, Port Elgin, Amherst, N.S. and Charlottetown, P.E.I.	'ernon. N.S. a	рu	(a)—Inc (b)—Inc (c)—Inc (c)—Opo	(*)—Includes Cochra Sault Ste. IN (*)—Includes Cranbr (*)—Includes Rouyn. (*)—Operating loss.	chrane, te. Mar anbrook uyn. ss.	ides Cochrane, Kearns, Kirk Sault Ste. Marie & Timmins. udes Cranbrook, Kimberley, J udes Rouyn. rating loss.	, Kirklanmins. erley, N	and Lal Telson a	(*)—Includes Cochrane, Kearns, Kirkland Lake, New Lisk Sault Ste. Marie & Timmins. (')—Includes Cranbrook, Kimberley, Nelson and Rossland. (*)—Includes Rouyn. (*)—Operating loss.	(*)—Includes Cochrane, Kearns, Kirkland Lake, New Liskeard, Sault Ste. Marie & Timmins. (7)—Includes Cranbrook, Kimberley, Nelson and Rossland. (8)—Includes Rouyn. (9)—Operating loss.

APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING BUILT UNDER FEDERAL-PROVINCIAL AGREEMENTS, BY LOCALITY, 1953 TABLE 16

Construction Progress of Federal-Provincial Housing Operations	Number of Housing Units under Construction as at December 31, 1953	25 25 13 13 14 14
Construction Progress of I-Provincial Housing Ope	Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	25 25 70 101 496 20 20 18 75
nstruction rovincial	Number of Housing Units Started	25 25 13 13 13 4 4 4
Co Federal-P	Number of Housing Units under Construction as of December 31, 1952	25 25 28 28 65 496 118 71
Year(¹)	Total (\$000)	75 97 108 21 250 43 204 531 1,253 1,470 17 83 58 412
Expenditures During the Year(!)	Land, Im- prove- ments and Other (\$000)	12 18 18 14 14 11 11 161 17 17 18 89
tures Du	Supple- men- tary Build- ings (\$000)	
Expend	Housing (\$000)	63 88 90 7 221 190 520 1,092 1,034 40 40
ons	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1953 (\$000)	167 149 400 28 28 112 463 38 38 663 10 10 30 30 30 30
Appropriations	Approved during 1953 (\$000)	242 246 280 280 309 309
Ap	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1952 (\$000)	400 136 362 1,269 2,102 93 93 431 393
	Locality	Amherstburg, Ont. (2). Arnprior, Ont. Brockville, Ont. (3). Dunnville, Ont. Fort Erie, Ont. Fort William, Ont. Galt, Ont. Galelph, Ont. (3). Halifax, N.S. Hamilton, Ont. Lindsay, Ont. Midland, Ont. (3). Moose Jaw, Sask. North Bay, Ont.

^{(1)—}Includes both Federal and Provincial Shares.
(2)—Rental Housing Portion of Combined Land Assembly and Rental Housing Project.

TABLE 16

APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING BUILT UNDER FEDERAL-PROVINCIAL AGREEMENTS, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

Construction Progress of Federal-Provincial Housing Operations	Number of Housing Units under Construction as at December 31, 1953	40 30 100 100 14 14 220
η Progress Housing (Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	50 100 252 21 21 70 40
Construction Progress of I-Provincial Housing Ope	Number of Housing Units Started	40 30 200 100 14 52 220
Co Federal-P	Number of Housing Units under Construction as of December 31, 1952	10 50 50 252
Year(1)	Total (\$000)	322 1 30 200 1,654 1,656 1,656 1,656 1,656 3,43 5,88 2,88 2,88 2,88 3,777 3,06 11,447
Expenditures During the Year(¹)	Land, Im- prove- ments and Other (\$000)	19 23 23 23 386 1115 1115 89 34 345 345 2,032
itures D	Supplementary Buildings (\$000)	
Expend	Housing (\$000)	303 24 171 1,545 1,270 1,270 750 34 499 192 751 751 9,415
ons	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1953 (\$000)	1116 243 127 127 61 204 204 202 44 1,112 45 5,849
Appropriations	Ap- proved during 1953 (\$000)	438 327 -39 63 232 583 142 3,329
Ap	Unex-pended as of Dec. 31, 1952 (\$6000)	244 35 35 1,948 1,708 1,004 1,004 1,306 1,306 11,306
	Locality	Port Arthur, Ont. Prescott, Ont. Prince Albert, Sask. Prince Rupert, B.C. Saint John's, Nidd. St. John's, Nidd. St. John's, Nidd. St. John's, Ont. Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. Smith, Falls, Ont. Stamford Twp., Ont. (*). Trenton, Ont. (*). Vancouver, B.C. Windsor, Ont.

(*)—Includes both Federal and Provincial Shares.

(*)—Rental Housing Portion of Combined Land Assembly and Rental Housing Project.

TABLE 17
APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES, AND LOTS SOLD,
D ASSEMBLY PROJECTS UNDER FEDERAL-PROVINCIAL AGREEMENTS, BY LOCALITY, 19

Inexpender as of December 31, 1952 (\$000)	Jnexpended as of December 31, 1952 (\$000)	Approved during 1953 (\$000)	Appropriations and Expenditures Approved Land and during Improvements, I 1953 (\$000) (\$000)	Unexpended as at December 31, 1953 (\$000)	Area (Acres)	Number of Lots	Number of Lots Sold 1953
Amherstburg, Ont. (*) Aripcior, Ont. Atikokan, Ont. Brantford, Ont. Brockville, Ont. (*) Cobourg, Ont. Corner Brook, Nifd. Guelph, Ont. (*) Hamilton, Ont. Kimberley, B.C. Kitchener, Ont. Kimberley, B.C. Kitchener, Ont. Kimberley, B.C. Kitchener, Ont. Kimberley, B.C. Kitchener, Ont. London, Ont. Onton Branch, Ont. (*) North Bay, Ont. (*) North Bay, Ont. (*) Saint John, N.B. St. Thomas, Ont. Sarnia, Ont. Sarnia, Ont. Stratford, Ont. (*) Stratford, Ont. (*) Trail, Ont. Trail, Ont. Trail, Ont. Trail, Ont. Trail, Ont. (*)	189 189 146 285 285 285 285 285 285 295 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 61 171 189 111 111 111 111 111 111 11	33 33 58 1,225 1,25	262 262 75 75 170 170 171 116 116 104 402 402 402 105 115 116 116 402 402 402 402 403 403 403 403 403 403 403 403 403 403	1,189 1,189	6.2 434.0 176.0 176.0 169.4 40.0 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7 64.7	31 43 1,146 N.A. 385 1,015 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	164 146 196 197
Windsor, Ont	82	1 737	2 130	6.051	6 263 1	12 073	750

(1)—Includes both Federal and Provincial shares.
(2)—Land Assembly portion of combined Land Assembly and Rental Housing Project.

TABLE 18
EXPENDITURES ON HOUSING RESEARCH AND COMMUNITY PLANNING, 1946-1953

Type of Expenditure	1946 \$	1947 \$	1948 \$	1949 \$	1950 \$	1951 \$	1952 \$	1953 \$
Central Mortgage and								
Housing Corporation Economic and Related Research	45,656	92,648	99,837	99,649	72,997	86,732	97.896	106,044
Architectural Investigations	2,996	1]	1		28,163		33,265
Technical Investigations Community Planning	17,305			<u> </u>	_	799 6,8 4 0	2,372	503 8,262
Other Housing Investigations			_	_	23,428	24,928	16,660	15,120
Information Services	2,923	41,427	30,079	9,738	27,373	24,401	47,539	56,503
Sub-Total	68,880	233,674	146,779	204,649	150,244	171,863	200,268	219,697
Grants to Other Government							`	
Departments and Institutions Economic and Related Research	39,138	33,330	24,345	7,853	8,699	14,794	7,866	8,733
Architectural Investigations	_	11,222] '	5,800		7,500		6,625
Technical Investigations Community Planning	52,357	88,201	l —	l	57,742	96,420		1,500 109,446
Other Housing Investigations	_		34,889	'	26,535		10,695	14,425
Information Services				-				932
Sub-Total	91,495	132,753	137,632	96,263	92,976	118,714	143,951	141,661
Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation and								
Grants to Other Government Departments								
Economic and Related Research Architectural Investi-	84,794	125,978	124,182	107,502	81,696	101,527	105,762	114,777
gations	2,996	76,639	10,877	98,766	19,202	35,663	52,611	39,890
Technical Investigations Community Planning Other Housing	69,662	122,383	84,384	52,863	64,986	799 103,259	2,372 108,580	2,003 117,708
Investigations Information Services	2,923	41,427	34,889 30,079	32,043 9,738	49,963 27,3 7 3	24,928 24,401	27,355 47,539	29,545 57,435
TOTAL	160,375	366,427	284,411	300,912	243,220	290,577	344,219	361,358

PART II OTHER OPERATIONS

APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE, BY PROVINCE, 1953 TABLE 19

	Арр	Appropriations	វាន	Expe	nditures I	Expenditures During the Year	Year	င်	nstruction Housing (Construction Progress of Housing Operations	jo
Unex- pended A as of pro Dec. dui 31, 1952 19 (\$000) (\$0	A produit duit (\$60)	Ap- proved during 1953 (\$000)	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1953 (\$000)	Housing (\$000)	Supple- men- tary Build- ings (\$000)	Land, Improve- ments and Other Outlay (\$000)	Total (\$000)	Number of Housing Units Under Construction as at December Units 31, 1952 Started		Number of U U U Units Com- I pleted	Number of Housing Units Under Construction as at December 31, 1953
66 1118 147 147 2,642 1,667 1,667 1,534 1,534 1,741	1,1,7,	327 6 366 366 366 1,517 1,091 5,308 708 85	48 112 1,556 101 818 4,394 2,155 1,675 6,354 1,151 1,151	2,532 2,532 3,052 1,084 803 1,679 788 381	98 98 1148 43 65 1113 54	16 14 318 238 238 1,652 877 877 215 1,453 249 94	18 2,948 2,948 52 2,004 1,083 3,245 1,083 4,75	306 227 481 301 270 528 196 144	192 160 160 45 12 166 51	379 227 227 518 332 276 506 197 146	119 113 123 14 6 188 50
24,824 10,217	.,01	217	18,715	10,596	552	5,178	16,326	2,453	628	2,581	200

TABLE 20
APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE, BY LOCALITY, 1953

Appropriations Expenditures during the Year Construction Progress of Housing Operations	Construction Cons	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Supple-	Housing (\$000)	49	1
Appropriations		18 107 107 18 48 48 15 15 1787 708	9 2
	Locality pp 931	Albro Lake (Halifax Co.), N.S. Aylmer, Ont. Bagotville, P.Q. Barriefield, Ont. Belmont Park (Esquimalt), B.C. Boundary Bay, B.C. Buckmaster's Field (St. John's), Nfld. Calder, Alta. Calgary, Alta. Cangary, Alta. Cantralia, Ont. Centralia, Ont. Chatham, N.B. Chilliwack, B.C. Claresholm, Alta. Colourg, Ont. Colourg, Ont. Colourg, Ont. Colourg, Ont. Colourg, Cornwallis (Annapolis Co.), N. Cornwallis (Annapolis Co.),	Coverdale, N.B

TABLE 20
APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued

	Api	Appropriations	suc	Exper	nditures	Expenditures during the Year	Year	S	nstruction Housing C	Construction Progress of Housing Operations	jo
Locality	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1952 (\$000)	Approved during 1953 (\$000)	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1953 (\$000)	Housing (\$000)		Supple- Improve- ments and tary Other ings Outlay (\$000)	Total (\$000)	Number of Housing Units under Construc- tion as at December 31, 1952	Number of Housing Units Started	Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	Number of Housing Units under Construc- tion as at December 31, 1953
Debert, N.S. Downsview (York Co.), Ont. Dundurn, Sask. Edmonton, Alta Esquimalt, B.C. Gloucester(Carleton Co.),Ont. Greenwood, N.S. Halifax, N.S. Hammond Plains (Halifax Co.), N.S. Kenna's Hill (St. John's), Nifd. London, Ont. McGivney, N.B. Moose Jaw, Sask. Namao, Alta. North Bay, Ont. Oakville, Ont. Perawawa, Ont. Petawawa, Man.	1,582 1,982 1,088 1,088 1,108 1,177 1,560	330 111 11 883 50 64 64 454	11 418 568 86 17 17 552 679 679 1,195 1,195 104 99 97 840 97 840 97 139 232	1,401 147 147 8 – 6 286 1,759 1,759 31 455 52 299 346 627 542 542 542		163 166 14 111 115 56 56 154 154 154 175 175 175	1,564 313 313 22 22 450 1,815 186 594 329 412 995 655 785	66 26 26 96 69 111 170 170 170 170 170 170	134 134 186 186 19	120 26 85 153 11 11 170 62 75 75 114	80 105 1

APPROPRIATIONS, EXPENDITURES AND CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS OF HOUSING FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE, BY LOCALITY, 1953—Continued TABLE 20

	Api	Appropriations	suc	Exper	ıditures (Expenditures during the Year	Year	Co	nstruction Tousing C	Construction Progress of Housing Operations	of
Locality	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1952 (\$000)	Approved during 1953 (\$000)	Unex- pended as of Dec. 31, 1953	Housing (\$000)	Supplementary Buildings (\$000)	Land, Improve- ments and Other Outlay (\$000)	Total (\$000)	Number of Housing Units under Construc- tion as at December 31, 1952	Number of Housing Units Started	Number of Housing Units Com- pleted	Number of Housing Units under Construc- tion as at December 31, 1953
Rockcliffe (Ottawa), Ont. Ste-Froy, P.Q. St-Hubert, P.Q. St-Jean, P.Q. St. John's, Nifd. Ste-Thérèse, P.Q. Saskatoon, Sask. Sea Island, B.C. Sharwater (Halliax Co.), N.S. Shilo, Man. Suffield, Alta. Summerside, P.E.I. Trenton, Ont. Trenton, Ont. Uplands (Ottawa), Ont. Valcartter, P.Q. Wallace Hill, N.S. Whitehorse, Yukon	627 578 103 20 63 67 748 16 109 533 33 33 118 536 531 540 740	29 306 208 34 34 198 240 240 241 417 24 85 1,055	395 292 62 19 19 44 44 299 469 112 352 242 242 242 353 353 353 353 353 353 353 353 353 35	246 1 2 27 348 348 ———————————————————————————————	31	214 40 68 68 17 77 77 139 80 65 227 26 27 27 27 96 96 83 83 83 83 84 85 85 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86 86	232 286 100 10 19 104 487 26 26 26 14 377 564 278 284 278 1,082	200 200 27 150 ———————————————————————————————————	12 12 12 25 25 6	200 27 156 ————————————————————————————————————	
TOTAL	24,824	10,217	18,715	10,596	552	5,178	16,326	2,453	628	2,581	200

CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS REQUESTED AND AWARDED, AND VALUE OF WORK COMPLETED, DEFENCE CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS, BY PROVINCE, 1953 TABLE 21

Value of	Work Completed (1) (\$000)	2,709 362 12,894 3,152 24,324 35,827 11,844 13,786 13,786 12,301 133 -11	123,000
Contracts Awarded	Value (\$ 000)	1,987 113 8,060 1,848 19,168 14,923 6,039 6,039 10,418 122 3,432 30	76,100
Contract	Number	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	445
Contracts Requested	Value (\$000)	1,944 2,338 2,338 10,039 17,518 6,917 1,340 1,22 3,433 36	72,302
Contracts	Number	2 2 113 83 113 113 57 77 77	457
	Province	Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia Nova Scotia Now Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia Northwest Territories Yukon Territory Not Localized	CANADA

(1) Expenditures plus holdback.