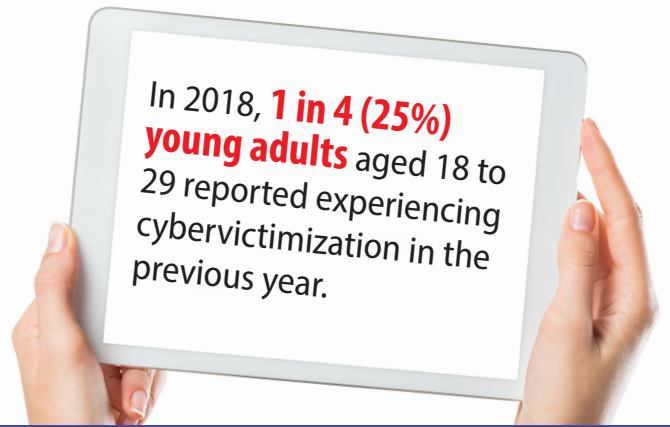




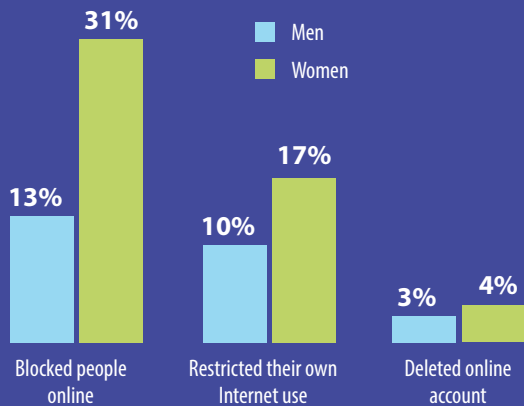
CYBERVICTIMIZATION AMONG YOUNG ADULTS IN CANADA

The risk of being cybervictimized was higher among...

- those aged 18 to 21 (31%)
- women (32%)
- the LGBTQ2 population (49%)
- people with a disability (39%)

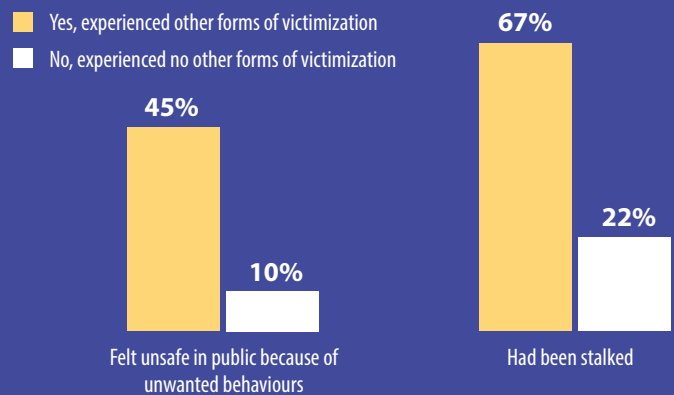


Use of online protective measures was more common among women victims



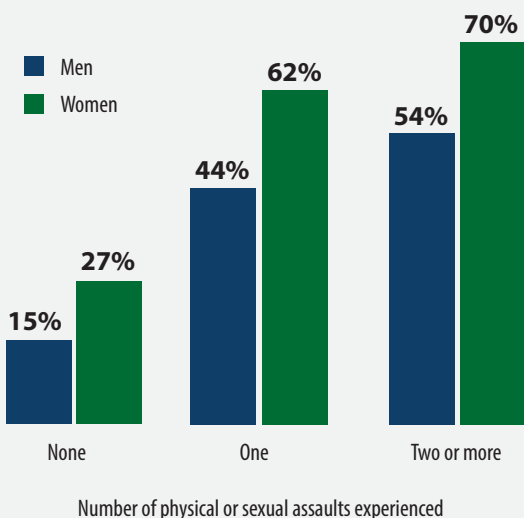
Cybervictimization was more prevalent among those who experienced other forms of victimization

PREVALENCE OF CYBERVICTIMIZATION



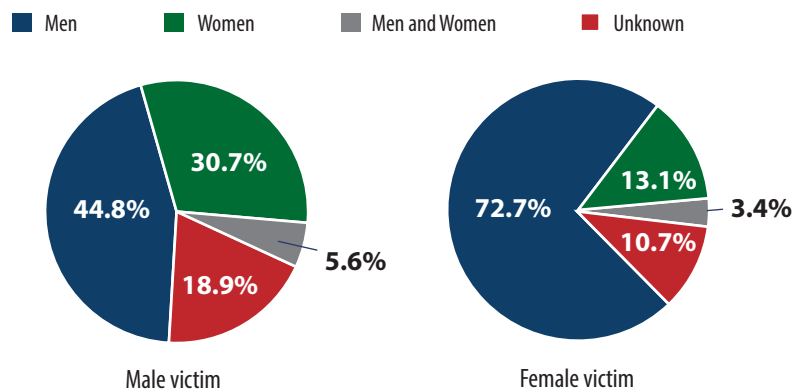
Cybervictimization and being a victim of physical and sexual assault were closely related, especially among women

PREVALENCE OF CYBERVICTIMIZATION



Men were more likely to be perpetrators of inappropriate online sexual behaviours

GENDER OF THE OFFENDER(S)¹:



In the most serious incident of inappropriate online sexual behaviour, **more than half (55%)** of victims reported that they knew the offender or offenders.

1. Information on non-binary offenders was not collected.
Note: Due to sample size limitations, data on non-binary individuals who experienced cybervictimization cannot be published.

Source: D. Hango, 2023, "Online harms faced by youth and young adults: The prevalence and nature of cybervictimization," *Insights on Canadian Society*, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 75-006-X.

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