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PUBLICATIONS
OF THE
GOVERNMENT OF THE
PROVINCE OF CANADA

1841-1867

by Olga Bernice Bishop, M.A., Ph.D.

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**PUBLICATIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT
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To
Tom, Thora
Bernice, Tommie, Brian

FOREWORD

In recent years research workers in many fields have been discovering the astonishing extent and variety of the information that is stored away in official publications. This in turn has made the need for adequate guides, check-lists and bibliographies more pressing than ever, and the National Library is happy to be able to help make good this need.

Six years ago the Library published Dr. Olga Bishop's check-list of the *Publications of the Governments of Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick, 1758-1952*. This brought to five the number of provinces whose official publications had been listed in detail. Check-lists had already appeared in British Columbia and in Saskatchewan. Dr. Bishop's new volume gives us reason to hope that the publications of two more provinces—Ontario and Quebec—may soon be added to the number. Her *Publications of the Government of the Province of Canada, 1841-1867* will shortly be joined by a comprehensive list of the publications of the Province of Ontario in the period from 1901 to 1955. Compiled for the Ontario Library Association by Miss Hazel MacTaggart, of the Toronto Public Library, this list will be published by the Government of Ontario. As Miss Marie Tremaine's *A Bibliography of Canadian Imprints, 1751-1800* includes all known publications issued up to 1800 by the Government of Upper Canada, the gaps that remain to be filled, if the listing of Ontario documents is to be complete, are the years from 1801 to 1840, and from 1867 to 1900. Some work on these lists has already been done, and let us hope that they will be completed and published in the not too distant future.

Every aid to research both encourages scholars to embark on projects and assists them to carry them out. In this way Dr. Bishop's patience, accuracy and industry will yield rich dividends in the years to come.

W. KAYE LAMB,
National Librarian.

PREFACE

Bibliographies of publications for the federal government and the ten provincial governments of Canada were non-existent prior to 1935, when Marion Villiers Higgins compiled *Canadian government publications*.¹ This bibliography was not only a list of the publications issued by the federal government of Canada from 1867 to 1934, but contained a brief history of each of the departments of the federal government, giving any changes in name and organization, which might affect the authorship of a document. Since 1935, bibliographies have been compiled for five of the provincial governments, namely: British Columbia, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, and Saskatchewan. No bibliography has been compiled covering any period of the territory now known as Ontario and Quebec, which administratively has had four systems of government since 1763, at which time the territory became a British colony.

When the King of England accepted this territory under the terms of the Treaty of Paris signed on February 10, 1763, he named it Quebec. In 1791, under the terms of the Constitutional Act² the Province of Quebec was divided into two administrative units, known as the Province of Lower Canada and the Province of Upper Canada. This division continued until 1841, when, under the terms of the Union Act,³ Lower Canada and Upper Canada were united, once more, for purposes of administration. This territory was known officially as the Province of Canada, or popularly the United Provinces. In 1867, a further administrative change took place. Under the terms of the British North America Act⁴ the government of the Province of Canada became the basis of the federal system of government for all the provinces of British North America, and the territory then known as the Province of Canada was divided once more, for administrative purposes, into two provinces to be known as Quebec and Ontario.

The purpose of this study has been to investigate the type of documents published and to prepare a bibliography of the publications issued by the government of the Province of Canada from 1841 to June, 1867.

This study has been carried out under the direction of the Department of Library Science, Horace H. Rackham School of Graduate Studies, University of Michigan, as a partial requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

In the original study no indication of location of material was made. No attempt is made now to give complete locations for the works. However, for a few works which were readily available in only one library, a location is given.

Three libraries were selected in which to carry on this study, namely:

1. The Lawson Memorial Library at the University of Western Ontario, which has specialized in Canadiana, and has a very good collection of government

¹ Marlon Villiers Higgins, *Canadian government publications: a manual for librarians* (Chicago: American Library Association, 1935).

² Imperial Act of 31 George III, c. 31.

³ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

⁴ Imperial Act of 30 and 31 Vict., c. 3.

publications. Grateful acknowledgement is made to Dr. J. J. Talman, chief librarian, who arranged for the resources of this library to be made available to me at all times. Without this privilege it would have been most difficult to have carried on this study.

2. The Legislative Library for Ontario which has the most complete collection of government publications for Upper Canada, the Province of Canada, and Ontario. Acknowledgement is made to Mrs. Mildred Fraser, legislative librarian for Ontario, who made available the resources of the Legislative Library, and provided the services of both staff and equipment.

3. The library of the Public Archives of Canada. While this library is not rich in government publications for the period under study, it has a good pamphlet collection which includes government documents. Without the assistance of Dr. W. Kaye Lamb, national librarian and Dominion archivist, it would have been difficult to check the holdings in the pamphlet collection in the time at my disposal. Acknowledgement is made to Dr. Lamb for making this collection available at times when the library was not officially open. This collection yielded a number of publications not found in the Lawson Memorial Library or the Legislative Library.

The task of transcribing on cards the bibliographic entries which make up the bibliographic sections of this study was done to a large extent by Miss Ruth R. Sanderson, assistant in the University of Western Ontario libraries.

Grateful acknowledgement is made to the members of my doctoral committee (Professor Rudolph H. Gjelsness, chairman; Professor F. Clever Bald; Associate Professor Russell E. Bidlack; and Professor Raymond L. Kilgour) for their constructive criticism which has been of inestimable value.

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CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

Under the terms of the Treaty of Paris¹ signed on February 10, 1763, the King of France ceded Canada to the King of England. On October 7, 1763, the King of England published a proclamation² in which he stated that Letters Patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain had been issued for setting up the government of Quebec.

On November 21, 1763, James Murray was commissioned as captain general in and commander-in-chief over the Province of Quebec. On December 7, 1763, Governor Murray received instructions³ from the Court of St. James's which stated he was to administer the government of Quebec with the assistance of a council composed of the Lieutenant Governors of Montreal and Trois Rivières, the Chief Justice of the Province, and the Surveyor General of Customs, appointed by the Crown, and eight persons appointed by himself from among the propertied class in the province. When circumstances permitted, the Governor, with the advice of the Council, was to summon a general assembly of the freeholders of the Province. In the meantime, Governor Murray, with the advice of the Council, was to issue such rules and regulations as were necessary for peace and order. No assembly was summoned as there were only about three hundred Protestants in the Province and under British law Catholics had no franchise.

Neither the English minority nor the French majority was satisfied with the government. As a result of this dissatisfaction the Parliament of Great Britain passed the Quebec Act⁴ on June 22, 1774. Under this act the Governor was to rule with a council of not more than twenty-three or less than seventeen members appointed by the King from among the inhabitants of the Province. The act also stipulated that a general assembly was not to be called. English criminal law and French civil law were to be enforced.

From 1774 to 1784, as a result of the American Revolution, a large number of United Empire Loyalists moved to the western part of the Province. These English-speaking people accustomed to a representative system of government were unwilling to be governed, without representation, by a governor and his council sitting at Quebec. The Parliament of Great Britain attempted to solve this problem by further legislation. Thus, in 1791, Parliament passed the Constitutional Act⁵ whereby the Province of Quebec was divided into two separate provinces, to be called the Province of Upper Canada and the Province of Lower Canada.

The Constitutional Act required that each Province should have an appointed legislative council and an elected assembly. The King appointed a governor as

¹ *Documents of the Canadian constitution: 1759-1915*, ed. W. P. M. Kennedy (Toronto: Oxford University Press, 1918), p. 15.

² *Ibid.* p. 18.

³ *Ibid.* p. 27.

⁴ Imperial Act of 14 George III, c. 83.

⁵ Imperial Act of 31 George III, c. 31.

his representative in each Province. The Governor in each of the said Provinces was to appoint, in the name of the King, not less than seven members to the Legislative Council of Upper Canada and not less than fifteen members to the Legislative Council of Lower Canada. A member had to have a character above reproach, be at least twenty-one years of age, and a British subject. The appointment was for the life of the member. The Governor appointed one of the members as the Speaker. The Governor in each Province was to summon and call together, in the name of the King, an assembly. In order to carry out this stipulation the Governor was to issue a proclamation dividing his Province into electoral districts for the election of a definite number of members from each district. Not less than sixteen members were to be elected to the Assembly of Upper Canada and not less than fifty members were to be elected to the Assembly of Lower Canada. The franchise was extended to all persons over twenty-one years of age, holding land in freehold, fief, or reversion of the yearly value of forty shillings and up, who were British subjects. A member had to be at least twenty-one years of age and a British subject. He was elected to serve in the Assembly for a period of four years. The Governor of each Province was required to call into session the Legislative Council and House of Assembly at least once in every twelve calendar months. The first session of the Legislature for each of the separate provinces was to be summoned not later than December 31, 1792.

The King, with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of each Province respectively, was to make the laws for the peace, welfare, and good government of the Province. Such bills as were passed by the Legislative Council and Assembly might be assented to by the Governor in the name of the King or the Governor might withhold his assent for the King's pleasure. Even when the Governor assented to a bill, the King had two years in which he could pass it or disallow it. The laws in force, except those repealed by the Constitutional Act, concerning either Province were to remain in force until repealed by the Legislative Council and Assembly of the Province concerned.

The Constitutional Act further required that a court of civil jurisdiction, for hearing and determining appeals in certain cases, be established in each Province. In the Province of Quebec the Governor and his council had been constituted such a court previous to the passing of the Constitutional Act. After the passing of this act the Governor and his council, now called the Executive Council, were constituted such a court for the Province of Lower Canada. A similar court was to be established in the Province of Upper Canada.

To encourage settlement by Protestants, the Constitutional Act stipulated that one seventh of all Crown land allocated was to be set aside for the use of the Protestant clergy. This land became known as Clergy Reserve land and was the cause of a great deal of controversy when the clergy of the Church of England interpreted the act as applying to their church only.

Although the Constitutional Act had divided the Province of Quebec into two provinces and had given these provinces a system of representative government it had not solved certain fundamental constitutional problems, namely:

1. The question of supply. The Governor controlled certain Crown revenues and was able to obtain money from the military chest which was replenished regularly by the British government. The Assembly controlled only such money

as was raised by provincial legislation. Thus, the Governor could carry on the administration without consulting the Assembly on financial matters.

2. The question of division of legislative responsibility between the British government and the provincial governments. The Act had stated that the King with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly of the respective provinces would make the laws for the peace, welfare, and good government of the provinces. The interpretation of this statement, instead of promoting representative government often led to confusion and ultimately was one of the causes of the rebellion which broke out in both provinces in 1837.

3. The question of responsible government. As long as the members of the Executive were appointed by the King and not by the elected representatives of the people the administrative branch of government remained quite independent of the Assembly. How to make the Executive responsible to the Assembly was one of the major issues which was not fully solved until 1864, when the Assembly achieved full control over all departments of government and the heads of these departments became the members of the Executive.

Representative government, as outlined by the Constitutional Act, failed in both Upper Canada and Lower Canada. The reasons were different for each Province. In Upper Canada, a privileged social class, a privileged administrative group, and a privileged church had entrenched themselves behind the constitution. In Lower Canada, racial problems were the basis of the failure. In 1837, rebellion broke out in both provinces. As a result of the rebellion in Lower Canada, Lord Russell introduced a bill on January 16, 1838, in the Imperial Parliament, which was passed on February 10 as "an act to make temporary provision for the government of Lower Canada."¹ By this act the constitution of 1791, was suspended until November 1, 1840.

The Crown was given power to constitute a special council, by authorizing the Governor to summon special councillors. The laws passed by this council were limited in operation to November 1, 1842, unless continued by competent authority. The council could impose no new taxes and could make no constitutional changes. The Governor alone could introduce a law, and five councillors must be present to give it legal force. The act was the creation of a dictatorship which, Lord John Russell announced, was to be conferred on Lord Durham.²

The British government felt that the rebellion in Lower Canada had to be suppressed by means of a dictatorship. However, when rebellion broke out in Upper Canada, it was looked upon by the Imperial government in quite a different light. This called for an investigation into the fundamental causes of the rebellion. Thus, Lord Durham came to Canada not as a dictator, but as an investigator of the causes of rebellion in both Lower Canada and Upper Canada.

Lord Durham arrived in Canada on May 29, 1838, with an outline of a federal system of government which he had drawn up in England. He came with wide powers with the idea of making proposals for the permanent establishment of an improved system of government, not only for Upper Canada and Lower Canada but for British North America.

¹ Imperial Act of 1 and 2 Vict., c. 9.

² W. P. M. Kennedy, *The constitution of Canada* (London, Oxford University Press, 1931), p. 115.

The report by Lord Durham on the affairs of British North America, with all its defects, still stands today as one of the greatest state papers in Colonial history. Lord Durham advised that the two provinces should be united under responsible government. It was not to be a legislative union but a fusion of the two racial groups. The French Canadians were to be absorbed, amalgamated, absolutely united. This union of Upper Canada and Lower Canada was to be brought about immediately by Imperial legislation, which was also to contain provision for admitting into the union the other British provinces in North America, namely: Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island. This legislation was also to contain provision for an effective municipal organization, for without it the government of the United Provinces would be inefficient.

The Imperial government carried out the suggestions made by Lord Durham and in June, 1839, introduced a bill for that purpose. The House of Assembly in Upper Canada, while approving the plan of the bill, laid down certain principles which were not acceptable to the Imperial government. The passing of the bill was postponed until Poulett Thomson, afterwards Lord Sydenham, came to Canada as governor general. Lord Sydenham, who arrived in Canada in October, 1839, was to promote

a legislative union of the two Provinces—a just regard to the claims of either Province in adjusting the terms of that union—the maintenance of the three estates of the provincial legislature—the settlement of a permanent civil list for securing the independence of the judges, and to the executive government that freedom of action which is necessary for the public good—and the establishment of a system of local government by representative bodies freely elected in the various cities and rural districts.¹

“An act to re-unite the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the government of Canada,”² which was known as the Union Act, was passed July 23, 1840. A Proclamation brought the union into force on February 10, 1841, and in April the first elections were held. The act had not changed the general scheme of government. There was to be an appointed legislative council, whose members were to hold office for life on good behaviour; one elected legislative assembly, the members of which were to consist of an equal number from each old Province and must possess property worth at least five hundred pounds. The Speaker of the Council was appointed by the Governor, but the Speaker of the Assembly was appointed by its members. The status of the Church of England, Roman Catholic church, and waste lands was defined. A consolidated revenue fund was established, with claims on it clearly outlined, including expenses of the judiciary, government, and pensions. Appropriation and taxation were to originate with the Governor, and were then open for discussion in the Assembly. The laws in force in either of the former provinces were to continue until repealed or amended.

The language requirement of the legislative records was laid down in section forty-one of the act as follows:

All writs, proclamations, instruments for summoning and calling together the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada and for proroguing and dissolving the same, and all writs of summons and election, and all writs and

¹ *Ibid.* p. 183.

² Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

public instruments whatsoever relating to the said Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly or either of them, and all returns to such writs and instruments, and all journals, entries, and written or printed proceedings of what nature soever of the said Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly and each of them respectively, and all written or printed proceedings and reports of committees of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly respectively, shall be in the English language only: Provided always, that this enactment shall not be construed to prevent translated copies of any such documents being made, but no such copy shall be kept among the records of the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly, or be deemed in any case to have the force of an original record.¹

While the above section of the Union Act was repealed on August 14, 1848,² English remained the language of the official documents throughout the period of the government of the Province of Canada.

As this study has been concerned with official documents only, no documents in the French language have been listed other than those which were issued as dual language publications. While written proceedings and reports of committees were considered official documents, no manuscript material has been listed. Writs, proclamations, and instruments for summoning and proroguing the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, or for calling elections, have not been listed. Reprinted laws, excerpts from journals or departmental reports, have not been listed unless published as consolidations of the original.

Printed laws, journals, proceedings of committees, departmental reports, returns, and other papers, ordered printed by the Governor General, Legislative Council, or Legislative Assembly, have been listed.

While the Union Act stated that English was to be the language of the official documents, whether written or printed, the act made no stipulation as to who would do the printing. In the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, a Queen's Printer, appointed by the Governor General, had been responsible for printing and distributing the laws. The Queen's Printer was also responsible for printing the official government newspaper. The government of the Province of Canada continued this policy. The laws and official newspaper, however, comprised only a small portion of the printing required by the Legislature and the various departments of the Executive. From 1841 to 1859, the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly each had its own committee on printing. These committees were responsible for calling for tenders for the printing required by their respective houses. However, since most of the documents published were printed by the authority of the Legislative Assembly, it was the name of the printer appointed by the Assembly which appeared in the imprint. During this period neither the Legislative Council nor the Legislative Assembly had any long-term policy for printing the official records of their respective houses. Tenders were called each year by the two committees on printing, and each house awarded the contract to the lowest bidder. In some years, depending on how much work the printers who submitted bids were prepared to do for the Legislative Assembly, the Committee on Printing found it necessary to divide the work and to award contracts to more than one printer. When this was necessary one contract was awarded for printing the daily records and another for printing the sessional records.

¹ *Ibid.*

² Imperial Act of 11 and 12 Vict., c. 56.

By 1859, when the above system of printing the records proved too expensive, a Joint Committee on Printing of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly was established. This Committee recommended that tenders should be called to submit bids for the printing of the records on a four, eight, and ten year basis and not yearly as heretofore. This recommendation was accepted by both the Council and Assembly and, on the basis of the bids submitted, the contract for the printing of the documents of both houses was given for a period of five years.

In spite of the fact that both houses of the Legislature had their documents printed quite independently of each other from 1841 to 1859, they co-operated in regard to the rules and regulations which the printers were required to follow in the printing of the documents. These rules and regulations were not drawn up by the legislators in 1841, but were the result of the growth of the printing industry in Canada over a period of seventy-five years.

The first printing press to be established in Canada west of Halifax, Nova Scotia was set up in Quebec city in 1763, by William Brown and Thomas Gilmore, of Philadelphia. Before joining Brown in Quebec, Gilmore went to England to purchase a press, type, and paper. The next press was set up twelve years later, in 1776, in Montreal by Fleury Mesplet. A printing press was not established in the western part of the Province until after Quebec had been divided.

The first Governor of Upper Canada, John Graves Simcoe, wrote a letter to the British government before he left England stating that a printer was "indispensably necessary"¹ for the new Province. As a result of this letter Louis Roy, a French Canadian from Quebec, established the first printing press in Upper Canada at Newark (now Niagara-on-the-Lake) the seat of the first government in Upper Canada in 1792, or 1793. The date is uncertain. However in November, 1792, the government of Upper Canada sent an order to London for a supply of paper and type. As this order could not be filled before the spring of 1793, since it went on the last boat going to England in 1792, no printing was actually done until 1793.

The type faces ordered for this new press were to be "both in Roman and italic, comprising brevier, long primer, small pica, pica, great primer, and double pica."² This represented quite a large order for those days. The type was the Caslon type invented by William Caslon one of the most famous type founders in eighteenth-century England.

By 1841, while the printing industry was firmly established in Canada very little change had been made in the type faces. Thus, both houses of the Legislature of the Province of Canada authorized the eighteen point or great-primer type to be used for the printing of their journals. The format of the Journals of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada, which consisted of a quarto size page in double columns with marginal notes, was also adopted by both houses of the Legislature of the Province of Canada. No change was made in this policy until 1851, when, in order to cut the cost of printing, both houses decided that: (1) the size of the page should be reduced from quarto to royal octavo, (2) marginal notes should be dropped, and (3) the great-primer type should be replaced by the new small pica or eleven point type.³ No further change

¹ Aegedius Fauteux, *The introduction of printing into Canada* (Montreal: Rolland Paper Co., 1930), pp. 115-17.

² *Ibid.* p. 122.

³ Canada (Province), Legislative Council, *Journals*, XI (1852), pp. 206-07 and Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, X (1852), App. DD.

in format was authorized by either house of the Legislature of the Province of Canada. This change in size of page and type, which was required for the Journals of both houses, was understood to apply to all official publications. However, a few special reports were published in quarto after 1852. The Crown Lands Department, when it wished to publish maps of surveys, used quarto size, which was better than royal octavo for this type of work.

In 1763, when the first printing press was established in Quebec, paper for this press had to be imported from England. This situation continued until the beginning of the nineteenth century when the first paper mill was built in Lower Canada, in 1804 and 1805, at St. Andrews. This mill manufactured newsprint, wrapping paper, bonnet board, and blotting paper.

More than twenty years later, in 1826, the first paper mill was built in Upper Canada by James Crooks in the township of West Flamborough, as the result of an act passed by the Legislature on January 30, 1826, providing payment of one hundred and twenty-five pounds to the first "person or persons as shall produce . . . satisfactory proofs he or they have erected and brought into satisfactory operation, a paper mill . . ." ¹ Eastwood and Skinner of Toronto competed for the one hundred and twenty-five pounds but lost out by a year.

It did not take long for the government printers to patronize the Canadian mills for on April 26, 1837, William Mackenzie noted in the columns of his paper, *The Colonial Advocate*, that "we have now the prospect before us of a full and regular supply of paper within the Province. *The Colonial Advocate*, the Journals of Assembly, and many other jobs, are printed on paper made at Flamborough West, U.C." ² This is the first indication that the paper on which the Journals of the Assembly were printed, had been manufactured in Canada. The paper, made from rags, was wove paper without a watermark. While Eastwood and Skinner could not lay claim to the establishment of the first paper mill in Upper Canada, they had the honour of owning the first mill to make paper by machine. ³

Thus in 1841, when the government of the Province of Canada was established, machine made wove paper without watermark was the paper on which the official documents were printed. In 1867, when the government of the Province of Canada ceased to exist, paper made from wood pulp was still in the experimental stage. So throughout the period 1841 to 1867, rag paper was used for printing the official documents. The excellency of the condition of the paper used, by the printers of the official documents, over one hundred years ago bears silent testimony to the advantages of paper made from rags.

Section forty-one of the Union Act stated that the journals of the two houses, proceedings of the two houses, and proceedings of committees appointed by each house were to be printed in the English language. From 1841 to 1851, as a result of this requirement, the reports or "returns," as many of the publications were called, requested by the Legislative Assembly, automatically were ordered to be printed by that House. Some reports were ordered printed just for the use of the members of the House, while for other reports a definite number of copies were required. This number varied from one hundred copies for some reports to one

¹ George Carruthers, *Paper-making* (Toronto: Garden City Press Co-operative, 1947), p. 279.

² *Ibid.* p. 282.

³ *Ibid.* p. 300.

thousand copies for others, depending on how important the report was considered to be.

The first change in this policy of automatically printing all reports took place in 1852, when as a result of the high cost of printing the Standing Committee on Printing of the Legislative Assembly recommended a policy of selection rather than continuing the policy of automatically printing all reports. The Committee's recommendation was adopted and from 1852 to 1859, all reports tabled in the House were reviewed by this Committee before they were ordered printed. As a result, some of the reports tabled were printed in abstract only, while others were not printed at all. In 1859, as a result of the continuing increase in the cost of printing a joint committee of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly was established. This Committee adopted even a more rigid system of selection. From 1860 to 1867, approximately one third of the reports tabled were not published.

From 1841 to 1859, the reports which were published were issued at the end of the session as an appendix to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. Some of these reports were duplicated in an appendix to the *Journals of the Legislative Council*. From 1860 to 1866, upon recommendation of the Joint Committee on Printing, the reports which were published appeared as the Sessional Papers of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly. Thus, the duplication in printing the reports which were presented to both houses was eliminated.

A title page was printed for each volume of the Appendix to the Journals (after 1860, these volumes were given the title "Sessional Papers") with the imprint bearing the name of the sessional printer appointed by the Legislative Assembly. However, any given volume of the appendices might contain reports which had been published by the daily printer for the Assembly, or by the Queen's Printer. Only the reports which were published at the end of the session and for which the sessional printer was responsible bore his name. In a number of instances no printer's name appeared on the report. It was assumed that the sessional printer whose name appeared in the imprint on the title page of the Appendix was responsible for printing these reports.

No title page was published for the majority of the reports. For those documents without a title page, the title statement was issued as part of the first page of the report. The imprint for such a report might be found on a separate page at the end of the report, or at the bottom of the last page of the report, or occasionally, when the report was published only in the Appendix to the Journals of the Legislative Council or Legislative Assembly, on the verso of the title page of the appendix.

A number of reports contained no pagination. Since a record of pagination may be helpful in determining the usefulness of a document for research, the pages of those reports without pagination have been counted. As all pages had been printed on both sides, a number has been assigned to both the recto and the verso. Brackets have been used in the collation for those entries where it has been necessary to count the pages.

Punctuation and capitalization of the bibliographic information contained in the reports was very uneven. To set a standard for the bibliographic entry for

this study the *A.L.A. cataloging rules for author and title entries*¹ has been followed. The rules for punctuation for the author entry which apply to this study were specified by the American Library Association as follows:²

1. Brackets.

Inclose in brackets the name of a personal author if it does not appear openly in the book.

2. Parentheses.

In corporate headings inclose a word or phrase used for the purpose of definition or identification, such as distinguishing a province from a country.

3. The dash.

The dash is used to connect numbers, signifying to and including.

4. Interrogation point.

The interrogation point following a date signifies uncertainty.

5. Period.

(a) For abbreviations.

(b) To separate the main heading from the sub-heading, except when the main heading is separated from the sub-heading by a distinguishing word or phrase in parentheses then no punctuation is used.

(c) At the end of a complete heading if there is no other mark of punctuation.

As no definite rules for punctuation in the title statement were specified by the American Library Association, the punctuation used on the title page of the document was followed with certain exceptions:

1. In certain cases both a title for an act and a citation has been given. The title has not been changed in any case but in order to have a uniform citation the following has been adopted: regnal year in Arabic numerals, name of the sovereign, comma, lower-case "c." (law abbreviation for chapter) with Arabic chapter number.³

2. Years or seasons extending over parts of two calendar years have been indicated by use of a slant line.⁴

3. Uniform punctuation has been adopted in the imprint as follows: place of publication, followed by a colon; name of publishing agency, followed by a comma; date of publication.⁵

The rules for capitalization have been stated by the American Library Association⁶ as follows:

In English capitalize:

1. Proper names.

2. Derivatives of proper names.

3. Common nouns and adjectives forming an essential part of a proper name.

4. Names of organized bodies (first word and all important words).

¹ American Library Association, Division of Cataloging and Classification, *A.L.A. cataloging rules for author and title entries* (2d ed.; Chicago: American Library Association, 1949).

² *Ibid.* pp. 238–39.

³ Chicago, University, *A manual of style* (11th ed.; Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1949), p. 145.

⁴ *Ibid.* p. 108.

⁵ Kate L. Turabian, *A manual for writers of term papers, theses, and dissertations* (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1955), p. 20.

⁶ American Library Association, Division of Cataloging and Classification, *A.L.A. cataloging rules for author and title entries* (2d ed.; Chicago: American Library Association, 1949), pp. 239–40.

5. Names of countries and administrative divisions.
6. Names of regions, localities and geographic features.
7. Names of calendar divisions.
8. Names of historic events.
9. Religious terms: words denoting the Deity; names for the Bible and other sacred writings; names of confessions of faith and of religious bodies and their adherents.
10. Titles of persons
 - (a) When immediately preceding a name.
 - (b) When immediately following a name or used alone as a substitute for the name in the following cases:
 - Title of a head or assistant head of state.
 - Title of a head or assistant head of an existing or proposed National or District governmental unit.
 - Title of a ruler or prince.
11. The first word of the title of a book, periodical or series; all principal words in the title of a newspaper. If the first word of a title used as main entry is an article, capitalize the following word, except in the entry of anonymous works.

The reports published by the government of the Province of Canada can be divided into two major types, namely: (1) serials, and (2) special publications. Neither type presented any difficulty in determining the first part of the author entry for the report since the American Library Association¹ specifies that official publications of a government are to be entered under the name of the country or state under whose authority they are published. The reports which have been listed in the bibliographical sections of this study were published under the authority of the government of the Province of Canada. Therefore the main part of the author entry is "Canada (Province)." The subheading for the author entry presented a number of problems since a clearly defined departmental system of government, as known in Canada today, began to emerge only toward the end of the period under study. These problems will be discussed under the two types into which the documents have been divided, namely:

I. Serials which may be subdivided into the following categories:

A. Journals and proceedings. The subheading in the author entry presented no problem as proceedings of sessions, debates, and reports of legislative bodies are entered under the name of the government with the name of the body as subheading.²

B. Statutes. The author entry for statutes presented no problem as laws, decrees, and other acts having the force of law are entered under the country or state with the form subheading "Laws, statutes, etc."³

C. Annual reports. According to the rule specified by the American Library Association,⁴ publications emanating from the various agencies of government are entered under the name of the agency as subheading. The problem was to determine the correct name of the agency. The act, which required an annual

¹ *Ibid.* p. 126.

² *Ibid.* p. 130.

³ *Ibid.* p. 137.

⁴ *Ibid.* pp. 126-27.

report to be published, usually designated the person responsible for compiling such a report but did not state the name of the office from which the report would emanate. Thus, the name of the office might change from year to year depending on how many branches of government were under the jurisdiction of the person compiling the report, and whether or not he used all his titles to designate the office. In this study the name of the agency as found in the last annual report was the name used in the subheading even though that form of the name might be used only in that report.

D. Newspapers. No problem was experienced as a newspaper is to be entered under the latest title, even though it may be an official publication of a government.¹

II. Special publications. The problem of determining the subheading of the author entry for special reports was due mainly to the fact that the government lacked any definite system of organization throughout practically the whole period. These reports can be divided into the following categories:

A. Reports compiled and published as a result of a request from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General that he make available to them certain information as outlined in the request. These reports can be divided into the following groups:

1. Reports compiled from information in the Governor General's Office. The information in these reports dealt with problems which generally came under Imperial jurisdiction such as boundary lines between provinces, Hudson's Bay Territory, military defences, and Customs. Such information was usually contained in despatches between the Colonial Secretary and the Governor General. In such cases the Governor General would present the information to the Legislative Assembly in the form of a message from himself. The author entry for such a report did not present any problem as single messages to legislative bodies, proclamations, and executive orders are to be entered under the name of the country, followed by the name of the office with the inclusive years of the administration, and the name of the incumbent in parenthesis.²

2. Reports presented to the Legislative Assembly through the Provincial Secretary's Office. Practically all reports which did not originate in the Governor General's Office were presented to the Legislative Assembly by the Provincial Secretary, whose name appeared at the end of the title. The reason that the Provincial Secretary presented these reports was that his office was the depository for such reports as, petitions presented to the Assembly, reports tabled in the Assembly, speeches made by members, and reports prepared by government employees. Since the Provincial Secretary's name appeared on all the reports compiled for the Legislative Assembly it was often difficult to determine which branch of government should be given the credit for the report in the subheading of the author entry. However on closer examination these reports can be divided into the following classifications:

(a) Reports presented by the Provincial Secretary compiled from information available in his office from several branches of government. For these reports the "Secretary's Office" has been used as the subheading in the author entry.

¹ *Ibid.* p. 12.

² *Ibid.* p. 128.

(b) Reports presented by the Provincial Secretary compiled from information available in his office from only one branch of government, or for which one branch supplied the major part of the information. For these reports the branch which supplied the information has been given the credit in the subheading of the author entry.

(c) Reports for which the Provincial Secretary had to request the information from one or more branches of government. The number of reports in this group was comparatively small. If several branches supplied the information the "Secretary's Office" has been given the credit in the subheading of the author entry. However, if the information was supplied from only one branch of government then that branch has received the credit.

B. Reports of committees and commissions. Committees and commissions were usually appointed under definite terms of reference. Therefore the author entry did not present a serious problem since proceedings and reports of a committee are to be entered under the name of the government, followed by the name of the body as subheading subdivided by the name of the committee or other subordinate entity as needed.¹ Committees can be subdivided into the following groups:

1. Standing committees. These committees were established by the Legislative Assembly to investigate the reports presented to them by the various branches of government. Each committee would be responsible for the reports on a given topic. At the beginning of each session of Parliament certain members were appointed to serve on these committees.

2. Select committees. These committees were appointed as the need arose for a small number of members to investigate some topic which had been brought to the attention of the Assembly. A select committee might be appointed to investigate just one topic or might be set up to investigate several topics such as petitions presented to the Assembly by the inhabitants of the country.

The arrangement of the reports under any particular department, especially in the early years, presented a problem due to the fact that the government lacked any definite system of organization. The best illustration of this problem can be found in the administration of colonization roads. One year the Minister of Agriculture might be responsible for the administration of these roads, while the next year the Commissioner of Crown Land might be responsible, but because the building of such roads was considered a public work, the report on them would be included with the report of the Commissioner of Public Works.

Responsible government, with its clearly defined departments, was a gradual development which was taking place over the whole period of the government of the Province of Canada. While political responsibility was achieved in 1847, when Lord Elgin, after one party had been defeated in an election, called on the opposition to form a new government, administrative responsibility was more gradual and was not fully realized until 1863. There were perhaps three major reasons for this slow development:

1. The Canadian government lacked control over certain administrative services, such as Indian Affairs, Post Office, Immigration, Customs and the Militia, which remained under the jurisdiction of the Imperial Parliament at the

¹ *Ibid.* p. 130.

time of the Union. The first service to be transferred was Customs, which was placed under Canadian jurisdiction by an act of Parliament in 1848. In 1850, the Post Office Department was transferred, also by an act of Parliament. It was not until ten years later, in 1860, that the Indian Department was placed under Canadian jurisdiction. The next year, 1861, both Immigration and the Militia were transferred.

2. Before a Canadian cabinet could assume responsibility certain administrative reforms were necessary. The heads of departments had to learn the principle of working together as a group, and assuming responsibility as a group to the Legislative Assembly.

3. To assume full responsibility the Legislative Assembly must have complete control of finance. This was accomplished only in 1863, when the Executive was required to estimate in advance what its financial needs would be for the next year. Heretofore, the estimates passed by the Assembly had been for money already spent by the Executive.

Responsible government having been achieved and a departmental system of government established by 1864, a *Blue book*; or *Statement of the public service of Canada* was published for that year as part of the report of the Department of Agriculture. Further editions of this work were published for the years 1865 and 1866. The final edition¹ which was published for the half year ending June 30, 1867, divided the public officers into six major categories as follows: (1) Legislature of Canada, (2) Civil Service of Canada, (3) Education and Scientific Institutions, (4) Public Institutions, (5) Administration of Justice of Upper and Lower Canada, and (6) Miscellaneous. In addition to these categories the *Blue book* listed three other services which formed part of the government namely: Governor General, Governor General's Secretary, and Foreign Consuls in Canada. No publications were issued by the last two services named. Since the *Blue book* was the official publication on the public services of the government of the Province of Canada the arrangements of the several divisions of government used by it, has been followed fairly closely for the arrangement of the chapters and subdivisions of the chapters in this study.

Category two, "Civil Service of Canada," which was made up of the executive departments of the government and in this study has been called the "Executive" was the largest category to be studied. The departments in this category consisted of: Attorney and Solicitor General's Office, Department of Agriculture, Department of Crown Lands, Department of Finance, Department of Public Works, Militia Department, Post Office Department, Provincial Secretary's Office, and Receiver General's Office. These have been arranged in alphabetical order according to the name used by the department in 1867. Five of these departments had branches which have been arranged in alphabetical order as sub-sections of the main department.

The arrangement of the publications of any given section depended upon the number of reports published by that section. For those sections which published only a few reports, an alphabetical arrangement has been followed. For those sections which published a large number of reports, a chronological arrangement,

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Agriculture, *Blue book: or Statement of the public service of Canada* (Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1868).

according to the date of request by the Legislative Assembly, has been followed.

The category headed "Miscellaneous" listed the various boards which had been established by the government. Since some of the boards were closely related to one of the branches of government, for the purpose of this study, the publications of those boards have been listed with the branch concerned. For example, the publications issued by the Council of Public Instruction have been listed under the section on "Education and Scientific Institutions" and not under "Miscellaneous."

A history of the development of each branch of government, particularly as it applied to the issuance of reports, has been given. In the text sections the Canadian government style manual¹ has been used as a guide for punctuation and capitalization.

The information given in these sections with a few exceptions, has been obtained from the reports listed in the bibliographical sections. Therefore, no separate bibliography of sources consulted has been compiled. Complete bibliographic notation has been given in the footnotes, not only for information obtained from the publications of the government of the Province of Canada, but for the several sources used which did not form part of the bibliographic sections of this study.

The information obtained from the "acts" quoted in the footnotes were laws passed by four different parliaments or legislatures, namely: the Parliament of Great Britain, the Legislature of Lower Canada, the Legislature of Upper Canada, and the Parliament of the Province of Canada. For those acts passed by the Parliament of Great Britain, the notation "Imperial Act of" precedes the number of the act. Similarly the Lower Canada, the notation "Lower Canada Act of" and for Upper Canada, the notation "Upper Canada Act of" precedes the number of the act. When an act has been quoted in the footnote without any such notation that act was passed by the Parliament of the Province of Canada.

The documents listed in the bibliographical sections of this study constitute one of the excellent primary sources of information for the research person who is interested in either the political growth, economic development, or the social change which took place in the Province of Canada between the years 1841 and 1867. These documents also need to be examined for an understanding of twentieth-century political, economic, and social institutions in Canada. It was during this early period that the foundation for many of the present-day institutions was being laid.

In the political field the main concern of the English-speaking inhabitants of Canada, in 1763, when the country became a British colony, was to have representative and responsible government. A form of representative government was achieved under the terms of the Constitutional Act of 1791. However, not even the framework for responsible government was laid until 1840. But once the framework was laid, the structure began to develop, and by 1863, it was fairly complete. Many of the documents published during this period were concerned with the building of the structure which developed into a departmental system of government. These documents may be divided into two groups: (1) Those concerned with the transfer of certain branches of government from Whitehall to the provincial government, such as reports on Customs, Militia, Post Office, and

¹ Canada, *Style manual for writers and editors* (Ottawa: Queen's Printer, 1962).

Indian affairs. (2) Those concerned with improving the efficiency of the existing branches of the provincial government, such as reports on agriculture, Crown lands, finance, and public works. These reports trace the development of often inefficient boards, under the jurisdiction of a commissioner, into the more efficient departments under the jurisdiction of a minister. This minister was not only a member of the Executive but was also a member of the Assembly. It was this departmental system of responsible government which, in 1867, became the Federal government of the Dominion of Canada.

In the economic sphere, as well as in the political field, changes were being made. As the economy was chiefly agricultural with the population strung out in a thin line from the Atlantic sea-board to the Great Lakes, both the British and provincial governments were concerned with opening the country for settlement. To encourage immigration a number of pamphlets were published by the government on the climate, educational facilities, agricultural pursuits, and industries in the Province. For the settler, pamphlets were published on better methods of cultivation, fruit growing, and improvement to be made in agricultural methods in general.

The Province of Canada was a land of virgin forests, with a supply of good timber. The lumber industry became a thriving industry during this period. However this timber was on Crown land and as a result could not be cut without a license. A number of reports were published on such subjects as, the size of the timber to be cut, what leases had been given for cutting the timber, and which rivers could be used for floating lumber booms.

With a demand to export lumber and to encourage immigration, a system of transportation had to be developed. The Province of Canada was particularly fortunate in having a natural waterway stretching from the Atlantic Ocean to the Great Lakes with very few obstacles. Canals were built to bypass the rapids and shallows. A number of reports were published on the construction of the canals including financing, police patrols, riots along, and surveys of. Two other means of transportation were developed at this time, namely, railroads and roads. These two systems were developed chiefly by private companies, licensed by the government to construct such systems. As many reports concerning railways and roads were published by the government as were published on the canals.

While a few reports were published on mines dealing particularly with surveys and operating licenses, the mining industry did not affect the economy of the Province.

Social changes were also taking place. The Clergy Reserve land, which had come into existence under the terms of the Constitutional Act, was secularized in 1853. The clergy, particularly those of the Church of England, were now no longer a privileged group. These lands were sold and the money was placed at the disposal of the municipal authorities. The seigniorial system of feudal tenure which had been established in Quebec under the French Regime was abolished in 1854. Numerous reports dealing with the disposal of these lands were published.

The foundation for the system of public education as practised in Canada today was laid in 1841. King's College, Toronto, and McGill College, Montreal were given university status. A number of documents dealing with finances, the

building of normal schools to train teachers, instructions for teachers, and the subjects taught at the university were published.

With the growth of population the erection of hospitals, lunatic asylums and penitentiaries became necessary. A few documents were published on the cost of erection, problems of management, and the numbers cared for in such institutions.

In the *Blue book*¹ published for 1867, there is a section called "Education and Scientific Institutions." The scientific institution listed was the Geological Survey. Several special reports on fossil remains were published, as well as an annual report on surveys carried out by the Geological Survey. The founding of scientific institutions in Canada, however, belongs to the twentieth century.

The documents examined covered a period of only twenty-five years. It was however, a period which witnessed many changes not only in the administrative organization of government but in the social and economic spheres as well. It was in this period that the various branches of government were transferred from the home government to the government of the Province of Canada. While this transfer was accomplished in 1861, the problem still remained of making the Executive responsible to the Assembly. When this was accomplished in 1864, the next step to be considered was a federal union of all the British North American Provinces as had been envisaged by Lord Durham in 1838. The foundation for this step was laid with the passing of the British North America Act² in 1867. That year New Brunswick and Nova Scotia joined the Union but Prince Edward Island did not join until 1873.

The departmental system, as developed from 1841 to 1867, by the government of the Province of Canada, became the basis for the government of the Dominion of Canada. The permanent employees at the headquarters of the government of the Province of Canada, from the deputy minister down to the office boy, were transferred to the Federal government.

The provincial governments established by the British North America Act, particularly Upper Canada, now Ontario, and Lower Canada, now Quebec, also benefited by the departmental system. While the headquarters of the various departments became the basis for the new departments at the federal level, a dualism had existed all through the period, and departments, such as Attorney General and Provincial Secretary, which had two assistants, one for conducting the affairs of Upper Canada and one for conducting the affairs of Lower Canada, transferred to the respective provinces. In the field of education, no central office had been established for the Province of Canada. The two branches, one for Lower Canada and one for Upper Canada, had remained quite independent of each other. These two branches simply transferred to the governments of the two provinces in 1867.

From July 1, 1867, all reports were published by authority of one of three governments. For those departments, such as Crown Lands, which transferred to the Federal government, the report covering the period of the government of the Province of Canada January to June, 1867, was published by authority of the Federal government. For those departments, such as education, which had two

¹ Canada (Province). Department of Agriculture, *Blue book: or Statement of the public service in Canada* (Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1868).

² Imperial Act of 30 and 31 Vict., c. 3.

departments throughout the period 1841 to 1867, the reports for the first six months of 1867, were published by the authority of the provincial governments, now named Ontario and Quebec. In order that this study might contain as complete a list as possible of the annual reports relating to the period of the government of the Province of Canada, these reports have been included.

The locations of collections of the documents listed in this study are limited, as these documents have not been photographically reproduced, and relatively few of the originals exist. Thus the research person wishing to use them, must of necessity go to one of the older established libraries. Three such libraries, listed in the "Preface," were chosen for this study. In addition to these collections three other very good collections are located in Ontario, namely: the collection at the University of Toronto Library; Queen's University Library, Kingston; and the Library of Parliament, Ottawa.

CHAPTER II

GOVERNOR GENERAL

The Governor General, appointed by the Queen as the representative for the Crown in the Province of Canada, had his authority defined by the Union Act.¹ He was to have as advisors an executive council, appointed by himself, whose advice he could ignore if he so desired. He was responsible for initiating appropriations and taxation, which the Legislative Assembly could discuss. The Governor could abolish any office of civil administration at any time, or change the amount appropriated to the expense of any office of civil administration.

The Governor was authorized by the Queen to appoint a legislative council of not less than twenty members who would serve for life. A councillor had to be a British subject, be at least twenty-one years of age, and have a character above reproach. The Legislative Council, together with the Legislative Assembly, formed the Legislature, which was responsible for passing the laws for the welfare, peace, and good government of the Province of Canada. However these laws were not official without the signature of the Governor, or under certain circumstances the signature of the Queen. The Governor was responsible for summoning the Legislature, which he was required to do at least once in every calendar year.

The Governor General remained as the representative of the Crown from 1841 to 1867, but changes were gradually taking place which lessened his authority and placed him above party politics. In 1847, when the party in power was defeated in an election, the Governor called in the leaders of the opposition to form a new government. Two years later, as a result of an act² passed on April 25, 1849, the Governor was required to consult the Executive Council on all money matters. Five years later on August 11, 1854, the Imperial Parliament passed an act³ whereby the Union Act might be amended by an act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada to make the Legislative Council elective. The Provincial Legislature took advantage of this and on June 24, 1856, received royal assent to an act⁴ which changed the Legislative Council from an appointed to an elected body. The present incumbents were to serve for life, but forty-eight new members were to be elected in equal numbers from the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada to hold office for eight years.

No annual report was issued by the Governor General. However, numerous despatches between the Colonial Secretary in England and the Governor were issued by the Governor General. These were usually published as the result of a request from the Legislative Assembly. In addition, reports and memoranda dealing with the courts, education, post office, militia, and railways were issued by the Governor General at the request of the Legislative Assembly.

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 12 Vict., c. 5.

³ Imperial Act of 17 and 18 Vict., c. 118.

⁴ Act of 19 and 20 Vict., c. 140.

Besides reports on the topics mentioned above, the University of Toronto, whose property was vested in the Crown in 1853, was required to make certain annual reports to the Governor. These reports have been listed in this chapter, but in a subsection under the heading "University of Toronto."

Since all but three of the reports listed below have the Governor General as author, the reports have been listed in chronological order.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioner of Bankrupts.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, bearing date the 5th ultimo [October] praying that His Excellency may be pleased to direct the proper officer to lay before the house from each of the commissioners of bankrupts appointed in Lower Canada under the ordinance intituled "an ordinance concerning bankrupts and the administration and distribution of their estates and effects," a statement of the official business before him to the present time. . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[25 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1839-1841 (Sydenham).

Return to an address from the House of Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 1st July, 1841 "praying for a copy of all correspondence between Her Majesty's ministers and the Governor General, in relation to any alterations in the scale of duties upon the importation into Great Britain of foreign and of colonial timber, or either." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1839-1841 (Sydenham).

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 13th July, 1841 praying for "copies of the defence or answer of the Honorable John Gauler Thompson, provincial judge of the Inferior District of Gaspé, together with the depositions or affidavits and papers in support thereof, to the accusations or impeachment, voted by the Assembly of the late Province of Lower Canada, against the said provincial judge, the 12th March, 1836, and presented to the then Governor in Chief the 16th of the same month, and copy or copies of and despatch or despatches to the Governor of Lower Canada, from the government in England, disposing of the said accusations or impeachments, or relative thereto." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[50 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1839-1841 (Sydenham).

Return to an address from the House of Assembly of His Excellency the Governor General, dated 4th August, 1841, praying for "copies of all proclama-

tions or instruments issued to erect municipal districts in the late Province of Lower Canada, under the ordinance of the 4 Vict., c. 4, and to fix the number of councillors for every parish or township in each such district, and also for determining the places of meeting of each district council; and also a list of the wardens and other officers appointed in virtue of the said ordinance; and copy of such instructions as may have been given to the above officers concerning their office." [Printed by order of the Legislative Council. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[24 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1839-1841 (Sydenham).

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 5th August, 1841, requesting "that His Excellency will be pleased to direct to be laid before this house, a copy of the despatch of Lord John Russell, Her Majesty's principal secretary of state for the colonies, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th October, 1839, on responsible government,—a copy of that of the 16th October, 1839, to the Lieutenant-Governor of Upper Canada on the tenure of offices in the colonies,—and a copy of so much of that of the 7th November 1839, to His Excellency the Governor General, as relates to this latter subject together with copies of addresses of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada of the 10th and 12th December, 1839, to His Excellency the Governor General, on the same subject, and of His Excellency's answers, to those addresses of the 13th December, 1838, and of the 14th January, 1840, respectively." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[6 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1839-1841 (Sydenham).

Return to an address of the House of Assembly, requesting that His Excellency the Governor General will be pleased to lay before that house, copy of all correspondence passed on the occasion of the dismissal of Robert Berrie, esquire, from his office of clerk of the peace for the district of Gore. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

2 p. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1843-1845 (Metcalf).

Message from His Excellency the Governor General to the Legislative Assembly, relating to the operation of the act for the establishment and maintenance of common schools, 25 October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

23 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1843-1845 (Metcalf).

Return to an address from the House of Assembly, dated 5th October, 1843 praying for "copies of all despatches and communications with the home govern-

ment, relating to the Canada Corn Law and British Possessions Act, since the 2nd March, 1842." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1843-1845 (Metcalf).

Memorandum laid before the Legislative Assembly, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, and referred to in His Excellency's message on the subject of the civil list, presented to the house on the 16th October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[4 p.] table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1843-1845 (Metcalf).

The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, a copy of the report which has been made by the commissioners appointed to consider and report what alterations it may be expedient to make in the practice and proceedings of the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

24 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1843-1845 (Metcalf).

Message from the Governor General, with copies of correspondence relating to the post office in British North America. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[5 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1846-1847 (Cathcart).

Message from His Excellency the Governor General transmitting copies of correspondence relating to King's College university. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1846.

24 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1846-1847 (Cathcart).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house all correspondence which has taken place between His Excellency, his predecessor Lord Metcalfe, and the member of the provincial administration on the one hand, and Louis Edouard Pacaud, commissioner of bankrupts for the district of Three Rivers, on the other, relative to Mr. Pacaud's claim for remuneration and salary for the services by him performed and to be performed under the Act 7 Vict. c. 16 and c. 18. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Correspondence on the subject of the removal of Henry Allen, esquire, from the office of judge of the District Court of the district of London, submitted, by the command of the Governor General to the Legislative Assembly for their information. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1847.

[94 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th July, 1847 and praying his Excellency to cause to be laid before the house copies of the order-in-council of the 20th November 1835, revoking and annulling, in respect of the Vice-Admiralty Court of Lower Canada, the tariff of fees established by the order-in-council of the 27th June, 1832 for the vice-admiralty courts abroad under the authority of the Imperial Statute, 2 Will. IV, c. 51, and of the petition of the Bar of Quebec to Her Majesty, in relation to the said tariff and the said orders-in-council transmitted through His Excellency the late Lord Metcalfe in November, 1843; together with copies of all correspondence and documents in His Excellency's possession, having reference to the establishment of a tariff of fees for the said court. By command. (Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847)

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message of His Excellency the Governor General, communicating despatches on the following subjects, viz:—Magdalen Islands, banking, customs, registry laws, railway acts, Banques des Marchands bill, Great Western and Lachine railroad bills. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[9 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message from His Excellency the Governor General transmitting copies of despatches from the secretary of state, and Lieutenant Governor of Nova Scotia. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

[14 p.] 35cm.

Contents: Copyright—explains the intentions of Her Majesty's government: post office, railway, and trade of British America, inter-colonial trade—transmits a copy of an act passed by the legislature of Nova Scotia: inter-colonial trade—with copies of despatches from the governors of New Brunswick, Prince Edward's Island and Newfoundland.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message from the Governor General submitting the necessity for the advance of £125,000 for public works and credit and £140,000 for expenses of the government—and transmitting schedules. [Printed by order of the Legislative

Assembly. Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1848]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message from His Excellency the Governor General, transmitting despatches from the secretary of state for the colonies on the subject of the emigration of last year. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848]

[21 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of communications from the secretary of state and the Royal Engineer Department, on the subject of erecting an observatory at the port of Quebec. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848]

[6 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 22nd January, 1849; for "copies of all communications between the imperial and provincial government, relative to the proposed removal of restrictions imposed by imperial acts upon the commerce of this province." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[12 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Usuary laws. Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 25th January, 1849; for "all communications which have passed between Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies and His Excellency, upon the subject of the repeal or modification of the usuary laws, and all other documents which may be in the possession of the government relating thereto." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[5 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, the accompanying correspondence with Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, on the subject of immigration and public works. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[6 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of a correspondence on the subject

of the establishment of a general post office system in the British provinces in North America. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of the despatches from Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, enumerated in the annexed schedule. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[54 p.] map (fold.) 36cm.

The despatches were concerned with the proposed trunk line of railway from Halifax to Quebec and the map showed the explored route.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 5th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house copies of the despatches mentioned in the despatch of the Right Honourable Earl Grey to the Right Honourable Earl of Elgin, dated the 9th January last; and all other communications or despatches between the right honourable the secretary of state for the colonies and the Governor General of this province, on the subject of the bill, intituled, "an act to provide for the indemnification of parties in Lower Canada, whose property was destroyed during the rebellion in the years 1837 and 1838." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[9 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of a despatch from Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, communicating Her Majesty's disallowance of an act of the last session, entitled, "an act to amend the Currency Act of the province," also, of sundry communications in relation to that act. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[14 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of a correspondence with Her Majesty's secretary of state, on the subject of two acts passed during the last session of the legislature of this province, entitled "an act to alter the rate at which certain silver coins shall be a legal tender" and "an act to establish freedom of banking in this province, and for other purposes relative to banks and banking." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851; for "a copy of any instrument or instruments issued under the ordinance of Lower Canada 2 Vict., c. 2, for extending the word city or cities to any neighboring districts for the purposes of police; and also, a copy of the commissions of Messrs. McCord and Ermatinger, appointing them respectively inspectors and superintendents of police at Quebec and Montreal. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851; for "copies of all correspondence that has taken place between Her Majesty's government and this province, on the subject of the act of this legislature authorizing a private company to construct a railway between Halifax and Quebec." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[10 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851, for "all information in the possession of the government in reference to the proper gauge to be adopted for railroads to be constructed in this province, as well as the copies of all proceedings and orders-in-council relating to the same." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Message. Elgin and Kincardine. The Governor General transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of a despatch and enclosures from Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, relative to the projected railroad between Halifax and Quebec or Montreal. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[16 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency, the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851 for "copies of all correspondence which has taken place between Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies and the government of this province, upon the subject of the claim of John Arthur Roebuck, esquire, and of all documents accompanying the same." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Canada and New Brunswick boundary. Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd September, 1852; for copies of all correspondence which has taken place between the imperial government, the government of New Brunswick, and that of this province, with reference to the division line between this province and New Brunswick and also of all the reports of the commissioners and surveyors employed in the settlement of this matter since the last report laid before this house by the government, on this subject. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[202 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 31st August, 1852, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a list of persons appointed by His Excellency to be inspectors of elementary schools in Lower Canada, in pursuance of the act of the last session of the last Parliament 14 and 15 Vict., c. 97, showing their profession or calling, their residence, and over what extent of the province each inspector was appointed, the remuneration awarded for each such inspector, and whether such remuneration includes all expenses for travelling etc. contingent to them, or whether they are to be further allowed for such expenses, and how much." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Schedule of despatches accompanying the Governor General's message to the Legislative Assembly of the 31st August, 1852. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

19 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Edicts, ordinances, declarations and decrees relative to the seigniorial tenure, required by an address on the Legislative Assembly, 1851. Quebec: E. R. Frechette, 1852.

337 p. 24cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 6th September, 1852, for "copies of all despatches and correspondence which have passed between the Colonial Office in England, and His Excellency the Governor General, relative to the seigniorial and feudal tenure in Lower Canada, since the last session of the last Parliament; and also, copies of all despatches and correspondence between the said Colonial Office and the government of this province, relative to the

different tenures of land in Lower Canada since it has been under British rule.”
[Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.
[40 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Titles and documents relating to the seigniorial tenure, in return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, 1851. Quebec: E. R. Frechette, 1852.
490 p. 24cm. Western

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Halifax and Quebec railway. Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 31st ultimo [August] praying that His Excellency the Governor General would be pleased to lay before the house, copies of all correspondence between the imperial government and the government of this province, or between any member of the administration of the government of this province and the secretary of state for the colonies, on the subject of the main trunk line of railway between Halifax and Quebec and thence westward through Upper Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[152 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1847-1854 (Elgin).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 8th November last; for a list of claimants for damages alleged to have been caused to the property of individuals by the construction of the Beauharnois Canal; as also copies of all reports of the commissioners of public works, engineers, or others employed to investigate and report on such claims; and a statement showing the names of claimants who have been paid, and by what authority. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1853]

[158 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General.

Correspondence between the French government and the governors and intendants of Canada, relative to the seigniorial tenure, required by an address of the Legislative Assembly, 1851. Quebec: E. R. Frechette, 1853.

34 p. 23cm. Western

Canada (Province) Governor General.

Correspondence between the Colonial Office and the governors of Canada, relative to the seigniorial and feudal tenure, laid before the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, pursuant to special addresses to that effect. Quebec: E. R. Frechette, 1853.

56 p. 23cm. Western

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th December last; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all provincial debentures issued in aid of the Ontario, Simcoe, and Huron Railway Company, shewing in detail the amount and date of each issue, the date of the order-in-council under which such issue was made, and the certificate of work done, on which such application was granted." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[11 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General.

Lower Canada reports. Decisions des tribunaux du Bas-Canada. Seigniorial questions; editors MM. Lellevre et Angers. Printed partly at Quebec by A. Côté and partly at Montreal by Duvernay Brothers, 1856.

2 v. in 3 parts. 24cm.

Vol. A, Pt. I in French; Vol. A, Pt. II and Vol. B in English.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 29th April, 1857, for "copies of any commissions that may have been issued since 1854, appointing commissioners to investigate the accounts of returning officers and deputy returning officers of this province; and also of any complaint or accusation brought against any such returning officer or deputy returning officers." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence between the government and Mr. Justice Draper, relative to his appointment as agent to England on the subject of the Hudson's Bay Territory,—of the commission and instructions given to Mr. Draper,—and of all correspondence between the imperial and provincial governments on the subject of the said territory." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 5th instant [July] for copies of papers relative to the 3rd and 4th articles of the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[11 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Message. Edmund Head. The Governor General transmits, for the information of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, copies of despatches from Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, and other documents, on the subject of the Hudson's Bay Territory. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

16 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd ultimo [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "all correspondence, orders of minutes-in-council, documents and other papers touching or concerning the payment of certain moneys lately made to certain clergymen of the Church of England in this province, or to the society of the said church, said to be claimed as arrears of salary of compensation for alleged past services due to some members of that body; and also copies of any agreement or authority under or by which the said payment was or is to be made—as also the amount of the said payments and how much has been or is to be paid to such clergymen respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Hudson's Bay Company. Edmund Head the Governor General transmits for the information of the honorable Legislative Assembly, copies of correspondence respecting the Hudson's Bay Company. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[23 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Edmund Head the Governor General transmits, for the information of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, copies of despatches from Her Majesty's secretary for the colonies, and other documents relating to the Hudson's Bay Territory. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1859.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence between the Canadian government and that of the United States, on the subject of the surrender by the United States' authorities to those of Canada, of one William H. Tyler, charged with the murder or felonious slaying of Henry L. Jones, in Canadian waters." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[22 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Edmund Head the Governor General transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of correspondence on the subject of pre-payment of letters transmitted by the post between the United Kingdom and Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Message. Edmund Head the Governor General transmits for the information of the honorable Legislative Assembly, copies of despatches from Her Majesty's secretary for the colonies, and other documents relating to the mail service. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1859.

[26 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Message. Edmund Head the Governor General transmits for the information of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, copies of despatches from Her Majesty's secretary of state for the colonies, and other documents relating to the intercolonial Railway. [Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1859.

[26 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Despatches from Her Majesty's secretary for the colonies, and other documents relating to the seat of government, laid by order of His Excellency the Governor General, before the Legislative Assembly, by the Honorable Mr. Alleyn, secretary of the province on the 29th day of January, 1859. [Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1859.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Message from the Governor General, relating to the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[4 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Despatches from Her Majesty's secretary for the colonies, and other documents relating to the union of the British North American colonies, laid by order of His Excellency the Governor General, before the Legislative Assembly, by the Honorable Mr. Alleyn, secretary of the province, on the 2nd day of February, 1859. [Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1859.

[16 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 3rd April, 1860, for all correspondence with the imperial government on the subject of the Canadian tariff, or the Canadian Customs Act. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

26 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Five messages from His Excellency the Governor General, on the subject of the transport of foreign mails by the Canada line of steamships. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

55 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 28th March, 1860; for copy of correspondence which may have taken place in reference to the working of, or the repealing of, the Reciprocity Treaty. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

14 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1854-1861 (Head).

Message. The Governor transmits, for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of despatches from the secretary of state, and other documents, on the subject of the sinking fund. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[33 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly, dated 30th April and 1st May, 1862 "for copies of correspondence with the imperial government relative to military defence of the province." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address, of this day [May 4] for copies of all despatches from the colonial secretary, relating to supplies of arms for the use of the volunteer and militia forces in the colonies. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th June, 1862,— "for copies of despatches relative to supply of arms for the use of the volunteer

or militia forces in the province." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 4th instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of any order-in-council that may have been passed on the subject of providing arms for the defence of the province; and also, for copies of all despatches that may have passed in relation to the same; and also upon the subject of the report of the Militia Commission." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Statement of payments made between the 16th May and 13th Aug., 1863, on the authority of orders-in-council, for which there was no direct legislative authority. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address to the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd September, 1863, for copies of correspondence with imperial government on the subject of militia. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the commission lately issued appointing a Queen's printer." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Message. Monck. The Governor General transmits for the information of the Legislative Assembly, copies of dispatches and other documents on the subject of the Intercolonial Railway. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[36 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 23rd June, 1864, for information respecting barrack accommodation for Her

Majesty's forces. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 10th March, 1864, praying His Excellency to cause, to be laid before the house, "copies of all despatches, correspondence, and other official documents in possession of the government in relation to the claims of Canada within, or the establishment of postal or commercial intercourse with the Northwest Territory, since the date of the last return before this house." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st instant [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all correspondence between the imperial and provincial governments, or between the provincial government, or any department or officer thereof, and Her Majesty's minister at Washington, or any other parties, relative to the recent establishment of a passport system in the United States of America for persons going thither from this province, or to the issue here of passports for such persons, or to any want of qualification on the part of British subjects here naturalized to obtain such passports, or otherwise to the status and rights of such subjects." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th February, 1865, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before that honourable house, "copies of all despatches and correspondence between the imperial and provincial government, on the subject of the passing of the Act 12 Vict., c. 19 intituled, 'an act for the better giving effect, within this province, to a treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America for the apprehension and surrender of certain offenders', and of the Act 24 Vict., c. 6, intituled, 'an act to amend chapter 89 of the *Consolidated statutes of Canada* respecting the extradition of fugitive felons from the United States of America', and also, for copies of all the proclamations published in this province on the occasion of the passing of the said acts." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly dated 15th February, 1865, for copy of all correspondence between the government of

Canada, and the United States, or the British ambassador at Washington and of all despatches from the home government, and orders-in-council, on the subject of the Reciprocity Treaty. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 10th August, 1865; for copies of all correspondence since the beginning of the last session, between the government of Canada and the governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick in relation to confederation of the British North American provinces. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

6 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Resolutions relative to the proposed union of the British North American provinces. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

13 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Governor General, 1861-1868 (Monck).

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, of the 12th June, 1866, asking for correspondence relative to the union of the North American provinces. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

9 p. 25cm.

Gt. Brit. Sovereigns, etc. 1837-1901 (Victoria).

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th April, 1862, for copy of the royal instructions to His Excellency the Governor General. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Upper Canada. Commissioner of the Provincial Steam Dredging Machine.

Report . . . transmitted to the honorable the House of Assembly, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, pursuant to the Upper Canada Statutes 5 Will. IV, c. 39, and 6 Will. IV, c. 46. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[7 p.] tables. 32cm.

UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO

On March 18, 1828, King George IV issued a royal charter to establish at York a collegiate institution with the style and privileges of a university. This institution was named King's College. On April 29, 1839, the House of Assembly

of Upper Canada requested a statement of expenditure on King's College and Upper Canada College. This statement was printed in 1842. The same year other documents were published under the authority of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada. In 1844, a report on King's College and Upper Canada College was published. This report covered the years 1839 to 1842. Two more reports were published for the years 1844 and 1845.

On July 20, 1848, Commissioners of Inquiry were appointed by the University to examine the accounts and other fiscal affairs of the University. The Commissioners did not complete this inquiry until 1851, at which time they published a final report of proceedings. In the meantime an act¹ was passed on May 30, 1849, which changed the name from King's College to University of Toronto. The Act required that the Chancellor would be elected annually in open convocation; the Vice-Chancellor annually by the Senate; but the President would be appointed by the Crown. The Act further required that annual reports on the affairs of the University should be presented to the Governor of the Province of Canada through the Provincial Secretary, by the following bodies: (1) The Caput, of five members, responsible for the general discipline and government of the University in subordination to the Senate, consisting of the President, deans of the three faculties of law, medicine, and arts, and a fifth member appointed annually by convocation. (2) The Endowment Board, responsible for the superintendence and management of the whole property and effects, real and personal of the University, was also to consist of five members, one appointed by the Governor, one by the Senate of the University, one by Caput, one by the College Council and Royal Grammar School, and one by the Masters of the College and Royal Grammar School. (3) Two auditors were to be appointed annually, one by the Chancellor and the other by the Senate, whose duty it was to examine and audit the accounts of the Endowment Board and the University generally.

Another requirement of the Act was that Upper Canada College and the Royal Grammar School, erected in 1837, should become an appendage to the University of Toronto under a separate organization. The College, like the University, was required to present annual reports to the Governor through the Provincial Secretary by the following: (1) the Principal of the College and Royal Grammar School, (2) the Endowment Board of the College and Royal Grammar School, (3) the Auditors of the College and Royal Grammar School. A combined report by Caput, the endowment boards, and the Principal of Upper Canada College was published for the year 1851. The same year, another report was published at the request of the Legislative Assembly by the endowment boards, the auditors, and the Principal of Upper Canada College. A supplementary report was published in 1852.

On April 22, 1853, an act² was passed "to amend the laws relating to the University of Toronto, by separating its functions as a university from those assigned to it as a college, and by making better provision for the management of the property thereof and that of Upper Canada College." Thus the Act divided the University of Toronto into two institutions, one to retain the title University of Toronto, and the other was to be known as University College, Toronto. The

¹ Act of 12 Vict., c. 82.

² Act of 16 Vict., c. 89.

function of the University of Toronto was limited to examining candidates for degrees, conferring degrees, scholarships, etc. University College adopted the courses prescribed by the University of Toronto. The Act required the Senate, which now was responsible for the management and superintendence of the affairs of the University, to present an annual report to the Governor of the Province of Canada. These reports were published from 1854 to 1864. The Council of the University College which was responsible for the government, discipline, conduct and regulation of the College, was also required to submit an annual report to the Governor of the Province of Canada. The Council presented and published an annual report from 1854 to 1864, except for the year 1861.

Upper Canada College and Royal Grammar School now were placed under the jurisdiction of the Chancellor, Vice Chancellor, and Senate of the University of Toronto. This body was required to make an annual report to the Governor of the Province of Canada. These reports were not published. The Governor was responsible for presenting the above reports to both houses of the provincial Parliament.

All property belonging to the University of Toronto or Upper Canada College and Royal Grammar School was now vested in the Crown, and would be administered under order of the Governor in Council by an officer known as the Bursar of the University and Colleges of Toronto. The Bursar was required to make an annual report to the Governor of the Province of Canada. The Bursar made two separate reports: (1) on the University of Toronto, which was published from 1853 to 1861, except for the year 1858, (2) on Upper Canada College, also, published from 1853 to 1861, except for the year 1858, when the Committee on Printing of the Legislative Assembly ordered that the report should not be printed.

Several special reports dealing with the affairs of the university were published.

Serials

Toronto. King's College.

Statement of the affairs of King's College; and also of Upper Canada College, for the years 1839/42-1845. Laid before the Legislative Assembly by command of His Excellency the Governor General. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker] 1844-1846.

3 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1839/42, 1844, 1845.

Toronto. University. Bursar.

Bursar's statement, and accounts, and estimate of income of the university and colleges, at Toronto, 1853-1861. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1854-1863.

8 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1859, 1860, 1861.

Toronto. University. Senate.

Annual report of the Senate of the University of Toronto. Under the Act

16 Vict., c. 89, s. 26, 1854-1864. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855-1865.

10 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862/63, 1864.

Toronto. University College. Council.

Report of the Council of the University College, in terms of s. 37, 16 Vict., c. 89, 1854-1864. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855-1865.

10 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1862, 1863, 1864.

Toronto. Upper Canada College. Bursar.

Bursar's statement and accounts for 1853-1861, also, estimate of income 1856-1858. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1854-1863.

8 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1859, 1860, 1861.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to enquire as to the Affairs and Financial Condition of Toronto University and University College, Upper Canada.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 2nd June, 1862 praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the report of the Commissioners appointed to enquire as to the Affairs and Financial Condition of Toronto University and University College, Upper Canada." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

156 p. 25cm.

Langton, John, 1808-1894.

University question. The statements of John Langton, vice-chancellor of the University of Toronto, of University College, Toronto, and Professor Daniel Wilson, with notes and extracts from the evidence taken before the committee of the Legislative Assembly on the university. Toronto: Rowell and Ellis, 1860.

90 p. 21cm.

Public Archives

Ryerson, Adolphus Egerton, 1803-1882.

University question. The Reverend Dr. Ryerson's defence of the Wesleyan petitions to the legislature, and of denominational colleges as part of our system of public instruction, in reply to Dr. Wilson and Mr. Langton, before a select com-

mittee of the Legislative Assembly. With an appendix containing replies to statements by the Honorable George Brown, reported by Arthur Harvey and revised by the author. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860.

49 p. 25cm.

Public Archives

Strachan, John, Bp. of Toronto, 1778-1867.

Petition of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Toronto, presented to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada on Monday, 6th November, 1843. n.p.

4 p. 35cm.

This petition concerned the re-organization of King's College.

Toronto. King's College.

Documents respecting King's College, laid before the Legislative Assembly by the Honorable Mr. Attorney General Draper, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, on the 7th May, 1846. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

14 p. tables. 35cm.

Toronto. King's College.

Petition from the Honorable Chief Justice Robinson and others being visitors of the university of King's College Toronto, praying that the proposed bills for altering the charter of the said university may not be passed into laws. Presented on Monday, the 17th March, 1845. Also a petition from the trustees of Queen's College at Kingston, praying that the charter of the university of King's College may be amended so as to secure to every section of the community a fair amount of influence in the said institution, and that Queen's College may be incorporated therewith. Presented on Friday, the 17th January, 1845. Printed by order of the honorable the Legislative Council (100 copies). [Montreal] Desbarats & Derbyshire, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, [1845]

5 p. 34cm.

Toronto. King's College.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly of Upper Canada dated 29th April, 1839, "that an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, requesting that His Excellency will be pleased to send down, to this house during the first fifteen days of every session, statements in detail of the year expenditure on King's College, and Upper Canada College." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[9 p.] 32cm.

Toronto. King's College.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th ultimo [February] praying His Excellency would

be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a copy of the ordinance of the Council of King's College, appointing commissioners to inquire into the affairs of the said college, and of the instructions given to the said commissioners, as well as of all other documents having reference thereto." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. 35cm.

Toronto. King's College.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 4th instant [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a tabular return of the names of the medical students who regularly attended the lectures on anatomy, physiology, surgery, medicine, materia medica, and midwifery, in the university of King's College, since its commencement to the present time; specifying, also, how many of these branches each student has regularly attended annually, and how many of such students has matriculated in the said university." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Toronto. King's College.

Sundry documents and accounts on the subject of King's College, education, etc., laid before the Legislative Assembly in compliance with an address to His Excellency the Governor General. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[38 p.] tables. 32cm.

Toronto. King's College. Commission of Inquiry.

Final report of the Commissioners of Inquiry into the affairs of King's College university, and Upper Canada College. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

202 p. 35cm.

Toronto. King's College. Commission of Inquiry.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st July, 1850; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a detailed statement of the amount expended towards defraying the expenses of the Commission of Inquiry into the affairs of the university of King's College, appointed under a statute of the university; and also, a statement of the progress which has been made under such commission, up to the present time." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Toronto. University. Bursar.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause

to be laid before the house, a return, showing:—the number of acres of land originally set apart for the endowment of the University of Toronto, and the Upper Canada College respectively. . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1856]

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1856.

[4 p.]

Toronto. University. Bursar.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 4th March, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “a return of all principal moneys received by the University of Toronto and Upper Canada College, on account wherever, since the passage of the act placing the management of the endowment of those institutions in the government; of the nature of the securities in which any of those moneys have been invested, with a list of the various investments that have, from time to time been made, and a statement of the length of time that any moneys have remained uninvested; and also, a statement showing how much, if any, of those moneys are in the hands of the receiver general, and how much, if any, at the disposal of the university, and under what authority such investments have been made.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Toronto. University. Endowment Board.

Reports of the Endowment Board of the University of Toronto, of Upper Canada College and Royal Grammar School, of the Caput of the University of Toronto, and of the principal of Upper Canada College, for the year 1851. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

41 p. 25cm.

Toronto. University. Endowment Board.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th June, 1851; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “copies of all reports made in duplicate to His Excellency by the Endowment Board of the University of Toronto, and of Upper Canada College and Grammar School, and by the auditors of accounts of those institutions, in compliance with the provisions contained in sections 22 and 23, and 59 and 60 of the University Act of 1849; shewing the state of the property and effect and generally of the fiscal or financial affairs of said university, college, and school, since they were established upon principles ‘to conciliate the confidence and ensure the support of all classes and denominations of Her Majesty’s subjects’; also, copies of all annual reports made by the principal of Upper Canada College, and the Royal Grammar School, shewing their condition and progress, under authority of section 55 of said act, or such of said copies or reports as may have been received by

the government." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[22 p.] tables. 35cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1852.

[8 p.]

Toronto. University. Endowment Board.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th June 1851, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house "a tabular return of the professors and other persons who received salaries, or other emoluments from the late university of King's College, and of the professors and other persons receiving salaries from, or to whom salaries have been assigned in the University of Toronto, up to the present time, distinguishing each year the amount of their respective salaries and emoluments,—the number of students attending each course of lectures,—and whether such students have been matriculated or not,—the fees charged to each student,—the number of lectures delivered each week by each professor, and the number of attendants at each lecture,—the annual income of the university, and whether any and what part of the endowment has been applied to the annual expense, and during what years has any part of the endowment been so applied, and what pensioners are paid out of the funds of the university." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Toronto. University. President.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of the by-laws or statutes which have been presented to His Excellency by the Toronto university, and which have received his sanction, together with a statement of the number and amount of the scholarships, the establishment of which His Excellency has sanctioned, of the names and residences of the persons upon whom they have been conferred; of the number of matriculated and other students in University College, Toronto, their names, residences, and dates of matriculation and the amount charged each student for the several courses of lectures, and the sums actually received for the current year, or terms ending this year." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

[30 p.] 25 cm.

Toronto. University. Senate.

Report of the Senate of the University of Toronto, upon the complaints preferred against the principal and mathematical master of Upper Canada College. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Toronto. University College.

The calendar of University College, Toronto for 1857/58. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1858]

40 p. 25cm.

Magnetical Observatory

The Magnetical Observatory established at Toronto by the Imperial government was placed under the jurisdiction of the Senate of the University of Toronto in 1856.¹ The observatory at the port of Quebec, while built by the provincial government, was under the direction of the Royal Navy. On March 26, 1856, the Legislative Assembly requested a report on both the observatories. This report was published. Thereafter from 1856 to 1864, the report on the observatory at Toronto appeared as part of the report of the Senate of the University of Toronto. No further reports on the Quebec observatory were published by the provincial government. Two special reports on observations at the Toronto observatory were published.

Special Publications

Toronto. Director of Observatory.

Annual reports of the directors of the observatories at Toronto and Quebec 1855. Submitted to the Legislative Assembly, in compliance with the address of the house of the 26th March, 1856. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Toronto. Magnetical and Meteorological Observatory.

Abstracts of meteorological observations made at the Magnetical Observatory, Toronto, Canada West, during the years 1854 to 1859, inclusive. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1864.

xxviii, 136 p. tables. 29cm.

Western

— — Abstracts . . . 1856-62 . . . 1863.

xx, 94 p. tables. 29cm.

Western

¹ *Annual report of the Senate of the University of Toronto 1856* (Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1857).

CHAPTER III

LEGISLATURE

The Legislature of the Province of Canada consisted of two houses, an appointed Legislative Council and an elected Legislative Assembly, the authority of which was outlined in section three of the Union Act¹ as follows:

Her Majesty shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Council and Assembly, to make laws for the peace, welfare and good government of the Province of Canada . . . such laws being passed by the said Legislative Council and Assembly, and assented to by Her Majesty, or assented to in Her Majesty's name by the Governor of the Province of Canada, shall be valid and binding to all intents and purposes within the Province of Canada.

Thus no definite rules of procedure for originating bills, such as is followed in Parliament today, were laid down by the Union Act. Each House drew up its own standing rules and regulations to be followed for the conduct of the affairs of that House, including bills. The Legislative Assembly drew up and published rules and regulations at its first session, in 1841. As the rules were amended frequently there were several editions of standing rules and regulations for the Legislative Assembly. The Legislative Council also drew up and published rules and regulations at its first session. Further editions of these rules and regulations were published in 1851, 1853, and 1858.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Report on the practice of the House of Commons upon private bills: with suggestions for the future regulation of private business in the Legislative Assembly of Canada and an appendix of standing orders. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

74 p. 20 $\frac{1}{2}$ cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Rules and standing orders of the Legislative Assembly of Canada, adopted in the first session of the first provincial Parliament, and revised in the first session of the fourth Parliament. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

48, ii p. 18cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Rules, orders and forms of proceedings of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Laid upon the table of the house 4th May, 1860. Adopted by the house 15th May,

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

1860. Quebec: Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1860.

xxii, 96 p. 19cm.

Added title page in French.

Text in English and French on opposite pages.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Rules, orders, and forms of proceeding of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Adopted by the house, in the 3rd session of the 6th Parliament, and revised in the following session. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1861.

xxii, 100 p. 19cm.

Added title page in French.

Text in English and French on opposite pages.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Standing rules and regulations of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Ordered to be printed. Kingston: G. Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1841.

40 p. 31cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Standing rules and regulations of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Adopted in the first session of the first provincial Parliament (with the amendments subsequently made thereto). Montreal: Derbyshire and Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1844.

36 p. 16cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Standing rules and regulations of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Adopted in the first session of the first provincial Parliament, with the amendments subsequently made thereto. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1850.

46 p. 18cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council.

Rules and regulations for the guidance of the Legislative Council. [Kingston: Robert Stanton, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1841?]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council.

Rules, orders, and forms of proceeding of the upper house of the Parliament of Canada, compiled by Robert Lemoine, esq., barrister at law, clerk assistant of the upper house. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1858.

111 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council.

Standing orders of the Legislative Council of Canada, adopted in the 3rd session of the 2nd provincial Parliament, 10 and 11 Vict., 1847. Toronto: Geo. Brown, 1851.

87 p. 16cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council.

Standing orders of the Legislative Council of Canada, adopted in the 1st session of the 4th Parliament, 16 Vict. 1852-3. Quebec: Bureau and Marcotte, printers to the honorable Legislative Council, 1853.

103, 99 p. 15cm.

103 pages in English; 99 pages in French.

Todd, Alfred, 1819-1874.

A treatise on the proceedings to be adopted in conducting or opposing private bills in the Parliament of Canada; and for the standing orders of both houses in relation thereto, by Alfred Todd, chief clerk of the Private Bill Office, Legislative Assembly. 2nd ed. embracing the latest changes in practice. Montreal: John Lovell, 1862.

vi, 122 p. 19cm.

Western

No copy of the first edition was located.

ELECTIONS

The Legislative Council, appointed by the Governor in the name of the Queen, was to consist of not less than twenty members. A councillor must be twenty-one years of age, a British subject, and was appointed for life. The membership of the Legislative Council could be enlarged on recommendation of the Queen. The Governor appointed one member of the Legislative Council to be the Speaker. In response to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada of September 24, 1852,¹ for an elective Legislative Council, the Imperial Parliament on August 11, 1854, passed an act² to amend the Union Act so that the Legislature of Canada could pass legislation to alter the composition of the Legislative Council. Two years later the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed an act³ which received royal assent on June 24, 1856. By this Act the Legislative Council was to consist of the present members, who had been appointed for life, and forty-eight elected members, twenty-four from Upper Canada and twenty-four from Lower Canada. The machinery used for electing representatives to the Legislative Assembly was to be used for elections to the Legislative Council, except that elections for councillors would be held only every eight years.

The Legislative Assembly was elected with equal representation from the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada. The Governor nominated

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, XI (1852), pp. 197-98.

² Imperial Act of 17 and 18 Vict., c. 118.

³ Act of 19 and 20 Vict., c. 140.

the returning officer, and selected the time and place for holding the election of members. While the Union Act named the electoral districts and the number of members who would represent each district, provision was made for the Legislature of the Province of Canada to alter this representation provided that two thirds of the members of the Legislative Council and two thirds of the members of the Legislative Assembly requested such a change. A member must be legally seised as a free-holder with lands valued at five hundred pounds sterling.

The Union Act required that first meeting of the Legislature was to be held not later than six months after the provinces were united. Thereafter, the Governor was to summon the Legislature at least once in every calendar year. The Legislative Assembly was to continue for four years from the day of the return of the writs choosing it, and no longer, but it could be dissolved sooner if the Governor so desired. A new Speaker must be elected for the Legislative Assembly, after every general election. Eighty-one members were elected to the first Legislative Assembly.¹ This number had increased to one hundred and thirty by 1867.

From 1841 to 1867, eight Parliaments met in twenty-six sessions. The elections for the Legislative Assembly were not always carried on by peaceful methods. Usually a committee was set up to investigate the disturbances. Reports on the findings of these committees were published. In addition to these committee reports, the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery made several returns to the Assembly on the number of votes polled. These reports were also published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Schedule of the notifications made to the speaker of the Legislative Assembly, of vacancies in the representation, and of the resignations of members, during the recess of Parliament, 1841/42, 1842/43. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842-43.

2 v. 34cm.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commission of Inquiry with reference to Returning Officers.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 26th ultimo [March] for the report of the Commission of Inquiry with reference to Returning Officers, together with the accounts of the said returning officers, and all other papers, and documents, relative to the said inquiry. [Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[215 p.] tables. 26cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to investigate the late Election Riots in the City of Toronto.

Report of the commissioners appointed to investigate certain proceedings at Toronto, connected with the election for that city, laid before the house by message

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, I (1841), pp. xi-xii.

from His Excellency the Governor General, dated Kingston, 3rd August, 1841. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[53 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to Investigate and report on the Outrages alleged to have been committed at the General Election in the Counties of Terrebonne.

Report. The Select Committee appointed to investigate and report on the Outrages alleged to have been committed at the General Election in the Counties of Terrebonne, Montreal, Vaudreuil, Beauharnois, Chambly and Rouville. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

60 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Contested Elections.

Minutes of the evidence and proceedings of the select committee on the Sagenay, Argenteuil, Kamouraska and Laval contested elections. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux, 1855.

54 p. 20cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the petition of John William Woolsey.

Report. The select committee to whom was referred the petition of John William Woolsey and others, of the city of Quebec, complaining of the disfranchisement of the largest part of the electors of the said city. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats & Thos. Cary, 1842]

[15 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which were referred the petitions of Peter Leppard.

Report. The select committee to which were referred the petitions of Peter Leppard, of East Gwillimbury, Home District,—the report of the commissioners appointed to investigate certain proceedings at Toronto connected with the late election for the city of Toronto,—and other references and also, the petition of George Monro, Mayor, on behalf of the corporation of the city of Toronto. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats & Thos. Cary, 1842]

[10 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Communication from the clerk of the crown in chancery, enclosing return of the number of votes polled during last election [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[59 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Controverted election for the county of St. Hyacinthe. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865]

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Return from the clerk of the crown in chancery, prepared from the records of the elections to the present Legislative Assembly, showing the aggregate number of votes polled for each candidate, in each county, riding, township, city, town, parish, precinct or division, in which there has been a contest, with the total number polled in each such division, and the number of voters on the voters lists of the same respectively; and also, shewing in contrast the number polled at each of the said polling places, at the general election of 1858, and the population in each constituency, according to the late census, as called for by the order of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, of the 8th April 1862. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1862.

61 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Return from the clerk of the crown in chancery, prepared from the records of the elections to the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, shewing the aggregate number of votes polled for each candidate. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

100 p. tables. 25cm.

Text in English and French.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown in Chancery.

Return from the clerk of the crown in chancery, showing the number of votes polled in each county, etc., for each candidate,—also the total population of each of the said divisions, and the names and designations of the several returning officers. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1855.

[32 p.] tables. 25cm.

Coté, Joseph Olivier, 1820-1882, ed.

Political appointments and elections in the Province of Canada, from 1841 to 1865 . . . 2nd ed. enl. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1866.

vii, 129 p. 23cm.

No copy of the first edition was located.

Patrick, Alfred.

Digest of "precedents or decisions" by select committees appointed to try the merits of Upper Canada contested elections, from 1824 to 1848, inclusive,

by Alfred Patrick, clerk of committees, Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849.

viii, 120, xiii p. 24cm.

— — 2nd ed. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851.

viii, 120, xiii p. 23cm.

PRINTING OF THE RECORDS

The Union Act stated that the English language was to be used for all official records of both the Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly. Documents could be translated into French, but such records were not to be kept with the official records. At the session of 1844/45, when the Speaker of the Legislative Assembly had to turn down a motion written in French because of the above regulation, the Legislative Assembly petitioned the Imperial Parliament to amend section 41 of the Union Act. The Imperial Parliament passed an act¹ on August 14, 1848, which amended the language clause in the Union Act, and allowed the Legislature of the Province of Canada to make such regulations as they deemed advisable concerning the language of the records. As the official records were printed either by the Queen's Printer or were let out under contract to private firms, printing has been discussed under the headings: "Queen's Printer" and "General Printing."

Queen's Printer

The printing of the records of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly presented many problems throughout the whole twenty-six years of the history of the government of the Province of Canada. As seen above, all official documents were to be printed in English. The majority of the population of the former Province of Lower Canada spoke only French. This presented a serious problem, particularly with regard to the laws, since many of the administrators were unable to understand them. To overcome this problem the Legislature of the Province of Canada at the first session of the first Parliament passed an act² which empowered the Governor

to appoint one proper and competent person, versed in legal knowledge and having received a Classical French education, and possessing a sufficient knowledge of the English language, to translate into the French language the laws passed by the Legislature of this Province, or by the Imperial Parliament, relating to or affecting this Province.

Thus two men were appointed, one English and one French, by the Governor, as Queen's Printer. The names of both men always appeared on the Statutes, but they were designated as law printer, not law printers to the Queen. The Queen's Printer was responsible for printing and distributing the Statutes, also for printing the weekly newspaper the *Canada Gazette*.

Laws, statutes, etc.

In the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, the Queen's Printer had been responsible for printing the "Statutes" and "Gazette," so no new

¹ Imperial Act of 11 and 12 Vict., c. 56.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 11.

legislation was passed by the government of the Province of Canada until 1845, concerning the responsibilities of this office. By that time the old system had lost its effectiveness. A new act¹ was passed to provide for the better distribution of the Statutes. This act also required the Queen's Printer to make an annual report to the Governor to be transmitted to the Legislature, which would show the number of copies of Statutes printed and to whom they were distributed. The first such report was issued for 1846. Thereafter the report was published annually, with varying titles, until 1861, except for the years 1857 to 1859, when the Committee on Printing of the Legislative Assembly ordered the report not to be printed.

In 1849, when the legislators felt that the expense of printing the Statutes had grown so great further legislation was enacted, on May 31, whereby only the public acts were to be printed and to have full distribution.² Private or personal acts were to be printed by the Queen's Printer, but at the expense of the parties obtaining them, and such parties were required to furnish one hundred and fifty copies to the provincial Parliament at their own expense. Private acts, needed only to be printed in the English language, if they referred solely to Upper Canada. However, it was enacted³ in 1851, that private and local acts should have the same distribution as public acts. The government would pay for this except for the one hundred and fifty copies which the private party must furnish. Four years later, in 1855, in order to cut expenses, the long preamble to each act was cut from nine to two lines.⁴ No further legislation was passed concerning the Statutes. The Statutes were printed annually for each session of Parliament, except for the second session of the fourth Parliament, when no laws were passed as the Legislature sat only ten days.

Acts passed by the Parliament of Great Britain which affected the Province of Canada were printed by the Queen's Printer. These acts have been listed. In addition to printing the regular Statutes, a number of special compilations were issued. In 1843, a table of the Acts and Ordinances of Lower Canada and the Statutes of Upper Canada was published. In 1845, a revision of the Acts and Ordinances of Lower Canada was published. Eleven years later, in 1856, an index and a table of Statutes for Upper Canada were published. The following year the same information for Lower Canada was issued. In 1859, the *Consolidated statutes for Upper Canada* and *Consolidated statutes for the Province of Canada* were published. In 1861, the *Consolidated statutes for Lower Canada* were published. Four years later, in 1865, a *Synoptical index of the consolidated statutes of Canada and Upper Canada* was published. This index brought the consolidations of 1859, up to 1864, by showing the amendments, which had been promulgated over that five year period.

Serials

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Statutes of the Province of Canada. 1st-8th Parliament. Ottawa: Malcolm

¹ Act of 8 Vict., c. 58.

² Act of 12 Vict., c. 16.

³ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 81.

⁴ Act of 18 Vict., c. 88.

Cameron, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1841-1866.
25 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844/45, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852/53, 1854/55, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863 (2), 1864, 1865 (2), 1866.

Canada (Province) Queen's Printer.

Statement of the distribution of the statutes of Canada, in Upper and Lower Canada for the years 1846-1861. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1846-1862.

10 v. 25cm.

Reports of the years: 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852/53, 1854/55, 1856, 1861.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioners for Revising the Acts and Ordinances of Lower Canada.

Reports of the Commissioners for Revising the Acts and Ordinances of Lower Canada, laid before the Legislative Assembly, by message from His Excellency the Governor, on the 7th December, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[12 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners for the Revision of the Statutes of Upper Canada.

Reports of the Commissioners for the Revision of the Statutes of Upper Canada. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1859.

[36 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Acts relating to the powers, duties and protection of justices of the peace in Upper Canada, passed in the first session of the fourth Parliament of Canada. With a full synoptical index. Published by authority. Quebec: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1853.

xxix, 91 p. 24cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

A collection of some of the most useful acts and ordinances in force in Lower Canada, relating to criminal law and to the duties of magistrates. Published by authority. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1854.

169, xi p. 24cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Code of civil procedure of Lower Canada, from the amended roll deposited in the office of the clerk of the Legislative Council as directed by the Act 29 and 30 Vict., c. 25, 1866. Ottawa: Malcolm Cameron, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1867.

xv, 471 p. 24cm.

French and English on opposite pages.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The Common Law Procedure Act, 1856; the County Courts' Procedure Act, 1856; and the new rules of court with notes of all decided cases directly explaining or otherwise elucidating the statutes and rules: together with an appendix; containing the common law procedure acts of 1857, by Robert A. Harrison. . . . Toronto: Maclear & Co.; London: V. R. Stevens and G. S. Norton, 1858.

lxvii, 829 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The statutes of practical utility in the civil administration of justice in Upper Canada, from the first act passed in Upper Canada to the common law procedure acts, 1856; chronologically arranged and showing such as have been actually repealed or otherwise abrogated, with an index. . . . Edited by Robert A. Harrison. Toronto: Maclear & Co., 1857.

vi, 196 [i.e. 296] p. 21cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The consolidated statutes of Canada, proclaimed and published under the authority of the Act 22 Vict., c. 29, A.D. 1859. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1859.

xi, 1377 p. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The consolidated statutes for Lower Canada. Proclaimed and published under the authority of the Act 23 Vict., c. 56, A.D. 1860. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1861.

vii, 1167 p. 24cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The consolidated statutes for Upper Canada. Proclaimed and published under the authority of the Act 22 Vict., c. 30, A.D. 1859. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1859.

vii, 1228 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The public general statutes which apply exclusively to Upper Canada, as revised in the first instance by the commissioners appointed for that part of the

province and since revised and brought down to the end of the session of 22 Victoria (1858) by the chairman of the commission. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1859. xxxvi, 1087 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The revised acts and ordinances of Lower Canada. Published by authority under the superintendance of the commissioners for revising the said acts and ordinances. Montreal: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1845.

xiii, 716 p. 26cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

An index to the statutes of Canada, from 3 and 4 Victoria to 12 and 13 Victoria, inclusive, 1840 to 1850, comprising all the acts passed, in force and repealed, in Upper and Lower Canada, from the Union Act to the close of the last session. Together with a chronological index, showing the date of receiving the royal assent, by Aemilius Irving. Toronto: Henry Rowsell, 1850.

72 p. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

Index to the statutes in force in Lower Canada, at the end of the session of 1856, including a classification thereof, a revision of the public general acts, and an index to the statutes not in force. Prepared by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857.

xv, 506 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

Index to the statutes in force in Upper Canada, at the end of the session of 1854-5, including a classification thereof, a revision of the public general acts, and an index to the statutes not in force. Prepared by order of the Legislative Assembly, on motion of J. W. Gamble, by G. W. Wicksteed. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1856.

vii, 419 p. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

Table of the provincial statutes and ordinances in force or which have been in force in Lower Canada, in their chronological order showing which of them, or what parts of any of them, are now in force, and by what subsequent acts they may have been amended, continued, repealed or otherwise affected. With a continuation of the index to the statutes in force, etc., to the end of the session of 1857. Prepared by order of the Legislative Assembly, on motion of J. W. Gamble, esq. by G. W. Wicksteed, law clerk of the house, and one of the commissioners

for revising the statutes. Toronto: Stewart Derbshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857.

iv, 184 p. 25cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

Table of the provincial statutes in force or which have been in force in Upper Canada, in their chronological order, showing which of them, or what parts, if any of them, are now in force, and by what subsequent acts they may have been amended, continued, repealed or otherwise affected. With a continuation of the index to the statutes in force, etc. to the end of the session of 1856. Prepared by order of the Legislative Assembly, on motion of J. W. Gamble, by G. W. Wicksteed, law clerk of the house. Toronto: Stewart Derbshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1856.

iv, 147 p. 24cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc. Indexes.

Tables relative to the acts and ordinances of Lower Canada. Published by order of His Excellency the Governor General, under the superintendence of the commissioner for revising the said statutes and ordinances. Kingston: S. Derbshire and G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1843.

140 p. 25cm.

— — Supplement, 1845.

p. 141-175.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to ascertain what Original Bills have been destroyed by the late Fire.

Report. The committee appointed to ascertain what original bills, pending in your honorable house, have been destroyed by the late fire, and to report the course that may be proper to take with respect to such bills, to enable your honorable house to proceed with them from the different stages at which they had arrived. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[2 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire into the State of the Judicial and Parliamentary Records in Lower Canada.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

[14 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire into the System adopted in the Distribution of the "Canada Gazette" and the Provincial Statutes.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Queen's Printer.

Return of the distribution of the consolidated statutes of Canada, for account of the government of Canada. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act for enabling colonial legislatures to establish inland post, 28 July, 1849] Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1849.

[cix]-cxi p. 25cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 12 and 13 Vict., c. 66, 1849).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act for giving effect to a treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America for the apprehension of certain offenders, 22nd August, 1843] Kingston: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1844.

[xlvii]-1 p. 27cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 6 and 7 Vict., c. 76, 1843).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to the carriage of passengers by sea, 30th June, 1852] Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1853.

cxv-clxiv p. 24cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 15 and 16 Vict., c. 44, 1852).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend and consolidate the laws relating to merchant seamen; and for keeping a register of seamen, 5th September, 1844] Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1845.

[xlvii]-xcii p. 27 cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 7 and 8 Vict., c. 112, 1844.)

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend the laws for the regulation of the trade of the British possessions abroad, 16th July, 1842] Kingston: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1842.

xxvii-xxxix p. 27cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 5 and 6 Vict., c. 49, 1842).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend the laws in force for the encouragement of British shipping and navigation] Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1849.

[xcix]-cvii p. 25cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 12 and 13 Vict., c. 29, 1849).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend the law of evidence, 7 August, 1851] Quebec: Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1855.

[255]-260 p. 23cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 14 and 15 Vict., c. 99, 1851).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend the law relating to the carriage of passengers by sea, 14th August, 1855] Quebec: George Desbarats and Malcolm Cameron, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1863.

lxii p. 24cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 18 and 19 Vict., c. 119, 1855).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to amend the Passengers Act, 1855, 13th July, 1863] Quebec: George Desbarats and Malcolm Cameron, 1863.

9 p. 24cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 26 and 27 Vict., c. 51, 1863).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

An act to carry into effect a treaty between Her Majesty and the United States of America, 19th February, 1855. Quebec: Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1855.

[261]-268 p. 23cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 18 Vict., c. 3, 1855).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to empower the Legislature of Canada to alter the constitution of the Legislative Council for that province, and for other purposes, 11th August, 1854] Quebec: S. Derbyshire and G. Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1854.

240-242 p. 23cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 17 and 18 Vict., c. 118, 1854).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

An act to provide for the government of British Columbia, 2nd August, 1858 [Toronto, Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1858]

6 p. 24cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 21 and 22 Vict., c. 99, 1858).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to repeal certain acts and parts of acts relating to merchant shipping, and to continue certain provisions in the said act, 11th August, 1854] Quebec: S. Derbyshire and G. Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1854.

242-252 p. 23cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 17 and 18 Vict., v. 120, 1854).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

An act to repeal so much of an act of the third and fourth years of her present Majesty, to re-unite the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the government of Canada, as related to the use of the English language in instruments relating to the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada, 14th August, 1848. Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1848.

1 p. 25cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 11 and 12 Vict., c. 56, 1848).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to re-unite the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, and for the government of Canada, 23rd July, 1840] Kingston: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1841.

xxiv p. 27cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35, 1840).

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[Merchant Shipping Act] Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1854.

xxvii, 239 p. 23cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 17 and 18 Vict., c. 104, 1854).

Gt. Brit. Treaties.

Treaties between Her Majesty and the United States of America. Signed at Washington August 9, 1842. A treaty to settle and define the boundaries between the possessions of Her Britannick [*sic*] Majesty in North America, and the territories of the United States:—for the final suppression of the African slave trade:—and for the giving up of criminals, fugitive from justice in certain cases. [Kingston: Queen's printer] 1842.

8 p. 27cm.

Legislative

Edgar, James David, 1841-1899.

The Insolvent Act of 1864, with tariff, notes, forms, and full index, by James D. Edgar. Toronto: Rollo and Adam, 1864.

142 p. 18cm.

Western

Hancock, John Webster.

A synoptical index of the consolidated statutes of Canada and Upper Canada with notices of the later acts which affect them; including the session of 1864. The right of translation is reserved. Toronto: W. C. Chewett, 1865.

479 p. 25cm.

Legislative

Upper Canada. Laws, statutes, etc. Consolidations.

The statutes of Upper Canada, to the time of the union. Revised and

published by authority. Toronto: Robert Stanton, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty [1843]

2 v. 27cm.

Contents: Vol. 1, Public acts; Vol. 11, Local and private acts.

Gazettes

The Queen's printer also was responsible for printing the "Gazette," the official newspaper of the government. In the former Province of Upper Canada Robert Stanton, who had been Queen's Printer for that Province, and had issued the *Upper Canada Gazette* from 1826, continued to publish it after the Province of Canada was formed. From October to December, 1841, there was an overlapping of information with the *Canada Gazette*, which started publication on October 2. From January, 1842, to July 1, 1843, Stanton continued to issue the *Upper Canada Gazette*, using the government seal of authority and the title Queen's Printer. However the main information contained in his gazette came from the sheriff's offices, and dealt with bankruptcies. On July 1, 1843, Stanton was ordered by the government to cease using the official seal and the title Queen's Printer.

The *Canada Gazette* was first published on October 2, 1841, and continued as a weekly until June 26, 1869, which was two years after the government of the Province of Canada had ceased. This was the official newspaper of the government, issued by the Queen's Printer. It contained proclamations of the Governor, appointments to government posts, some statutes, tenders for government work, notices of bankruptcy, and militia information. Many of the items appeared in the French language. The place of publication approximated fairly well that of the seat of government. However, when the government moved to Toronto for the third and fourth sessions of the third Parliament in 1850 and 1851, the *Canada Gazette* continued to be published in Montreal. Extras were published in Toronto. They bore the number of the issue published in Montreal, but had their own continuous pagination. Even though the extras were published in Toronto, information appeared in French as well as English. After 1851, when the government moved the extras published were issued from the seat of government.

The Queen's Printer, while not responsible for any publications other than the *Statutes* and *Canada Gazette*, printed numerous other documents for the various departments of the government. These documents will appear throughout this study.

Serials

Canada Gazette. Published by authority. v. 1, no. 1, October 2, 1841-v. 28, no. 26, June 26, 1869. Kingston: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1841-1869.

28 v. 31cm. weekly.

Legislative

Numbers 1-604, October 2, 1841-December 31, 1852, do not show any volume number. The first issue, January 8, 1853, is given a volume number, which is twelve plus an issue number.

The Upper Canada Gazette. v. 1, June 10, 1826 — v. 19, May 1, 1845. By authority.
York, Upper Canada: Robert Stanton, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent
Majesty, 1826-1845.
19 v. 32cm.

Legislative

General Printing

From 1841 to 1859, the printing of the journals, committee and special reports, petitions, returns, etc. of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly was the responsibility of each body acting independently of the other. From 1860 to 1867, a Joint Committee on Printing of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly was responsible for the printing of the journals, annual reports of departments, returns, etc. Thus the history of printing for the Legislature will be dealt with in this study under the following headings: (1) 1841-1859 (a) Legislative Council (b) Legislative Assembly, (2) Joint Committee on Printing of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly.

1. (a) Legislative Council. From 1841 to 1843, the Journals of the Council were printed by the Queen's Printer. At the same time a select committee was set up to look after the printing, but this committee did not make any report to Council. In 1845, the committee reported that tenders would be called for the printing and binding of the Journals, but that the Queen's Printer would be given the contract for the daily printing.¹ The following year the committee decided that the contract for both the daily printing and the session printing should be given to the same firm. This committee further recommended that two hundred and fifty copies of the Journals should be printed in the English language and one hundred and fifty copies in the French language.² Four years later, in 1850, the committee adopted the policy of having the French language copy of the Journals given to a different printer from that of the English language edition.

The next change in policy took place two years later, when the committee recommended that the Journals should be printed in royal octavo form, with the "new small pica type,"³ rather than in the quarto size which had been used up to this time. Marginal notes were to be discontinued. From 1852, the Journals appeared in this new format.

Each year the cost of printing increased. By 1856, the Committee on Printing felt it might be cheaper to call for tenders, who would assume the responsibility for printing the Journals for a period of four years instead of calling for tenders annually. This was done.⁴

Two years later a further change in policy took place. Up to 1858, the duty of the Committee on Printing, which was appointed at each session, had been to call for tenders for printing, give the contracts, and make sure that all documents concerning the council were printed. With the cost of printing still rising, the Legislative Council requested the committee to investigate the possibility of selecting the documents which should be printed. Thus the committee was now charged with the responsibility of examining every petition, return, paper, or document, and rule

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Council, *Journals*, IV (1845), pp. 197-98.

² *Ibid.* V (1846), pp. 110-11.

³ *Ibid.* XI (1852), pp. 206-07.

⁴ *Ibid.* XIV (1856), pp. 144-45.

whether or not it was to be printed.¹ The following year, in 1858, the Legislative Council decided that a joint committee with the Legislative Assembly should be appointed, to consider all government printing. There were no further reports in the *Journals of the Legislative Council* on printing. However, each year the list of members appointed to the Joint Committee on Printing was given.

1. (b) Legislative Assembly. In 1841, the Standing Committee on Printing reported to the Legislative Assembly that they felt the Journals should follow the model of those of the former Province of Upper Canada, namely, quarto in size and with marginal notes.² The job of printing both the daily documents and the session's documents was to be given to one firm. Binding was given to another firm. This distribution of work changed from year to year, depending on what the tenders, called for every session, were prepared to do. The committee, in 1842, requested that a joint meeting of four managers, appointed by the Legislative Council, and four appointed by the Legislative Assembly, should meet to discuss the appendices, which were published with the respective Journals.³ No action was taken on this request. In 1843, the daily Journals in French were printed by the Queen's Printer, but the daily Journals in English as well as both the French and English edition of the Journals for the session were printed by an independent firm. The following year, 1844, the Legislative Assembly ordered that all bills and documents were to be printed in English and French in equal proportions.⁴ The same year a bill was presented which requested that the printing of the Statutes be thrown open to public competition. It was not passed.⁵

The expenses of printing continued to mount, even though tenders were called for each year, and the contract awarded to the lowest bidder. By 1847, the committee felt expenses must be cut and suggested that local or personal bills, relating exclusively to Upper Canada, should not be translated or printed in the French language, unless three members of the House should so demand.⁶ The costs continued upwards. Nothing was done, however, until 1849, when an act⁷ was passed whereby only public acts were to be printed and have full distribution. Private bills were to be printed by the Queen's Printer but the cost was to be borne by the party originating the bill.

In 1851, the Standing Committee on Printing was asked by the Legislative Assembly to inquire into the printing situation, including the cost of the services of the Queen's Printer. As a result of the inquiry, the committee recommended that all reports, which previously had been printed automatically in the appendix to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*, should be reviewed, keeping three things in mind: (1) should the document be printed in full? (2) should the document be printed in abstract only? or (3) should the document be printed at all? These recommendations were accepted.⁸ One of the resolutions of the committee was that the Journals and appendices to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly* should be printed in royal octavo form, the body to be in small pica type

¹ *Ibid.* XVI (1858), p. 111.

² Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, I (1841), p. 74.

³ *Ibid.* II (1842), p. 51.

⁴ *Ibid.* IV (1844/45), p. 84.

⁵ *Ibid.* p. 9.

⁶ *Ibid.* VI (1849), p. 72.

⁷ Act of 12 Vict., c. 16.

⁸ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, X (1851), pp. 352-3.

without leads.¹ This resolution was carried out, and from 1852, the Journals were printed in the new format.

In 1852, the committee recommended that a further division of printing should be made, and tenders should be called for each division, namely: (1) *Orders of the day*, and *Votes and proceedings* in both languages, (2) the bills in English, (3) the bills in French, (4) other documents ordered to be printed and completed before the close of the session, in English, (5) the same in French.²

By 1859, drastic steps had to be taken to reduce printing costs. On March 1, the Legislative Assembly recommended that: (1) one thousand copies of the Journals should be printed, including both languages, (2) five hundred copies in English and two hundred and fifty copies in French, of returns and reports should be printed, (3) no notice of motions of resolutions or amendments should be printed separately, (4) consideration be given to appointing a joint committee of both houses on the subject of public printing.³ The Joint Committee on Printing was established and the proceedings of the fifth, seventh, and eighth meetings were printed in the appendix to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. The printing of public documents now became a joint problem of both houses of the Legislature.

2. Joint Committee on Printing of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly. At its first meeting, the Joint Committee on Printing recommended that one thousand copies of the Journals and appendices be printed.⁴ At the second meeting it was recommended that one contract be let for all the printing of both houses.⁵ This was certainly a change from the policy of division, advocated by the Legislative Assembly in 1852. At the third meeting of the committee quotations were received from tenders on a four, eight, and ten year basis. It was felt by the committee that the cost would be less on a long-term basis.⁶ The contract was let for five years. This proved a wise decision, as the government of the Province of Canada had ceased to exist before the ten year period ended.

The committee now carefully examined the work of the Queen's Printer, and found that much of what he did could be done less expensively by someone else. It was felt by the legislators that the cost of printing, advertising, binding, and stationery required by the government could be largely reduced by placing the whole under one system of management, constantly controlled and regulated by a competent head. On April 30, 1860, a select committee was appointed by the Legislative Assembly to enquire into the work done by the Queen's Printer for the government, the prices charged for the same, and whether the office should be abolished.⁷ The same year the Joint Committee on Printing reported that printing costs had been cut to approximately one half of that expended for the years 1858 and 1859. The policy of not printing many of the reports introduced, prior to the forming of the Joint Committee, by the separate committees of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly, was continued. Furthermore, the annual reports, heretofore often duplicated by both houses, were issued as sessional papers. This was undoubtedly the greatest single factor in reducing the cost of printing. The

¹ *Ibid.* Appendix DD.

² *Ibid.* XI (1852/3), p. 153, 179.

³ *Ibid.* XVII (1859), p. 133.

⁴ *Ibid.* p. 261.

⁵ *Ibid.* p. 279.

⁶ *Ibid.* p. 389.

⁷ *Ibid.* XVIII (1860), p. 281.

report on printing for 1862, showed that the committee felt the new system of printing was a good one. However the problem of the Queen's Printer still remained a thorn in the flesh.¹ This problem, which was to be taken up at a future session of the Legislative Assembly, was never dealt with, as the government of the Province of Canada was absorbed five years later, in 1867, by the government of the Dominion of Canada.

From 1862 to 1866, when the last session of the government of the Province of Canada was held, the matter of printing was routine. At the last session of Parliament, it was recommended that a sufficient number of the departmental reports should be printed for the use of the federal legislature, as well as for the local legislatures of Upper and Lower Canada.

Serials

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Journals of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. v. 1-26. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1842-1866.

26 v. in 30 parts. v. 1-10 35cm; v. 11-26 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Appendix to the Journals of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada. 1st-17th, 1842-1859. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1842-1859.

17 v. in 73 parts. v. 1-10 35cm; v. 11-17 25cm.

Superseded by sessional papers.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Standing Committee on Printing. Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1851-1859.

2 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851, 1859.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council.

Journals of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada. His Excellency the Right Honourable Governor General. v. 1-26, 1841-1866. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1841-1866.

26 v. v. 1-10 36cm; v. 11-26 25cm.

Appendices appear with most of the Journals, and are bound as part of the Journals.

Canada (Province) Parliament.

Sessional papers v. 18-26, 1860-1866. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1860-1866.

9 v. in 33 parts. 25cm.

v. 1-17 were published as appendices to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*.

¹ *Ibid.* XX (1862), pp. 315-16.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Joint Committee on Printing.

Report. 1859-1866. [Ordered printed] Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1860-1866.

7 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1859, 1860, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Indexes.

General Index to the Journals of the Legislative Assembly of Canada in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd Parliaments, 1841-1851, by Alfred Todd, clerk of the Private Bill Office. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: John Lovell, 1855.

575 p. 36cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Indexes.

General index to the Journals of the Legislative Assembly of Canada; in the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th Parliaments, 1852-1866, by Alfred Todd, chief clerk of the Private Bill Office. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1867.

943 p. 36cm.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

At each session of the Legislature, particularly the Legislative Assembly, many problems arose which were referred to a committee to investigate, such as English copyright laws, disasters at sea, sale of intoxicating liquors, etc. The proceedings of the deliberations of these committees were published. The proceedings of select committees, appointed to investigate the work of certain departments of government or certain phases of the work of a department, will be listed with the publications of the department concerned.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to inquire into the Matters and Things set forth in the Petition of Thomas Barnett.

Report of the Committee appointed to inquire into the Matters and Things set forth in the Petition of Thomas Barnett, and to report how far the museum of the petitioner has contributed to promote the knowledge of natural history in Canada and on the continent of America, and how far the science would be advanced by enabling Mr. Barnett to establish a system of exchange with foreign countries of specimens peculiar to Canada for those of other countries. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the best Means of remedying the Difficulties which have arisen in Several Counties of Canada West.

Report. The committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the best Means of remedying the Difficulties which have arisen in several Counties of Canada West, from the informality of the by-laws of the municipal councils imposing county rates. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[18 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to enquire into the Cause of the Disasters which have befallen Ships and Steamers carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom.

Report of the Committee appointed to enquire into the Cause of the Disasters which have befallen Ships and Steamers carrying Passengers from the United Kingdom, and elsewhere to Canada, or to parts adjacent under destination for Canada, in so far as the same may be ascertainable, and to report to the house such measures as they may deem advisable and practicable for the prevention in future of such calamities, and the publishment of persons through whose misconduct wanton loss of life may have been occasioned; with power to send for persons, papers, and records. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860]

8 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to inquire into the Admiralty Tariff of Fees.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[64 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Petition of Charles Cazeau.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[6 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Petition of Duncan Bruce.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Petition of F. C. Capreol.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Petition of Martin McKinnon.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[10 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Private Bills.

Erection of a town hall in the township of Cornwall. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[16 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Three Rivers Cathedral.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Aumond.

Report of the committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Aumond and others, of the county of Ottawa, and other references. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee to whom was referred the petition of Ira Schofield.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the petition of Ira Schofield and others, officers who served during the late war with the United States. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[6 p.] tables. 26cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee to whom was referred the petitions of the Reverend Francis Evans.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the petitions of the Reverend Francis Evans and others, beg leave to submit their first report with the following statement of facts as supported by the evidence contained in the appendix. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[44 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee to whom was referred the returns to addresses to His Excellency the Governor General.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the returns to addresses to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 23rd January last, praying for statements of the income derived by the sheriff of the district of Montreal, and by the crier, and tipstaff of the Court of Queen's Bench for the said district, for the last

five years. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[36 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the Present Condition and State of the Ancient Archives and Public Records of "La Nouvelle France".

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into and report upon the Present Condition and State of the Ancient Archives and Public Records of "La Nouvelle France," of Canada, and of the province of Quebec, remaining in the vaults of the Eveché or Parliament Buildings at Quebec, or elsewhere with a view to the adoption of measures as well for their arrangement and preservation from decay, as to the collection from all accessible, sources whatsoever, of such ancient and authentic records and documents relating to the first settlements of Canada, as, in the opinion of the committee, may cast light upon or be conducive to a full knowledge of its early history, as well as to the general advancement of literature in the Province. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

4 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Effect of the English Copyrights Act.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Effect of the English Copyrights Act, and consequent exclusion of American reprints, and the policy of exclusion as connected with the probable influence on the minds of the rising generation of the province. . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[11 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the State of the Administration of Justice in the District of Montreal.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into the State of the Administration of Justice in the district of Montreal, in the superior courts thereof, with a view of providing for the more efficient administration of justice therein. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[13 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to examine bill (no. 61) to regulate the Sale of Intoxicating Liquors in this Province.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860]

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire as to the best Means of suppressing the Vice of Drunkenness.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1856]

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire into and report upon the Circumstances connected with the Resignation of Henry Can Allan Rapelje.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to inquire into and report upon the Circumstances connected with the Resignation of Henry Can Allan Rapelje, esquire, late sheriff of Norfolk, and the alleged disposal of the said office by the said Rapelje to Lawrence W. Mercer, esquire, and the appointment of said Mercer to the said office. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollò Campbell] 1858.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire whether any, and what Measures can be adopted to repress the Evils growing out of intemperance.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

59 p. tables. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to receive and collect Evidence and information as to the Rights of the Hudson's Bay Company under their Charter.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to receive and collect Evidence and information as to the Rights of the Hudson's Bay Company under their Charter, the renewal of the license of occupation, the character of the soil and climate of the territory, and its fitness for settlement. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[26 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Charges against the late Administration.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855.

346 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Construction of Harbour of Refuge.

Report on the petition of E. Browne and others, relative to the construction of a harbour of refuge at Inverhuron Bay. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Thompson & Co. 1860]

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Matters connected with the Survey of the Township of Canote.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.
[7 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Municipal Statistics.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.
[1 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Ottawa and Georgian Bay Territory.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.
[25 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Colonization of Wild Lands in Lower Canada.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.
[80 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Colonization Road between Quebec and Lake St. John.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Petition of Samuel Gamble, and others, of the Townships of Walpole and Woodhouse.
Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]
[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Prohibitory Liquor Law.
Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858.
[32 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Subject of the Employés in the Different Public Departments.
Return. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.
[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Working of the Laws concerning the Judicature and the Administration of Justice in Lower Canada.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863]

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the bill for the better administration of justice in the general sessions of the peace for Gaspé.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the bill for the better administration of justice in the general sessions of the peace for Gaspé, and to prevent charges upon the treasury of the Province for unnecessary summoning jurors. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the bill to make provision for the legal proof and preservation thereof of certain informal marriages.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the bill to make provision for the legal proof and preservation thereof of certain informal marriages had, anterior to a certain date therein mentioned, before justices of the peace in the inferior District Gaspé, and others, as ratified by an act of the legislature, of Lower Canada, but whereof no register or records have been kept, and for recording the same; including also certain births or baptisms and burials in the said district,—and also the petitions of Benjamin Coffin and others, inhabitants of Gaspé,—of John S. Moriarty, esquire, and others, of Percé, and parts adjacent, in the county of Gaspé,—of the Reverend J. L. Allain and others, of the district, of Gaspé,—and of Isaac Hilgrove Gosset, esquire, of the island of Jersey. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[16 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the bill to reduce and regulate the fees of registrars in Upper Canada.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[16 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Alexander McLeod.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Alexander McLeod, of the township of Stamford, in the district of Niagara, to be indemnified for losses sustained through his imprisonment by the authorities of the United States, in 1840, on a charge of having assisted in the destruction of the steamer "Caroline" [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

4 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Alexis Laframboise.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Alexis Laframboise and others of the city of Montreal, praying for an enquiry into the manner in which the municipal elections for the city of Montreal have been latterly conducted. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the petition of Asa Howard and others, of St. Thomas.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[20 p.] 25 cm.

This petition begged for an act which would grant rights and privileges to physicians of a homopathic school.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Donald Cameron.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Donald Cameron, of the township of Thorah, in the Home District, for the appointment of a commission to investigate alleged injustice towards the petitioner and others, with regard to their lands, by the Executive Council of Upper Canada, together with the report of the select committee of the commons of Upper Canada on a former petition of Mr. Cameron to the House of Assembly. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[2 p.] maps. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petitions of J. G. Tourangeau.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petitions of J. G. Tourangeau, and others, inhabitants of the city of Quebec and its vicinity; of the Mayor and corporation of the said city,—and of Charles Smith and Anthony Anderson, also of the said city of Quebec, esquires, relating to Dorchester Bridge over the river St. Charles, and to the erection of other bridges over the said river, with power to report by bill or otherwise. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

4 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Jacob Glen.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Jacob Glen and others, complaining of the decision of the trustees appointed under the ordinance regulating the communication between Montreal and Chambly, respect-

ing the road between the little river Montreal, and the residence of Rene Boileau, esq., and praying that the said decision be reversed. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[2 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of James Ferrier.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of James Ferrier, esquire, Mayor and others, members of the Municipal Council of the city of Montreal, praying that an act may be passed declaring the proceedings with regard to the election of mayor for the present year (1846) null and void, and empowering the said council to proceed to another election of mayor at the earliest possible period. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[15 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Donegani.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Donegani, the city of Montreal, merchant, praying to be secured in his title to certain property. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[28 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of P. E. Tashereau.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of P. E. Tashereau and others, inhabitants of the district of Chaudiere, praying that some enactment may be passed to alter the manner in which the ordinance establishing district councils is about to be put into operation. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Major John Richardson.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Major John Richardson, late superintendent of police on the Welland Canal, complaining of the sudden dismissal of himself and the force under his command, and praying compensation for losses sustained thereby, as also for the clothing of the said force. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Robert F. Gourlay.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Robert F. Gourlay, of Kingston, complaining of losses, sustained by him at the hands of the

executive government of Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]
[2 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which were referred the petitions of the inhabitants of the counties of Kamouraska and Rimouske.

Report of the select committee to which were referred the petitions of the inhabitants of the counties of Kamouraska and Rimouske, praying that the said localities be united for judiciary purposes, that a resident judge be appointed, and a gaol established. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which were referred various petitions relating to roads in the island of Montreal.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[13 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the petition of Oliver Raymond.

Report of the select committee to whom was referred the petition of Oliver Raymond and others, pilots for and above the harbour of Quebec. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860]

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the subject of the formation of an ice bridge on the river St. Lawrence.

Report of the select committee to whom was referred the subject of the formation of an ice bridge on the river St. Lawrence, above the Richelieu Rapids. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the subject of the formation of an ice bridge over the St. Lawrence at Quebec.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

69 p. maps. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee upon the best Method of relieving the Distress of certain Municipalities.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to inquire concerning the working of the "Municipal and Road Act of 1855" in Lower Canada.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[240 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to inquire into the Causes which retard the Settlement of the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851.

145 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to inquire into the Expediency of Establishing a Provincial School of Navigation at Quebec.

Report of the Special Committee appointed to inquire into the Expediency of Establishing a Provincial School of Navigation at Quebec,—as also the annual expense of a professor, the cost of nautical instruments, books, maps, etc., and the cost of a vessel, by means of which the practical demonstration of this science might be facilitated. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell & Gibson, 1849]

[16 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to inquire into the Management of the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle.

Report of the Special Committee appointed to inquire into the Management of the Quarantine Station at Grosse Isle: and to whom was referred the petition of A. Larocque, esq., on behalf of the Board of Health of the city of Montreal. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell & Gibson, 1847]

[15 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Colonization.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860.

43 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Petition of William Morrison.

Report of the Special Committee on Petition of William Morrison, and others, of the township of Brandon, in the county of Berthier; presented to the house, 26th March, 1845. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[10 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on the Magdalen Islands, and the Western Part of this Province, above Lake Huron.
Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

[76 p.] 3 maps. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on the Subject of a Free Trade with Great Britain in the Agricultural Productions of British North America.

Report of a Special Committee on the Subject of a Free Trade with Great Britain, in the Agricultural Productions of British North America, and of a protection to those productions from the competition of foreigners on the colonial and home markets. Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed. Kingston: Desbarats & Cary, 1842.

40 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the petition of George Macdonell.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the petition of George Macdonell, and others, inhabitants of the Eastern Districts, complaining that the sum of £1,500 voted by the legislature, to repair the post road from Cornwall to the Ottawa, has been misapplied; and, also, the petition of T. Ward, and others of the town of Port Hope, in the county of Durham, in the Newcastle District, relating to a plank road. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

[29 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the petition of the Mayor, aldermen, and citizens, of the city of Montreal.

Report of the special committee, to which was referred the petition of the Mayor, aldermen, and citizens, of the city of Montreal, praying for the revision and amendment of the ordinances incorporating the said city, and for the addition of certain other provisions thereto. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the petition of the Mayor, aldermen, and citizens, of the city of Montreal.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the petition of the Mayor, aldermen, and citizens of the city of Montreal, praying for amendments to the ordinances incorporating the said city, and also various other petitions on the same subject. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[35 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the petition of the Right Honorable the Earl of Mount Casbell.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the petition of the Right Honorable the Earl of Mount Casbell and others, members of the North American Committee of the Colonial Society in London; the petition of the Municipal Council of the district of Niagara, and the return to the address of the house of the 22nd September last, with the several despatches on the subject of the importation of wheat and wheaten flour. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

[12 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the petition of William Lyon MacKenzie.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the petition of William Lyon MacKenzie, acting executor to the estate of the late Robert Randall, of Chippawa. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1853.

195 p. 2 fold. plans. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the statement shewing the disbursements of the receipts arising from the sale of marriage licenses, from 10th February, 1841 to the 31st December, 1842.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to whom was referred the bill intituled "an act to amend the laws relative to the practice of physic, surgery and midwifery in Lower Canada."

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852]

64 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to whom were referred the petition of T. C. Lee.

Report of the special committee to whom were referred, 1st, the petition of T. C. Lee and others, of the city of Quebec, praying for the repeal of the Act 10 and 11 Vict., c. 25, intituled, "an act for regulating the shipping of seamen," etc. 2ndly. The answer to an address of the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, praying for a copy of all correspondence which may have taken place between the Imperial and Canadian governments, and between the latter and individuals with reference to the above act;—3rdly. The supplementary answer of the same date to the same address. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to whom were referred the petitions of the Reverend Messire J. Destroismaisons.

Report of the special committee to whom were referred the petitions of the Reverend Messire J. Destroismaisons and others, of the parish of St. Germain de Rimouski, in the county of Rimouski, and of the Municipal Council of the municipality no. 1, of the said county of Rimouski, and the return to an address of His Excellency the Governor General, dated the first instant [July] for copies of certain correspondence on the subject of the proposed communication either by canal or railroad between the river St. Lawrence and the river St. John. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1850]

[10 p.] maps (fold.) 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Causes which have directed the Trade of the West through the United States.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into the causes which have directed the Trade of the West through the United States, by way of the Hudson and port of New York, and the mode of regaining it, together with an appendix to the same. Printed by order of the Legislative Council. Quebec: Thompson, Hunter & Co., 1861.

26 p. 20cm.

Public Archives

LIBRARIES

The Legislature of the Province of Canada inherited two libraries: (1) the Legislative Council Library of Lower Canada, and (2) the Joint Library of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada. The Legislative Council Library of Lower Canada was to become the nucleus of the Legislative Council Library of the Province of Canada. The Joint Library of the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada was to be divided and the books belonging to the Legislative Council of Upper Canada would become the property of the Legislative Council Library of the Province of Canada, while the books belonging to the Legislative Assembly of Upper Canada would form the nucleus of the library of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada. At the first session of the Legislative Council, a joint committee of the Legislative Council and Assembly was set up to carry out this division.¹ The Legislative Assembly, in 1841, laid down rules and regulations for the administration of the Library, which was to be under the care of the Clerk of the House, who was required to present an annual report.² While an annual report was made to the Legislative Assembly, only four were published. The other reports appeared only as part of the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. The first annual report presented, in 1842, by the Librarian of the Legislative Assembly contained an appendix which gave a list of the books as divided between the Council and Assembly. Subsequent reports contained a list of book received by the Library. The Librarian of the Legislative Council presented a report to the Council each

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Council, *Journals*, I (1841), p. 216.

² Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, I (1841), p. 47.

year. These reports appeared only in the *Journals of the Legislative Council*.

From 1841 to 1852, each library was administered quite independently of the other. In 1852, while each library retained its own librarian, the libraries were amalgamated to form the Library of Parliament. A joint committee of the legislature was set up to administer the Library of Parliament. The Librarian of the Legislative Assembly, who had appended a list of new books to his report, continued to do so.

In addition to the annual report, several catalogues of the holdings of the libraries were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Library.

Report of the librarian on the present state of the library, 1842-1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: R. Stanton, 1842-1850] 4 v. 34cm.

Reports for the years: 1842, 1843, 1844, 1849.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Standing Committee appointed to assist Mr. Speaker in the Direction of the Library.

Report, 1845-46. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846-47]

2 v. 34cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1846.

Special Publications

Adamson, William Agar, 1800-1868.

Letters and addresses presented to the Rev. W. Agar Adamson, D.C.L., chaplain and librarian to the honorable the Legislative Council of Canada. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1856.

24 p. 20cm.

Adamson, William Agar, 1800-1866.

Letters, etc., to the Rev. W. Agar Adamson, D.C.L., chaplain and librarian to the honorable the Legislative Council of Canada. Quebec: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1861.

15 p. 24cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Library.

Catalogue of books in the library of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Desbarats and Cary, 1842.

76 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Library.

Catalogue of books in the library of the Legislative Assembly of Canada.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846.
123, 29, xxi p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Library.

Catalogue of books relating to the history of America, forming part of the library of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Quebec: William Cowen & Son, 1845.

29 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Council. Library.

Alphabetical catalogue of the library of the honorable the Legislative Council of Canada. Authors and subjects. Montreal: James Starke & Co., 1845.

252 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Library.

Alphabetical catalogue of the Library of Parliament: being an index to the classified catalogues printed in 1857 and 1858, and to the books since added to the library, up to 1st March, 1862. Printed by authority. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1862.

313 p. 24cm.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Library.

Alphabetical catalogue of the Library of Parliament: being an index to classified catalogues printed in 1857, 1858 and 1864 and to the books and pamphlets since added to the library up to 1st October 1867. Printed by authority. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1867.

496 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Library.

Catalogue of the Library of Parliament. Printed by order of the Legislature. Toronto: John Lovell, 1857-1858.

2 v. 25cm.

Legislative

Contents: Vol I, General library; Vol. II, Works relating to America, pamphlets and manuscripts. Index to authors and subjects.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Library.

Supplementary catalogue of the Library of Parliament. Books added to the library since 12th February, 1864. Printed by order of the Legislature. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865.

19 p. 24cm.

MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS

A number of documents were published, some by the Legislative Assembly, and some concerning reports, requested by the Assembly, which did not fit into

any of the categories described above. These documents, in the main, were concerned with employees of the Assembly and debates in the Assembly on a variety of subjects, including the confederation of the British North American Provinces. No official debates were published by either house of the Parliament of the Province of Canada.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Copies of correspondence, petitions, and plans, with minutes of council, referring to lot no. 18, in 1st concession of Hallowell, in the case of Stephen Bowerman, as required by the resolution of the Legislative Assembly, dated 26th February, 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[7 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly.

Parochial and township subdivisions of Lower Canada, in return to the annexed address of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: E. R. Frechette, 1853.

152 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

List of returns required from public officers, commissioners, and corporations, by order of the house of 14th September last, which have not been made in pursuance of such order. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

Return. Statement of the officers and servants of the Legislative Assembly at the time of removal from Quebec to Ottawa. Also, statement of the employees and servants of the Legislative Assembly for the session of 1866. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1866]

6 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

Returns from sheriffs of counties in Upper Canada and districts in Lower Canada; and also from police magistrates of cities and towns in the province, received in pursuance of the order of the house of the 8th November, 1854. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[60 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

Statement showing the departments and names of the officers and employees of the Legislative Assembly, and their origin; office or employment; salary or

emolument; tenure of office; first year of service, and by whom appointed to present office. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1862]

[7 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Debates.

Mirror of Parliament of the Province of Canada, from March 20th to June 9th, 1846, being the second session of the second Parliament. Montreal: M. Reynolds, 1846.

228 p. 29cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Parliament. Debates.

Parliamentary debates on the subject of the confederation of the British North American provinces. 3rd session, 8th provincial Parliament of Canada. Printed by order of the Legislature. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., parliamentary printers, 1865.

ix, 1032 p. 25cm.

Western

Caron, René Edouard, 1800-1876.

Correspondence between the Hon. W. H. Draper and the Hon. R. E. Caron; and between the Hon. R. E. Caron and the Honbles. L. H. LaFontaine and A. N. Morin, referred to in a recent debate in the Legislative Assembly, containing many suppressed letters. Montreal: Desbarats and Derbishire, Queen's printers, 1846.

iv, 36 p. 21cm.

Public Archives

Dunkin, Christopher, 1811-1880.

Speech delivered in the Legislative Assembly, by Christopher Dunkin, member for Brome, during the debate on the subject of confederation of the British North American provinces. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865.

64 p. 22cm.

Hincks, Sir Francis, 1805-1885.

Resignation of the Canadian ministry in September, 1854. Speech of the Honorable Inspector General Hincks in the Legislative Assembly, on Friday, the 8th September. Quebec: n.p., 1852 [i.e. 1854]

15 p. 21cm.

Hincks, Sir Francis, 1807-1885.

Documents relating to the resignation of the Canadian Ministry in September, 1854. Speech of the Honorable Inspector General Hincks in the Legislative Assembly, on Friday, the 8th September—address to the electors of South Oxford—Correspondence with Mr. Wilson, M.P.P. for London, Canada West. Quebec: n.p., 1854.

27 p. 21cm.

Western

Morris, Alexander, 1826-1889.

Speech delivered in the Legislative Assembly by Alexander Morris . . . during the debate on the subject of the British North American provinces. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865.

15 p. 22cm.

Public Archives

Thompson, Samuel, 1810-1886.

. . . Mirror of Parliament, being a report of the debates in both houses of the Canadian legislature. 3rd session, 6th Parliament [13th March-19th May, 1860]. n.p.

various pagings. 25cm.

Western

Todd, Alpheus, 1821-1884.

Brief suggestions in regard to the formation of local governments for Upper and Lower Canada, in connection with a federal union of the British North American provinces, by Alpheus Todd, librarian of the Legislative Assembly of Canada. Printed by order. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1866.

15 p. 21cm.

CHAPTER IV

EXECUTIVE

The Union Act,¹ drafted on recommendations made as a result of Lord Durham's investigation into the various governments of British North America, laid the foundation for a departmental system of government, even though it left all appropriation and taxation in the hands of the governor. It was inconceivable at that time that the Executive should be responsible to the Assembly. The members of the Executive were simply the advisors to the Governor, and he could change the amount appropriated for the use of any branch of the Executive, which according to Schedule B appended to the Act consisted of the following branches of service: the Civil Secretaries and their Offices, Provincial Secretaries and their Offices, Receiver General and his Office, Inspector General and his Office, Executive Council, Board of Works, and Emigrant Agent. In addition to the above branches eight thousand and three hundred pounds was set aside for pensions and contingent expenses of public offices which the Governor also controlled.

Over the period of the next twenty-six years (the length of life of the government of the Province of Canada) a number of changes took place, not only concerning the departments of the Executive, but with regard to the position held by the Executive with relation to the government of the Province. The role of the Executive, which in 1841, was simply an advisory body to the Governor, gradually changed until by 1849, it had become a body responsible to the Legislative Assembly.

One of the results of this changed function of the Executive was that the Civil Secretaries and their Offices became the Office of the Private Secretary to the Governor, with many of the duties heretofore performed by it handed over to the Provincial Secretary. The Provincial Secretaries' Offices became the Provincial Secretary's Office, with an assistant secretary for each of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada. The Receiver General's Office carried on as such, but his responsibility was shifted from Whitehall to the Legislature of the Province of Canada. The Inspector General's Office became the Department of Finance in 1859.² The Customs Branch, which at the time of union was under the jurisdiction of the Imperial government, was transferred to the government of the Province of Canada in 1847,³ and was placed under the jurisdiction of the Inspector General.

The Board of Works was changed in 1846, to the Department of Public Works.⁴ The Emigrant Agent and his Office, which was directly under the jurisdiction of the Governor up to 1860, in that year became known as the Emigration

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 22 Vict., c. 14.

³ Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 31.

⁴ Act of 9 Vict., c. 37.

Office, and was placed under the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture and Statistics, a department which had been organized after the union.

The first new department to be established after the union was that of Crown Lands. According to section 42 of the Union Act,¹ all bills concerning Crown lands in the Province of Canada must be sent to England to be laid before the Imperial Parliament before they were assented to by Her Majesty. Thus, a bill passed on September 18, 1841,² by the Legislature of the Province of Canada appointing a commissioner of crown lands received royal assent only on April 27, 1842. In 1860, Crown Lands became the Department of Crown Lands.³ It still, however, was presided over by a commissioner, and not a minister. This department assumed jurisdiction over more branches of government than perhaps any other department. In 1845, the Office of Surveyor General was amalgamated with Crown Lands. Mining Claims and Woods and Forests became the responsibility of this department. In 1857, Fisheries were placed under the jurisdiction of this department and three years later, in 1860, when the responsibility for Indian affairs was transferred from the Imperial government to the government of the Province of Canada, it was placed under Crown Lands.

The Bureau of Agriculture, established in 1852, by an act,⁴ became the Department of Agriculture and Statistics in 1862. This department, like Crown Lands, was given many responsibilities not strictly agricultural.

Two other departments, which at the time of union were under Imperial jurisdiction, were transferred to the government of the Province of Canada. They were: (1) the Post Office, presided over by a postmaster general, which was transferred in 1850,⁵ (2) Militia Department, which was created in 1861, by an Order-in-Council. Heretofore defence had been the responsibility of the Governor in co-operation with the War Department in England.

The Office of Attorney and Solicitor General was established by the Union Act. However, in 1841, it was not considered an office of the Executive, since the salaries of the personnel could be changed only by an act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada, and not by the Governor, as was the case with the other branches of the Executive. However, within a short time this office was listed as a public office along with the other public offices.

The proceedings of the meetings of the Executive were not published. However, reports of commissions established by the Executive to investigate such things as: losses suffered by the rebellion of 1837-38, murder, and fires, were published. In addition to these reports, each department of the Executive published reports concerning the work of the department, which numbered from one for the Attorney General's Office to over fifty for the Department of Finance. These departments will be arranged in alphabetical order according to the name under which they were known in June 1867, when the government of the Province of Canada ceased to exist.

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35,

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 100.

³ Act of 23 Vict., c. 2.

⁴ Act of 16 Vict., c. 11.

⁵ Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 17.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commission of Indemnification.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[18 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commission on Rebellion Losses.

First report of the commissioners appointed to enquire into the losses occasioned by the troubles during the years 1837 and 1838 and into the damages arising therefrom. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

49 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commission on Rebellion Losses.

Reports of the commissioners on the rebellion losses 1837 and 1838. [Printed by authority of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

129 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commission on Rebellion Losses.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of 4th June for a statement of all claims made to the commissioners appointed under the authority of the act of the last session for the payment of losses alleged to have been sustained during the rebellion in the years 1837 and 1838, in that part of the province heretofore called Lower Canada; such statement to contain the names and residences (at the time of the alleged loss) of all claimants; the amount and nature of each claim; the amount awarded, and the evidence on which the several awards were made; the amount, if any, paid to such claimants or any of them; and the amount paid to the commissioners by way of compensation for the duties assigned to them, and for the expenses attending their sittings and also a copy of the instructions given to the said commissioners by the executive government of this province. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[38 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to enquire into the Conduct of the Police Authorities on the Occasion of the Riot at Chalmers' Church.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Conduct of the Police Authorities on the Occasion of the Riot at Chalmers' Church, on the 6th June, 1853; together with minutes of proceedings and evidence taken before the said Commission. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1854.

[130 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Cause of the Fire at the Parliament Buildings.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Cause of the Fire at the Parliament Buildings, on the 1st February, 1854; and the circumstances connected therewith. J. W. Dunscomb and Oliver Fiset, esq. commissioners; George Futvoye, esq. secretary. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[60 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Origin and Cause of the Fire at the Grey Nunnery.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Origin and Cause of the Fire at the Grey Nunnery or "Hospice des Soeurs de la Charite" on the third of May last, and the circumstances of the same. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1854.

[64 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to investigate Losses incurred on the Missisquoi Frontier.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 8th instant, for copies of the report of the Commissioners appointed to investigate Losses incurred on the Missisquoi Frontier, by reason of the late Fenian invasion; and the correspondence and papers relating to the same. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of inquiry *in re* Corrigan Murder.

Report for the years 1857 and 1858. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857-1858.

2 v. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Financial and Departmental Commission.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16 ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a copy of "the commission appointing the commissioners to enquire into the state and condition of every branch of the public service; a copy of the correspondence between the commissioners and the government, or any public department." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[222 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Railway Postal Service Commission.

Report presented to both houses of Parliament by command of His Excellency the Governor General. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1866.

40, 79, 122 p. 25cm.

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR GENERAL'S OFFICE

According to Schedule A, appended to the Union Act¹, provision was made for the payment of the salaries of the attorneys and solicitors general from the consolidated revenue fund of the Province of Canada. Throughout the whole period of the government of the Province of Canada, two departments of Attorney and Solicitor General were maintained, one for Upper Canada and one for Lower Canada. No statutes were passed concerning the duties of these officials. No reports were published from the Office of Attorney and Solicitor General in Upper Canada, and only one report was issued from the Office in Lower Canada.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Attorney General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th March, 1864, for "correspondence with Dr. Beaubien, relating to medical comforts in Montreal jail." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[2 p.] 25cm.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

In 1841, the economy of the Province of Canada was chiefly agricultural. As such, it was natural that the newly created Province of Canada should inherit, from the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, legislation concerning agriculture. This legislation² provided for the establishment of county agricultural societies, with the objective of encouraging better methods of carrying on agricultural pursuits.

On September 18, 1841, an act³ was passed whereby certain acts passed in the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada were to be continued in force for the time being. One such act,⁴ which concerned Upper Canada, was to continue in force until November 1, 1844. However, it was not until March 29, 1845, that a new act⁵ to further encourage the establishment of county or district agricultural societies in Upper Canada was passed. Under section 9 of this act, the secretary of each society, so established, was required to make an annual report to the three branches of the Legislature.

On the same day, March 29, an act⁶ was passed concerning agricultural societies in the former Province of Lower Canada. This act repealed those acts which had been passed by the Legislature of the Province of Lower Canada. The president of the agricultural societies in Lower Canada, like the secretary of the agricultural societies in Upper Canada, was required to present an annual report to the three branches of the Legislature.

In 1845 three agricultural societies in Lower Canada under authority of an act⁷ presented to the Legislature and published reports covering the years 1841 to

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Lower Canada Act of 4 Will. IV, c. 7, and Upper Canada Act of 7 Will. IV, c. 23.

³ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 23.

⁴ Upper Canada Act of 7 Will. IV, c. 23.

⁵ Act of 8 Vict., c. 54.

⁶ Act of 8 Vict., c. 53.

⁷ Lower Canada Act of 4 Will. IV, c. 7.

1844. From 1845 to 1852, the annual reports of the various societies in Upper Canada and Lower Canada were published.

In 1847, two years after the passing of the acts to promote local agricultural societies, it was felt that a central agricultural organization for each of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada should be established, if agricultural interests were really to be promoted. Thus the Lower Canada Agricultural Society¹ and the Agricultural Association of Upper Canada² were incorporated July 28, 1847, with the following objectives: improvement of farm stock and produce; improvement of tillage, agricultural implements, and other like matters; the encouragement of domestic manufactures; useful inventions applicable to agricultural or domestic purposes.

Three years later, on August 10, 1850, an act³ was passed to establish a Board of Agriculture in Upper Canada. The presidents of the several agricultural societies, with seven elected members, were the directors of the Board of Agriculture. The Act required that the board present an annual report to the Legislature. One report was published, for the year 1851/52. The annual reports after 1852 were published as part of the report of the Minister of Agriculture. On August 20, 1851, an act⁴ was passed which repealed the act of 1845, and provided for the better organization of agricultural societies in Upper Canada. This new act required that each local agricultural society should continue to present an annual report, not to the Legislature, as required by the act repealed, but to the Board of Agriculture.

By 1852, there were four acts (10 and 11 Vict., c. 60; 10 and 11 Vict., c. 61; 12 and 14 Vict., c. 73; and 14 and 15 Vict., c. 127) concerning agriculture, all of which had been passed with one objective, that of improving agricultural conditions. Since the local agricultural societies and the two provincial boards had only partly reached the objective, it now was felt that a central agricultural organization for the Province of Canada should be established. Therefore, on November 1, 1852, another act⁵ was passed, which amended and consolidated the above existing acts and provided for the establishment of a Bureau of Agriculture for the Province of Canada. The Governor, as a result of this act, established a Bureau of Agriculture, which was attached to one of the public departments. The head of the public department was known as the Minister of Agriculture, who was also a member of the Board of Agriculture of Upper Canada and the Board of Agriculture of Lower Canada (The Board of Agriculture of Lower Canada was also created by this act⁶ and replaced the Lower Canada Agricultural Society, established in 1847). This act also required that all applications relating to patents for inventions be made to the Minister of Agriculture, instead of to the Provincial Secretary; that the Board of Registration and Statistics be transferred from the Inspector General's Office, and be placed under the chairmanship of the Minister of Agriculture.

The Minister of Agriculture was required to prepare and submit annually to Parliament a detailed and succinct report of his proceedings. The first such

¹ Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 60.

² Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 61.

³ Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 73.

⁴ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 127.

⁵ Act of 16 Vict., c. 11.

⁶ *Ibid.*

report was published in 1855. Each year thereafter, except for the year 1858, a report was published. In addition to the above offices, on June 10, 1857, the Minister became responsible for the newly created boards of arts and manufactures for Upper Canada and Lower Canada¹.

On June 9, 1862, the Bureau of Agriculture was made a separate public department,² to be known as the Department of Agriculture, under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture. From 1862 to 1867, the term Bureau of Agriculture continued to be used for official publications as well as the term Department of Agriculture. For the purpose of this study the term Department of Agriculture will be used for official documents published after 1862.

All matters relative to colonization were to remain under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture for the time being. According to the above cited act, this was done not only to promote agriculture, but to encourage immigration and colonization. Thus the annual report for 1862, contained, in addition to the report on agriculture, a separate section on colonization and another on immigration. In 1865, a further section was added: *The Blue book; or Statement of the public service of Canada*. In 1866, a special report was issued, namely *Report on the medical conference on cholera*. The report published for the half year, January to June 1867, contained only two of the former sections: that on agriculture and the *Blue book*. However, one new section *Tabular statement of the parishes and municipalities of Lower Canada* had been added.

The transactions of the meetings of the boards of agriculture of Upper Canada and Lower Canada were published.

In addition to the various annual reports, a number of special reports dealing with agriculture were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Agricultural Societies.

Reports received from agricultural societies in Upper Canada and Lower Canada, 8 Vict., c. 53 and 54. 1845-1851/52. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1846-52.

7 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851/52.

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture.

Report of the minister of agriculture of the Province of Canada 1855-1867. Printed by order of the Legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1856-1869.

12 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1855, 1856, 1857, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867.

¹ Act of 20 Vict., c. 32.

² Act of 25 Vict., c. 7.

Canadian agriculturist, manufacturing, commercial, and colonization intelligencer; official series of the agricultural board and societies. v. 1-7, 1861/2-1867/8. Montreal: John Lovell, 1862-1868.

7 v. illus., diags. 26cm.

Editor: J. Perrault.

Running title: Agricultural review.

Title varies: 1861/62-1866/67 Lower Canada agriculturist; 1867/68 Canadian agriculturist.

Lower Canada. Board of Agriculture.

Journal of the transactions of the Board of Agriculture of Lower Canada. v. 1-2, 1859-60. Montreal: De Montigny & Co., 1859-61.

2 v. 23cm.

Lower Canada Agricultural Society.

Agricultural journal and transactions of the Lower Canada Agricultural Society. v. 1-5, 1848-1852. Montreal: John Lovell, 1848-1852.

5 v. 24cm.

Upper Canada. Board of Agriculture.

Annual report of the Board of Agriculture of Upper Canada. 1st. 1851/52. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

1 v. 25cm.

Upper Canada. Board of Agriculture.

Transactions of the Board of Agriculture and of the Agricultural Association of Upper Canada. v. 1-6, 1856-1868. Toronto: Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario, 1856-1872.

6 v. tables, illus. 24cm.

Title varies: v. 1-2 Journal and transactions of the Board of Agriculture of Upper Canada.

Contents: Vol. I, 1846-1855; Vol. II, 1856-1857; Vol. III, 1858-59; Vol. IV, 1859-1860; Vol. V, 1860-1863; Vol. VI, 1864-1868.

Special Publications

Anderson, James.

The improvement of agriculture and the elevation in the social scale of both husbandman and operation. Printed by authority of the Board of Agriculture of Lower Canada. Montreal: De Montigny & Co., 1858.

22 p. 23cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture.

The blue book; or Statement of the public service of the former Province of Canada, for the half-year ended 30 June, 1867. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose and Co., 1868.

224 p. 24cm.

This edition of the *Blue book*, as well as those published for the years 1864-1866 appeared as part of the annual report of the Department of Agriculture.

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture.

Canada. A geographical, agricultural and mineralogical sketch. Published by authority of the Bureau of Agriculture. Quebec: "Le Canadien" Office, 1865.
33 p. 20cm. Western

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture and Statistics.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 16th March, 1863, for information respecting distribution of colonization moneys, etc. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.
[54 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture and Statistics.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 15th June, 1866, for "copies of orders-in-council and correspondence relative to importation of cattle." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

9 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire into the Manner in which Moneys voted in 1855 for the purchase of Seed have been expended and refunded.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.
[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Agriculture.

Report of the select committee appointed to enquire into the working of chapter 32, *Consolidated statutes*, relating to agriculture. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860]

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Cultivation of the Vine in Canada.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[17 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Agricultural Instruction.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

64 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on the State of Agriculture in Lower Canada.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[37 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Parliament. Joint Committee on Advancement of Agriculture.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[7 p.] 25cm.

Lower Canada Agricultural Societies.

Reports 1841/44. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

[16 p.] tables. 35cm.

McGee, Thomas D'Arcy, 1825-1868.

The Irish position in British and in republican America. A letter to the editors of the Irish press irrespective of party by the Hon. Thomas D'Arcy McGee, minister of agriculture and emigration, Canada. Montreal: M. Longmore and Co., 1866.

36 p. 21cm.

Public Archives

— — 2d ed. Montreal: M. Longmore & Co., 1866.

45 p. 20cm.

McGee, Thomas D'Arcy, 1825-1868.

Two speeches on the union of the provinces, by Hon. Thos. D'Arcy McGee, minister of agriculture. Quebec: Printed by Hunter, Rose and Co., 1865.

34 p. 25cm.

Montreal Horticultural Society.

Report 1853/54. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1855]

[4 p.] 25cm.

Boards of Arts and Manufactures of Upper Canada and Lower Canada

The Board of Arts and Manufactures for Upper Canada and the Board of Arts and Manufactures for Lower Canada were created by an act¹ passed in 1857. These boards, under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture, were established to encourage and extend the education of the working classes in the useful and ornamental arts. While ten annual reports were published, since they were included in the appendices to the report of the Minister of Agriculture, they were not listed separately. However, the board in Upper Canada published a monthly journal from 1861 to 1868.

On March 29, 1845, an act² was passed incorporating the Montreal Mechanics' Institute. The institute was required to submit an annual statement to the

¹ Act of 20 Vict., c. 32.

² Act of 8 Vict., c. 43.

Legislature, and these were published for the years 1847 to 1851. Two years after incorporating the Montreal Mechanics' Institute the Toronto Mechanics' Institute was established by an act¹ passed on July 28, 1847. No annual report was required, but a statement on affairs could be requested by the Legislature at any time. Two such statements were published. These two institutes were placed under the jurisdiction of the boards of arts and manufactures, when the latter were established. In the annual reports of the boards, a section was devoted to the affairs of the institutes.

In 1851, a Great Exhibition of all Nations was held in London. In 1855, an Universal Exhibition was held in Paris. The Legislature of the Province of Canada was asked, each time, to send exhibits. The decision of what contribution Canada could make was left to a special committee of the Legislature. Several descriptive pamphlets on Canada were published for the Great Exhibition. A competition, with prizes for the best essay on Canada, was held in connection with the Universal Exhibition. The prize winning essays were published.

In 1862, an International Exhibition was held in London. This time the boards of arts and manufactures were responsible for Canada's contribution. The only publication issued for the exhibition was one published by the Geological Survey. Two other exhibitions were held, one at Dublin and one at Paris, for which the boards of arts and manufactures were again responsible for Canada's contribution. The government of the Province of Canada, however, did not issue a single publication for either of these.

Serials

Montreal Mechanics' Institute.

Statement of the affairs of the Montreal Mechanics' Institute, 1847-1851. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1848-1852.

5 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851.

Toronto Mechanics' Institute.

Statement of real and personal property held by the Toronto Mechanics' Institute, 1850-1851. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1851-1852.

2 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1850, 1851.

Upper Canada. Board of Arts and Manufactures.

Journal. v. 1-8, January 1861-February, 1868. Toronto: Printed for the Board of Arts and Manufactures, by W. C. Chewett, 1861-1868.

8 v. illus., tables. 26cm.

¹ Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 102.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Executive Committee for the Paris Exhibition. 1855.

Canada at the Universal Exhibition of 1855. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1856.

463 p. front., fold. map, plans. 25cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Industrial Exhibition.

Report of the committee to whom was referred the message of His Excellency, the Governor General, delivered to your honourable house on the 29th May last, with the accompanying documents on the subject of Industrial Exhibition, to take place in London, 1851. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[18 p.] 35cm.

Elgin, James Bruce, 8th earl of, 1811-1863.

Condition and prospects of Canada in 1854. As portrayed [*sic*] in the despatches of the Right Honorable the Earl of Elgin and Kincardin, Governor General of Canada, to Her Majesty's principal secretary of state for the colonies. Quebec: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1855.

83 p. tables. 25cm.

Western

Publication prepared as a handbook to the Canadian section of the Universal Exhibition, 1855.

Hogan, John Sheridan, 1815?-1859.

Canada and her resources. Two prize essays, by J. Sheridan Hogan and Alexander Morris . . . the first prize being awarded by the Paris exhibition committee of Canada; and the second by His Excellency, Sir Edmund Walker Head . . . 2d ed., with maps. London: Sampson, Low, Son & Co., 1856.

iv, 86, vi, 119 p. 2 fold. maps. 22cm.

The first edition was published in 1855 as separate works under J. S. Hogan & A. Morris listed below.

Hogan, John Sheridan, 1815?-1859.

Canada. An essay: to which was awarded the first prize by the Paris exhibition committee of Canada . . . Montreal: B. Dawson, 1855.

iv, 86 p. front (fold. map) 22cm.

Hogan, John Sheridan, 1815?-1859.

Canada. An essay: to which was awarded first prize by the Paris exhibition committee of Canada. Montreal: John Lovell, 1855.

ix, 110 p. map (fold.) tables. 21cm.

Western

Keefer, Thomas Coltrin, 1821-1915.

The canals of Canada; their prospects and influence. Toronto: Andrew H. Armour, 1850.

iv, 111 p. 20cm.

Western

At head of title: Prize essay.

Written for a premium offered by the Governor General for exhibition.

Logan, William Edmond, 1798-1875.

A sketch of the geology of Canada serving to explain the geological map and the collection of economic minerals sent to the Universal Exhibition at Paris, 1855, by W. E. Logan . . . and T. Sterry Hunt . . . (translated from the French). Paris: Hector Bossange & Son, 1855.

p. [413]-463. 25cm.

Bound with: Canada (Province) Executive Committee for the Paris Exhibition, 1855.

Reprinted at Toronto, John Lovell, 1856.

London. Great Exhibition of all Nations.

A few words upon Canada, and her productions in the Great Exhibition. . . . Published by authority. London: W. & T. Piper, 1851.

12 p. 21cm.

Western

London. Great Exhibition of all Nations.

Report of the commissioners appointed to conduct the representation of Canada, at the Great Exhibition of all Nations, in London. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Morris, Alexander, 1826-1889.

Canada and her resources. An essay to which, upon a reference from the Paris exhibition committee of Canada, was awarded by His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head . . . second prize. Montreal: John Lovell, 1855.

viii, 156 p. maps (fold.) tables. 21cm.

Western

Morris, Alexander, 1826-1889.

. . . Canada and her resources; an essay, to which, upon a reference from the Paris exhibition committee of Canada, was awarded, by His Excellency Sir Edmund Walker Head, Governor General of British North America . . . the second prize. By Alexander Morris . . . 2d ed. . . . Montreal: B. Dawson, 1855.

vi, 119 p. front. (fold. map) 21cm.

Taché, Joseph Charles, 1820-1894.

Descriptive catalogue of the productions of Canada exhibited in Paris in 1855. Translated from the French. Paris: G. A. Pinard, 1855.

[58 p.] tables. 25cm.

Taché, Joseph Charles, 1820-1894.

Sketch of Canada, its industrial condition and resources. Published by order of the executive committee in charge of the Canadian exhibition in session at Quebec. Translated from the French. Paris: Hector Bossange & Sons, 1855.

[84 p.] tables, map (fold.) 25cm.

Central Board of Health

Public health was not a matter of great concern to the government of the Province of Canada until 1849, when, because of general world conditions of famine, and disease in Europe, it was feared that the large numbers of immigrants coming from Europe might cause an epidemic in Canada. Up to this time an act¹ passed on April 16, 1835, by the Legislature of the former Province of Upper Canada had been sufficient to meet any emergencies. By this act the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, would appoint three or more persons for each town to act as health officers. The Governor was also empowered to make rules and regulations concerning the entry and departure of boats and vessels from the different ports, and the landing and receiving passengers and cargoes on board the same. In 1849, the legislators felt this act no longer provided the necessary legislation to meet the impending emergency in public health. Thus on April 25, an act² was passed which provided for the preservation of public health in certain emergencies. By this act the Governor could issue a proclamation regarding public health, when he deemed it necessary. He could also appoint a Central Board of Health, of five members, who would issue the rules and regulations necessary for the maintenance of good public health. The proclamations, as well as any rules and regulations issued, were required to be published in the *Canada Gazette*.

On May 30, 1849, two further acts concerning public health were passed; one concerned the city of Quebec³ and the other the city of Montreal.⁴ No provision was made for an annual report.

The machinery set up by the act passed on April 25, 1849, fortunately did not have to be used until 1853, when a cholera epidemic broke out during the summer. The Governor issued his first proclamation on July 1, and on July 20, issued the rules and regulations drawn up by a Central Board of Health. The proclamation and the rules and regulations were published in pamphlet form. The following year, in 1855, the Central Board of Health published a report.

In 1866, when once more a cholera epidemic appeared imminent the Governor General, on February 20, issued an Order in Council calling together a medical conference, to convene in the Department of Agriculture, for the purpose of studying the disease. The results of this conference were published in both English and French. On April 10 the Governor General declared the act of April 25, 1849, still in force. A Central Board of Health was once again set up. The conference issued one report which appeared as an appendix to the *Report of the Department of Agriculture, 1866*.

¹ Upper Canada Act of 5 Will. IV, c. 10.

² Act of 12 Vict., c. 8.

³ Act of 12 Vict., c. 116.

⁴ Act of 12 Vict., c. 118.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Central Board of Health.

Copy of the proclamation issued by His Excellency the Governor General under the provisions of the Act 12 Vict., c. 8, relative to the public health, and of the regulations adopted by the Central Board of Health in virtue of the said act, to be laid before the Legislative Assembly. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[7 p.] 24cm.

Canada (Province) Central Board of Health.

Report of the Central Board of Health, in return to the annexed address of the Legislative Assembly, 1854. Quebec: John Donaghue, 1855.

27 p. tables. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture and Statistics.

Memorandum on cholera. Adopted at a medical conference held in the Bureau of Agriculture, in March 1866. Printed by authority. [Ottawa] Printed for the Bureau of Statistics, 1866.

34 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

An act respecting the preservation of the public health. [Ottawa] Printed for the Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics, 1866.

10 p. 18cm.

Western

Colonization Roads

According to an act¹ passed on June 9, 1862, all matters relative to colonization were to remain under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture for the time being. This clause must be interpreted, since, on that date, only those matters concerning colonization roads, and not settlement, were under the jurisdiction of the Department of Agriculture. It was on April 1, of that year that the jurisdiction of colonization roads in the former Province of Lower Canada had been transferred from the Department of Crown Lands to the Department of Agriculture.² During the summer of 1862, the management of colonization roads in the former Province of Upper Canada, which had been transferred, in 1854, from the Department of Crown Lands to the Department of Agriculture, were transferred again to the Department of Crown Lands.³ The reports on the building of colonization roads in Upper Canada were published as an appendix to the report to the Minister of Agriculture from 1855 to 1861. On April 1, 1862, the management of Lower Canada colonization roads was transferred from the Department of Crown Lands to the Department of Agriculture. An annual report of progress was published as an appendix to the annual report of the Minister of Agriculture from

¹ Act of 25 Vict., c. 7.

² Canada (Province), Department of Agriculture, *Annual report* (1861).

³ Canada (Province), Department of Crown Lands, *Annual report* (1862).

1862 to 1866. While this report was published as an appendix to the report of the Minister of Agriculture, the supervision of colonization roads in Lower Canada was actually under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Public Works, who drew up the report for the years 1864 to 1866.

Only one report on colonization roads, other than those contained in the annual report of the Minister of Agriculture, was published while these roads were under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Superintendent of Colonization Roads.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of the accounts for 1858, of the expenditure on roads and bridges in Canada West made by David Gibson, esq., superintendent of colonization roads." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

1 p. 25cm.

Only an abstract of the account was published.

Emigration

Emigration (the term should be immigration, but since the term "emigration" was used by the authorities, that is the term which will be used in this study) which had been under the jurisdiction of the Colonial Office, at the time of union, remained there until 1861, when it became a provincial matter and was placed under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture. However, by the Union Act, some of the expenses of emigration were to be borne by the government of the Province of Canada, since out of thirty thousand pounds which the Consolidated Revenue Fund must provide for the public service, seven hundred pounds was for the use of the Emigrant Agent. In addition to the above amount, the legislators, at the first session of the first Parliament, passed an act¹ creating a fund for defraying the expenses of indigent emigrants. The annual report of the Chief Emigration Officer was made directly to the Colonial Office, and thus, until 1854, no annual report was found among the documents of the Province of Canada.

From 1849 to 1854, two reports were published concerning emigration. On February 28, 1855, the Legislative Assembly requested that the annual report be presented to them.² The Governor General complied with the request. Each year from then, until 1860, the reports were presented to the Legislative Assembly by the Governor General and published.

In 1857, a special committee of the Legislative Assembly was set up to investigate emigration. The report of the committee was published. Two years later, in 1859, a Select Standing Committee on Emigration was established to examine the annual report of the Chief Emigration Agent. From 1859 until 1865, this committee published its findings in the appendix to the *Journals of the Legisla-*

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 13.

² Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, XIII (1854-55), p. 605.

tive Assembly. In the report for 1861, the Select Committee recommended that emigration be placed under the jurisdiction of the Minister of Agriculture. This was carried out, and from 1861 to 1866, the report of the Chief Emigration Officer appeared in an appendix to the report of the Minister of Agriculture, and not as a separate report.

The Minister of Agriculture, in his report for 1865, stated that a newspaper entitled *The Canada Emigration Gazette* was to be published three or four times a year, for distribution in Europe, in the hopes of encouraging immigration to Canada.¹ The paper was evidently published, as in the report of the Minister of Agriculture for 1866, the emigration agent in Liverpool stated that he distributed seven hundred and fourteen copies of the gazette.² No copy of the gazette was available for examination, and hence it has not been listed.

A number of special publications were issued in an attempt to encourage emigration to this country.

Serials

Canada (Province) Emigration Office.

Report of the chief emigrant agent 1855-1860. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1856-1861.

6 v. 26cm.

Reports for the years: 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Emigration.

Report 1859-1865. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1859-1865.

6 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1859, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865.

The report for 1860, was published only as part of a larger report issued by the select committee dealing with several problems.

Special Publications

Brockville, Canada. Mayor's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 16th ultimo [October] for copies of two petitions from the Mayor and inhabitants of Brockville and Cornwall, respectively, relative to the transmission of immigrants through the inland waters of the Province. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[4 p.] 25cm.

[Buchanan, Alexander Carlisle] 1808-1868.

Canada 1863, for the information of immigrants. Published by authority. Quebec: Joseph Norbert Duquet, 1863.

49 p. 24cm.

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Agriculture, *Annual report* (1865), pp. 14-15.

² Canada (Province), Department of Agriculture, *Annual report* (1866), Report on emigration into Canada, p. 50.

[Buchanan, Alexander Carlisle] 1808-1868.

Canada, for the information of intending emigrants. By authority. Quebec: J. Blackburn, 1864.

74 p. maps. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

Canada: a brief outline of her geographical position, productions, climate, capabilities, educational and municipal institutions, etc., etc. Published by authority. Toronto, Canada West: n.p. 1857.

24 p. 20cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

Emigration to Canada. Canada: a brief outline of her geographical position, productions, climate, capabilities, educational and municipal institutions, fisheries, railroads, etc. 2d ed. Published by authority. Quebec: John Lovell, 1860.

39 p. 20cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

Emigration to Canada. Canada: a brief outline of her geographical position, productions, climate, capabilities, educational and municipal institutions, fisheries, railroads, etc. 3rd ed. Published by authority. Quebec: John Lovell, 1861.

62 p. map (fold.) 20cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Emigration Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 8th April, 1862; for "copies of instructions given to emigrant agents abroad; reports received from such agents up to the latest date, and the amount of salaries and travelling expenses allowed to them." [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[32 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Emigration Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly for a copy of the report of A. C. Buchanan, esq., on the subject of emigration. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[36 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to consider the Expedience of inviting Emigration from France, Belgium and Switzerland to Canada.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

9 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Causes and Importance of the Emigration which takes place annually from Lower Canada to the United States.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849.

26 p. 35cm.

— — reprint, 1849.

83 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the annual report of the chief emigration agent, and supplementary report of the German assistant at Quebec.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860.

69 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Emigration.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[144 p.] 25cm.

Patents

The laws regarding patents for inventions as applied to Upper Canada and Lower Canada remained in effect until 1849, when the government of the Province of Canada passed an act¹ which applied to the Province as a whole. This act required that applications for patents be made to the Governor. In 1852, this act² was amended to have applications made to the office of the Minister of Agriculture. No provision was made to have the patents published, but each year the Minister of Agriculture, in his annual report, gave a brief summary concerning patents. In 1860, the business of the Patent Office had increased to such an extent it was felt specifications and drawings of all patents issued by the Province should be published. Thus a volume was issued covering patents number 1-258, 1824-1849. In 1865, a second volume was published covering patents number 259-489, 1849-1855.

Serial

Canada (Province) Patent Office.

Patents of Canada 1824-1855. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson 1860-1865.

2 v. illus. 26cm.

Contents: Vol. I, 1824-1849; Vol. II, 1849-1855.

Western

¹ Act of 12 Vict., c. 24.

² Act of 16 Vict., c. 11.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 3rd instant [June] for papers relative to the patent granted to Messrs. Baddely & Gauvreau for cement. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Statistics

On September 18, 1841, an act¹ was passed to provide for the taking of a census of the inhabitants of the Province of Canada in 1842, and every fifth year thereafter. While no provision was made for printing the results, certified copies of census returns were to be laid before both houses at the next session after the taking of the census. In 1842, *Population returns* were issued for Upper Canada for the years 1840 and 1841, and in 1844, for the year 1842. While a report on vital statistics was issued annually until 1857, for Lower Canada, no census returns were published until 1846. On July 28, 1847, a further act² was passed, whereby a Board of Registration and Statistics was to be established under the jurisdiction of the Receiver General, Secretary of the Province, and the Inspector General as chairman. This act required that the first general census should be taken during the months of February and March 1848, and in the same months in 1850, and every five years thereafter. The report of the 1848, census was destroyed by fire on April 25, 1849. However, an appendix to the report was published.

The census, which was to be taken in 1850, was not taken until 1851/52. The returns of this census were printed along with several reports concerning the returns. In 1852, the Minister of Agriculture replaced the Inspector General as chairman of the Board of Registration and Statistics. The next census took place, not in 1855, but during 1860/61. The returns from it were published during 1863/64.

In the report of the select committee of the Legislative Assembly of 1865, on vital statistics, the committee urged that a better system should be set up for obtaining the information concerning vital statistics. No mention was made of publishing such returns.

Serials

Canada (Province) Bureau of Agriculture and Statistics.

General statement of baptisms, marriages and burials [Lower Canada] 1837/40-1857 [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: G. Desbarats & Thos. Cary] 1842-1858.

16 v. tables. 33cm.

Reports for the years: 1837/40, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851/52, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857.

The reports for the years 1858-1867 were ordered not to be printed.

¹ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., v. 42.

² Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 14.

Upper Canada. Census.

Population returns of the late Province of Upper Canada. 1840-1842. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats & Thos. Cary] 1842-1844.

3 v. tables. 32cm.

Returns for the years: 1840, 1841, 1842.

1842 return entitled: Upper Canada census and statistical return.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Appendix to first report 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1849.

81 p. tables. 35cm.

The report itself was destroyed by the fire of April 25, 1849, which razed the Parliament Buildings.

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Census of the Canadas 1851-52. Presented to both houses of Parliament by command of His Excellency. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853-55.

2 v. tables. 25cm.

Contents: Vol. I, Personal census; Vol. II, Agricultural produce, mills, manufactories, houses, schools, public buildings, places of worship, etc.

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Census returns for 1852. Lower and Upper Canada:—Population by origin, religious census, and agricultural census. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1853.

[130 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Population of Upper and Lower Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[13 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Recapitulation, by districts and counties, of the returns of the enumeration of the inhabitants of Lower Canada, and of the other statistical information obtained in the year 1844, under provincial Act 7th Vict., c. 24. Montreal: Stewart Derbishire & George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1846.

[125 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Registration and Statistics.

Report of the secretary of the Board of Registration and Statistics, on the census of the Canadas for 1851-52. 1st-2nd reports. Printed by order of the board. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853-54.

2 v. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Agriculture and Statistics.

Census of the Canadas 1860-61. Quebec: S. B. Foote, 1863-1864.

2 v. tables. 25cm.

Contents: Vol. I, Personal census; Vol. II, Agricultural produce, mills, manufactories, houses, schools, public buildings, places of worship, etc.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Registration of Births, Marriages and Deaths in Upper Canada.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865]

[5 p.] 25cm.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS

Section 42 of the Union Act¹ stated that all legislation passed by the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada which concerned waste lands of the Crown, must be sanctioned by the Parliament of Great Britain, before Her Majesty could give royal assent to such legislation. On September 18, 1841, the first bill concerning public land in the Province of Canada was passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada. It received royal assent on April 27, 1842.² This Act required that the Commissioner of Crown Lands should provide the government with lists of receipts and expenditure, sales of property, every six months, also lists of land for sale. These lists were not published.

On the 17th of March, 1845, an act³ was passed whereby the Office of Surveyor General was consolidated with that of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. The duties of that officer were vested in the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

In 1853, a new Public Lands Act⁴ was passed which abolished all previous acts concerning public lands. This act did not require an annual report from the Commissioner of Crown Lands. From 1842 to 1853, various returns were requested by the Legislative Assembly. These were published.

In 1855, a resolution was passed by the Legislative Assembly whereby the Commissioner of Crown Lands was requested to issue an annual report. The first report was published for the year 1856. Thereafter a report was published annually until 1866. The report published for the year 1856, contained a list of surveys which had been made from 1763 to 1856. It also contained a list of public lands which came under the management of the Crown Lands Department, namely: "In Lower Canada: Jesuits' Estates, Crown lands, Clergy lands, Crown Domain and Seigniorship of Lauzon; in Upper Canada: Crown lands, Clergy lands

¹ Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 100.

³ Act of 8 Vict., c. 11.

⁴ Act of 16 Vict., c. 159.

and School lands; in General account: Woods and forests, and Mining locations, and though not yet forming a subject of account, Provincial Fisheries.”¹ However, the next year, in 1857, in the annual report, there was a report on fisheries. Two new sections also appeared, namely: *Surveys, Upper and Lower Canada*; and *Colonization roads, Upper and Lower Canada*. The section entitled *Colonization roads, Upper and Lower Canada* was a misnomer, since in 1854, the jurisdiction for colonization roads in Upper Canada had been transferred from the Crown Lands Department to the Bureau of Agriculture. This jurisdiction remained with the Bureau of Agriculture until the summer of 1862, when the Crown Lands Department once more took over the colonization roads in Upper Canada. However on April 1, 1862, colonization roads in Lower Canada were transferred from the Crown Lands Department to the Department of Agriculture. Settlement along the roads remained under the jurisdiction of the Crown Lands Department.

Ordnance lands, which at the time of union, had remained under the jurisdiction of the Imperial government, were transferred to the government of the Province of Canada, and placed under the authority of the Commissioner of Crown Lands, by an act² passed on June 19, 1856. In the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for 1858, a section was devoted to *Ordnance lands*.

Another section appeared in the 1859, annual report, namely, one dealing with the necessity of a map for Canada. The map was published with the annual report for 1860.

On April 23, 1860, a further act³ was passed, which changed the name, from Crown Lands Department to the Department of Crown Lands. This act required the Commissioner of Crown Lands to issue an annual report of proceedings, transactions and affairs of the Department.

In 1860, the management of Indian affairs was added to the duties of the Commissioner. Three years later the report on the estate of the late John Caldwell was included in the annual report.

Gold was discovered in Canada in 1864. On June 30, an act⁴ was passed regulating the mining of gold. The administration of this act was placed under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. In the Commissioner's report for January to June 1864, a further section was included, that on *Gold mines*.

The *Gaspé oil lands* and *Mineral lands* of Upper Canada appeared as further sections to the report for 1865. The final report on Crown lands issued by the Province of Canada was for 1866. A report on all the above sections, with the exception of the *Gaspé oil lands*, appeared. The report for the half year January to June 1867, was issued as part of the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands for the Province of Ontario for 1867.

A number of special reports were published by the Department of Crown Lands. These reports, which have as author: Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department or after 1860, Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands, will be arranged in chronological order.

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Crown Lands, *Report* (1856).

² Act of 19 Vict., c. 45.

³ Act of 23 Vict., c. 2.

⁴ Act of 27 and 28 Vict., c. 9.

Serials

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Report of the commissioner of crown lands of Canada 1856-1866. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1857-1867. 11 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/65, 1866.

— — Appendix to report of the commissioner of crown lands, 1856, 1859. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1856-1859. 2 v. 25cm.

The appendix for 1856 is 32cm and contained 8 folded maps.

Special Publications

Assiniboia District.

Memorial of the people of Red River to the British and Canadian governments with remarks on the colonization of central British North America, and the establishment of a great territorial road from Canada to British Columbia. Submitted to the Canadian government, by Sandford Fleming. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

59 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to enquire into the State and Organization of the Crown Land Department.

Report. [500 copies ordered printed. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846] [88 p.] tables, diagr. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Papers laid before the Legislative Assembly, pursuant to the 24th clause of an act promulgated the 17th May, 1840, intituled "an act to provide for the disposal of public lands in the province." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[50 p.] 28 tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address to the Governor General from the House of Assembly, dated the 17th August, 1841, "praying His Excellency to lay before them, the report of the commissioners appointed to report upon the state of the settlers and improvements in the township of McNab in the Bathurst District with any other information which it may be in His Excellency's power to give, touching the difficulties and complaints said to exist between the McNab, and the settlers in his township." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[43 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to the Governor General, bearing date the 27th ultimo [October] praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be paid before the house, a tabular return of the several agents and other persons employed by the commissioner of crown lands, during and subsequent to 1840, and who are accountable to the government for the receipt of moneys in that department; designating the name of the agent or other person employed, the date of his appointment, whether on the permanent establishment or for a temporary occasion, the amount outstanding in the hands of such agent on the 1st September of each year inclusive, and the reason of the detention thereof, the salary, percentage or other emolument receivable by such persons. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Abstract from the report of the commissioner of crown lands, of his journey to the Saguenay, dated 27th September 1845. [Montreal: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, Queen's printer] 1845.

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the administrator of the government, dated the 3rd instant [April] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "a copy of the petition on which was grounded the order-in-council directing the sale of lots nos. 10 and 11, north side of Water Street, in the town of Cornwall, together with a copy of the said order-in-council; also copies of the report of the district agent, and of the commissioner of crown lands, touching the same; and copies of letters and documents addressed by John S. MacDonald, esquire, to the government on the subject, and of the replies thereto." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th ultimo [May] praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before them, "a copy of all correspondence between the provincial government, the Crown Land Department, and G. R. Burke, esquire, of Bytown, in respect to the appointment or refusal of that gentleman to the office of agent for the sale of clergy reserves." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "all papers and documents in relation to the grant of land in certain parts of Upper Canada, for mining purposes; together with all rules and regulations, adopted by the executive government, or the Crown Land Department, in relation to such grants of land." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[38 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "a return of the amount paid for the expenses of the Crown Lands Department for the years 1845 and 1846; together with the amount of cash received for the sale of crown lands during each of the above years, with a contingent account, shewing the amount paid for postage, law opinions, and other items:—also, the amount expended for Registrar's Office, and other departments, or for any other purpose connected with the sale of lands in any other part of the province; and from what sources the deficiency is made up to pay those expenses—" By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [July] praying for copies of all documents relating to the purchase of the Honorable Peter McGill's house, at present occupied by the Crown Lands Department. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th February 1849. Copies of petitions and applications of Alexander Morrison, of Niagara, regarding lot 71, township of Niagara, and copies of the surveyor general and crown land commissioners' reports, and the division of the executive government upon the several petitions on this matter; and also, copies of affidavits and letters referring to the purchase of lot 71, in the township of Niagara, by Alexander Morrison. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[15 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th ultimo [February] praying His Excellency to

be pleased to cause the proper officer to lay before the house, a return of all village lots sold in Rawdon, county of Leinster, the number of each lot, to whom sold, date of sale, and how and when paid; also, the names of persons claiming pre-emption, the number of lots so claimed, and a list of what lots are not yet sold. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an order of the Legislative Assembly of the 16th March, 1849, for a list of the several parishes, seigniories, townships, or other divisions, comprising the several electoral divisions of this province, as now constituted. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[10 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return of the counties, cities and towns in Upper Canada, showing the contents of each township in acres, and the population, in each, by the census of 1859. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851]

[6 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 25th July, 1850; praying for copies of all correspondence between the executive government and the Trinity House, or the harbour master at Quebec, or the corporation of that city, on the subject of the enlargement of the Quebec Lower Town market place. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[7 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 31st August last, for a list of all persons employed under the Office of Crown Lands, both within and without the said office, including the agents of the seigniories belonging to the crown in Lower Canada, showing their names, profession, residence, the nature of their duties respectively, their yearly stipend, and the sums allowed to them for contingent expenses, or the cases in which they receive a per centate on the sums which they collect; what extent of land each local agent has under his management, and the date of their appointment to office respectively. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1852]

[10 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd September, 1852; for "copies of instructions given by the Imperial government to the governors, lieutenant governors, or administrators of the government of Lower Canada, relative to grants by way of reward or otherwise; and also to the sales of uncultivated crown lands in Lower Canada." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[27 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 30 September, 1852 to His Excellency the Governor General, for "a return of all lands alienated from the crown without valuable consideration, since 1st January, 1851,—shewing the quantity and locality of object for each such grant, the names of the parties to whom made, and the object which it was so made." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 14th September last: for statement of moneys in hands of the commissioner of crown lands, and for tariff of fees collected in his office. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [September] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a copy of any lease or patent, leasing the Rondeau, including, fishing grounds to John Prince, esq., Queen's council; and of the orders-in-council authorizing said lease, the petition, if any, and any correspondence, on file, in the Executive Council Office, or Crown Land Department, relative to the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, on the 16th October, instant, for all orders-in-council, departmental orders, papers, advertizements, and documents, relating in any way to the sale, by public auction or otherwise, of certain crown property at Point Levy, in which certain members of the present or late Executive Council were concerned or alleged to be interested. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address for copy of correspondence between the Crown Land Department and Mr. P. M. Pacaud, relative to the road from Chester and Lake Aylmer. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[14 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 7th instant [March] for copies of correspondence in relation to the school lot at Drummondville. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[24 p.] plan (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 25th September, 1854 praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before this house a statement in detail of the objects to which the sum of £60,000 (or any part thereof) appropriated in the session of 1852/53, for opening up the waste lands of the province, has been applied. By order. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Statement of sums expended out of the grant of £30,000 voted towards aiding the settlement of vacant lands in the crown in Lower Canada, under the Act 16 Vict., c. 155 and c. 156. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1855.

52 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Report of the progress of settlement in the townships of Lower Canada during the year 1855, by T. Boutillier. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1856.

71 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly asking for copies of all documents containing accusations against Alexander Daly, esquire, crown land agent for the county of Leinster, from 1st June, 1854, to the 1st of January 1856; and also, the replies, answers in justification offered by the said Alexander Daly to the said accusations; and lastly, all the correspondence which has taken place during the above mentioned period between the government and the said Alexander Daly, and any other persons in relation to the conduct of the latter as a public officer.

Also, for copies of all detailed accounts furnished by the said Alexander Daly to the government, of the expenses incurred for the exploration of a road in the township of Chertsey. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856

[71 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th ultimo [February] representing that "the 1st and 2nd clauses of the 12th Vict., c. 200, entitled, 'an act to raise an income of one hundred thousand pounds out of the public land of Canada for common school education,' enact that all moneys that shall arise from the sale of any of the public lands of the province shall be set apart for the purpose of creating a capital which shall be sufficient to produce a clear income of £100,000 per annum, to form a public school fund, and that the said fund shall not be alienated for any other purpose whatever, but shall be and remain a perpetual fund for the support of common schools, and the establishment of township and parish libraries." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[7 p.] tables. 26cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Boundary line between Canada and New Brunswick. Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th March last for copy of correspondence relative to the boundary line between this province and the Province of New Brunswick, and all other documents asked for by the address. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[156 p.] maps (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a list of the names of all crown land agents in Upper and Lower Canada, who have neglected to make the returns required by law; and also, of such agents as are now in arrear." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 14th April, 1856, for copies of all licenses granted by the government or its agents in the townships of Acton and Durham; and of all correspondence had relative to such licenses during the last two years. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[11 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated the 5th ultimo [May] for copies of all correspondence, reports and orders-in-council, in relation to the purchase of certain beach and water lots, by Henry Lemesurder, Charles Sharples, William Walker, Jr., Henry Pemberton, Denis Bogue, and others, in the fief Sillery, near Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[86 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th June, 1856; for copy of all correspondence relative to the charge made by the commissioner of crown lands in his place, in Parliament, against the auditor of public accounts. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of any reports made by commissioners appointed to enquire into the conduct of the late John Clarke, as agent for public lands in Huron, and copy of any representations or reports from the commissioner of crown lands to the executive government, relative to the conduct and accounts of Thomas Baines, late an agent for public lands at Toronto, together with a list or schedule of crown land agents in both Canadas, defaulters, or in arrear, and showing the sums they are severally thus due and in arrear for." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

115 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 4th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all lands sold to the Hudson's Bay Company, showing the locality where such lands are situated, and the quantity of land held by said company by virtue of said sale—the terms of said sale, and how far said terms have been complied with, and, if any, what lands have been patented to said company—the date of said patents, and the terms of sale;—also, for a return of all lands leased to the Hudson's Bay Company, the quantity of lands so leased, and the locality, or location where situated, the date of lease, and the terms upon which such lease has been granted, and how far said terms have been complied with." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the honorable Legislative Assembly, dated 16th March, 1857, requiring copies of any charters, leases, or other documents, under which the honorable Hudson's Bay Territory, or any maps relating thereto in the possession of the government. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857]

75 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30 ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "all papers and correspondence connected with the sale of the town plot of Grennock, Bruce County, containing one thousand acres, more or less, without being offered to public competition." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[14 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of the applications and letters of Edward Malloch, for leave to purchase lot 18, 3rd concession Rideau, front of the township of Gloucester, and lot 18 in the Gore between the 2nd and 3rd concessions of said township; reports of the honorable the commissioner of crown lands made thereon respectively; also, copies of all petitions heretofore sent to the government by any other person for the purchase of the same; reduction of price or rent paid on the same; and of all certificates of surveyors or others relating thereto; and of reports of the honorable the commissioner made therein, respectively and submitted from time to time to the governor-in-council; and of all receipts in the possession of the government for payment of rent on said lots by any occupant thereof, together with all orders-in-council made thereon, respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of 27th ultimo [May] for copy of correspondence relative to the leasing, purchasing or disposal of lot 15 in the 1st range of the township of Hull, Lower Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General; dated the 27th ultimo [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all papers and documents connected with

the grant of the south half of lot no. 21 concession 12, Innisfil, together with any references from the Heir and Devisee Commission, and of reports from the Crown Lands Department, in reference thereto, and of any order-in-council referring to the said half lot, or declaring any forfeiture thereof." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return relative to the proceedings which have been taken by the government on the first report of the commissioners appointed by them to inquire into the conduct of the late John Clark, agent for public lands in the county of Huron; also, for a copy of any further reports which may have been made by the said commissioners relative to lands in the counties of Huron and Bruce; and a return of all moneys paid to the said commissioners, and of all claims made by them for their services;—specifying the amount paid to each commissioner, and for what particular purpose or service, with a statement of the default, if any, of said agent as such." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th March, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return showing the amount of the defalcation or default of Thomas Baines, late agent for public land sales in York County; what steps have been taken to recover the amount of said default or embezzlement; whether any false or fraudulent returns were made to any department of the government by said agent, as regards moneys by him received, or lands leased or sold, together with such information and reports in the power of the Crown Land Department to give, as may enable that house fully to understand the proceedings taken by or on behalf of or concerning said defaulter, or others said to have been concerned with him. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd May, 1857 praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a "return showing the amounts received separately in the various counties of Upper Canada, during the past three years, for land sales, and similar statement in regard to Lower Canada,—with the expenses of management of each section for the same year." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 16th March 1859; "for copies of regulations and instructions relative to squatters." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 16th March last, for financial statement of crown lands, Register Office, ferry licences, and seignior of Lauzon, etc. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a detailed statement of the balances outstanding on the 31st December, 1858, from crown land agents, with the dates when said balances accrued." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copy of the commission and letter of instructions under which Mr. Allen Neil McLean has recently been appointed as inspector of crown or clergy reserve lands' sales in Upper Canada; also, for information as to the duties of the said Allen Neil McLean, and the remuneration to be given to him." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return shewing, in detail, the lands sold to the Elgin Association, the lots for which patents have been issued, the payments made on account of the purchase money; the balance remaining due and unpaid, the moneys collected and received from any source by the officers of the association and how the same have been applied." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Co.] 1861.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant, "praying His Excellency

to cause a copy of the lease of the Goderich Harbour, issued to the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company and all petitions, applications, correspondence, reports, orders-in-council, and any other documents relating thereto, to be laid before this house." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[14 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before that honorable house, "copies of all orders-in-council, and reports relative to the Manitoulin islands, during the year 1861." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return (in whole) to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 1st September, 1863, for "information respecting free grants of land on colonization roads." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th September, 1863, for "information respecting colonization roads." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 21st ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house,—“a statement, with plans and description of lands (if any) leased, sold, or agreed to be leased or sold to the Hudson’s Bay Company, or the agent, on the north shore of Lakes Huron and Superior, with copies of all orders-in-council, and correspondence (if any) had with the company or their agents, regarding such lands.” By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

24 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Present Method of Disposing of Crown, Clergy and School Lands.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Present Method of Disposing of the Crown, Clergy and School Lands, the amount collected and paid, from year to year, into the public revenue, or any other fund, from the proceeds thereof,—expenses attending the same, and from what fund paid, includ-

ing the receipt and expenditure of the territorial revenue,—with power to report on the best method of appropriating the proceeds of the said lands. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[28 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to examine and report upon the Present System of Management of the Public Lands, and the various Dues arising therefrom, together with the Present Mode of Selling, Leasing, and otherwise Disposing of the same.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1855.

[186 p.] 25cm.

DeBoucherville, G. B.

The "Credit Foncier" by G. B. DeBoucherville, annexed to the report of the special committee appointed by the Legislative Assembly, 3rd March, 1863, to enquire into the expediency of establishing it in Lower Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

174 p. tables. 25cm.

French, Thomas P.

Information for intending settlers on the Ottawa and Opeongo road, and its vicinity, by T. P. French, crown land agent, published with the approval of the Honorable Joseph Cauchon, commissioner of crown lands, and the Honorable P. M. Vankoughnet, president, Executive Council and minister of agriculture. Ottawa: Canada West, n.p., 1857.

36 p. 19 cm.

Public Archives

Wells, Alphonse.

Report on the boundary line between the provinces of Canada and New Brunswick; with an appendix. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Desbarats and Derbishire, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1844.

69 p. maps (6 fold.) 35cm.

Wells, Alphonse.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a copy of the report made by Alphonso Wells, on the line of division between the two sections of this province which formerly constituted the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, with such information and documents as His Excellency may think proper to communicate with regard to the said line. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

15 p. 35cm.

Upper Canada. Legislature.

Proceedings had in the Legislature of Upper Canada, during the years 1831-2 and 3; on the subject of the lands set apart by His late Most Gracious Majesty King George the Third, for the purpose of schools; together with sundry despatches and documents relative to the same subject. Montreal: Desbarats & Derbishire, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1845.

48 p. 22cm.

Western

Clergy Reserves

Clergy Reserves, one of the underlying causes of the rebellion in Upper Canada, 1837/38, were left to the government of the Province of Canada to deal with. When Upper Canada was created a separate province by the Constitutional Act¹ of 1791, a certain portion of land in every township was set aside for the support and maintenance of the Protestant clergy. Before long the clergy of the Church of England felt they had the sole claim to the revenue from this land. Feelings ran high until in 1837 rebellion broke out. In 1840, the Imperial government, in an attempt to settle the problem, passed an act² which repealed section 36 of the Constitutional Act and authorized the sale of clergy lands, under the jurisdiction of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. However, no sales took place from 1841 to 1846. The problem still remained unsettled. On May 9, 1853, the Imperial government passed a further act³ whereby the jurisdiction of Clergy Reserves was transferred to the government of the Province of Canada. The following year the provincial government passed an act⁴ whereby Clergy Reserves were secularized, with the proviso that certain sums of money be set aside for payment to religious bodies over the next twenty years. Other monies went into municipal funds to be used for various municipal expenses.

No annual report was published on Clergy Reserves. A number of special reports were published between 1842 and 1858. After 1858, reports on Clergy Reserves were published as part of the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Special Reports

Bethune, A. N. Archdeacon of York.

List of the clergy and widows, in the diocese of Toronto, drawing their stipends from the proceeds of the clergy reserves' fund, appropriated to the Church of England in Upper Canada, October 31, 1854. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[4 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 19th April, 1858; for statements relative to crown and clergy lands, disposed of by the crown in the

¹ Imperial Act of 31 George III, c. 31.

² Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 78.

³ Imperial Act of 16 Vict., c. 21.

⁴ Act of 18 Vict., c. 2.

township of Wentworth, county of Argenteuil. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[6 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 18th October, 1854, for a statement of the amount of unpaid instalments of the lands known as clergy reserves in Upper or Lower Canada, which have been sold, but not patented, including arrears of interest. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[16 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 21st ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "a copy of an order-in-council of the 17th September, 1845, and an order or instruction to the commissioner of crown lands dated 18th November, 1845, relative to clergy lands; with a list of persons who have purchased clergy lands from 17th September, 1845, to 1st April, 1846, with the particulars of the sale, and whether charged with rent or interest; and further, a copy of the rules and regulations of the Crown Land Department, by which the public are excluded from the public office, except on special application." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[14 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th February last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return of,—the total number of acres of clergy reserves which have been sold, giving the yearly sales and average prices per acre . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[16 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to that part of an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th February last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return showing the amount of the fund realized, or to be realized from sales of clergy reserve lands, already made, and the quantity of lands called clergy reserves, remaining unsold on the 31st day of December last, in each section of the province. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

1 p. tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Statement of clergy reserves sold, and of the amount paid on each lot, in the several districts in that part of this province formerly constituting the Province of Upper Canada, as they appear upon the books of the land department of the Province of Canada, 30 June, 1841. [Toronto: R. Stanton, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1842]

84 p. tables. 35cm.

Legislative

Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc.

[An act to authorize the legislature of the Province of Canada to make provision concerning the clergy reserves in that province, and the proceeds thereof, 9th May, 1853] Quebec: Stewart Derbshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1853.

[2 p.] 24cm. (Gt. Brit. Laws, statutes, etc. 16 Vict., c. 21, 1853)

Fisheries

Fisheries were one of the important industries of the Province of Canada, particularly in the district of Gaspé. At the first session of the first Parliament, an act¹ was passed regulating the fishing trade in the district of Gaspé. The grand juries of that district were responsible for carrying out the rules and regulations laid down by the above act and also for making temporary and local regulations.

The subject of fisheries was discussed at every session of Parliament, and numerous acts were passed concerning it, but only a few special reports were published.

On June 10, 1857, an act² known as the Fishery Act was passed. This act repealed all former acts and required the Governor in Council to appoint two superintendents of fisheries, one for Upper Canada and one for Lower Canada. From 1857 to 1866, the superintendents presented annual reports on fisheries. These were published in an appendix to the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. A select committee of the Legislative Assembly was appointed to report on the operation of the Fishery Act. This committee published three reports between 1859 and 1864.

On August 16, 1858, another act³ was passed, whereby the Commissioner of Crown Lands was responsible for carrying out the regulations regarding fisheries.

No annual report on fisheries in general was published, but Pierre Fortin presented numerous reports, dealing with fisheries in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, between the years 1852 and 1865.

Serials

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Annual report of Pierre Fortin, magistrate in command of the expedition for the protection of the fisheries in the Gulf of the St. Lawrence during the season,

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 36.

² Act of 20 Vict., c. 21.

³ Act of 22 Vict., c. 86.

1852-1865. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1853-1866.

7 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1852, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1864, 1865.

Report for 1861, was published as an appendix to the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Working of the Fishery Act.

Report. 1859-1864. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859-1864.

3 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1859, 1860, 1864.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd April, 1861, for statement of bounties paid to Canadian fishermen, and the number of vessels which have been entitled to the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[3 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands. Fisheries Branch.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 9th June, 1864; for "information respecting the number of American vessels engaged in the fisheries of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, in Canadian waters, their average tonnage, the average number of hands on board, etc." [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1864.

[2 p.] table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Fisheries.

Report of the committee to which were referred the state of the fisheries carried on in the Gulf of St. Lawrence and on the Labrador coast, by inhabitants of this province, the disadvantages under which they labor, the best means of removing the same and the expediency of legislative encouragement for such fisheries, in what respect and how. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852]

[32 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Petition of Antoine Talbot.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[10 p.] 35cm.

This petition dealt with the protection of fisheries off Labrador.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which were referred the entries in the Journals of the Legislative Assembly relating to the salmon fisheries in the Inferior District of Gaspé.

Report of the special committee to which were referred the entries in the Journals of the Legislative Assembly, of the 5th October, 1842, relating to the salmon fisheries in the Inferior District of Gaspé, with an instruction to continue the inquiry relative to the said fisheries. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Gt. Brit. Convention.

Fisheries on the coasts of Newfoundland and Labrador. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly Canada, Province. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[80 p.] 25cm.

Indian Department

Indian affairs remained under the jurisdiction of the Imperial government from 1841 to 1860. The Governor General's secretary was *ex officio* Superintendent General of Indian Affairs during this period. When a report concerning various aspects of Indian affairs was requested, it was issued under the name Indian Department.

The only reports which might be considered annual reports, during the period 1841 to 1860, were two published for the years 1845 and 1846.

The first act¹ to be passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada was one passed on August 10, 1850, "for the protection of Indians in Upper Canada from imposition, and the property occupied or enjoyed by them from trespass and injury." On the same day a similar act² was passed concerning the Indian tribes of Lower Canada.

The following year another act³ was passed which defined the persons deemed Indians. However the situation in regard to Indian affairs was far from happy. On September 8, 1856, the Governor General appointed a commission to investigate the Indian situation. The report of this commission was published in 1858. Two years later, in 1860, a further act⁴ was passed, whereby Indian affairs were placed under the Crown Lands Department.

From 1860 to 1866, the report on Indian affairs appeared as an appendix in the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. A number of special reports were published between the years 1844 and 1866.

¹ Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 74.

² Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 42.

³ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 49.

⁴ Act of 23 Vict., c. 151.

Serials

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Report on the affairs of the Indians in Canada, laid before the Legislative Assembly, 1845-1846. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1846-47.

2 v. 35cm.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st August, 1865; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "all reports made by the Indian Department, and all other documents or letters that may have passed between the corporation of the town of Brantford and the government, relating to the Grand River Navigation Company, during the period said company has been under the control and management of the said corporation." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

6 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th instant [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement of the lands purchased by the Indian Department, in trust for the Oneida Indians, in the township of Delaware, with the names of the persons from whom purchased; number of lot and concession; number of acres in each lot; price per acre and name of person to whom paid; the amount of moneys received for the Indians; from whom and when; in whom the title is now vested." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement of the sums distributed to the different Indian tribes since the passing of the Act 14 and 15 Vict., c. 109; and the said statements to contain the names of the localities inhabited by the Indians receiving such aid, the number of families, and the amount granted annually in each case." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th instant [February] praying His Excellency to

cause to be laid before the house "copies of correspondence and other documents having reference to the withdrawal from sale of certain lands situated in the county of Grey and Bruce, which lands were advertised to be sold on the 17th October last, also the report of the superintendent of Indians." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[14 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the report of David Thorburn, esquire, commissioner of Indian lands, presented to government on the 7th December last, upon the Grand River Navigation, and also the communication and report on same, subject of 5th and 6th instant [March] for the information of the house." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 17th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, copies of all correspondence which has passed between His Excellency, or His Excellency's predecessors, and Samuel P. Jarvis, esquire, chief superintendent of Indian affairs, relative to the accounts of the Indian Department. Also all and every correspondence which has passed between His Excellency, or his predecessors, and the several accountants who have been engaged in investigating the said accounts, together, with the special report of the Kingston Commission on the said accounts: as also, the several statements of accounts and reports of the accountants herein referred to, which have been rendered to His Excellency, or his predecessors. The said correspondence commencing from the period Mr. Jarvis was directed to hand over his accounts to the Civil Secretary's Office. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1847.

[78 p.] tables 35cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 24th ultimo [November] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of the treaty or treaties, recently entered into with Indians of Saugeen and Lake Huron, for the purchase of lands, known as the Indian Reserve, in that locality." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to addresses from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 30th ultimo [March] for the petition of Sir Allan Napier MacNab, the Honorable John Hilliard Cameron, and between two and three thousand other inhabitants of Canada, relative to the Grand River settlers: the documents which accompanied the said petition—the report of David Thorburn, esquire, Indian agent, on the said petition from the Indian Department, addressed to Sir Allan N. MacNab. And also, for a statement shewing the amounts of money paid from the Indian fund to settlers on the Grand River, Canada West, as compensation for giving up their improvements, and for the expenses incurred for the prosecution of certain settlers on the said Grand River. As also, the names of all the officers and servants of the Indian Department, with their several incomes, whether derived from fees, salaries, perquisites, or from any other source, the amount derived from sales of Grand River lands, and how invested; and the profits, if any accruing to the Indians therefrom. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[16 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 13th March, 1863, for statement of sums paid to the Indians of Lower Canada, from 1858. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Indian Department.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 24th ultimo [August] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before that house “a copy of the instructions given to Mr. Gibbard and others, who were sent to take possession of the Manitoulin islands, or part thereof, and of the fisheries there, or relating to the division and distribution of the land on the said island; also copies of the reports of that gentleman, or of others, in the possession of the government; copies of the depositions on which warrants were issued, and copies of the warrant or warrants for the arrest of persons who opposed the said taking of, possession or division and distribution of the lands on the said island; a copy of the instructions given to Mr. Whitcher, who was sent to the *Manitoulin Islands* lately to replace Mr. Gibbard, and finally, copies of the orders-in-council on the subject of the possession of the said islands, adopted since the 1st May last.” By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[40 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to take into Consideration the System of Granting Indian Lands in the Niagara and Gore Districts.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: E. J. Barker] 1844.

[29 p.] 35cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Wishe Tegarehontie.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Wishe Tegarehonite and others, chiefs and warriors, Iroquois, Algonquins, and Nepissings of St. Regis and other places, praying for an address to Her Majesty to continue their accustomed annual presents. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1846.

5 p. 36cm.

Canada (Province) Special Commission appointed to investigate Indian Affairs in Canada.

Report of the special commissioners appointed on the 8th of September, 1856 to investigate Indian affairs in Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1858.

293 p. tables. 6 maps. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of last session, dated 1st March, 1848, for certain documents relating to the affairs of Samuel P. Jarvis, esquire, late superintendent of Indian affairs. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1849.

[34 p.] tables. 35cm.

Mines and Minerals

On April 28, 1846, the Governor General issued a statement that no location tickets for occupation of lands for mining had been issued by the government but that licenses to explore had been issued to a number of persons.¹ The following year, in 1847, nine acts were passed, incorporating as many companies. Twenty-six mining location tickets were issued. The first report on mines was published in 1851, by the Crown Lands Department. The only annual reports on mining which were issued were those which appeared in the appendix to the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands from 1856 to 1866. A number of special reports were published from 1851 to 1867.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 26th ultimo [October] for a statement of licenses granted for working mines and minerals in Lower Canada from 1847 to 24th October, 1854. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[4 p.] 25cm.

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, V (1846), p. 169.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th September, 1863, for information relative to the Chaudiere mines. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, praying His Excellency the Governor General to cause to be laid before the house a copy of the report of Comte de Rottermund, relative to the mines of Lakes Superior and Huron. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[30 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a tabular return of the persons who have received licenses for opening and working mines on Lakes Huron and Superior, the price paid or agreed to be paid for each license and the extent of territory included therein; and also a copy of the treaty entered into with any Indian tribes for the cession of any lands wherever licenses have been or are intended to be granted. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a "return showing all land sold or agreed to be sold as mining locations upon the coasts of Lakes Huron, Nipissing and Superior, or along any of the streams flowing into any of the said lakes, specifying the names of individuals or companies to whom sold, and the quantity of land so sold or agreed to be sold to each; the date of the original sale, the conditions thereof, and how far the said conditions have been fulfilled; showing also whether any and what alterations have been made in such conditions and the date of such alterations, distinguishing the locations held by companies, from those held by individuals, and showing what difference, if any, in the price paid by any company from the paid by any private purchaser: —also, a return showing the quantity of land upon the island of St. Joseph, sold at auction in the city of Toronto, and the amount of such sale; —also, the quantity of lands sold by auction at Sault Ste. Marie, at the last public sale there, to whom sold and the amount of such sales." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[13 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 12th March, 1860 praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return shewing the name of all persons to whom either patents or licenses have been granted of mineral and other lands on the north shores of Lakes Huron and Superior. The dates of said patents or licenses, the consideration paid or agreed to be paid therefor, the description and extent of the lands so granted by patent license, and the conditions of said license, and the amounts due on such license up to 1st Jan., 1860." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

5 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th ultimo [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house,—“1st, a copy of the orders-in-council, bearing date the 3rd day of March, 1864 relating to mineral lands, on the north shores of Lakes Huron and Superior, and the islands adjacent thereto. . . .” By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[9 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 9th May, 1864; for copies of instructions given to mine agents and crown lands agents in the Eastern Townships, respecting mineral lands. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 26th January, 1865; for copies of all reports made by C. L. DeBellefeuille, inspector of gold mines and of J. K. Gilman, also inspector of gold mines. By command. Inspectors reports only ordered printed. [Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

5 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Canadian Gold Fields.

Report on the Canadian gold fields, and the best means of their development. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: George E. Desbarats, 1865.

128 p. map. 25cm.

Hunt, Thomas Sterry, 1826-1892.

Report of Dr. T. Sterry Hunt and Mr. A. Michel on the gold region of the county of Hastings, transmitted by Dr. Hunt to the hon. commissioner of crown

lands, January 29, 1867. Montreal: M. Longmoore & Co., 1867.
11 p. 24cm.

Western

Michel, A.

Reports of Mr. A. Michel and Dr. T. Sterry Hunt, on the gold region of Canada, transmitted by Sir W. E. Logan to the honorable commissioner of crown lands, February, 1866. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1866.

28 p. 24cm.

Public Archives

Ordnance Lands

Ordnance lands, which had remained under the jurisdiction of the Imperial government at the time of union, were transferred on June 19, 1856,¹ and placed under the control of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. During this period three special reports were published. From 1857 to 1866, a report on ordnance lands was issued as part of the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. Two special reports were published in 1857.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Hamnett Pinhey.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Hamnett Pinhey, esquire, warden of the municipal district of Dalhousie, praying for the passing of an act explanatory of certain provisions of the Ordnance Vesting Act, 7th Vict., c. 11, so as to enable the Municipal Council of the said district to be placed in quiet possession of a certain strip of land in Bytown. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of N. Sparkes.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of N. Sparkes and others, of Bytown for an act to restore to Nicholas Sparkes certain lands in Bytown, taken possession of by the Ordnance Department for the purposes of the Rideau Canal; but not appropriated by them for that purpose, and, also, the bill to explain and amend part of an act passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's reign, intituled, "an act for vesting in the principal officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance, the estate and property therein described; for granting certain powers to the said officers, and for other purposes therein mentioned." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[7 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Ordnance Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th March last, praying His Excellency to cause to

¹ Act of 19 Vict., c. 45.

be laid before the house “a return showing the quantity of ordnance land sold, or agreed to be sold, specifying the location, the rate per acre or foot, and the name of the purchaser.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[3 p.] tables 25cm.

Canada (Province) Ordnance Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th ultimo [October] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, “a return showing the receipts from every source, and the expenditure on the Rideau Canal during the last two fiscal years, including the name of every officer, servant, or agent, and the salary and other emoluments received by such officers, servants, and agents, or what was severally due to them during that period, and stating what sums have been received or are due for lands sold or leased by Her Majesty’s government on the line of said canal, or at its lower terminus.” [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[20 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Ordnance Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th instant [March] praying to His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “copies of all correspondence with the ‘Ordnance Department in relation to the transfer of the Rideau Canal, and ordnance lands in the vicinity, to the provincial government.’” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[10 p.] tables. 25cm.

Seigniorial Tenure

According to French law, land was granted under feudal seigniorial tenure, and not in freehold, as under British law. Since the territory of the Province of Canada had been a colony of France until 1763, when it was ceded to Great Britain by the Treaty of Paris, large tracts of land had been granted by the King of France to individuals under seigniorial tenure. The heirs of the individuals who had been granted such land continued to hold it under the feudal system, even after the territory became a British colony.

As time went on, seigniorial tenure was the cause of as much friction in the Province of Lower Canada as the Clergy Reserves had been in Upper Canada, and was one of the underlying causes of the rebellion of 1837/38, in Lower Canada. A solution to the problem of seigniorial tenure was left to the government of the Province of Canada.

On September 7, 1841,¹ a commission was appointed by the Governor General at the request of the Legislative Assembly, to enquire into the laws and other circumstances affecting seigniorial tenure. This commission presented its report

¹ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, I (1841), p. 514.

to the Legislative Assembly on October 4, 1843, which was published in 1844. Among other recommendations contained in the report was one that feudal tenure should be abolished. This recommendation was not carried out until 1847, when an act¹ was passed whereby seigniorial rights were to be "extinguished" after payment of commutation. All such monies were to be placed in a separate fund, known, as the "Commutation of Tenures Fund." Two funds from the Jesuits' Estates were to be kept separate. The Act required that an annual report in detail of the funds was to be presented to both houses of the Legislature. These reports were published from 1848 to 1857. From 1857 to 1866, the reports were published as part of the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands.

In 1853, an act² was passed concerning Jesuits' Estates, which were considered in a different class from the regular feudal tenure lands. This act required an annual report on Jesuits' Estates. The first report was published for the year 1853. Thereafter a report was published annually from 1856 to 1865.

On December 18, 1854, another act,³ known as the Seigniorial Tenures Act, was passed, which abolished feudal rights in Lower Canada.

A number of special reports on seigniorial tenure were published between the years 1844 and 1857.

Serials

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Returns of commutations of tenure in the crown domain in the censive of Quebec, in conformity with the Act 10 and 11 Vict., c. 111, the Jesuits' Estates, and the seigniority of Lauzon for 1848-1856/57. Laid before the Legislative Assembly. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1849-1857.

7 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1848, 1849/50, 1850/51, 1851/52, 1852/54, 1854/55, 1856/57.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Jesuits' Estates. Statement respecting the Jesuits' Estates as required by the 5th section of 16 Vict., c. 163, 1853-1865. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1854-1866.

12 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1853, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/65, 1865.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commission on Seigniorial Tenure.

Report of the commissioners appointed to inquire into the state of the laws and other circumstances connected with the seigniorial tenure in Lower Canada, and appendix. Laid before the Legislative Assembly, 4th October, 1843, and

¹ Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 111.

² Act of 16 Vict., c. 163.

³ Act of 18 Vict., c. 3.

ordered to be printed. Kingston: Desbarats and Derbishire, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1844.

266 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 14th ultimo [September] for statements of sales and revenues of the seigniorie of Lauzon. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1854.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 23rd ultimo [September] praying the Governor General to cause to be laid before the house, all documents and information respecting the management of the affairs of the seigniorie of Lauzon, since its acquisitions by the province together with all rules and regulations adopted by the government, or the Crown Lands Department, in relation to such seigniorie, and a detailed statement of the rents and profits of the same, showing as well the gross annual revenue thereof as the persons liable to pay the same, and the amount in arrear from each of them. Also a detailed account of the several sums actually received and by and from who, and of the outlay or expense of management for each year during the above period. Also copies of all appointments of agents and sub-agents, to collect and receive the rents and profits of the said seigniorie, or for any other purpose connected with the management of the affairs of the same, accompanied by the instructions from time to time prescribed for such agents or sub-agents, and a statement of the allowance, salary, emoluments, or pecuniary profits, attached to such appointments under any and what authority; also, a detailed account of the sums collected and received by each of the aforesaid agents and sub-agents, the sum expended in management by each; the sums retained in conformity with their instructions as the allowance assigned to each of them, and if the sums actually paid over by each to the receiver general; and finally, showing why and what sums remain to be accounted got by and any which of the parties acting under such appointments. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

31 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 8th instant [March] for copy of all correspondence relative to letters patent of *Papier Terrier* of certain fiefs and seignories. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1855.

[18 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 20th September last, praying for copies of all correspondence between the government and other

parties relative to the commutation of the seigniority of Vaudreuil. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.
[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 30th ultimo [March] for copies of all communications between the government and the present proprietors of St. Maurice Forges with reference to the forges, and to the lands of the fief St. Etienne; also, of all instructions given by, and of all reports made to the government, in relation to the said forges and lands of St. Etienne, since the report made on the same subject by Etienne Parent. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[14 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 21st instant [April] for copy of all correspondence relating to the seigniority of Lanaudiers, from the 1st of July, 1853, to date of address. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell & Lamoureux] 1855.

[12 p.] map. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 16th March, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house a copy of the security bond given by Louis Eleanore Dubord, esquire, as agent for the Jesuits' Estates in the district of Three Rivers. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 10th instant [June] praying that all documents and information in relation to the sale and disposal of the forges of St. Maurice, and the lands dependent thereupon, be communicated to the house. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 22nd February 1849, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, copies of all accounts, receipts, and expenditure which have been rendered by Louis Eleanore Dubord, esquire, of his administration of the Jesuits' Estates in the district of Three Rivers, while

agent thereof. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]
[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 11th instant [October] for copies of all the transactions, sales or contracts, which may have taken place between the executive government and private individuals, or companies, connected with the alienation of the St. Maurice Forges, and of the fiefs of St. Maurice and St. Etienne; as also, of all claims, propositions, or representations, made to government since the alienation, by the present owners, of the said properties, or by other parties; of the decision of the government thereupon, and of all returns and reports made to government respecting those properties, or the claims above mentioned. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

30 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 25th February, 1856; "for statement of sale of seigniories on which *droit de quint* was payable; the amount of said *droit*: if not paid, the reason why." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851; for "report of the inspector of the Queen's domain, at Quebec, on the subject of that part of the Craig's road which passes through the parish of St. Nicholas, in the seigniorie of Lauzon, and the obligation to keep which in repair is imposed upon the inhabitants of the parish of St. Giles, in county of Lothiniere, and all documents relating thereunto." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General dated 26th March, 1857, for "a statement of any sums of money paid to the government for seigniorial charges and dues by the purchases of seigniorie of Temiscouata." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Seigniorie of Lauzon. Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1849; for a detailed statement of the moneys annually received

and paid by the agent of the seigniority of Lauzon, from the period at which the crown became the proprietor thereof, to the 20th December last, shewing the annual amount preceeding from the *lods et ventes, cens et rentes*, mill leases, lands and other property, within the said seigniority . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[12 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Tabular statement of the lands claimed in the district of Gaspé, under the Act 10 and 11th Vict., c. 30 reduced from the return presented on the 8th October, 1852, in pursuance to an order of the house of the 15th of the same month;—and including also the returns presented on the 25th October, 1852 and 9th May, 1853. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

8 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Jesuits' Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a return of the income of each seigniority held or possessed by the government in eastern Canada, together with the names of the agents of each seigniority, amount of salary and expenses paid to agents for collection, and also, the amount of *droit de quint* received by the government since the year 1830. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

2 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

List of petitions presented during the present session of Parliament, against the discretionary power commutation, showing the place whence each petition emanated, and the number of signatures to it, and the name of the member who presented it; prepared in conformity to the order of the house of the 30th ultimo [April]. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Expenses attending the Commutation of Tenures.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

[15 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to inquire into the Affairs of the Seigniority of Lauzon.

Report of the select committee appointed to "inquire into the manner in which the affairs of the seigniority of Lauzon, since its acquisition by the province,

pursuant to an act of the legislature thereof, in part payment of the defalcation due to Lower Canada by the late Sir John Caldwell in his quality of receiver general of that province, having been managed, and the annual expense of management, the right of the executive government to dispose of the same without the authority of an act of Parliament. . . .” [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[15 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Effy McCuaig.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Effy McCuaig, widow of the late John McCuaig, of the seignior of New Longueuil, complaining of having been forcibly dispossessed of a certain lot of land in the said seignior and of praying relief. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[5 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Seigniorial Tenure.

Third report and proceedings of the special committee of the Legislative Assembly, to whom were referred the resolution passed by the Legislative Assembly on the sixteenth day of June, 1850 on the subject of the seigniorial tenure. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1852.

129 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Seigniorial Commission.

Supplementary return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th March, 1857, for certain information relative to the commutation of the seigniorial tenure. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[30 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Memoir upon the estates which the Jesuits possessed in Canada and the objects to which these estates should be at present applied. Montreal: Desbarats and Derbishire, Queen’s Printer, 1845.

39 p. 21cm.

Western

Montreal Corporation of the Ecclesiastics of the Seminary of St. Sulpice.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 20th September, 1852, for a full, clear and detailed statement of the estate, property, income, debts and expenditure, and of all the pecuniary and temporal affairs of the corporation of “the Ecclesiastics of the Seminary of St. Sulpice of Montreal,” from the date of its incorporation to the 1st day of January, 1852. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[19 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Taché, Joseph Charles, 1820-1894.

The seigniorial tenure in Canada and plan of commutation, by J. C. Taché. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Translated from the French. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1854.

53 p. 25cm.

Surveyor General

At the time of union, licensed surveyors of property in the former Province of Upper Canada had a great deal of difficulty in carrying out their duties. Thus on August 27, 1841, one of the first acts¹ passed by the government of the Province of Canada was an act for the protection of surveyors in the discharge of their duty. Four years later, on March 17, 1845, another act² was passed which consolidated the office of Surveyor General and placed his duties under the superintendence of the Commissioner of Crown lands. No annual reports were published by the Surveyor General. However, from 1856 to 1866, reports of surveys appeared annually in the appendix to the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. A number of special reports, on surveys, were published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

The accompanying report upon the Owen's Sound settlement, made by William Chisholm, esquire, in conjunction with Mr. McDonald, surveyor, under the instructions of the Honorable R. B. Sullivan, whose observations accompanying it, is, by command of the Governor General laid before the House of Assembly for their information. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[12 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Report made to the Crown Lands Department by Albert Pellow Salter, esq., P.L.S., upon the country bordering upon the north shore of Lake Huron, recently explored by that gentleman. Furnished in compliance with the letter of the provincial secretary, dated 31st March, 1856. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[12 p.] map (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Report on the exploration of the country between Lake Superior and the Red River Settlement. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858.

425 p. pocket of maps. 21cm.

Western

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 9.

² Act of 8 Vict., c. 11.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th May 1856, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a report of all reports of explorations and surveys, if any made by engineers or others, since the year 1835, employed to examine the valley of the Trent, and the country westward, to Lakes Simcoe and Huron, with the view of constructing a canal from the Bay of Quinte to Lake Huron." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 19th instant [March] for copy of the report of the exploration and track laid out for the proposed road from Buckland to the Kempt road. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the explorations and surveys made within the last year in the territory lying to the north of the counties of Peterborough and Victoria, with the reports made by the surveyors employed on that service, shewing the roads proposed to be opened, with the extent of lands embraced in such survey or exploration, and the quality of the same, and the quantity thereof fit for agricultural purposes." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "any information that it may be proper to communicate on the subject of the new district of Algoma, the quantity of land surveyed, its character, and price, the appointments that have been made, and the reports of engineers, if any, on the side, cost and extent of buildings to be erected for the purposes of jail, court house or other public buildings." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

3 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of the report of D. Sinclair, esquire,

provincial land surveyor." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[6 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the instructions given by the government to James West, esq., provincial land surveyor, relating to the survey of certain portion of the concession line between the 5th and 6th concessions of the township of Cornwall; and also, of the report made by the said James West to the Crown Land Department in reference to the survey in question." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency would be pleased to cause the proper officer to lay before them, a report of all the survey's performed on the Ottawa, and its tributaries, by whom such surveys have been made, the cost of each, and by whom ordered, since the 1st January, 1844, up to the present period; and, if there are any surveys now in progress, where, and the names of the surveyors employed since the above period, and the total cost up to this date. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 24th July, 1850, for the correspondence which has taken place between Joseph Bouchette, esquire, senior surveyor at Montreal, and James Stevenson, esquire, agent, Crown Lands Office, Bytown, and the report from the Crown Lands Department out of which such correspondence arose, regarding the setting apart of a tract of land in the valley of the river Gatineau for the use of certain Indians, and also, a correspondence between the same parties which took place in May and June last, relative to granting lumber limits to Thomas McGeoy and Joseph Aumond in consideration of their transferring certain alleged rights of their on mill sites upon the Gatineau for the exclusive use of the Indians. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[8 p.] map (fold.) 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 23rd July, 1850, for "a copy of the report or reports of the survey of the river St. Maurice, made agreeably with the address of the House of Assembly of the 23rd June, 1847;

and also, of all plans or maps, and instructions relative thereto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[6 p.] map (fold.) 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly for a copy of the report of Count de Rottermund of his exploration of Lakes Superior and Huron. [Toronto: John Lovell, 1856]

[24 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 27th June, 1850 "for a copy of the report of any exploration made by Mr. Blacklock, or any other person of any portion of territory situated between Quebec and Lake St. John,—and also, a copy of the instructions given to Mr. Blacklock." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1850.

[16 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 12th June, 1851, for copies of the field books, diaries, field notes, and other papers and documents mentioned in the reports of the scaling of the river St. Maurice, by H. Legendre, sworn surveyor from the 15th April to the 2nd May, 1847; and by John Bignell, provincial surveyor, on the 26th August, 1847, 11th May, 1848 and 13 November, 1848, and accompanying the said reports,—which said reports and the instructions for scaling the said river St. Maurice, and the map or plan of the said river, were laid before this house, on the 8th of August last. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[122 p.] maps (fold.) tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Description of townships surveyed in Lower Canada, in 1861 and 1862, with extracts from surveyor's reports. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

42, 20 p. 24cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Remarks on Upper Canada surveys, and extracts from the surveyors' reports, containing a description of the soil and timber of the townships in the Huron and Ottawa territory and on the north shores of Lakes Huron and Superior. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

x, 83 p. 3 maps (fold.) 24cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Remarks on Upper Canada surveys, and extracts from the surveyors' reports containing a description of the soil and timber of the townships in the Huron and Ottawa territory. Appendix No. 36 to the report of the commissioner of crown lands, for 1860. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1861.

39 p. map (fold.) 24cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Remarks on Upper Canada surveys, and extracts from the surveyors' reports, containing a description of the soil and timber of the townships in the Ottawa River and Georgian Bay section, and between the Spanish River, on the north shore Lake Huron and Goulay's Bay, on Lake Superior. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1867.

x, 62 p. 2 maps. 24cm.

Legislative

Timber and Lumber

Timber duties were of such importance that two reports were compiled and published during the first session of the first Parliament of the Province of Canada. Also at this first session a bill was introduced for regulating the inspection and measurement of timber, masts, etc. This bill¹ became law on October 12, 1842. On December 9, 1843, the above act was repealed and a new act² was passed. A Supervisor of Cullers was appointed. This officer was required to prepare for the Governor a yearly statement of receipts and disbursements, for the use of the Legislative Assembly.

The act of December 9, was repealed by an act of March 29, 1845,³ which however did not alter the section concerning the requirement that an annual report was to be presented to the Legislative Assembly. Eight reports were published between 1844 and 1855. A further act⁴ was passed on May 30, 1855, and the Supervisor of Cullers became an officer in the Crown Lands Department. From 1856 to 1866, an annual report on the activities of the office of Supervisor of Cullers appeared in an appendix to the annual report of the Commissioner of Crown Lands. A number of special reports were published between the years 1842 and 1865.

Serials

Canada (Province) Supervisor of Cullers' Office.

Statement of supervisor of cullers, 1844-1855. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845-1856.

8 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1844, 1845, 1846, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1855.

¹ Act of 6 Vict., c. 7.

² Act of 7 Vict., c. 25.

³ Act of 8 Vict., c. 49.

⁴ Act of 18 Vict., c. 93.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

List of persons at present employed in the Crown Timber Office, Bytown, 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return in part—to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th September, 1852, for statement of the number of limits, or licences, or applications, which have been granted or pending to cut timber or saw logs on the river Ottawa and its tributaries, or in any other part of the province, for the years 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[68 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th April, 1858, for copies of certain documents relative to lumbering in Saguenay. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[36 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the administrator of the government, dated the 31st March last, praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before them, “a statement in detail of the transactions in the Crown Timber Office in Bytown, for the year 1845, exhibiting the number of rafts passed, owner’s name, the amount of duty upon each raft, the gross amount of revenue for the year, the names of the agent, clerk and servants, and the salary of each, and any other expenses connected with the office; also, the amount paid by government for surveys, and the amount paid by each individual lumberman for such services, the number of timber limits occupied or granted, the locality, the name of the party to whom granted, and the amount of deposition each; together with the whole of the subject matter of the commission of enquiry appointed to investigate the affairs of the Crown Timber Office in Bytown, and the expense in detail of such commission.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

[12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, “a return of all leases and licenses of occupation for timber limits on the shores of Lake Huron, Georgian Bay, and Lake Superior, to whom leases and licenses of occupation were granted; what quantity of land was

included in each lease or license of occupation; when such leases or licenses of occupation were granted; what rents were to be paid by the various lessees; what were the conditions of the leases or licenses of occupation, and whether such conditions have been fulfilled; and what rents, fines, or issues, under such leases or licenses of occupation remain due and unpaid." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

11 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 15th instant, [October] praying that he will be pleased to direct the proper officer to lay before that house, any documents in the possession of the government relating to the reduction of duties on red pine timber; as also, the report of the commissioner of crown lands on that subject. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[9 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all the timber berths as signed to various individuals on the waters flowing into Lakes Huron and Superior, the name of the locatees, the localities assigned, and the extent of each locality, the dates of the assignment, the condition upon which each locality is held, the sum of money paid upon each locality by each assignee, and of any and what timber berths are worked, and the returns made to the crown land departments thereon." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[11 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return up to the 31st December last, of all arrears of timber dues unpaid for timber cut, either upon surveyed or unsurveyed lands of the crown, or upon other lands under the management of the crown, which may have arisen from timber cut upon any of the said lands adjacent to streams flowing into the Bay of Quinte, Lake Ontario, east of Toronto, or any other lakes or streams tributary to them, together with the date when such moneys became due, to the government, with the name of the parties so in arrears, and the nature of bonds or other securities, held for the payment of the same." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[7 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 10th September; for copies of the instructions given by government to Oliver Wells, esquire, surveyor, to explore the lands situated on the river St. Maurice and its tributaries, of his notes of such exploration, and also, of the report and the map drawn by the said Oliver Wells, in pursuance of the said instructions; as also, of all papers and documents relating to the steps taken by government to open the territory on the St. Maurice to the timber trade. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec. John Lovell] 1852.

[10 p.] map (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 20th September, 1842 praying for "a statement of the licenses granted and timber cut, on the waste lands of the crown, in the county of Ristigouche [*sic*], in the province of New Brunswick in the years 1835, '36, '37, '38, '39, '40, '41, and '42; with the names of the persons to whom such licenses were granted." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a statement of the gross amount of revenue derived from timber on the Ottawa River; and also from other sections of the province;—and also the amount of revenue from slides on the Ottawa, and from the Union Suspension Bridge at Bytown, for the year 1846." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly of the 9th day of November, 1852 respecting the improvements made on the Ottawa River and its tributaries, by private enterprise in connection with the timber trade. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

23 p. map (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 31st March, 1856, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a return in detail of all timber duties collected by Charles E. Belle, esquire, crown timber agent for the Lower Ottawa, for the year 1855, and for other information connected there-

with. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[11 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, praying for a return of the amount of duties levied at Bytown upon timber floated down the Ottawa River, for the last five years, specifying the amount paid in each year, and upon what descriptions of timber, and also if any and what portion of such duties has been expended upon the improvement of the navigation of the Ottawa at or above Bytown, and what improvements have been so effected. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

1 p. tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [March] praying His Excellency to be pleased to cause to be laid before them, a statement of the name of all the local agents for the sale and management of crown lands, for the cutting of timber in Lower Canada; the date of the respective appointments, and the amount paid to each or the amount annually received by each since 1844, and how much has been collected and paid to the receiver general by each, during the same period, together with the amount of security given by the said agents, and the names of the securities. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 27th September, 1842, calling for a detailed statement of the duty on timber; the names of the parties that have paid such duties, and the number of pieces, or logs, for which such duties were paid, at the office of the commissioner of crown lands in Bytown; with a statement, in detail of the disbursements for the said office, in 1841. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton, 1842]

[20 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to direct the proper officer to lay before the house, a statement, in tabular form, of all licenses issued during the last two years for cutting timber on the waste lands of the crown in the counties of Bonaventure, Gaspé, Rimouski, Kamouraska, L'Islet, Bellechasse and Saguenay, exhibiting the quantities of timber actually made in each of the said counties, and exported therefrom. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house a statement, in detail of the transactions in the Crown Timber Office in Bytown, separately for the years 1843 and 1844, exhibiting the number of rafts passed, owner's name; the amount of duty on each raft; the gross amount of the revenue in each year; the names of the agent, collector, clerks, and servants, and the salary of each; and any other expenses connected with the office,—also, the amount paid to the government surveyor, for survey; the amount paid by government to other surveyors and the amount paid by each individual lumber-man, for such services; and also the quantity of square timber and saw-logs, cut in other parts of the province; the quantity cut by each party, and amount of revenue derived therefrom. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[15 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Lands Department.

Return to an address to the Governor General from the House of Assembly, dated 15th July 1841, "praying that His Excellency will be pleased to direct the proper officer to lay before this house a return of all duties collected on timber in the Ottawa District since 1835." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[14 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Timber Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the the Governor General, dated the 18th April, 1849, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of all licenses granted, and applications for licenses made, to cut timber on the waste lands of the crown, on the Ottawa and its tributary streams, west of Grenville, for the years 1847, 1848, and 1849; the names of the parties (alphabetically arranged) to whom any such licenses have been granted, and of the applicants for any such licenses during the years aforesaid, the locality of each of such licenses, and the extent of each such licenses in square miles; the description and quantity of timber to have been and to be cut thereon respectively, and whether for square timber or saw logs; also, the amount of deposit in money, paid on each of the said licenses when granted, and the quantity of timber returned annually by the holders thereof, and cut thereon respectively; also, a copy of the instructions heretofore given to the collector of timber duties at Bytown, and other crown land agents on the Ottawa, for the granting of timber licenses, and a copy of the instructions given for the future granting of such licenses. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[34 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Crown Timber Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 11th July, 1850, and praying that he would cause to be laid before the house a return of the names of parties holding licenses, to cut timber or saw logs, upon the Gatineau River and its branches; the number of miles held by each, the depositions paid thereon by each, and the amount of duty collected for each limit in the last two years, distinguishing timber from saw logs; also, the number of square miles of timber land upon the said river and its branches, yet unlicensed; the names of the applicants for any portion thereof, and the quantity applied for by each. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[4 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 14th September, 1863, for statement of timber and slide dues to 31st July, 1863. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Crown Lands.

Return to an address of the Honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd September, 1863 for statement of amount due on account of timber dues, 31st December, 1862. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into and report on the State of the Lumber Trade of Canada, in Relation to the Settlement of the Country.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[72 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee in Relation to the Supervisor of Cullers' Office.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

[3 p.] 26cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Lumber Trade.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[32 p.]

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which were referred the petition of John P. Waterson.

Report of the select committee to which were referred the petition of John P. Waterson and others, licensed deal cullers of the city of Quebec, and various other petitions, for amendments to the Lumber Act,—the petition of Ruggles Wright and others, inhabitants on the Ottawa River, interested in the production of lumber, against any alteration of the said act, and the bill to regulate the culling and measurement of timber, masts, spars, deals, staves, and other articles of a like nature, and to repeal the Act 7 Vict., c. 25. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Supervisor of Cullers Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th September, 1852, to His Excellency the Governor General, for “a return of the quantity of all red pine lumber measured under or by authority of the supervisor of cullers of the port of Quebec during the years 1850, 1851, and 1852, and a statement shewing for, and on whose account, and by whom the same was measured.” And also, to so much of the address from the Assembly, dated on the same day, as prays for “a return of the number of pieces of red pine, or other timber, from the Ottawa or other part of the province, which has been measured through the Supervisor of Cullers’ Office at Quebec, for the years 1845 to 1852, inclusively.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[12 p.] tables. 25 cm.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

When the provinces of Lower Canada and Upper Canada were united, one of the provisions of the Union Act¹ was the requirement that a consolidated revenue fund be established to defray the expense of the services of government, as outlined in schedules A and B, appended to the act. In Schedule A forty-five thousand pounds was set aside for the payment of the salary of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, judges of the Province of Canada and attorneys and solicitors general. No change could be made in these amounts except by an act of the Legislature of the Province of Canada. Thirty thousand pounds was set aside for the administration of the offices of civil government. The Governor could abolish any of the offices of the civil administration, or could change the amount of remuneration received by any of the offices. Among the offices listed were those of receiver general and inspector general.

The Receiver General was required to issue the warrants on the consolidated revenue fund to pay the expenses of the judicial and civil administration, under the authority of the Governor, and was accountable to the Lord High Treasurer of Great Britain. While the act required an annual detailed statement of revenue and expenditure to be laid before the Legislature, the act did not state who would be responsible for compiling it. The Inspector General assumed this duty and issued an annual report on public accounts, which was published from 1841 to 1867.

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

Several important changes took place in the type of report issued during the twenty-six years of the government of the Province of Canada. The first change was concerned with improving the system of bookkeeping and keeping the accounts up-to-date. In an attempt to control and manage the public debts, accounts, and revenue, on April 25, 1849, an act¹ was passed whereby both the Receiver General and Inspector General were required to keep public accounts by double entry. The Inspector General obeyed the law, but from 1849 to October, 1854, the Receiver General made no attempt to balance his books.² On May 19, 1855, a further act³ was passed whereby the Governor appointed a Board of Audit of three members, consisting of the Deputy Inspector General, who was chairman; the Commissioner of Customs; and an auditor, who were responsible to the Inspector General, and whose duty it would be to supervise the revenue and expenditure of every department of government. The Board of Audit did not issue an annual report on public accounts separate from that of the Inspector General.

From 1864 to 1867, the Board of Audit compiled *Miscellaneous statistics*, part two of which was *Municipal returns*. The latter had been compiled as a requirement of an act⁴ passed in 1858, under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Secretary. In 1864, the auditor took over the compilation of *Municipal returns*. A separate section under the Department will deal with municipalities. A number of special reports were issued by the Board of Audit.

A second change took place in the type of report in 1858, when, as a result of several years of investigation by the Standing Committee on Public Accounts of the advantages and disadvantages of establishing the decimal system of accounting, the report was compiled in dollars and cents, instead of pounds, shillings, and pence. This was accomplished by an act⁵ passed on June 10, 1857.

The third change which took place concerned the name of the office. On May 4, 1859, an act⁶ was passed which changed the name of the chief officer from Inspector General to Minister of Finance, and the Inspector-General's Office became the Department of Finance.

The Legislative Assembly was not content simply to accept the report of the Inspector General on public accounts without investigating its contents. As early as 1841, a Select Committee on Public Accounts was set up for that session of the Legislature. Five similar committees were appointed for the sessions 1844/45, 1847, 1849, 1850, and 1851. A report of the proceedings of each committee was published. On August 20, 1852, a Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts was one of eight standing committees appointed.⁷ No report was published for that year. From that date until 1867, a Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts was appointed for each session of the Legislature. A report of the proceedings of the Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts was published either in part or in full for the years, 1854/5, 1856, 1858 to 1866.

From 1841 to 1867, an annual report on estimates was published. However, from 1841 to 1863, this report was concerned with the expenditure by the Execu-

¹ Act of 12 Vict., c. 5.

² Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, Select Standing Committee on Public Accounts, *Second report* (1854).

³ Act of 18 Vict., c. 78.

⁴ Act of 22 Vict., c. 99.

⁵ Act of 20 Vict., c. 18.

⁶ Act of 22 Vict., c. 14.

⁷ Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, *Journals*, XI (1852/53), p. 7.

tive, for which no appropriation had been made by Parliament, rather than an estimate of what each department would require in the forthcoming year. In 1864, an attempt was made by Parliament to obtain an estimate of future spending by passing an act¹ on June 30, which would regulate the financial year, and called for an estimate of expenses for the year 1864/65. This act also required that the expenditure of all public money must be submitted to the auditor for review. This was a step in the right direction, but the wheels of government moved slowly and by 1867, a complete estimate of all departments of government still remained to be accomplished in the future. The Governor still continued to present the report on the estimates to Parliament. Two budget speeches were made by the Minister of Finance and published between 1862 and 1866.

A Standing Committee on Contingencies was appointed for each session by the Legislature. From 1841 to 1861, the report of this committee appeared only in the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. From 1861 to 1866, a report of one or more meetings was published each year.

The fee fund in Upper Canada and the expenses of the administration of Justice, paid out of the same, presented another problem to the Legislative Assembly. On June 14, 1853, an act² was passed which required that certain annual returns be made to the government. Among these returns was one to be furnished to the Provincial Secretary by the proper officer, showing the gross amount from the fee fund in Upper Canada and the expenses of the administration of justice paid out of the same. The Inspector General was the officer who made the return, which was published for the years 1853, 1855-1857, and from 1859 to 1864/65. The return for 1858, appeared in the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*.

Another annual report which the Inspector General made from 1843 to 1849, was one on harbour dues collected at the port of Toronto. These reports, which were published, were made on annual requests from the Legislative Assembly.

In addition to the various annual reports, each year a number of special reports dealing with the various problems of government finance were published. Those reports which have as author Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office or after 1859, Canada (Province) Department of Finance will be arranged in chronological order of the publication date.

Serials

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Annual return of fees received for the fee fund of Upper Canada, and of salaries paid to county judges and recorders, 1853-1864/5. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. [Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1854-1865.

9 v. tables. 25 cm.

Reports for the years: 1853, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1863/64, 1864/65.

¹ Act of 27 and 28 Vict., c. 6.

² Act of 16 Vict., c. 163.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Budget speech . . . by the minister of finance. 1862-66. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1862-66.

2 v. 21cm.

Reports for the years: 1862, 1866.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Estimates of the Province of Canada, 1841-1867. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1842-1866.

26 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/65, 1866, 1867.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Public accounts of the Province of Canada, 1841-1866/67. Printed by order of the Legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1842-1868.

27 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/5, 1865/66, 1866/67.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Miscellaneous statistics of Canada, 1864-1866. Printed by order of the Legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865-1867.

3 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1865, 1865, 1866.

Contents: Pt. I General, 1864-1866; Pt. II Municipal returns, 1865-1866.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Municipal returns of Upper and Lower Canada under the Act 22 Vict., c. 99, s. 154, submitted to the Legislative Assembly for their information, 1861-1864. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1862-65.

3 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1861, 1862, 1864.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Public accounts of the late Province of Upper Canada 1839-1840. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

2 v. tables. 32cm.

Reports for the years: 1839, 1840.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return of the amount collected for harbour dues at the port of Toronto 1843-1849, also a detailed statement showing the balance still due to the government on account of sums advanced upon the authority of certain acts of Parliament of Upper Canada, for constructing and repairing the Queen's wharf, at the entrance of the said harbour. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1845-1850.

5 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1843/44, 1845, 1846, 1848, 1849.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Public Accounts. Report. 1841/44-1866. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1845-1866.

14 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841/44, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1854/55, 1856, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1865, 1866.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Standing Committee on Contingencies. Report. 1860-1866. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1860-1866.

6 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1860, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before this house, a copy of all returns of monies received within the several districts of that part of the province formerly Upper Canada, created and raised as a fee fund, by virtue of certain acts of the last session of the present Parliament; also, the amount of the fees paid or liable to be paid to the several district judges and clerks of the division and district courts thereof. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton, 1842]

1 p. tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 20th July, 1841, requesting the Governor General to lay before the house, a statement of all loans made by the government to the Cobourg, Port Hope and Oakville harbour companies, and also of the securities, if any, taken for such loans, and the amount of interest at present due thereon, and that His Excellency will further be pleased to inform this house, what steps have been taken to enforce payment of the arrears of interest if any be due, and also similar information with regard to all corporations or individuals in that part of the province lately called Upper

Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[3 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to the Governor General, dated the 6th August, 1841, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to direct the proper officer to make out a statement in detail of the monies that have been collected under and by virtue of an act of the legislature of that part of the province called Upper Canada, passed in the seventh year of the reign of His late Majesty William IV. Chapter 95, intituled, "an act granting to His Majesty a sum of money for the erection of certain light houses within the province, and for other purposes therein mentioned, from 1837 to 1840 inclusive, together with a statement including cost of the several light houses that have been erected under and by virtue of the said act, and the respective aggregate expenses of keeping and maintaining the same during that period, and to lay the said statements before this house." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[11 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 11th August 1841, praying for "a detailed statement of all salaries borne on the income of Lower Canada, from whatever source derived, between the 1st October, 1839, and the 10th February, 1841: and a similar statement of all salaries borne in the income of Upper Canada, from whatever source derived, for the same period; and a similar statement of all salaries borne on the consolidated income of the Province of Canada, on and since the said 10th February last." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[12 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Schedule of accounts and statement respecting the public income and expenditure of the late provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, from the 1st October, 1840 to the 9th February, 1841, inclusive. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton, 1842]

[10 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Returns, respecting the casual and territorial revenue, and the crown's proportion of seizures, in Upper Canada, from the 1st January, 1839, to 9th February, 1841, and of the application, by the commissioner general, of certain portions of the revenues of the crown, previous to the union of the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada:—laid before the house, by command of His Excellency

the Governor General, on the 16th October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[11 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Provinces) Inspector General's Office.

Financial statements, laid before the Legislative Assembly, on the 17th October, 1843, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, conformably to a resolution of the house, of the 8th September, 1841. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[26 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before the house, a statement in a tabular form of all sums of money which have been expended from the public treasuries of the several provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, for public improvements and education, in each of the several counties and ridings in this province, since the year 1830, specifying the authority under which such expenditure was made, and the several times of making such expenditure. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 10th ultimo [February] praying for a return of the tonnage and number of ships and other vessels owned in this province in the year 1844, distinguishing as nearly as may be, those employed on the lakes, those on the river St. Lawrence above Quebec, those in the coasting trade below Quebec and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, and those in the trade beyond the seas, as nearly as can be ascertained; steamers from vessels navigated by sails; the ports or places in this province to which such vessels respectively belong, and the number of seamen employed. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

2 p. table. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the administrator of the government, dated the 2nd ultimo [April] praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before them "the amount expended for the maintenance of the police force for the year 1845, specifying the number employed on the different canals, and payment of each; and, also, a return for the years 1843 and 1844, applied for by the house during last session." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the administrator of the government dated the 20th ultimo [April] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to direct the inspector general to lay before them a return of the receipts and expenditures of the provincial revenue, specifying the sources from which received, and the amounts paid for each separate branch of the public service, for the years 1844 and 1845, divided under the following heads:— amount of the public debt, and interest paid thereon; civil government; administration of justice; legislature; pensions; militia; education; agricultural societies; hospitals and charitable institutions; public works; maintenance of light houses; emigration; police; miscellaneous expenses. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a return of the amounts received on account of the fee fund for the year 1846, and the salaries paid to the judges of the district courts, in that portion of Canada formerly Upper Canada, for the same year." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 17th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of the several proclamations, orders and letters of instruction under which tolls were collected at Windsor Harbour in the years, 1845, 1846, and 1847, respectively; the several proclamations, orders and letters of instruction for suspending the collection of such tolls in each year respectively, with a statement of the amounts collected in each year, while the directions for collecting them were in force; and also a tabular statement, showing the rate of tolls imposed by the executive government, by authority of law, at the Welland Canal, Burlington Bay, and Windsor Harbour, for those years respectively, with separate columns, showing what difference, if any, *per centum*, the tolls so imposed at Windsor Harbour bear to those so imposed at the Welland Canal and Burlington Bay respectively; and also a statement of the aggregate amount of public money already laid out upon each of those three works, if completed, and if not so completed, the amount laid out, and the amount of the estimate for completing the same, and also, the aggregate amount of tolls received from them respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

[16 p.] tables. 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "accounts in detail of the expenditure of the funds raised by virtue of the 13th and 14th sections of an act of the legislature of the late Province of Upper Canada, entitled, 'an act to authorize the erection of an asylum within this province for the reception of insane and lunatic persons;' to include the amounts paid from each district separately, when paid, and what steps have been taken to audit the accounts of the various district treasurers, with respect to the fund; the amount paid for the purchase of the site of said asylum, and the general expenditure in detail of the cost in the construction thereof; and from what funds the temporary asylum, at Toronto has been supported; and the annual expenditure for the support thereof." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General; dated the 23rd ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "an account, in detail of the quantity and quality of timber which, during the year 1846, passed over one or more slides on the river Trent; the amount of the revenue received as slide dues for the passing of such timber, and when received; and the amount of dues on timber which passed over one or more of such slides during said year, which are not yet paid, and why not paid; and the name or names of the person or persons by whom such dues have been paid, or by whom the same are due and owing." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 13th July, instant, to His Excellency the Governor General, praying he would be pleased to cause to be laid before this house, certain statements to the clergy reserve fund. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1847.

[4 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General; praying that the proper officer might lay before the house, a statement of the outstanding debentures, issued prior to the union, in both provinces; under what act authorized, rate of interest, when due, and for what object issued, in separate columns. . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[6 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Comparative statement of tolls collected upon the several macadamized and plank roads in Upper Canada, for the years 1847 and 1848, respectively, and the expenses attending the collection thereof. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return of the monthly issue of bank notes by the several banks in the Province of Canada, since the imposition of the Bank Tax, say from the 31st October, 1841, to 31 October, 1848, with the amount of the tax levied on each bank respectively during the period above mentioned, called for by an address of the honourable Legislative Assembly dated the 29th January, 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, on 25th January, 1849, praying for a tabular return stating the names of the various constituencies in Upper and Lower Canada, respectively, the number of representatives and the number of inhabitants in each constituency, beginning with the largest and ending with the smallest in each section of the province, respectively. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

2 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to so much of an address of the honourable the Legislative Assembly, dated 29th January, 1849, praying that His Excellency the Governor General would be pleased to cause to be laid before that house a return of all expenditure of the clergy reserves money, giving the particulars of each outlay since the passing of the imperial act relating to the said reserves,—also, copies of all the correspondence or documents received by government relative to the surplus fund now accruing from the reserves, and the aggregate amount of such surplus fund. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[28 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to so much of an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 29th January, 1849, praying that His Excellency the Governor General would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, a return of all sums of money paid during 1848, for the service of 1847, to clerical visitors of sick emigrants at Grosse Isle, Quebec, Montreal, and elsewhere with the name and claim of each recipient. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

5 p. 35cm.

The return was destroyed by fire of the 25th April, 1849. A supplementary return of five pages was published.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 8th February, 1849, and praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before the house copies of any correspondence between James Moir Ferres, esquire, late inspector of revenue, for the second division of the district of Montreal, and the Executive government, relative to his dismissal from that office, as well as any correspondence or communications from any person or persons that may have induced his dismissal therefrom, and explanatory of the causes thereof. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 22nd March, 1849, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all correspondence that may have passed between Her Majesty's government and the executive government, since the close of the last session of the legislature, on the subject of immigration in addition to that transmitted by message from His Excellency on the 5th of the same month. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[20 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

General statement of the annual revenue and expenditure of the Province of Canada from the period of the union of the late provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, to the end of the year 1849. Prepared in conformity to the order of the house, of 29th May, 1849. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850.

16 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General; praying him to cause to be laid before the house, a statement shewing the population of the various constituencies intended to be formed under the representation bill before the house. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Quebec Fire Loan. Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 3rd June, 1850, for return, in tabular form, setting forth the names and calling of all persons to whom money or debentures have been advanced by the provincial government on the occasion of the late fires at Quebec,—the amount advanced to each,—the rate of interest to be paid therefor,—the period for which each loan

shall have been made,—the manner and time of payment of principal and interest,—and whether the loan is to be expended in the re-erection of the premises burnt, or for what other object,—the nature and value of the property whereon each loan shall have been made,—the expense already incurred by the government on account of such loan,—whether for legal advice or otherwise,—the name and emolument of any person [*sic*] employed to collect the interest,—the amount actually received by government on account thereof, and the rate and amount of interest paid by the government for debentures issued. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1850.

[18 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th June last; praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of the names of gentlemen who have been employed as Queen's Council, or counsel for the crown, in this province, since the union of the provinces, and the amounts paid to them for services; and the names of crown officers and counsel for the crown, who have attended the circuits since that time." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Supplementary return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 15th February, 1849, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return shewing the names, dates of appointment, and salaries and duties of all officers now employed on the Ottawa River, and in the management of crown lands connected with the said offices; and also, the names, dates of appointment, salaries and duties of all officers now employed at the city of Quebec for the like purposes; and also, the names, dates of appointment in the management or superintendence of the Ottawa works; also, a statement in detail, of the expenditure upon the Ottawa works; the amount expended for their original construction; the sums paid for their repair; the losses sustained by errors in their construction (if any); and all sums paid to engineers, mechanics and labourers employed immediately by the board upon the said works, with the names, dates and amounts paid to each in detail; and also, a statement of all sums received for tolls or otherwise from the Ottawa works, the amount in detail, and as received from each work separately." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[96 p.] tables. 35cm.

The original return consisted of one page published by the Crown Lands Department in 1849. It contained a list of employees in the Crown Timber Office.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Answer to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 9th June last praying for a return in continuation of that

sent down on the 16th July, 1850, shewing the amount of the sums, and the names of the respective parties still in arrear for principal and interest upon the loans of the inhabitants of Quebec, under the provincial statute 9 Vict., c. 62; also the number and names of parties, if any, who obtained loans without giving security, as well as the dates and amounts and nature of the securities given by those who gave security, and the number and name of parties, if any, who have become bankrupt and insolvent, and the amount of loss in such case in consequence thereof, and from all other causes; and also in whose custody the securities taken remain, and how much of the principal and interest has been received by the government and paid over to the credit of the consolidated revenue, and the total expense attending the management of the fund to the present time. By order. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851] [12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 27th July, 1850, to His Excellency, the Governor General, praying His Excellency will cause to be laid before that house, a full and complete statement of all moneys paid to religious denominations, churches, congregations, or individual ministers of religion, or to the widows or families of ministers, from the year 1814 to 1840, inclusive, specifying the names of the parties receiving, the dates, and amount paid to each; shewing from what fund the same was paid, whether from the casual and territorial revenues, or from the proceeds of sales or rent of clergy reserves, or from any other public fund whatever. Also a similar statement of all grants of land of whatever description made to the various religious denominations, churches, congregations, or individual ministers of religion for any purpose or pretension whatever, shewing the nature and terms of the same, the date of the grant and extent of the land so given, made, or granted in each respective case, with the name or names of the party or parties receiving the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[20 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

A schedule of various statements relating to the public debt of the province of Canada, up to 31st January, 1851, laid before the house, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, on the 30th May, 1851. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 5th June last, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a return in continuation of the return sent down to this house by the provincial secretary on the 9th April, 1849, of all the receipts and expenditures of the clergy reserve moneys or funds in Upper and Lower Canada, in detail up to as recent a period as the records of the public

offices may enable the accounting officers to make; said return to shew the expenditure with the particulars of each outlay for 1849 and 1850, including payments, if any, in or for 1848, necessarily omitted in the statement of April 1849. The salaries and pensions paid to the missionaries of the Church of England and their widows in both Canadas, as per imperial statute 3 and 4 Vict., c. 78. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[30 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 12th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a tabular return of the stipendiary magistrates appointed by the government in this province, shewing the dates of their respective appointments, the salaries and other emoluments received by each, the authority under which they have been respectively appointed, and the fund or other source whence their salaries and other emoluments are paid. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[2 p.] table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, requiring a statement of the public moneys expended within the last four years, in payment of the expenditure for missions to Washington, Halifax, and London, on purposes connected with financial and railway business, or reciprocity of trade; shewing the amounts severally so paid by the receiver general. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

1 p. table. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated the 24th ultimo [August] praying that His Excellency, the Governor General, will cause to be laid before the house a return, in continuation of the several latest returns sent down to the house, for Upper Canada, and for Lower Canada, of all the receipts and expenditure of the clergy reserve moneys or funds in Upper and Lower Canada, in detail, up to as recent a period or periods as the records of the public officers may enable the accounting officers to make; the said return to show the resources, the sales of lands, timber, etc., the proceeds of the rents paid, and the expenditure with the particulars of each receipt and outlay; the salaries and pensions paid to missionaries of the Church of England and their widows, in both Canadas, as per Imperial statute of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 78. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[28 p.] tables. 25cm.

— — Supplementary returns, 1852

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 30th September, 1852, for a detailed statement of the several sums applied to the erection of light houses, and the establishment and support of relief stations and other improvements in the navigation of the Gulph [*sic*] and river St. Lawrence, from Quebec to the ocean under the superintendence of the Trinity House of Quebec and under the authority, order and direction, of the Governor General and council of this province, out of the sum of £19,000, appropriated under the provisions of the 9 Vict., c. 60; and shewing the balance, if any, remaining to be applied for such purposes. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[2 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 30th ultimo [September] praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before the house, copies of any and every agreement that was agreed upon or negotiated when the loans of £1,500,000 or any part thereof, was raised; or if no such agreement is in existence, then information as to what course has been adopted, or arrangements made by the governor with the advice of His Excellency's council relative thereto; also, copies of all the detailed statements or accounts of the sums raised under the authority of the Act 6 Vict., c. 8, and of the debentures issued, and of dividends, and interest paid thereon, and of the sinking fund, and of the redemption of the whole or any part of the said debt by means of the sinking fund or otherwise. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th instant [October] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house a "statement showing the amount received annually from the various municipalities in Upper Canada, towards the maintenance, erection, and support of the lunatic asylum, under the act authorizing a tax for that purpose, until the formation of the Upper Canada building fund; and from the formation of such fund to the 1st July last; with a detailed statement of the expenditure of all the moneys, under either of the above acts; the amount of money borrowed upon the security of the said funds; and the sums remaining due and unpaid by the different municipalities, on account of the said fund, or either of them." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 14th October last, praying for certain information relative to repayments on the Quebec fire

debentures, under the Act 9 Vict., c. 62, and other subsequent acts amending the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[18 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th September, 1854, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return, under the usual heads, of the revenue and expenditure, of the gross revenue of Canada, and amount of payments therefrom, during the six months of the fiscal year ending the 31st July last, including the Post Office Department; also, the amount of cash at the credit of the government in the banks and other monied institutions of Canada, or elsewhere, or lent to individuals, or on deposit with them, at as recent a date as may be in the power of the inspector and receiver general's departments to supply; and, also, a statement of the whole public debt at this time, including all sums for which the province is security, shewing the interest now due by railway or other incorporated companies, if any, and unpaid; shewing also, the condition of the consolidated municipal loan fund of Upper Canada, and the gross income of the clergy reserves in Upper and Lower Canada, for the six months since the period to which the public accounts for 1853 are made up." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[12 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 15th September last for a schedule containing the names of all public defaulters, including all balances from public accountants. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[4 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th ultimo [March] for copies of accounts of the returning officer of L'Assomption in 1854, and of Leinster in 1851, and also of correspondence. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th September, 1854, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all papers and documents, connected with the sale and purchase of the Rondeau Harbor." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return (in part) to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th February last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return, showing in detail the parties and bodies with whom commutation has been made under the provincial statute 18 Vict., c. 2, s. 3, the age of each party or incumbent, and the amount paid to them respectively; the date of commutation in each case; also, the amount of stipend or allowances assigned or given to each party or body at the time of the passing of the Imperial Act 16 Vict., c. 21, and a statement of the manner in which such commutation may have been invested or appropriated; also, the amount of the fund realized from sales of clergy reserve lands already made, and the quantity of lands called clergy reserves remaining unsold on the 31st day of December last, in each section of the province." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[6 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address, from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the amount due in each year, since the sale of the government roads,—the date of the several payments to an account thereof,—and the amount due and unpaid on the 31st December 1855." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

1 p. table. 25×34cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return shewing the names of the parties for whom a new 'reserve fund for uncommuted stipends, widows' annuities, etc.' of £44,441 7s 10p is assumed or proposed to be set apart in page 241 of the *Public Account* for Upper Canada;—and of £1,904 13s 9p in Lower Canada. Also a statement of all sums of money paid out of the proceeds of the clergy reserves in Upper and in Lower Canada, to any church, religious denomination, or individual, or on any account whatever, during the fiscal year 1855, and down to as late a date in 1856 as possible together with copies of any correspondence between the government and parties affected by the above named reservation of money." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[3 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th ultimo [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the names of the county court judges in Upper Canada, the dates of their appointments, the population within their respective jurisdiction and the amount of fees paid for the several counties to the fee fund

for the years, 1853, 1854 and 1855." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

General statement of the revenue and expenditure of the Province of Canada, from the period of the union of Upper and Lower Canada to the year 1856, inclusive. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[16 p.] tables. 26cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return (in part) to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 2nd ultimo [March] for certain statements of the debts and revenues of Upper and Lower Canada at the time of union, and of the present debt of the Province of Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant, [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the salaries assigned to the several county judges in Upper Canada, by the act of last session, together with the respective populations, and the sums arising from the fee funds of the said counties respectively, shewing the basis upon which the assignment of the several salaries was based." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of any despatches, letters, or correspondence that may have passed between the Colonial Office, the treasury, or any other department of Her Majesty's government, and the government of Canada, since the commencement of the provincial legislative session of 1856, relative to chartered and free banks, bank management, the currency and coinage." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return (in part) to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house,—“a return of the quantity of high wines and

whiskey manufactured by, and the quantity of grain used at the various distilleries in this province, for the years 1855 and 1856." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return from the several municipalities of this province, of the number of places licensed for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors, for the year 1857 and the amount of revenue derived from the same; and also the quantity of malt and spirituous liquors imported into the province, with the amount of duties paid thereon, for the same year. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 16th March, 1858, for a statement of the expenses of the administration of justice in Upper and Lower Canada from the date of the union to 31st December 1857. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th April, last praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the loan made from the public chest, in 1831, to aid in the completion of the Oakville Harbour; the security received for the said loan and the conditions attached to the amounts received in part liquidation, with the dates of each payment,—the amount of principal and interest now due and the security now held for the debt." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd June last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return shewing the amount of salary and fees paid to each county judge in Upper Canada; the amount paid into the fee fund by each county or union of counties; the number of courts held, and the distance travelled by each county judge in the discharge of his official duties for the year 1857, shewing the last increase made to each such salary, and the date thereof." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

26 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th instant [August] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the date, amount, and terms of sale of the Port Dover Harbour, the names of the purchasers and the amount paid by the said original purchasers; also, copies of any transfer made by the said purchasers, and all documents relative to the said transfer, with the amount due on the 31st December last on the said harbour." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd February last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all documents, tenders, contracts, agreements, and papers relative to the sale and disposal of the Dundas and Waterloo macadamized road, the Hamilton, Brantford, and Burford road, the Hamilton and Port Dover, and the York roads; to whom sold, the names of the parties, the original price or consideration agreed for; how much of principal and interest on such sale has, up to the present date, been paid; what balance of principal and interest is due thereon, on each of the said roads, the arrears not collected; the security held for the payment of the same; and the proposals for the settlement thereof." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[16 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 10th March, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement showing the amount paid from the public treasury during the years 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857 and 1858, to all hospitals, communities, bodies and associations; whether the same be religious, charitable, scientific or literary and to all schools, colleges, and other seminaries of learning (other than the common school grant). Also the amount paid during the same period to all clerks, translators, messengers, and all other persons employed in the public service, connected with the keeping, translating, copying, printing, or circulating of the records, papers, and other documents (whether printed or in manuscript) kept in French, or translated into that language, together with all charges for printing the same, including the 'Official Gazette' and the provincial statutes; and also the amount paid during the year 1858 to crown counsel, connected with the administration of criminal justice in Upper Canada, distinguishing the amount paid to the officers called 'county attorneys' from those counsel who do not hold the said office of 'county attorney.'" By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated the 23rd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this house "a detailed statement of the amount paid by the different treasurers in Upper Canada to the receiver general for or on account of the lunatic asylum, and all other funds under their charge, for the years 1855, 1856, and 1857, respectively, showing the period when such sum or sums were received for each year. Also, a like return from the deputy clerks of the crown and county courts in Upper Canada for the sums received for writs issued and for and on account of all other services connected with their respective offices." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[12 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a detailed statement of the balances at the debit of collectors of licenses on 31st December, 1858, showing the dates when said balances accrued. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a "summary statement of the amounts due on 1st January, 1860, by the several companies who purchased roads, bridges or harbours in Upper Canada, from government in 1849, and subsequently said statements to show clearly the amount agreed to be paid for each work, the interest that has accrued on each sale, the amounts of cash received on account by government, the balances now due, and the amounts of instalments yet to mature." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly dated 12th March, 1860, for financial statement of affairs between provincial government and local banks, and financial agents in England. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

2 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860, for statement of expenses of administration of justice in Upper and in Lower

Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

1 p. tables. 34×50cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860, for statement of police expenses in Upper and Lower Canada, since the union. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

1 p. table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 19th March, 1860; for statement of expenses incurred for the publication of the *Law reports for Lower Canada*. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 29th March, 1860; for papers and returns relative to consolidation of public debt. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

10 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd April 1860; for return of all duties collected on account of whiskey distilled and beer brewed, and the number of gallons of each kind of liquor manufactured in the province, in the years 1857, 1858, and 1859. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

5 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 2nd April, 1861 for statement of sums of money paid or advanced by government to the Grand Trunk Railway Company, from the 1st January, 1861 to 2nd April instant. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th May instant, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all moneys due the government from the Whitby Harbour and Road Company, specifying what amount the said harbour and

roads were sold for, what amount has been paid, what amount, if any, of principal and interest is overdue, and what amount of principal still remains unpaid, and not yet due, and what rate of interest is payable thereon, together with all correspondence between the government and the said company, or any member or stockholder thereof, in reference to any payment of principal or interest on said contract, or to any change in the terms and conditions of the contract." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Report of the minister of finance on the Reciprocity Treaty with the United States, also, the memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of St. Paul, Minnesota, and report of Congress, U.S., thereon. Printed by order of His Excellency the Governor General. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1862.

66 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return of foreign fire insurance companies which have obtained licenses from the minister of finance, shewing the amount invested by each company as security, and how invested, the names of those which have filed [*sic*] their charters, and powers of attorney of those which have rendered accounts of premiums received, and losses paid, and also of the balance of profits invested. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "all papers, correspondence, and vouchers relating to the payment, since the 1st January, 1861, of moneys by the province to or for the city of Hamilton, or for or on account of the indebtedness of the city of Hamilton, or for or on account of their debentures either for principal or interest." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 30th April, 1862, for "return of persons who have failed to transmit to the receiver general, fees on tavern licenses." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 5th March, 1863, "for statement of money advanced for seed grain in 1855, and refunded." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement on all roads, harbours, or other works, originally constructed by the province, and subsequently sold or transferred to municipalities, private companies or individuals. . . ." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before them "copies of all reports, evidence and correspondence placed before the government by Messrs. Worthington and Brunel, inspectors of ports for western Canada, "relative to the reduction of the port of Collingwood to an out-port of the city of Toronto. Also copies of petitions and letters received by the government, remonstrating against the reduction of the port, and the removal of the collector, John McWatt, esq., together with a detailed statement of dutiable and non-dutiable goods and merchandize entered at the port of Collingwood for the year 1862, and the amount of duties collected during the same period." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the General, dated the 2nd ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return shewing—"the primo and terms on which the Hamilton and Port Dover plank road was sold by government, and the names of the original sureties (if any) for the payment of the same." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement shewing the receipts and expenditure of the York roads since their resumption by the government; also, copies of all orders-in-council, or correspondence relating to the said roads, dated since the first day

of April last." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[2 p.] table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 15th April, 1863, "for statement of expenses of commissioners of enquiry between 25th February and 15th April, 1863." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 1st September, 1863, "for information respecting debentures issued for Kamouraska court house and jail, and amount of building fund in the district of Kamouraska." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th instant [September] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this house "a return shewing all moneys paid to the government by the Toronto Roads Company upon the purchase of the York roads, the date and amount of each payment, and the amount due and unpaid at the time the government resumed possession of the said roads; and of all correspondence that may have taken place between the government and the York Roads Company, in reference to the resumption of the said road by the government." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th September, 1863 for "information respecting foreign insurance companies." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th September, 1863 for information respecting expenses for improvements of navigation in the province, and revenue therefrom. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 15th February, 1864, praying for a statement of the revenue and expenditure of

the Province of Canada for the half year from 1st July to 31st December 1864. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
5 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th March, 1864, for "copies of papers relative to the transfer of the provincial accounts from the Bank of Upper Canada to the Bank of Montreal." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.
[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Correspondence between the minister of finance and the provincial agents in England, in reference to the surrender of the Grand Trunk Railway bonds. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
11 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th February, 1865, for information respecting trade, revenue and expenditure, etc. of the Maritime Provinces, for the year 1863. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 17th March, 1865, praying that he will cause to be laid before the house, a return of the deputy clerks of the crown, deputy masters, and deputy registrars in chancery, and county attorneys, who, previous to the going into effect of the law for collecting fees on law proceedings by stamps were in arrears for fees received on such proceedings; with a statement shewing for what length of time such fees have been permitted to remain in their hands in arrears. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
5 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Statements explanatory of the financial position of Canada, and a comparison thereof with the position of the other British North American colonies. Issued by the Department of the Minister of Finance. [Quebec] Hunter, Rose & Co., [1865]
7 p. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly dated 10th August, 1865; for statements of expenses of militia force and police force

sent to the frontier. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

2 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 20th June, 1866; for copy of correspondence relative to the unfunded indebtedness of the province since 1865, etc. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

13 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Audit Branch.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th ultimo [February] "for statement of sums paid for support of common schools in Upper and Lower Canada respectively, in 1855." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1856.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Audit Branch.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th ultimo [April] for a statement relative to the educational institutions. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Audit Branch.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 16th ultimo [March] for certain statements relative to the elections of members to the Legislative Council. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Audit Branch.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 19th April, 1858, for statement of expenditure, education grants in Lower Canada, for last year. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Audit Branch.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March 1860, for a statement of the manner in which the several sums paid from the public chest, towards the maintenance of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Beauport

have been expended from the time of the last published report. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.
3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th March, 1863, for "statement respecting commissions appointed since 25th May, 1862." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.
1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly; for "a detailed statement of all moneys advanced to the township municipalities in Lower Canada. . . . [General statement ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.
[2 p.] table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th March last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return in detail of all sums of money due, or paid to, or to the order of, George Sheppard, secretary and William Bristow and T. S. Brown, commissioners on the financial and departmental reform commission, since the date of their appointment, distinguishing the amounts paid for salaries from other disbursements." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.
1 p. table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Audit Office.

Statement of moneys paid on account of frontier service, since 1st July, 1865. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.
18 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Trade and Commerce.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855.
[42 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed with Power to inquire into the Past and Present Course of Trade between the Lakes and the Sea-board.

Report of the Select Committee appointed, with Power to inquire into the Past and Present course of Trade between the Lakes and the Sea-board, and

between the different Atlantic ports in America and Great Britain. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858]
[36 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Public Accounts.
Annual revenue and expenditure of Lower Canada, from its constitution to the period of the union. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847.
[18 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Public Accounts.
Annual revenue and expenditure of Upper Canada, from the earliest period embraced on the accounts before the Legislative Assembly, to the period of union. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]
[18 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor General as relates to the estimates.
Report of the select committee to whom was referred so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor General of the 20th July last, as relates to the estimates for the year ending 31st December, 1841 together with the documents connected therewith. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]
[5 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to examine into the Amount and Resources now Applicable to the Fund for the support of Common Schools and the Establishment of District or Parish Libraries.
Report of the Special Committee appointed to examine into the Amount and Resources now Applicable to the Fund for the support of Common Schools and the Establishment of District or Parish Libraries; also, what other sources of revenue can be made available for that object (not included in the consolidated fund). [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.
[33 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Standing Committee on Public Accounts.
General statement of the annual revenue and expenditure of the province of Canada from the period of the union of the late provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, to the end of the year 1849. Prepared in conformity to the order of the house, of 29th May, 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1850.
[16 p.] tables. 2 charts. 35cm.

Customs

When the provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada were united, in 1841, customs services remained under the jurisdiction of the Imperial government, except duties on imports from the United States, which had been regulated by acts passed by the two provincial legislatures.

On September 18, 1841, the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed an act¹ which repealed certain acts of the provincial legislatures, and consolidated the laws relating to the provincial duties to be levied on goods, wares, and merchandise, imported into the newly formed province. This act, which went into effect January 1, 1842, stated that the regulations contained therein would not interfere with the legislation regarding customs which had been passed by the Imperial government. In the separate provincial governments, Canadian customs had been under the jurisdiction of the Office of the Inspector General of Accounts for the respective provinces. After the union, Canadian customs continued under the jurisdiction of the Inspector General's Office.

The above act did not require any annual report on customs. However since customs duties were one of the chief means of revenue for financing the cost of government, no session of the Legislative Assembly was held without a demand for one or more reports concerning customs. These reports were published.

In 1846, the Imperial government passed an act² whereby the legislatures of certain British possessions would be responsible for collecting customs. As a result of the above act, the provincial Legislature passed an act³ on July 28, 1847, which repealed and consolidated the present duties of customs for the Province of Canada, and brought all "duties of customs, whether imperial or provincial" under provincial authority. This act became effective on January 5, 1848. It did not require an annual report, but it did require that masters in charge of vessels make a report to the Collector of Customs of goods brought in. From these reports, were compiled, annually from 1849 to 1866/67, *Tables of the trade and navigation*, which the Governor ordered to be presented to both houses of Parliament. These were published.

After customs services were transferred to the Province, the Legislative Assembly still continued to request reports on various phases of the work. These reports were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Customs Branch.

Tables of the trade and navigation of the Province of Canada, 1849-1866/67. Compiled from official returns. Presented to both houses of Parliament by command of His Excellency. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1850-1867.

19 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/65, 1865/66, 1866/67.

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 14.

² Imperial Act of 9 and 10 Vict., c. 94.

³ Act of 10 and 11 Vict., c. 14.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Schedule of imports and exports in the Province of Lower Canada in the years 1837/40, 1841/42. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary] 1842-44.

2 v. tables. 32cm.

St. John's. Custom House.

Imports and exports at the port of St. John's for the years 1843, 1845. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845-46.

2 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1843, 1845.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioner of Customs.

Report of the Malcolm Cameron, commissioner appointed to inquire into the state and management of customs, in Upper Canada. Laid before the Legislative Assembly, Friday, 27 October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

110 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioner of Customs.

Reports of the inspectors of the free ports of Gaspé and Sault Ste. Marie, together with certain statistical tables of imports. Return printed in condensed form, by order of Joint Committee on Printing. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865.

50 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners from British North America appointed to enquire into the Trade of the West Indies, Mexico and Brazil.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1866.

vii, 180 p. tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th March, 1863 for copies of all reports of inspectors of customs; and also, the report of the minister of finance, relating to such reports, for the year 1862. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[42 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 13th April, 1863 "for information respecting excise duties in 1862." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated the 16th September, 1865; for certain information respecting law stamps. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

1 p. table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Customs Branch.

Return to addresses of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 2nd March, 1864, for returns of timber exported to the United States and for returns shewing the value of certain importations from the United States, for the years 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[3 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Customs Branch.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th March, 1864; for a return of tonnage through the Welland and St. Lawrence canals, from the opening of navigation to the 1st of September, and from the date of the close of navigation in 1862 and 1863. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1864.

[7 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Finance. Customs Branch.

[Upwards and downwards traffic on the St. Lawrence and Welland canals. Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] tables. 46 x 57cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return of all seizures illegally imported, in the years 1840, 1841, and 1842 laid before the Legislative Assembly, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, in compliance with an address of the house, of the 10th October, 1842. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[14 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 30th June 1841,—praying “a statement of the nett [*sic*] amount of duties collected at the several ports in the district of Gaspé, since the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty five, inclusively; also a detailed statement of the amount of public money appropriated for and expended in the said district, since the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty five inclusively.” [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

1 p. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a detailed statement of the balances at the debit of collectors of customs on 31st December, 1858, showing the date when the said balances accrued." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that the proper officer do lay before the house a statement of the amount of customs' duties collected and paid into the provincial treasury at the ports of Quebec and Montreal—the expense attending the same—and the nett [*sic*] amount received—in separate columns. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the honourable the Legislative Assembly, calling for a "statement in detail of the imports into this province, for the years 1847 and 1848, and the value thereof, with the amount of duties thereon, distinguishing between those articles paying *specific* and those paying *ad valorem* duties" as ordered on the 8th February, 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Return to an address of the honourable the Legislative Assembly, dated 1st of February, 1849, requiring the returns of duties levied upon articles imported from the United States, which may be affected by the passing of an act for establishing a system of reciprocal free exchange with the said United States. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[1 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office.

Schedule of certain statements respecting the imports and exports of the Province of Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

27 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly, for copies of all tenders made during the year 1848, to lease the tolls on the public roads in western

Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 6th ultimo [September] praying the Governor General to cause to be laid before the house a return of all officers or servants appointed to any place or office in or connected with the collection of the customs revenue during the last two years, stating to what offices severally appointed, the date of each appointment, the income in each case, and whether such income has been increased or diminished, and by how much, distinguishing all the new offices and places created, and stating by what authority and order each new office has been created; and shewing where possible, the necessity warranting such increase; and a return of the public moneys expended with the last four years in payment of the expenditure for missions to Washington, Halifax, London, etc., on proposals connected with financial or railway business, or reciprocity of trade, stating the amounts severally so paid by the receiver general, and to whom paid. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

6 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return in part to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 15th December, 1854; for statement of registry of certain vessels, and of seizures and penalties for contravention of customs laws. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[30 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 9th instant; for statement of seizures and forfeitures which were made at the custom house, Montreal, from 1st January, 1854 to 1st January, 1856. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[4 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 3rd September last, praying for statement of imports and exports with the lower provinces; the sums paid for timber in certain counties, and vessels built therein, and therein constructed and loaded. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[34 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 1st February, 1849, praying His Excellency to cause to be

laid before them, a statement of the quantity of lumber shipped for exportation by sea, during the year 1848, on account of the producers and manufacturers of wood of the district of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [July] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a statement of the amount of money allowed to the toll-gate keepers on Yonge Street road, for losses sustained by them in consequence of the breaking up of the road at the northern end of it. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[6 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement, in detail, of the imports and exports at Port Oakville; also, a like statement in detail, of all tolls and dues, collected at the said port, from the 1st January, 1840, to the 1st January, 1857, inclusive, pursuant to the 47th section of the statute of the late province of Upper Canada, passed in the first year of the reign of His late Majesty William IV., cap. 24." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[14 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Inspector General's Office. Customs Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 22nd ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house a copy of the report of the collector of customs for the port of Dundee, relating to the seizure of a certain horse, the property of one Donald M'Rae, in December last; also, a copy of the petition of the said Donald M'Rae, and of affidavits thereunto annexed, addressed to J. W. Dunscomb, protesting against the said seizure; also, copies of all letters addressed by the said J. W. Dunscomb to the said collector, together with the replies of the latter to the Customs Department, in relation to the said seizure, as also the explanations offered by him in respect of the conduct of his deputy, in making such seizure; and the final decision of the department on the subject of the petition of the said Donald M'Rae. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[7 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Customs, excise and commercial laws of Canada. Acts relating to the revenue, finance, duties of customs, excise and licenses, and to the registration of vessels,

navigation, inspection of steamers, standard weights and bounties for fisheries, etc. . . . and other acts in force affecting Upper Canada and Lower Canada. Toronto: S. Derbshire and G. Desbarats, 1859.

261 p. 24cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Clerk's Office.

Return from the collectors of the ports of Montreal and Kingston, to an order of the Legislative Assembly, of the 8th October, 1842 for a copy of the regulations relating to warehousing at the several ports of this province. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

2 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Manner according to which the Customs are collected in that part of this Province heretofore Upper Canada.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to enquire into the Manner according to which the Customs are collected in that part of this Province heretofore Upper Canada, by the provincial collectors, and also, the manner according to which the monies collected are accounted for by the collectors; and also, to enquire into any abuses in the collecting and accounting for the customs. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[9 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to examine into the Prices paid and the Methods adopted for the transit of Products on the Different Communications within this Province.

Report of the Select Committee appointed to examine into the Prices paid and the Methods adopted for the transit of Products on the Different Communications within this Province—and to whom was referred the message of His Excellency the Governor General in answer to the address of the house, of the 14th July, 1841, on the subject of an address of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada, relating to the introduction of the products of the province into the ports of Great Britain free of any duty—with an instruction to take into consideration all matters relating to the agriculture and commerce of his province, and with power to report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[24 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Provincial Customs Act.

Report of the select committee to which were referred copies of the despatches from Her Majesty's principal secretary of state for the colonies, respectively dated the 25th April, 1845, and the 5th February, with their enclosures, relating to the Provincial Customs Act passed during the last session. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[5 p.] 35cm.

Montreal. Custom House.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be graciously pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a return of the custom house bonds received at the port of Montreal during the years 1842, 1843, and 1844; how many of such bonds have been paid; how many remain unpaid; upon how many judgments have been obtained, and what proceedings have been taken to enforce such judgments. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

1 p. table. 35cm.

Municipalities

Prior to the Union Act¹ assessment returns were presented to the Legislature of Upper Canada by the Clerk of the Peace for each district in that Province. This annual report was continued after the union and was published annually for the years 1840 to 1849.

When the provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada were united in 1841, the development of good municipal government was considered essential for the protection and management of local interests. Thus on August 27, 1841, an act² was passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada "to provide for the better internal government of that part of this Province which formerly constituted the Province of Upper Canada, by the establishment of local or municipal authorities." From 1841 to 1849, various acts were passed amending this act. On May 30, 1849, two acts were passed, the first³ of which cancelled all former acts, and the second⁴ was a new act which laid the basis of the municipal system of government, which, with minor changes, has continued to the present day. This new act did not require any annual report.

On March 29, 1845, an act⁵ was passed "for ascertaining the liabilities of the several municipal districts in Lower Canada, and their means of discharging the same." This act required that the statements received by the Provincial Secretary should be laid before each branch of the provincial Legislature. This report was published.

On June 16, 1853, two acts were passed concerning municipalities. One act⁶ required that the

clerk of every city in Upper Canada, and the secretary-treasurer or clerk of the municipality or corporation of every county, city, town, village, township or parish in Lower Canada shall before the first day of February every year, make a return to the provincial secretary of the same particulars respecting his county, city, town, village, township or parish.

These particulars were outlined in Schedule B appended to the act, and concerned assessment of persons and property; income and expenditure for public property, etc. The county councils of Upper Canada presented reports for the years 1854

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 10.

³ Act of 12 Vict., c. 80.

⁴ Act of 12 Vict., c. 81.

⁵ Act of 8 Vict., c. 77.

⁶ Act of 16 Vict., c. 163.

to 1856. These reports were published. The municipalities in Lower Canada presented a report for 1854 and 1855. These were published. The Committee on Printing of the Legislative Assembly ordered that the reports should not be printed for the years 1857 and 1858. The above reports were presented to the Legislative Assembly by the Provincial Secretary. The second act¹ amended the registry laws of Upper Canada, which had been in force since 1846.² These amendments were a result of legislation passed in 1849,³ as new registry offices were needed for the new municipal divisions set up at that time. The act of 1853, required that the registrar of each county in Upper Canada present a detailed annual statement to the Legislature on fees and emoluments received by him. These statements were published annually from 1853/54 to 1864. In addition one special report was published.

On August 16, 1858, a further act⁴ was passed respecting the municipal institutions of Upper Canada. According to section 154 the clerk of every township, village, and town was to make an annual report to the county clerk on forty-two different items of information as outlined in the section. Sections 155 and 156 of the act required that the county clerk and city clerk should present these reports annually to the Provincial Secretary to be laid before the Legislature. The reports for 1859 and 1860, were ordered not to be printed by the Joint Committee on Printing. The report for 1861, was printed for both Upper and Lower Canada under the authority of Act 22 Vict., c. 99, although the act applied only to Upper Canada. The Joint Committee on Printing ordered that the reports for 1862 and 1863, should not be printed. However they were printed for Upper Canada in an appendix to the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. This appendix was the report of the select committee of the Legislative Assembly on municipal statistics for 1863, which has been listed with the committee reports of the legislature.

The next report to be published was for 1864. This report was compiled in the Audit Office of the Department of Finance. For 1865 and 1866, the report on *Municipal returns* was published as Part II of *Miscellaneous statistics* which was compiled and issued by the Audit Office of the Department of Finance. These reports will be found with the serial reports for the Department of Finance.

Serials

Canada (Province) Clerk of the Peace.

[Assessment return of the late Province of Upper Canada for the years 1840-1849. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary] 1842-1850.

9 v. tables. 32cm.

Reports for the years: 1840, 1841, 1842/43, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1847/48, 1849.

¹ Act of 16 Vict., c. 187.

² Act of 9 Vict., c. 34.

³ Act of 12 Vict., c. 81.

⁴ Act of 22 Vict., c. 99.

Canada (Province) County Registrars.

Return of fees and emoluments received by registrars of counties in Upper Canada, 1853/54-1864, made in pursuance of the Act 16 Vict., c. 187. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1854-1865.

11 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1853/54, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864.

Canada (Province) Inspector of Registry Offices.

Report, 1845-1846. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1846-1847.

2 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1846.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

County councils of Upper Canada. Returns under the Act 16 Vict., c. 163, s. 2, submitted to the Legislative Assembly for their information, 1854-1856. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855-1857.

3 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1854, 1855, 1856.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Municipalities, Lower Canada. Returns, in so far as they have been received, under 16 Vict., c. 163. Laid before the Legislative Assembly in accordance with the 7th section of the above act, 1854-1855. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855-1857.

2 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1854, 1855.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

District treasurer's accounts, 1841. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

[77 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return of the debts and liabilities of the councils of the late municipal districts in Lower Canada, furnished in conformity with the requirements of 8 Vict., c. 77. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[132 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Statements received from the wardens of the municipal districts of Beauharnois and St. John's. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

1 p. table. 34cm.

Cremazie, Jacques, 1810-1873.

Report of J. Cremazie, appointed to visit the registry offices in the districts of Quebec and Gaspé. Montreal: Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1846.

19 p. 35cm.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

In Schedule B appended to the Union Act,¹ a Board of Works was one of the services of Government to be charged against the consolidated revenue fund of the Province of Canada. Thus on August 18, 1841, the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed an act² which repealed those acts concerning the Boards of Work of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, and established a Board of Works for the Province of Canada. This Board, composed of five members, appointed by the Governor General, was a body politic and corporate. It was the duty of the Board to superintend, manage and control public works, although what were considered public works was not indicated in the act, and the Board could not spend any money on public works without the sanction of the Governor. However, there was no doubt as to what public works were meant by the act, as on August 12, just prior to the passing of the act, the Board of Works of Upper Canada had published a *Memoranda* to bring to the attention of the Governor the public works which had been undertaken; the public works which were nearly completed; and the public works which should be given top priority, for completion. All the works mentioned in the *Memoranda* concerned transportation, either by water or land. The above act required the chairman of the Board of Works to present an annual report to the Executive government to be laid before both branches of the Legislature, which he did for the years 1843 to 1845.

The Board of Works was abolished by an act³ passed on June 9, 1846. This act required the Governor to appoint a chief commissioner and an assistant commissioner, who were known as commissioners of public works. The commissioners were to manage, and control the construction, maintenance, and repairs to all canals, harbours, roads or parts of road, bridges, slides, and other public works or buildings which were to be paid for out of provincial funds. However the commissioners could not spend any money without the sanction of the Legislature. In Schedule A, appended to this act, an itemized list of the various public works was given. Public works were now vested in the Crown, instead of a corporate body. The commissioners of public works, like the chairman of the Board of Works, were required to submit an annual report to the Legislature, which they did except for the year 1854. The act did not designate any definite title for the re-organized

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 38.

³ Act of 9 Vict., c. 37.

public works, other than "Commissioners of Public Works." However, in the first annual report the commissioners refer to public works as Department of Public Works and quote the above act as their authority for doing so.

On March 26, 1859, an act¹ was passed to consolidate the several acts respecting public works, which had been passed between 1846 and 1859. By this act a single commissioner of public works, instead of two commissioners, was appointed to superintend the Department of Public Works. No change was made concerning the requirement that an annual report was to be published.

In the annual report for 1866/67, the Commissioner of Public Works gave a brief description of all the important public works which had been undertaken up to that year.

In addition to the annual report of the Commissioner there were special publications concerning the various aspects of public works. Some of these publications concerned the Department as a whole; some concerned several branches of the work; while others concerned one single branch of the work under the Department. The publications concerning the Department as a whole, and those concerning several branches, will be listed as special publications of the Department.

In the *Memoranda* issued by the Board of Works on August 12, 1841, mentioned above, public works were classified under three main headings as follows: (1) canals, which included, harbours, and light houses, (2) main roads, (3) district roads. During the next twenty-six years this classification was enlarged, and in the annual report of the Commissioner of Public Works for the year 1866/67, nine categories were listed as follows: (1) canals, (2) works on navigable rivers, (3) harbours and piers, (4) lighthouses, beacons, and buoys, (5) slides and booms, (6) roads and bridges, (7) public buildings, (8) provincial vessels, and (9) provincial arbitrators. All the categories, except number five, slides and booms, had special publications dealing with the work. Since several of the categories deal with some aspect of the same topic, for the purpose of this study categories one, two, three, and four will be dealt with under the general heading "navigation." Categories six, seven, eight, and nine will be dealt with under their respective headings. The publications which concern them have been listed under the respective category.

Serials

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Report of the Board of Works, laid before the Legislative Assembly, by command of His Excellency the Governor General, 1843-1845. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker] 1844-1846.

3 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1843, 1844, 1845.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

General report of the commissioner of public works, 1846-1866/67. Printed by order of the House of Commons, Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1847-1868.

20 v. tables, maps. 25cm.

¹ Act of 22 Vict., c. 3.

Reports for the years: 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852/53, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1864/65, 1865/66, 1866/67.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Reports and other papers connected with outrages that have been committed in the vicinity of certain public works in progress, transmitted to the Legislative Assembly on the 29th January 1845, by message from His Excellency the Governor General. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[24 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th ultimo [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of any petitions, letters, and addresses from James Coons of Matilda, or on his behalf, to the executive government and the Board of Works, relative to his claims for damage under the Canal Act, and the replies (if any) thereto; and all correspondence on the same subject from William Freeland with government of the Board of Works; and also that he will be pleased to cause to be laid before this house, copies of all letters and instructions from the crown officers, the executive government, or the Board of Works, or any of its officers to Mr. Freeland on this subject; and also information relative to the appointment of Mr. Freeland, its date, the exact nature of his duties, and amount of his salary, how and from what fund paid." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[13 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 10th ultimo [June] for all documents and information, proper to be communicated to the house, in relation to the survey of the river St. Charles, and the proposed improvement thereof. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of inquiry into the Management of the Board of Works.

Preliminary report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return of sums paid by government and correspondence between engineers and other officers relative to certain railroads. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

83 p. tables. 25cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 18th February last, for statements of all expenses incurred by the province, whether paid or unpaid, for removing the public offices, and all public officers and servants from Quebec to Toronto, whether for freight, cartage or indemnity; of all expenses incurred in the several public offices and Parliament Buildings, since the 1st of October last, for new furniture or repairs to furniture; of all expenses incurred in repairs, alterations, or additions made to the several buildings occupied as public offices, Parliament Buildings, and governor's residence. Of the amount of rent paid or payable for the several buildings used as public offices and an estimate of the expenses to be incurred resulting from the conditions of sub-leases, the said statement containing generally a mention of all the expenses whatever, incurred by the province, in consequence of the late removal of the seat of government from the city of Quebec to the city of Toronto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 5th May, 1856, for copies of certain documents in relation to the claim of Denis Maguire, for damages to his property at Spencer Cove, occasioned by a rock and earth slide. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[22 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 2nd instant [March] for information relative to the contract between the government and Messrs. McKean and McLarty, for ocean steam communication service. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[36 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 26th ultimo [March] for copies of reports relative to moneys advanced to Grand Trunk Railway Company or their agents, on their behalf. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th April, 1862, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the survey made during the summer of the year 1861, of Waller's Bay and of the report thereof made by the surveyor, under the authority of the honorable the commissioner of public works." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 4th October last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all reports and inquiries, documents and evidence, on which the payment of £550, mentioned in the report of the public works, for 1851, to William Cottingham, was paid." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the amounts expended during the years 1854, 1855, 1856, and 1857, upon the improvements of the water communication of Scugog and Sturgeon Lakes, including the locks at Bobcaygean; whether, these works have been carried on under contract; if so, the name of the contractor or contractors; the prices paid or contracted to be paid for the several and respective works; if any sum and if so what sum, has been paid to M. Boyd, in compensation to him for the stoppage of his works during the construction of the locks at Bobcaygean, or what other compensation has been made to him for such detention and stoppage of his business." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 17th April, 1855, for "copy of the report of the Department of Public Works, upon the petition of James Egan, and copies of all tenders, correspondence and other papers." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of the report of Walter Shanly, on the valley

of the Ottawa, made in March last." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return showing the names of the arbitrators appointed under the 13 and 14 Vict., c. 13, for appraising the damages sustained by parties in, or in consequence of the construction of the public works; the number of claims for damages; the names of the claimants; and the respective amounts claimed and allowed, and then paid; and also, those (if any) unpaid up to the present time; also, the amount paid to the arbitrators respectively, and for expenses attendant upon their duties and investigation, and the time occupied therein." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] tables. map (fold.) 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "the amount in detail of all expenditures incurred in the construction of canals, roads, bridges, and other public improvements, since the union of the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, distinguishing the amounts expended in each section of the province respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all papers and correspondence relating to the claim of John Counter, against the Board of Works." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[14 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 26th May, 1851, praying him to cause to be laid before that house a tabular return of all the plank or macadamized roads, toll bridges, mills, dams, slides and harbours, in possession or under the control of the provincial government during, or since year 1849,—the amount of the annual receipt therefrom, the annual or incidental expenses either of management or repairs, distinguishing each head,—the sales that have been effected thereof, or of any

of them,—the date of such sales respectively,—the names of the parties who became such purchasers,—the dates at which they were respectively put in possession and receipt of revenues or profits thereof,— the amount of purchase money and terms of payment in each case,— the amount of security required and the security given,—and also copies of all correspondence that may have taken place between any member of the government and parties negotiating such purchases. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[62 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863:—"for statement of works undertaken, continued, or completed, or still due thereon, etc., between the 25th May, 1862 and the 25th February, 1863. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 10th May, 1864; for "information respecting employees in Department of Public Works, and expenses on public works." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Shanly, Walter, 1819-1899.

Report on the Ottawa survey. Submitted to the Legislative Assembly, for their information. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858.

50 p. tables. 25cm.

Upper Canada. Board of Works.

Memoranda respecting various public works heretofore in progress, or projected in the Province of Canada; showing the ultimate cost of their completion and the amount of the appropriations proposed to be apportioned thereto, for the several years respectively. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats & Thos. Cary, 1842]

[9 p.] tables. 32cm.

Navigation

In 1841, the waterways provided the chief means of communication and transportation between the various communities in the Province of Canada. This Province was particularly fortunate in having a continuous inland waterway, with some barriers, such as rapids and waterfalls, from the Atlantic seaboard to Lake Superior, a distance of two thousand miles. This waterway, made up of the St. Lawrence River, the five Great Lakes and a number of lesser rivers, was not

without hazards. One of the hazards was the shallowness of the St. Lawrence River at different points. To overcome this hazard the Corporation of the Trinity House in Quebec had been established by the Legislature of the former Province of Lower Canada to licence pilots, who were trained to take over the navigation of the vessels, travelling westwards in the St. Lawrence and bring them safely into port. At the first session of the first Parliament of the Province of Canada, the members of the Legislative Assembly felt that the laws concerning pilots and shipping in the port and harbour of Quebec, navigation on the river St. Lawrence, and the powers of the Corporation of the Trinity House of Quebec should be repealed and amended. Thus, on September 18, 1841, an act¹ was passed "to repeal and amend in part certain acts and a certain ordinance therein mentioned; and to extend the powers, and increase the funds of the Corporation of the Trinity House of Quebec." The master, deputy master and wardens of the Trinity House granted the licenses to pilots. The corporation was responsible also for building light houses and beacons for the improvement of navigation along the St. Lawrence River. To obtain money for this project the Governor General was required to issue warrants for £6,000 out of the unappropriated moneys held by the Receiver General. The Corporation of the Trinity House, who administered this fund, was required to issue an annual statement of receipts and expenditure to both branches of the Legislature. This statement was published annually from 1841 to 1867, except for the years 1844 and 1853.

On September 18, 1841, another act² was passed, which provided for the construction of light houses within the port of Montreal. However, for this project the Governor General was authorized to issue warrants to the Receiver General to pay £925 to the Board of Works for the erection of the light houses. When the construction of the light houses was completed the administration of the light houses would be handed over to the Corporation of the Trinity House of Montreal. The above act was repealed on May 30, 1849, by another act³ passed to consolidate the various statutes and ordinances which had been passed by the Legislature of the former Province of Lower Canada. This new act required the Corporation of the Trinity House of Montreal to present an annual report on all money received and expended by the corporation. The first report was published for 1851. Reports were published for the years 1854 to 1859, and in abstract only from 1859 to 1864.

Other hazards, such as rapids and waterfalls, the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada had attempted to overcome by the construction of canals. In the *Memoranda* issued on August 12, 1841, the Board of Works, in an appendix to the *Memoranda*, listed the construction of canals, harbours, locks, light houses, or the completion of ones already started as works of a national character, "indispensable to the advancement of the commercial and agricultural interests of the country at large, and an increased source of revenue."⁴ Seven years later, on June 21, 1847, the Commissioners of Public Works, in their first annual report, stated that canals were the most important of the public works under their control. In the final report of the Commissioner of Public Works for the Province

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 15.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 59.

³ Act of 12 Vict., c. 117.

⁴ Upper Canada, Board of Works, *Memoranda respecting various public works* (1842).

of Canada, the emphasis was shifted from canals in particular to navigation in general.

No annual report, other than that included in the annual report of the Commissioner of Public Works, was published for canals, harbours, and light houses. However a number of special reports concerning these three subjects, as well as navigation in general, were published.

Serials

Montreal. Corporation of the Trinity House.

Accounts for 1851-1864. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852-1865.

12 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864.

Quebec. Corporation of the Trinity House.

Accounts of the Corporation of the Trinity House, Quebec, laid before the house, in conformity to the 20th section of the Act 4 and 5 Vict., c. 15, 1841-1867. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1842-1867.

25 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1865/66, 1867.

Welland Canal Company.

Annual report of the president and board of directors 1840-1841. Laid before the Legislative Assembly in compliance with the provincial act of the late Province of Upper Canada, 7 Will. IV, c. 92. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

2 v. tables. 34cm.

Reports for the years: 1840, 1841.

By the authority of an act (4 and 5 Vict., c. 48) passed on September 18, 1841, the stock of the Welland Canal Company was purchased by the government of the Province of Canada.

Special Publications

Canada (Province)

Returns from canal, road, railway, and navigation companies 1854/55. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855

[46 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 18th ultimo [February] praying for a return of the amounts which have already been expended for completing the Welland Canal from Thorold and lock no. 18, respectively, to Port Dalhousie; the amount to be expended at Port Dalhousie for deepening the entrance, constructing the piers, protecting works, the annual cost of keeping the entrance clear of sand, the depth of water there will be on the bar when the contemplated works are completed, and a statement of all necessary expenditures connected with the said harbour at Port Dalhousie; with such observations on the shallowing of the water on the lake as may have been made by the officers of the board; and also whether a certain survey, or pretended survey, made by the subordinate officers of the board, during the polling days of the late election for the town of Niagara, from Thorold to the said town, was made under the authority of the Board of Works,—if so, the information derived by such survey, and the intention of the board in making the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 3rd ultimo [February] praying for “an official return and account of all claims for lands, and damages claimed by the inhabitants of the county of Dundas, arising from the St. Lawrence Canal, and shewing a detailed statement of the names of claimants, for what portion of land, the nature and amount of their respective damages, how settled (if so) whether by arbitration under the statute or private agreement with the Board of Works, what and whose claims are yet unsettled, and the reason of such claims being yet unsettled.” [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

2 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 14th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all communications between the provincial and imperial governments (subsequently to the last session of Parliament) in relation to the works in operation on Lake St. Peter; together with all reports made to the provincial government in pursuance thereof, and all decisions come to by the Executive Council thereon;—and also the report of a commission of enquiry held at William Henry in December last, in reference to the management of the said works, with the decision of the government thereon. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[74 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to order the proper officer to lay before them, an account in detail of all monies expended under the authority of the Board of Works, in and upon the Cobourg Harbour; and also, the order-in-council and other authority, under which the expenditure took place; and also, to inform them if any survey was made by or under authority of the Board of Work, to connect that harbour with the plank or macadamized road, now being made between Port Hope and the Rice Lake, and why such survey was made; and if the same proved practicable, why such connecting road was not constructed. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will cause to be laid before the house, the following particulars relative to the expenditure of the sum of £58,000 granted by the Act 4 and 5 Vict., c. 28, for deepening Lake St. Peter. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioner appointed to determine upon the Sites of the Light Houses to be erected on Saint Paul and Scattarie islands, and to apportion the Money necessary for their Future Maintenance.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Disturbances upon the line of the Beauharnois Canal.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Disturbances upon the line of the Beauharnois Canal, during the summer of 1843; and statements of the expenses attending the suppression of the riots on the Beauharnois and Lachine Canals; laid before the Legislative Assembly, by message from His Excellency the Governor General, on the 16th October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[34 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners on the Chambly Canal.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats & Thos. Cary, 1842]

[2 p.] 33cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of the Lachine Canal.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[7 p.] tables. 33cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Maps, reports, estimates, etc., relative to improvements of the navigation of the river St. Lawrence, and a proposed canal connecting the river St. Lawrence, and Lake Champlain. Laid before the Legislative Assembly during the 2nd session 5th Parliament, 1856. Toronto: John Lovell, 1856.

41 p. maps, tables. 50 x 33cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return in part to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 8th instant [March] for copies of documents relative to the survey and improvement of the rapids of the river St. Lawrence. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[34 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return in part to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 20th September 1852, for documents and information respecting the practicability of forming a safe dock and harbor for the reception of shipping, arriving at the port of Quebec, etc. and for other information relative to the improvement of the harbor of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

14, 11 p. 3 maps (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 4th instant [May] for statements of work done, payment made, and other information relative to the Chats Canal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 2nd June, 1858 "for statement relative to claims for damage against Beauharnois Canal construction; and the dam constructed in the vicinity thereof." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[18 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 7th ultimo [March] for information respecting management of Lachine Canal, and for the names of

the several officers connected with the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 12th December last;—for copy of contract for the construction of the Chats Canal, and of certain documents connected with the same subject. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

[18 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 25th September, 1854, for statements, relative to claims of sufferers, by the inundation of both sides of Lake St. Francis, above the Beauharnois Canal, and expenses consequent upon the investigation of the same; and also, with reference to the public highways on both sides of Lake St. Francis. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[73 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th ultimo [February] for copy of Mr. Jarvis' report relative to the survey of the proposed Caughnawaga Canal, and the amount of the cost of such survey as submitted by the said engineer (Mr. Jarvis). [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[55 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 22nd ultimo [March] for certain information relative to improvement of works, rapids of Ste. Anne. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 26th ultimo [February] for copies of documents relative to the construction of light houses and piers below Quebec, and relative to tenders and contract for tug boats plying on the St. Lawrence below Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

84 p. tables (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [March] praying His Excellency to be

pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a return of the recent survey and report of the engineers on the Ottawa ship canal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson and Co.] 1860.

56 p. tables, map (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th instant [February] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "copies of all contracts entered into by the Board of Works for completing any work connected with improving the Cobourg Harbour, and the amount of moneys paid thereon, with a detailed account thereof, and of all other moneys paid to the contractors in respect of the improvement of the said harbour." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 4th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement of the entire expenses which have been incurred, from the commencement of work up to the 31st December last, in preparing the Welland Canal to receive a supply of water from Lake Erie, a statement of the further sums of money, and length of time which will probably be necessary for the entire completion of that work, and a statement of the difference of tonnage, between the largest class of vessels which now pass through the said canal, and the largest class of vessels which will be enabled to pass through it when the work referred to is completed." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd June last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return shewing the number of vessels which have passed through the Rideau Canal; the expense of management, and the number of men employed at, and the cost of each lock station, for the year 1857." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the expenditure made under the appropriation contained in the estimates of 1857 towards the work at Chats and Chaudiere

Canal, lights, buoys, and pier below Ottawa at L'Original." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.
[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a synopsis of the several tenders which may have been received by the Board of Works for the construction of the 'Chats Canal' and work connected therewith, shewing the name of the party making each such tender." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 12th May, 1849, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of any memorial to the government of this province from the inhabitants of Port Hope, on the subject of a survey of the harbour at that place, the reply thereto, the instructions given to Peter Fleming, civil engineer, for such survey, together with his survey, reports, plans and estimates for each harbour; the instructions given to Samuel Keefer, civil engineer, and his report upon that of Mr. Fleming, and any further report thereon by any officer of the Board of Works. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[10 p.] table, map (fold.) 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of the cost of management, maintenance, and repairs of the Welland Canal, the amount of interest (upon the capital expended in its construction up to the 1st January, 1859) with all other expenditures (specifying for what purpose) for the past year; also, the amount of income received under the present reduced rate of tolls (specifying the amount on each article) and shewing the amount which would have accrued for the same under the tariff of 1858." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[3 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860; for statement of expense connected with piers below Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 31st August 1852, for "copies of the specifications for the wharves now being built on the river St. Lawrence below, together with the names of the contractors for the building thereof respectively, and those of their several securities; the price of each separate work, and a statement of the quantities of material and workmanship required for the different works, exhibiting, at one view, the prices allowed to the contractors respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[50 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 23rd instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all contracts, agreements and bargains having reference to the Junction Canal, and of all correspondence, reports and other document relating thereto also a statement shewing in detail the amounts paid out, to whom paid, and on what account." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

88 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Regulations for the management and protection of the provincial canals, authorized by the governor in council, 30th May 1857, in pursuance of the Act 9 Vict., c. 37, as amended by order-in-council of 19-20th May, 1857. Toronto: S. Derbishire & G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857.

17 p. 24cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee to whom was assigned the duty of enquiring into and reporting all the circumstances attending the non-fulfilment and abandonment of the contract entered into by John Counter.

Report of the committee to whom was assigned the duty of enquiring into and reporting all the circumstances attending the non-fulfilment and abandonment of the contract entered into by John Counter, either as security or otherwise, with the Department of Public Works, for the construction of the Junction Canal on the river St. Lawrence, the said circumstances being founded upon certain promises alleged to have been made to Mr. Counter. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

28 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Georgian Bay Canal, through the County of Ontario.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1864.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Practicability and Propriety of Constructing a Ship Canal between Georgian Bay and Lake Ontario via Lake Simcoe.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1864]
[25 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Subject of a Navigable Line by way of the Ottawa and Metawin rivers, Lake Nipissing and French rivers, between Montreal and Lake Huron.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863]
[36 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Supply of Water in the Rideau Canal.
Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.
11 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee to inquire into the Practicability of Constructing a Ship Canal between Georgian Bay and the Bay of Quinte, through the Valley of the Trent.
Evidence taken before the select committee. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.
[22 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of James B. Ewart.
Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of James B. Ewart, and others, of the townships of West Flamborough, Beverly, and other places, praying, that the memorial of the Desjardins Canal Company, offering to surrender to government, the property of the said canal, until the advances made for its completion shall have been repaid to the government. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]
[6 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of John McBean.
Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of John McBean, of Lancaster, in the Eastern District, for remuneration for constructing a lock at French's Reef. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]
[5 p.] table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of John Reid.
Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of John Reid and Robert Shepherds, of the city of Montreal, praying payment of monies

alleged to be still due to them as contractors on the St. Lawrence Canal, and various other petitions of-a similar nature. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[10 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Morency.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Joseph Morency and others, pilots for the port of Quebec, praying for an act of incorporation; and also, the counter petition of Francois Lapointe and others, branch pilots for and below the harbour and port of Quebec. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of the Reverend J. O. Archambault.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of the Reverend J. O. Archambault and others, of the parishes of St. Timothee and St. Clement, praying for compensation for losses occasioned by the construction of the Beauharnois Canal; and also the petition of George Robertson and others, of the village of Milleroches, and other petitions, praying for compensation of losses sustained by the construction of the St. Lawrence Canal. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

3 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of Rowland Burr.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of Rowland Burr, of the city of Toronto, on the subject of a canal to connect the Georgian Bay on Lake Huron, with the waters of Lake Ontario, at Toronto. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1857]

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the return for the amount expended on the different cuts of the St. Lawrence Canals.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the return to an address for the amount expended on the different cuts of the St. Lawrence Canal, and the amount of tolls received thereon. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred that part of the report of the chairman of the Board of Works which refers to Lake St. Peter.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1846]

19 p. map. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee appointed to inquire into all Matters and Things connected with the Management and Collection of Dues on the Chambly Canal.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

2 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on the Murray Canal.

Report. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1866]

3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to which was referred the copy of the estimate made by Mr. Samuel Keefer.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the estimate made by Mr. Samuel Keefer, civil engineer, dated 19th June, 1841, of the probable cost of constructing a canal for steam-boats between Lake St. Francis and Lake St. Louis, laid before the Legislative Assembly, on the 20th September, 1842; the petition of G. Beaudet, and others, of the county of Vaudreuil, and the message of His Excellency, the Governor General, of the 30th September, 1842 relative to the appointment of a military engineer, to inspect, report, or superintend the construction of the St. Lawrence Canal. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

[68 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to whom was referred the bill to regulate the pilotage in and below the port of Quebec.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

23 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee to whom was referred the petition of the Board of Trade of Montreal.

Report of the special committee to whom was referred the petition of the Board of Trade of Montreal praying that measures may be taken to deepen the ship channel in Lake St. Peter. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[22 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Nautical College.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 19th April, 1858, for copies of documents relative to closing of school of navigation, established in Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Desjardins Canal Company.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return showing the number of vessels which have passed in and out, under the Great Western Draw Bridge over the Desjardins Canal, and for which the draw had to be used in each year since its construction; also, a like return for the same period of all vessels which have passed in and out without the use of the draw." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Desjardins Canal Company.

Return to an order of the Legislative Assembly, of the 6th of March, 1849, for receipts and expenditure of the Desjardins Canal Company, from the year 1837 to the year 1848. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Olebar, John.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th April instant, for copy of Commander Olebar's report on the improvement of the navigation of the river St. Lawrence. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Quebec. Corporation of the Trinity House.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a detailed statement of the annual receipts and expenditure of the Trinity House of Quebec, for the last four years, the sums of money lent from the pilots' stock, the sums remitted, the loss incurred by the bankruptcy of the borrowers, or otherwise, in case such loss may have been incurred, and if such sums, or any part of them, have been lent to members of officers of the said Trinity Board of Quebec, and the names of the persons to whom sums have been lent; the amount of the revenue produced by the loan of these sums for the last four years; and the amount of the money now in the chest of the Trinity Board of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Shanly, Walter, 1819-1899.

Report on the Ottawa and French River navigation project, by Walter Shanly. Submitted to the Legislative Assembly of Canada, and printed by their order, July 1858. Reprinted by order of the Board of Trade, Montreal. Montreal: John Lovell, 1863.

56 p. 25cm.

Welland Canal Loan Company.

[Statement of affairs. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1853]

1 p. 25cm.

Young, John, 1811-1878.

Letters to the Hon. Francis Lemieux, chief commissioner public works, on Canadian trade and navigation, and to the citizens of Montreal on the commerce of the city and the means of its further development. Montreal: John Lovell, 1855.

32 p. 20cm.

Western

Provincial Arbitrators

By an act¹ passed on August 17, 1841, all disputes arising over the taking of, or damage to, property by public works were to be settled by arbitration. This act required a board of three arbitrators; one appointed by the Board of Works, the second by the owners of the property in dispute, and the third by the first two appointees.

On June 9, 1846, another act² was passed whereby the Governor in Council was authorized to appoint three arbitrators for Lower Canada and three arbitrators for Upper Canada to settle disputes concerning public works. This act was amended on March 26, by a further act³ whereby the Governor in Council was authorized to appoint three arbitrators for the Province of Canada to settle disputes concerning public works. The arbitrators did not issue any annual report separate from that of the Commissioner of Public Works. Two special reports were made, at the request of the Legislative Assembly. These were published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 7th May, 1862 "for report of provincial arbitrators on the claim of the proprietors of bridges across River des Prairies." [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly of the 3rd and 26th March last, for copy of instructions given to arbitrators on damages caused by

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 38.

² Act of 9 Vict., c. 37.

³ Act of 22 Vict., c. 3.

Beauharnois Canal, and certain statements connected therewith. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857. [18 p.] tables. 25cm.

Provincial Vessels

The name "provincial vessels" was really a misnomer, as the problem under consideration was whether or not the government of the Province of Canada should supply tug-boat service on the St. Lawrence River. On September 2, 1852, the Legislative Assembly requested from the Executive Council a report on the state of the service. This report was published. On September 4, 1854, the government let a contract for supplying tug-boat service on the St. Lawrence River. However, the work done under contract was far from satisfactory, and by an Order in Council of August 23, 1859, sanctioned by the Legislative Assembly on August 8, 1860, tug-boat services were placed under the direct control of the Department of Public Works.¹

No annual report was published separate from that of the Commissioner of Public Works. Several special reports, requested by the Legislative Assembly, were published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 30th ultimo [March] for a copy of the contract entered into for furnishing tug boats on the St. Lawrence, between Prescott and Montreal, with the name, tonnage, draught of water, and power of each boat. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[8 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th February last, for statement of the number of vessels towed in each season by the tug-boat contractors, below Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 28th ultimo [March] for copy of correspondence relative to contract for tug-boat service between Montreal and Kingston. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[86 p.] tables. 25cm.

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Public Works, *General Report (1866/67)*, pp. 121-23.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 23rd March, 1858, for copies of certain documents relating to the tug service below Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 15th April, 1863, for information respecting contracts for towage between Lachine, Beauharnois and Kingston. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[19 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 7th September, 1852; for "copies of all correspondence between the executive government, or any member thereof, and the contractor or contractors for the furnishing steam tug-boats on the river St. Lawrence, or with the Montreal Board of Trade, or any other person or persons, on the subject of withdrawing the said tug-boats, and discontinuing the accommodation afforded by them to the trade of the province." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[32 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860; for statement of sums paid to Mr. Baby on account of tug steamers. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

8 p. tables. 25cm.

Public Buildings

The act¹ passed on August 18, 1841, which created the Board of Works for the Province of Canada did not specify what were to be considered public works. The first indication that public buildings formed a part of public works was when the chairman of the Board of Works, in his annual report for the year 1844, stated that suitable buildings for the Legislature, public departments, and Governor General, had to be prepared, due to the transfer of the government from Kingston to Montreal. The chairman also stated that the legislative and other buildings in Quebec and Toronto, which had housed the legislatures of the late provinces of Lower Canada and Upper Canada, respectively, were placed for maintenance under the corporations of the respective cities, until such time as the government wished them returned.²

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 38.

² Canada (Province), Board of Works, *Report* (1844).

In section seven of the act,¹ re-organizing public works, passed on June 9, 1846, public buildings were placed under the jurisdiction of the Commissioners of Public Works.

No annual report on public buildings was issued, other than the report which was issued as part of the report of the Commissioner of Public Works. A number of special reports were published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency may be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, all plans, estimates and reports, and tenders (propositions) either from the Board of Works, or any other party, which may have been ordered of the government of this province, and submitted to the said government, relative to the construction of a new court house in the city of Montreal, for the district of Montreal, at the place or places where such court house is to be erected, and to the probable cost of such building, according to the said plans, estimates, reports and tenders (propositions); and also to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all orders and instructions which may have been given on the part of the said government to the said Board of Works, or any other party, requiring them to make such plans and estimates and reports, and to make or receive such tenders. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[2 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commission appointed to inquire into Matters connected with the Public Buildings at Ottawa.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863.

xi, 175, 227 p. illus., diags., tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Contract, specification and schedule of prices of departmental buildings, Ottawa City, C.W. Quebec: George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1863.

67 p. 17cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 17th March, 1864, for copies of all correspondence, reports, etc. relative to the progress of the works connected with the provincial buildings at Ottawa, and the date of their completion. By command [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[13 p.] tables. 25cm.

¹ Act of 9 Vict., c. 37.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly dated 30 April, 1860, for papers relative to erection of public buildings at Ottawa. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 4th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return, showing in detail the payment of the sum of \$433,194.95 on account of the public buildings in Ottawa; to whom and for what services; also, copies of all contracts entered into for the erection of said buildings, or in connection therewith; what alterations, modification or extension of the plans or mode of construction have been ordered, permitted or submitted to, and how the contracts are affected thereby." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 2nd ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement of all sums of money expended up to the 1st March, 1861, for and concerning the erection of the houses of Parliament, and of the departmental buildings at Ottawa." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th February, 1864; praying him to cause to be laid before that body, copies of all correspondence between the government and the contractors for the public buildings at Ottawa, regarding a settlement of accounts on the first contracts; and also, copies of all instructions sent to the arbitrator appointed on behalf of the government to effect a settlement with said contractors. By command. [Ordered printed, in condensed form. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

9 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 15th June, 1862, for copies of all papers relating to the re-building of Spencer Wood. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[11 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 9th of September 1863, calling for "copies of all reports of any officers of the Public Works Department made during the present working season, and other evidence in the possession of the government, relating to the time within which the parliamentary and departmental buildings at Ottawa can be completed." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[54 p.] 25cm.

Roads and Bridges

The building of roads and bridges was considered in quite a different light from that of navigation. Even though the legislators recognized that roads were essential to the establishment of inland communications, since they would not increase the revenue of the country as a good system of navigation would, the building of roads and bridges, except main highways, was not considered the responsibility of the Department of Public Works. Thus, the building of roads and bridges was divided into three classifications: (1) colonization roads, which were built either by the Department of Agriculture or Department of Crown Lands, (2) turnpike roads, which were constructed by trustees, who were appointed by the Governor, by virtue of various acts of the Legislature, (3) a few roads and bridges built by the Department of Public Works, which, except for the main highways, were handed over to the municipalities, in whose territory they were built.

Publications concerning colonization roads will be listed under either the Department of Agriculture or Department of Crown Lands, depending upon which department was responsible for the building of the road. Publications concerning turnpike roads will be listed under that subject in the chapter dealing with miscellaneous publications. Only the publications for those roads and bridges which came under the jurisdiction of the Department of Public Works, and for those private companies required to make a report to the Legislature, will be listed in this section. There was no annual report on roads or bridges other than the report which appeared in the annual report of the Commissioner of Public Works. There were several special reports concerning the various aspects of road and bridge building.

Serials

Guelph and Arthur Road Company.

Statement of the affairs of the Guelph and Arthur Road Company for the year 1848, 1850/51. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849-1851]

2 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1848, 1850/51.

1849/50 report appeared as part of *Road returns*.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 16th December, 1844, praying for "a statement of all contracts entered into for the erection of the Union Bridge across the river Ottawa at Bytown, and the amount of each, shewing also the salaries and amount received by each engineer or superintendent employed on the said work, and at what date the respective contracts for the masonry, wood, wire and iron work were fulfilled, also, a detailed account of the whole of the expenses of the slides on the Ottawa and its tributary streams, with the names and salaries of the clerks employed, and the amount of travelling expenses incurred." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "information whether the £2,000 voted, in 1845, for a line of road referred to in the report of the chairman of the Board of Works for the last year, under the name of the 'road from Scugog Lake to the Narrows' Bridge', has been all expended; and if so, on what part of the said road, and when the work was commenced, and when ended; and that he will be pleased to direct to be laid before this house a statement of the particulars respecting the outlay of the £100 of this money referred to in Schedule C, of the said report. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd instant [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before them "the chart of the road leading from l'Original into Bytown, referred to in the report of the Board of Works, together with the reports of survey of Messrs. West and Keefer, and accompanying documents." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[26 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Works.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, the first dated 16th January last, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to direct that the Board of Works enquire and report, with as little delay as possible, into the feasibility of giving to the inhabitants of the district of Three Rivers the benefit of an ice-bridge over the river St. Lawrence,

by means of three or more piers to be placed between the *Batture à Leonard*, near the parish of St. Pierre Les Becquets and the *Batture à Bigot* near the parish of Champlain, or in the vicinity of these places,—and the second, dated 21st January, praying His Excellency to cause an inquiry to be made by the Board of Works, as to the feasibility of procuring during each winter, to the inhabitants of the city and district of Quebec, the benefit of an ice-bridge between the city of Quebec and the parish of Point Levy. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[5 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of inquiry into the Causes of the Fall of the Montmorency Bridge.

Report. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[114 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly of the 8th November last, for statement and information respecting the Longueuil and Chambly road, and respecting the Granby road. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th May, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “copies of all memorials and petitions, departmental and other orders, and documents and reports on the subject of the erection of bridges across the Rideau Canal, at various places between the Narrows and Jones Falls, inclusive, on the line of the said canal.” By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[28 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th ultimo [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, “a copy of all contracts made by the Department of Public Works on behalf of the government, with the Toronto Roads Company, or with any other company, person, in reference to the purchase of any of the macadamized or other public roads in the counties of York and Peel.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 25th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "the report of Thomas C. Keefer, assistant engineer to the Board of Works, of date the 18th and 19th June, instant; together with the ten accompanying documents, with reference to the survey and line of road from Bytown to Hatfield; and also Mr. Keefer's general report on the trade and public works on the Ottawa." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[18 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Works.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 28th April, 1862 for copies of papers relating to erection of the bridges across the Lachine Canal. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Road returns 1849. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1850.

[5 p.] 35cm.

Upper Canada. Commissioners for the Bridge over the Grand River.

Commissioners account for the bridge over the Grand River at Paris, laid before the Legislative Assembly in compliance with the provincial Act (Upper Canada) 4 Will. IV., c. 44. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton, 1842]

1 p. 34cm.

MILITIA DEPARTMENT

Prior to the union of the provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, defence was the responsibility of the respective governors in co-operation with the War Department in Great Britain. The local militia, which held an annual muster, came under the jurisdiction of the Adjutant General's Office. The Union Act¹ did not mention defence so the above arrangement continued to exist until 1861, when a Canadian minister was appointed by an Order in Council.

Between 1841 and 1861, several acts were passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada concerning the local militia. In the former Province of Upper Canada, certain religious groups were exempt from military service, and were assessed a fee to be collected yearly in lieu of serving in the militia. To ensure the continuance of this law the Legislature of the Province of Canada, on August 17, 1841, passed an act² whereby Quakers, Mennonites or Tunkers were exempted from military service, provided that from the age of sixteen to sixty they pay ten shillings a year in peace time, and in times of invasion five pounds. The assessors of the

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 2.

towns or townships were responsible for listing the people of the three faiths mentioned and the collector of taxes was responsible for collecting the fee. No annual report was required by this act.

On March 29, 1845, an act¹ was passed concerning certain provisions of the annual muster.

With the above two changes, the laws concerning the local militia of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, remained in force until June 9, 1846, when an act² was passed to repeal certain laws; provide for the better defence of the Province of Canada; and to regulate the militia. The Governor appointed an adjutant general of militia who was responsible for the organization, training, discipline, and management of the militia. The Adjutant was not required to issue any report on the militia. This act was to remain in force for three years. Four years passed before further legislation was enacted. On August 10, 1850, an act³ was passed which provided for the continuance of the act of 1846, for another three years, unless war broke out between Great Britain and the United States, when the act would continue until peace was proclaimed.

By 1854, the defences of the Province were so disorganized that Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the Province were issued on October 27, to appoint a "commission to investigate and report upon the best means of re-organizing the militia; provide an efficient and economical system of public defence; report upon an improved system of police for the better preservation of the public peace." The report of the commission was published on February 19, 1855. This report made recommendations concerning the police as well as the militia. However, only those recommendations concerning the militia were acted upon. On May 19, 1855, "an act⁴ to regulate the militia of this Province, and to repeal the acts now in force for that purpose" was passed. By this act the Governor was made Commander in Chief of the provincial militia, with the Adjutant General as second in command. No annual report was required by this act. However, at the request of the Governor General, the deputy Adjutant General presented a report to the Governor, on the state of the militia for the years 1856 to 1858. These reports were published.

On May 4, 1859, a further act⁵ was passed. This act required that an adjutant general of militia should be appointed only in case of war or emergency. The Governor General was to remain Commander in Chief and the duty of the Office of Adjutant General was to be performed by two deputy adjutant generals, one for Upper Canada, and one for Lower Canada. No annual report on the militia was required.

In 1861, by an Order in Council, a Canadian minister of militia was appointed and the officers were placed under his jurisdiction. An annual report was published by the Militia Department from 1862 to 1867. The last report, which was published in 1868, for the year 1867, actually covered the period July, 1866 to December, 1867. A number of special reports were published.

¹ Act of 8 Vict., c. 51.

² Act of 9 Vict., c. 28.

³ Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 11.

⁴ Act of 18 Vict., c. 77.

⁵ Act of 22 Vict., c. 18.

Serials

Canada (Province) Adjutant General's Office.

Report on the state of the militia of the province, 1856-1858. Presented to both houses by command of His Excellency the Governor General. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857-1859.

3 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years 1856, 1857, 1858.

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Report on the state of the militia of the Province of Canada, 1862-1867. Presented to both houses by command of His Excellency the Governor General. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1863-1868.

5 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865/66, 1867.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Adjutant General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 19th ultimo [April] for statement relative to militia companies. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Adjutant General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly requesting the Governor General would be pleased to direct to be laid before the house, a copy of all returns made by the different commanding officers of militia in this province of all fines and exempt monies received by them under the present Militia Law of the late province of Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to investigate and report upon the best Means of Re-organizing the Militia of Canada.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to investigate and report upon the best Means of Re-organizing the Militia of Canada, and providing an efficient and economical system of public defence and to report upon an improved system of police, for the better preservation of the public peace. [Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1855.

[30 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to report a Plan for the better Organization of the Department of Adjutant General of Militia.

Report of the Commissioners appointed to report a Plan for the better Organization of the Department of Adjutant General of Militia, and the best means of reorganizing the militia of this province, and to prepare a bill thereon. Printed by order of His Excellency the Governor General. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1862.

[15 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Inquiry on Lime Ridge Engagement.

Proceedings and report of the court of inquiry on the circumstances connected with the late engagement at Lime Ridge. Published by order of His Excellency the commander-in-chief. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1866.

46 p. 25cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Regulations relating to the issue of uniform clothing and necessaries to the volunteer force of Canada. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1866.

14 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Regulations respecting the volunteer militia. Published by command of His Excellency the commander-in-chief. Ottawa: G. E. Desbarats, 1866.

28 p. 20cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Return of the volunteer infantry, cavalry, and engineers and artillery in Canada at present recognized by the government, as called for by a resolution of the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th April 1862. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[21 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Return to an address dated 4th March, 1863, for copies of correspondence with Major P. O. Roy, 2nd battalion of Leinster. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Militia Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th March, 1863, praying for a "copy of the correspondence relative to the dismissal of Lieutenant Colonel Louis Archambault." [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Gt. Brit. Commission on Colonial Defences.

Reports of Messrs. Godley, Hamilton, and Elliott, imperial commissioners appointed to report on the subject of colonial defences in 1859, and the report on the House of Commons Committee of 1861 on the same subject. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[40 p.] 25cm.

Gt. Brit. War Office.

Drill and rifle instruction for the corps of rifle volunteers. By authority of the secretary of state for war. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1862.

111, 80 p. illus. 19cm.

Western

Gt. Brit. War Office.

Drill and rifle instruction for the corps of rifle volunteers. By authority of the secretary of state for war. Tenth edition. Toronto: W. C. Chewett & Co., army printers, 1862.

83 p. illus. 20cm.

Western

Rose, Sir John, bart., 1820-1888.

Speech of the Honorable John Rose, on the 2nd reading of the militia bill, 6th May, 1862. Quebec: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1862.

23 p. 25cm.

Public Archives

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Inland post, which had been under the jurisdiction of the imperial government at the time of the union of the provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, remained as such until 1849. On July 28, 1849, an Imperial act¹ was passed which enabled colonial legislatures to establish inland posts. Thus on August 10, 1850, the Legislature of the Province of Canada passed an act² known as the Post Office Act, whereby inland posts and post communications were taken over by the provincial government. The provincial Postmaster General was appointed by commission under the Great Seal of the Province of Canada. A year later, on August 30, 1851, when the Post Office Act was amended,³ the Postmaster General was required to issue an annual report to the Governor General to be laid before the provincial Parliament. The first report to be published was for 1851/52. Thereafter a report was published annually until 1866/67.

The Post Office Department periodically published a list of post offices in the Province. A number of special reports were published.

¹ Imperial Act of 12 and 13 Vict., c. 66.

² Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 17.

³ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 71.

Serials

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

List of post offices in Canada, with the names of the postmasters, 1856-1865. Printed by order of the postmaster general. Quebec: A. Coté & Co., 1856-1865.

4 v. 24cm.

List for the years: Sept. 1, 1856; Jan. 1, 1859; Jan. 1, 1860; Jan. 1, 1865.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Report of the postmaster general, 1851/52-1866/67. Printed by order of the Legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1852-1869.

16 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851/52, 1852/53, 1853/54, 1854/55, 1855/56, 1856/57, 1857/58, 1858/59, 1859/60, 1860/61, 1861/62, 1862/63, 1863/64, 1864/65, 1865/66, 1866/67.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of J. H. Maitland.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of J. H. Maitland and J. C. Becket, of the Canada Sunday School Union, praying that measures be adopted to establish a cheap and uniform rate of postage and various other documents, petitions, and matters connected with the Post Office Department. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[4 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom were referred the several petitions on the subject of Sabbath labour in the Post Office Department.

Report of the select committee to whom were referred the several petitions on the subject of Sabbath labour in the Post Office Department, and on the canals, with power to report by bill or otherwise. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853]

49 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Canadian postal guide, containing the chief regulations of the post office, the rates of postage, every information in regard to money orders, a complete list of all the post offices in Canada. . . . Compiled by John Dewa, post office inspector. . . . Montreal: E. Pickup, 1863.

iv, 84 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 31st March, 1862, for copy of correspondence respecting Ocean Steamship Com-

pany. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.
[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly dated 16th June last, for copies of documents relating to the purchase of a site for a post office in the city of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 11th ultimo [May] for certain detailed information relating to the Post Office Department, during the year commencing 31st March, 1856; and also certain details relative to the Money Order Office. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "all correspondence which may have taken place between the postmaster general, or other person connected with the post office, or any other of the public departments, or any individual relative to the removal of the post office from the village of Kinora, in the county of Perth soon after the last general election. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "all correspondence which may have taken place between the Post Office Department, or any of its officers, and any other person or persons, relative to the resignation of Charles Hendry, as postmaster of Conestogo in the county of Waterloo, and the appointment of any other person in his stead." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all correspondence which has taken place during the last and present years, between the Post Office Department, or any of its officers, and any other individual or corporation, relative to the establishment

of a daily mail between Stratford and Millbank, in the county of Perth." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1862.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return shewing that net revenue of the Post Office Department in Canada, after paying all charges of management, for the year ending July 5th, 1849:—and copies of the quarterly returns made by the deputy postmaster-general to the Post Office Department in England, shewing the receipts and expenditures of the Post Office Department in Canada, from the 5th July, 1850 to the 5th April last, or to the latest period to which the returns have been already made up, also, a statement shewing the amount of the net revenue of the Post Office Department in Canada, after deducting all charges of management, since the 5th July, 1844, and informing this house of the purposes to which said net or surplus revenue, raised from the people of Canada, have been applied." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 4th December last praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of all documents and correspondence between the post office authorities and others respecting the site lately purchased for a post office in the city of Hamilton. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return containing the name of each post office in Canada, the county and township or seigniorly where situated, and the name of the postmaster and the salary, where fixed. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence in relation to the dismissal of Mr. John M. Robb, heretofore postmaster of the town of Stratford." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th March, 1863, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the reports of the commissioners appointed to enquire into the management of the different city post offices in Upper Canada." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[70 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd June, 1847, praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before them, "copies of the quarterly returns made by the deputy postmaster general to the postmaster general in England, shewing the receipts and expenditure of the Post Office Department in this province, from the 5th July, 1844, to the latest period to which the returns have been made up. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[40 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863; for copies of correspondence etc. relative to dismissal of Dr. Meillier, and Messrs. R. Raymond and T. Cherrier, from their respective offices. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863 "for information respecting payments made for conveyances of trans-Atlantic mails." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863, praying for a copy of the documents relating to the postal services by the Grand Trunk Railway Company. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

107 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th March, 1864; for copies of papers connected with Grand Trunk Railway mail service, since 1863. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

98 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th February, 1863, for copies of correspondence respecting ocean mail service. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[9 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly of the 14th August, 1865, asking for copies of all papers connected with the postal subsidy to Grand Trunk and other railway companies. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council dated 8th May, 1862 "for a return shewing the names of all persons employed in the Montreal post office, the date of their appointment, the salaries received by each, the peculiar duties assigned to each, and whether or not any of the said employees have been suspended, the date and cause of such suspension, and the sum of money, if any, paid to them during such suspension." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 2nd March, 1863; for copy of report of commission of enquiry into Montreal post office. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[60 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 20th August, 1863, for information respecting cancelling of contract with Messrs. Edmonstone, Allan & Company. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[38 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 2nd instant [March] for papers relative to irregularity in post office service, at Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 17th October, 1843, praying that he would be

graciously pleased to direct that the correspondence which has passed between the home and provincial government, respecting the Post Office Department in this province, or of British North America, and also for the United States of America, relative thereto; or any other information upon the same subject which His Excellency may deem necessary and pleased to communicate, may be laid before the house; and also, quarterly statements, shewing the gross amount of receipts and expenditures of the said department of this province, from the 5th day of January, 1841, to the 5th day of January, 1843, the amount of receipts derived from the letter postage, and also the amount of newspaper and pamphlet postage stated separately, with the amount of perquisites arising from the latter description of postage, during the same period, to the deputy postmaster general of this province, or to his deputies, separately stated. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[118 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Post Office Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house copies of the last four quarterly returns made by the deputy postmaster general of this province to the postmaster general in England, or a detailed statement shewing the receipts and expenditure of the Post Office Department in this province, for the same period. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Gt. Brit. Commissioners appointed to enquire into the Affairs of the Post Office in British North America.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell & Gibson, 1846]

[576 p.] tables. 35cm.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE

The Union Act¹ required that £3,000 be provided from the consolidated revenue fund for the provincial secretaries and their offices. Thus it was recognized that the two offices, one in the former Province of Upper Canada and one in the former Province of Lower Canada, would not be united at this time. In 1846, an act² was passed which revised the civil list. In Schedule B appended to this act a certain sum of money would be set aside for the Provincial Secretary and his Office. However, it was not until 1852, that *Public accounts* showed that a provincial secretary had been appointed. Even then, the two branches, one for Lower Canada, and one for Upper Canada, were continued.

The Provincial Secretary was not required to publish an annual report. However, the Provincial Secretary's Office was responsible for more reports than any

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 9 Vict., c. 114.

other department of government. The Provincial Secretary was the liaison between the Governor and Parliament. He was the agency for recording the reports of other government officials. He controlled the Great Seal and Privy Seal, and thus all important appointments and commissions were ratified by him. The Provincial Secretary was responsible for presenting to Parliament many of the reports listed under the other departments of government. However only those reports which contained information from several departments, or for which, the information was held by the Provincial Secretary's Office will be listed here. These reports have been listed in chronological order.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly, of 27th September, 1842, praying the Governor General to cause to be laid before them, the correspondence relative to the surrender of Nelson Hacket to the authorities of Arkansas. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton, 1842]

[6 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before them copies of all papers, documents and communications, relating in any way to the dismissal of William Moore Kelly, from the situation of collector of customs, at the port of Toronto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[14 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, bearing date the 27th September, 1842, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a tabular return from each department of the executive government, for the year 1840, 1841, and 1842, exhibiting the names of the heads and subordinate persons employed in such departments, with the designation of such persons respectively, whether clerks, assistants, permanent or supernumerary, messengers, or otherwise, with the amount of salary accorded to each, and the fees, if any, receivable by such heads of departments, or their subordinates, and if any, for what services and by whom payable, and under what authority such salaries and fees have respectively been established, and also the contingent expenses of each department, classified under the various heads of expenditure applicable thereto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[21 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, bearing date the 6th October, 1842, praying for information in regard to the several institutions of

education in this province receiving grants of the public money. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

1 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, bearing date the 6th instant [October] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "the names of all members of the house who have received appointments to office, whether of honor or profit from the government, the nature of each appointment, with the salary attached to each office, together with such appointments as have been given since the union to gentlemen formerly members of the house, with the salary of each office, stated in current money,—the appointments made before to be distinguished from those on or since the 16th September, 1842." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

2 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 4th December, 1844, praying "for a return of the names of all persons who have been appointed to any office of emolument in the province, since the prorogation of the last Parliament, up to this date, with the dates of their respective appointments,—whether temporary or permanent,—the amount of salary in each case, stating the names of such office and the statute or other authorities under which such persons may have been so appointed;—and also, like information from the 10th February, 1841, to the 9th December, 1843." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, bearing date the 9th ultimo [December, 1844] praying that His Excellency may be pleased to order the proper officer to lay before the house a copy of the lease, under which lands known as the forges of St. Maurice, are now held, if such lease be in writing, and also for a copy of all such papers and documents as His Excellency may deem proper to communicate to the house, in relation to the future disposal of the said lands known as the forges. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[26 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be graciously pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of the valuation of damages sustained by

the inhabitants of St. Clement and St. Timothee de Beauharnois, in the neighbourhood of the Beauharnois Canal, as estimated by Captain Wetherall, and C. Manuel, together with such other information on the subject as His Excellency may deem fit to communicate. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[37 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 8th day of January, 1845, praying for "a tabular statement of each of the scholastic institutions, to which an annual grant is made from the funds of the province, stating the number of pupils in each." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

4 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date, the 27th October, 1843, praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house a tabular statement of the fines, forfeitures and recognizances, inflicted, incurred and estreated, at the several courts held in this province during the year 1842; and also, the fines imposed by justices of the peace, and payable to the receiver general for the uses of this province during the same period, the amount received in each case, and the steps taken to recover the sums remaining unpaid. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[22 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 14th instant [March] praying for "all records or letters made or written by the late commissioner of revenue, on the case and conduct of William Moore Kelly, late collector of customs, together with any statements, evidence or facts, set forth by the said Mr. Kelly, and any replications, reports of evidence, by the commissioner, and any reports made by the late inspector general, the deputy inspector general, or the Executive Council up to this date, upon this case." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[18 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to lay before the house, copies of all correspondence between the executive government of the province and the Quebec Trinity House, and the corporation of the city of Quebec, concerning the beaches

of the river St. Charles, and of the orders and resolutions of the council on that subject. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th of April, 1846, praying that he will be graciously pleased to direct the proper officer to lay before the house, a statement of law costs due on certain lands seized by the sheriff,—the said land belonging to individuals who were transported for taking part in the late rebellion. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th ultimo [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "the names of all officers employed in the Departments of the Inspector General, Receiver General, Commissioner of Crown Lands, the Executive Council, the Provincial Registrar, the Board of Works, the Attornies General, and the salaries of the said officers respectively, and the dates of their appointments; and also, to be pleased to cause to be shewn whether such officers were employed permanently or temporarily; which of them are employed temporarily and which permanently; and how long they have been employed temporarily or permanently." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[5 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before them, "copies of all correspondence between the commissioners of the Toronto lunatic asylum, and the executive government, respecting the claim of Dr. Rees for further remuneration of his services." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency may be graciously pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all correspondence in possession of the government, had since the last session of Parliament on the subject of obtaining the cooperation and assistance in the government of this province, of gentlemen possessing, or supposed to possess the confidence of the people of Lower Canada.

By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[7 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before the house, copies of any instruction that may have been given to the chief agent of emigrants, or any other person, respecting the erection of sheds for the reception of emigrants within the city of Quebec; and copies of correspondence that may have taken place on this head; and also, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause immediate inquiry to be made, whether such sheds as may be necessary might not be erected at some distance from the city, or on the opposite side of the river, at Quebec; and also, respecting the most convenient place for a temporary hospital out of the precincts of the city, for the reception of such persons as may be unable, from want or sickness, to proceed to their respective places of destination. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 21st ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them a statement of the expenditure on the Welland Canal, since the close of the first session of the present Parliament, and what proportion thereof has been expended between lock no. 18, and Port Dalhousie, and at that port; including the amount expended in excavating various cuts, which were intended to let in the water from Lake Erie, progressed with to a certain extent, and then abandoned. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 9th June, instant, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause the proper officer to lay before the house, copies of all correspondence which have taken place between the executive government and Joseph Andre Tashereau, late solicitor general for Lower Canada, touching his resignation, and touching his appointment to the office of circuit judge. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "a return of the amount of duties col-

lected in Upper Canada on salt, in each separate year since the 6th March, 1830, under the provisions of the 11th George IV, c. 21, for the payment of the war losses, which act was to continue in force until the sum of £57,412 10s and the interest thereon should be fully paid, and no longer; also the amount of duty collected in Upper Canada, each year, since 18th September, 1841, under the authority of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 14, imposing a duty of two shillings and sixpence sterling, on salt; also the amount of debentures issued on account of war loss claimed and now outstanding, and the interest paid thereon since their issue,— in order that the house may ascertain whether the amount collected from this duty is equal to the principal and interest of the debt, for which it is imposed." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

2 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 11th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them: "a statement of the amount paid by the late Lord Dalhousie to one Hugh Fraser, for the lands held by the principal officers of Her Majesty's Ordnance in Bytown, with a copy of the instructions of Lord Dalhousie to Colonel By, in reference to such lands, together with a tabular statement shewing the names of the parties to whom town lots were located, the date of locations, the size of the lot, the amount of rent, the amount for which each lot was commuted into freehold, the names of the parties to whom leases or deeds have been issued, the amount charged for such leases or deeds, and the date of each respectively, accompanied by a map of said lands, shewing what lots are at this date in the possession of the Ordnance in the several streets in said town, together with a copy of any orders-in-council placing value upon any of the unconceded lots, in terms of the Act 7 Vict., c. 11, s. 7." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a return of all the ferries, now under lease in this province, together with the names of the respective lessees, and the term of time of each lease; also the annual amount to be paid for each, and the name of their sureties, and by whom the money is collected on the part of the government, in the several districts." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[1 p.] table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause

the proper officer to lay before the house, a statement of the amount expended on each public work, in Upper and Lower Canada, prior to the union, for debentures outstanding, and which form a portion of the debt of United Canada. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[7 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 16th and 17th instant [June] first, praying "that all communications and documents in relation to the quarantine station at Grosse Isle, and all instructions and orders relative to the management of the same, be communicated to the house." And the second, "that His Excellency will be pleased to lay before the house copies of any instructions that may have been given to the chief agents of emigrants or any other persons, respecting the erection of sheds for the reception of emigrants within the city of Quebec; and copies of any correspondence that may have taken place on this head." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[24 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd June ultimo; and praying that he will cause to be laid before the house, the names of the commissioners appointed under the 9 Vict., c. 62; the date of their appointment, a copy of the instructions given them by the executive government, and a copy of all correspondence between the executive and the said commissioners, and a copy of the report of the said commissioners (if they have made one) to the executive government; together with a copy of the general rules adopted by said commissioners, for the distribution of the money mentioned in the said act. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[14 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 1st July, 1847, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before the house, copies of the petition of the late Sir Isaac Coffin, dated 31st July, 1787 to Lord Dorchester, Captain General and Governor in Chief of the late province of Quebec, pursuant to which the Letters Patent bearing date at Quebec, 24th April, 1798, granting him the Magdalen Islands, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, were issued; and of any other papers, letters, or correspondence, anterior to that date, which may have passed between the late Sir Isaac Coffin and the governor for the time being, that may be in the possession of the executive government, or any department thereof. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[2 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant [July] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "copies of the indictment preferred at the late assizes, held in and for the Western District, and the proceedings had thereon, against one Martin R. White, with the judgment of the said court upon the conviction of the said prisoner." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th instant [July] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of any circulars addressed to the wardens of the different districts in this province, by authority of the executive government thereof, since the last session of Parliament, on the subject of the taking periodical census for this present year, as required by the Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 42; and also copies of any other documents which His Excellency may in his discretion think fit to communicate explanatory of the grounds upon which the government proceeded in omitting to take the steps required by that act for the taking of such census, and in directing that the same should not be taken, or otherwise interfering with the duties imposed upon the local authorities by that act." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th instant [July] praying His Excellency to be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all communications between J. W. Dunscomb, comptroller of customs, and Captain Vidal, collector at Port Sarnia, in Upper Canada, on the subject of the importation of a cargo of wheat to be ground in bond (after the passing of the act providing for the same, and previously to the law coming into operation) belonging to Malcolm Cameron, a merchant of Port Sarnia, and a member of the honorable the Legislative Assembly. And also, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house copies of all communications between the government and John Cameron, late collector at the port of Riviere Aux Raisins (Lancaster) on the subject of the necessity of his residing at his port, and the removal from office. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated respectively the 30th of June, 1847 and the 1st of March, 1848; one praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before

the house the following documents or copies of the same, as well as the information hereinafter demanded, 1st. The petition of Casimir Valiquet, Robert Monet and others, inhabitants of the parish of St. Martin, in the county of Terrebonne; praying for the dismissal of Andre Benjamine Papineau, justice of the peace and commissioner of small causes in the said parish, on account of his opposition to the school law; with the affidavits or depositions on oath of Joseph Pariseau, Francois Pariseau, Joseph Gratton, Louis Belander and W. O. Stephens, in support of the said petition. . . . [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848]

[48 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 14th July, 1847, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house copies of all correspondence and communications which may have taken place between the government and Jacques Cremazie, advocate formerly superintendent of the registry offices of the districts of Quebec and Gaspé, on the subject of the holding of the office of registrar of the former municipal district of Dorchester, by Edward Bowen, now judge of the district of Gaspé. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

2 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd January, 1849, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house copies of the documentary evidence, exhibits and papers, in virtue whereof the order of His Excellency-in-council, bearing date at Montreal, the 21st day of November last, relating to the "Gaspé Fishery and Coal Mining Company," took place, giving effect to the act passed in the seventh year of Her Majesty's Reign, intituled, "an act to incorporate Charles Cunningham, Richard Norman, Samuel Amory, and others, forming a joint stock company for carrying on the fishery in the Gaspé District and Gulf of St. Lawrence, and coal mining in the said district," and the acts supplementary to it. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th instant [January] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "all the correspondence between the commissioners of the Temporary Lunatic Asylum, at Toronto, and the provincial secretary, relating to their complaints against Dr. Park, the superintendent of the said asylum; and also all communications from Dr. Park to the provincial secretary, on the subject of his complaints against the said commissioners, and all

other documents or papers in any way relating to the dismissal of Dr. Park, from the situation of superintendent of the Temporary Lunatic Asylum at Toronto: and also copies of all correspondence between Dr. Park and the provincial secretary relating to the issuing of a commission to examine and inquire into the causes of difference between the said commissioners and Dr. Park and also, a copy of the commissions appointing the said commissioners and Dr. Park." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[26 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th January, 1849, and praying that he would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of any correspondence that may have taken place between the executive government and the Honourable Mr. Justice Bedard, anterior to and relative to his translation from the bench of judges at Quebec, to that of Montreal, together with copies of his commissions, as well to the former as to the latter. Also, copies of any letters or correspondence between the executive and the Honourable Mr. Justice Aylwin, relative to his appointment to the bench at Quebec, as successor to Mr. Justice Bedard; and copies of any correspondence (not of a confidential nature) between His Excellency and Her Majesty's government in England relative to both or either of those appointments, and that may relate to the precedence claimed by Mr. Justice Bedard, in the Court of Queen's Bench at Montreal, over the Honourable Messieurs Justice Day and Smith. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[30 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to so much of an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 29th January, 1849, praying His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, a return of all special grants to schools and colleges, (not including the annual grant for Upper and Lower Canada, of £50,000) with the particulars of the expenditure in each case, the names of the teachers or professors who are employed, the number of pupils who share in the benefit, and the course of instruction pursued; also, the religious body, if any, with which the institution is connected. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[33 p.] tables. plans. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Rebellion losses, U.C. Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th instant [February] praying His Excellency will cause to be laid before them, the report of the commissioners appointed to inquire into, and allow or reject the claims of the inhabitants of the late province of Upper Canada, arising out of the late rebellion and invasion of

this province. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]
[48 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th instant [February] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, copies of any correspondence between the executive government and Peter Stuart, of Cornwall, relative to the intended appointment of that gentleman to the office of sheriff of the Eastern District. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the honourable the Legislative Assembly, dated the 8th February, 1849, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, copies of any petitions, papers, and correspondence (in addition to those already on the journals of the house) that may be in the possession of the executive government, relative to the dismissal of A. B. Papineau of St. Martin, as well previous as subsequent to his dismissal from the magistracy of the district of Montreal, and other officials of trust and honour under Her Majesty's government, and explanatory of the cause of his said dismissal. By order. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th February, 1849, and praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before the house, the correspondence between the Imperial and Canadian governments, and between the latter and any private individuals, with reference to the act to regulate the shipping of seamen at the port of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[38 p.] 35cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1849.

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 18th instant [February] to His Excellency the Governor General, praying him to direct the proper officer to lay before the house, any documents that may be in the possession of the provincial government, connected with the case of Mr. Joseph Donegani, of the city of Montreal, on the bill passed in the year 1845 for his relief, or any copies of despatches connected wherewith that may be in the possession of the govern-

ment. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 22nd February, 1849, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before the house copies of all representations, complaints, memorials or petitions, on the part of W. K. McCord, superintendent of police at the city of Quebec, relative to the keeping of the Police Office at Quebec since the said W. K. McCord has been superintendent of police; also, copies of all complaints or representations by the said W. K. McCord, touching the assiduity or want of assiduity of the justices of the peace at the weekly sittings of the said magistrates; and copies of all communications between the said W. K. McCord and the executive government and the clerks of the peace or justices of the peace respectively relative to the matters aforesaid; and a copy of the investigation made by order of the executive government last year, in consequence of the said complaints; and copies of all documents relative to the matters aforesaid. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[44 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 22nd ultimo [February] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "copies of all correspondence relative to the placing an advance of twenty-five per cent by the government on the appraised value of the clergy reserves, in that part of the province formerly Upper Canada." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[16 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th February, 1849, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of all correspondence between the commissioners of the Temporary Lunatic Asylum and the government, during the medical superintendence of Dr. Rees, and between him and the government, and him and the commissioners, in possession of the government, and all other documents relating to the appointment and dismissal of Dr. Rees." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[10 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before them, copies of all correspondence between Her Majesty's government and the Association for Colonizing the Eastern Townships; with a statement, in detail, of all the surveys and roads made on behalf of, in connection with, the said association; as also, of the names and salaries or compensation allowed to such surveyors, agents, or other public servants employed, and of all the expenditure incurred by the government in relation to the said association. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[16 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd March, 1849, and praying that he would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a copy of all complaints made to the executive touching the conduct of William K. M'Cord, justice of the peace, Queen's counsel, and superintendent of police at Quebec, and a copy of all correspondence on that subject; also, a copy of all complaints touching the incompatibility of the said officers in the person of the said W. K. M'Cord, and of all correspondence on that subject; together with a copy of all correspondence between the government and the said W. K. M'Cord, relative to his appointment as a Queen's counsel. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[16 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 29th ultimo [March] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, by the proper officer, copies of all applications which have been made to the executive government by religious denominations, other than those which have been provided for by name, in the act for the settlement of the clergy reserves, as well as all correspondence which has taken place, having reference to the subject. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[10 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 18th instant [April] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of all correspondence connected with the appointment to office and removal therefrom of Ogle R. Gowan, as supervisor of tolls west of Lachine." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[2 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th instant [April] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "copies of all petitions, letters, and correspondence that may have passed between William Moore Kelly, late collector of customs at the port of Toronto, and the executive government of this province, since the 14th day of March, 1845, relating to his claims upon it for disbursements made by him in the execution of the duties of his said office as collector, and of the answers thereto, together with all reports made by the attorney general, the inspector general, or the deputy inspector general, to this date respecting the said claims of Mr. Kelly." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[12 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 17th May last; praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of the number of Queen's Bench, writs of mesne process and execution, issued throughout Upper Canada, during the year previous to the establishing of the Court of Common Pleas, as well as the judgments entered therein;—also, the number of records entered, during the same period, by the various clerks of assize, and the amount of their respective charges thereon; and of their charges against the government for criminal business during that time;—also, for a similar return of writs issued, verdicts rendered, and judgments entered, in the several district courts of Upper Canada, and of the emoluments received by the various clerks thereof, including their fees in bankruptcy for that year." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[11 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 29th May, 1850, for statement containing the names of such justices of the peace for the district of Quebec, as have made returns to the government of fines imposed and levied by them, since the 1st day of January 1847. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 27th June, 1850; and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, copies of all correspondence which may have taken place between the government and the Honorable Louis Joseph Papineau, on the subject of a certain sum of money which was entrusted to the latter, when at Paris, to procure copies of historical documents for the Quebec

Literary Society. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 1st July, 1850, and praying that he would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house copies of any papers transmitted by the sheriff of Montreal, in reference to the charges against them. By command [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1850.

[32 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 1st instant [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a copy of all correspondence between the executive government of New Brunswick and the government of this province, in relation to the project of a communication, either by canal or railroad, between the river St. Lawrence and the river St. John; and also, a copy of all correspondence on the same subject, between the executive government and any party in Lower Canada or in New Brunswick. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[5 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to two addresses of the Legislative Assembly, dated respectively the 19th and 24th July, 1850, to His Excellency the Governor General; for copies of all correspondence which may have taken place between the government of this province and the Honorable L. J. Papineau, on the subject of any claim made by the latter; also, a copy of the minute-in-council, respecting his salary as late speaker of the House of Assembly of Lower Canada; of the last warrant issued in his favour for his said salary, anterior to the union of the provinces, and of any receipt given by him subsequently to the vote of the house in his favour for the sum of £4,500,—and for copies of all correspondence between the Honorable D. B. Papineau and Christopher Dunkin, and the Honorable L. J. Papineau, on the subject of his salary as speaker of the late House of Assembly of Lower Canada, and other matters relative thereto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[3 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 25th ultimo [July] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence that has taken place between the government and W. M. Kelly, since the month of

March, 1849, on the subject of his claim for disbursements made by him while he was collector at the port of Toronto." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1850.

14 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th May, 1851 praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "an account, in detail, of the amount of money collected for timber or wood, cut on crown and clergy reserves, and each of them, in the county of Peterborough, in the years, 1849, 1850 and 1851, and each of them; and the description of timber and wood cut, and whether cut in pursuance of leave granted, or otherwise." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th May last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return showing the emoluments of office of the several registrars in Upper Canada, for the past year, and particularizing, as far as can be conveniently done, the various sources of such emoluments, with the dates of their respective appointments to office." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[9 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence which has taken place between the government and Alexander Morison, or any on his behalf, since the last session, referring in any way to his claim for compensation for loss sustained by him, by means of the issuing of two patent deeds for the same lot in the township of Niagara, and also of all other documents which have come into the possession of the government since the same period, bearing upon or relating in any manner to the same case." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house a return, showing—"1st. The name of each person now in close confinement for debt, or for defaults in payments of law costs, in the prisons of Upper Canada—how long he has been thus imprisoned—the sum for which

he is thus detailed—and at whose expense maintained. 2ndly. The number of persons now on bail, in civil cases, upon the gaol limits in each of the several counties, or union of counties, so far as the said information can be conveniently and readily obtained from the proper authorities.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary’s Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, “a tabular return of the several companies formed in this province, under the authority of two separate acts, passed in the second session of the present Parliament, chapters 56 and 84, authorizing joint stock companies to construct roads and other works;—the amount of capital subscribed in each, whether for roads or other works; and the extent of road contemplated by each company.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary’s Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, “a copy of any instrument, or other document, or receipt, registered in the Registrar’s Office of the county of Haldimand, by any company of persons for the construction of a railroad from Fort Erie to Dunnville and Brantford.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary’s Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st ultimo [August] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, “copies of all correspondence between the government of this province and the authorities of Trinity College, Toronto, in regard to a Royal Charter for the said college.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary’s Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 1st instant, [September] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house “copies of all correspondence which may have taken place between Her Majesty’s government in Canada, or any member thereof, and the imperial government, on the subject of the clergy reserves,

since the 1st of June, 1851. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th instant [September] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house "all documents and information respecting the marriage license fund arising in Lower Canada, and copies of the commissions, or authority given since the union of Upper and Lower Canada to the persons from time to time entrusted with the issuing of such licenses; together with an account in detail of all moneys collected, received, or paid for marriage licenses in Lower Canada, and of all expenses attending the collection and payment thereof, specifying the sums received, the sums retained, and the sums paid into the hands of the receiver general in each year, by the several and respective persons charged with the issuing of such licenses, and shewing also whether any of the money so collected, remains to be accounted for." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 20th September, 1852, for "copies of all correspondence, which may have been had between the government and the Mayor or citizens of Montreal, in reference to the loan, as aid in rebuilding houses destroyed by the recent fire in that city." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 20th September, 1852; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house,—1st. A return of the number of actions instituted, and the number adjudicated on, before the commissioners' courts in Lower Canada, for the year past, if the government has been able to procure the same; specifying at the same time in what county, parish, or township such actions were respectively instituted or adjudicated on, together with the number of commissioners at present acting as such, in such parish or township. 2nd. Copies of the tariff or tariffs of the circuit and superior courts, and Court of Appeals respectively, as directed to be made by the Act 12 Vict., c. 38 and c. 40, before 1st January, 1851, and by what judges such tariff or tariffs were signed; and a statement as to whether or not tariffs have been separately made for circuit or district courts. 3rd. Copies of all tariffs made to this date for any of the said courts since the 1st January, 1851, if any such have been made, either amending the one existing previously, or remodeling it entirely; and by what judges they were signed, either for circuit or district courts, generally or individually, 4th. Copies of any tariff or tariffs made by virtue

of the Act 14 and 15 Vict., c. 95, and by what judge or judges such tariffs were signed in the judicial districts respectively of Canada East. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec. Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[54 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 30th September, 1852, praying for (inter Alia)—1st. A statement, shewing under the usual heads of receipts and expenditure, the revenue of Canada and the amount of payment therefrom, during the six months ending 31st July last. 2nd. A statement of the revenue and expenditure of the Post Office Department for the quarter ending in July last. 3rd. A statement of the expenses incurred for rent and repairs, and for the purchase of Spencer Wood. 4th. A statement, shewing the heads of expense of Parliament Buildings, for repairs and improvements made since the government decided to remove from Toronto to Quebec. 5th. A statement of the expenditure incurred in taking the census of January last. 6th. A return shewing what security, under the provisions of the statute of Canada, 4 and 5 Vict., c. 91 is given by the following officers, viz;— the superintendent of education, East; the superintendent of education, West; the receiver of fees in the Provincial Secretary's Office; with the particulars of the last named officer's income from all sources, and the authorities for the charged for payments made to him. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[76 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated the 11th ultimo [October] for copies of any appointments made between the month of December, 1849, and the 30th August, 1851, under the hand and seal of the governor, of persons to sit as *ad hoc* judges in the Court of Queen's Bench, in the place and stead of judges lawfully recused and disqualified, or rendered incompetent; whether such persons were taken from among the judges of the Superior Court or the circuit judges, or from among the members of the Bar of Lower Canada; with a list of the persons who set in the said Court of Queen's Bench under such appointments, and the occasions on which they so sat; also, a list of the persons who refused or omitted to sit under any appointment so made, and the reasons assigned for their having done so; also copies of correspondence with the government on the subject. . . . By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[27 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Railway suspension bridge. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[29 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return relative to the state of the colonies. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

80 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 18th ultimo [February] for copies of all correspondence, surveys, and reports to the Point Platon wharf. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, of the 28th February last, for "copies of all correspondence between the government of this province and the imperial government, or between either of them and any person or persons, on the subject of the Seamen's Shipping Act." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

30 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 30th ultimo [March] for copies of all correspondence of record in the office of the provincial secretary, on the subject of the claims of certain inhabitants of the Indian Stream settlement, in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, for compensation for injuries received from citizens of the state of New Hampshire, on the occasion of the arrest in 1835, of two individuals, under a warrant from Alexander Rea, then a justice of the peace and for other information. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

42 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 4th instant [May] for copies of Palace Harbour and Finlay Market patents. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 9th June, 1853; for "copies of petitions presented against the bill introduced during the present session of Parliament to define seigniorial rights, with the names of the signers of the said petitions." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 13th instant [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of all documents and correspondence relative to any applications on the part of the shareholders in the late Welland Canal Company, for claims alleged to be due them under the provisions of the Act 7 Vict., c. 34." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

viii, 68 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 3rd September last, praying for certain particulars of information and statements relative to judicial officers in Lower Canada, under the Act 13 and 14 Vict., c. 37. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[244 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 4th October, 1852, for certain information and documents respecting the building erected in the Lower Town of the city of Quebec, to be the custom house. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[24 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 7th June, 1853, praying the appointment of a commissioner to inquire into the circumstances attending the loan of £100,000 to sufferers by the Quebec fires. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 14th September, 1854, for copies of the several appointments of Jean Blanchet, as one of the visiting physicians of the Quebec Marine Hospital and also a detailed statement shewing the several sums of money received by the said Jean Blanchet, as visiting physician, with the date of each payment. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1854]

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 18th September last, for certain information relative to the building rented for the use of the

legislature, from the Grey Nuns, and which building was burned in May last. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly dated the 27th ultimo [September] for copies of all papers relative to the appointments of justices of the peace and commissioners of small causes in the parish of Longueuil, having reference to the last appointments made. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 22nd instant [November] for copy of certain correspondence relative to Montreal Harbour. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[70 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th ultimo [September] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return in detail, of the sums received and expended by the commissioners of the Toronto Harbor, from the first day of January, 1853, to the thirtieth day of September instant" 1854. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 9th November, 1854; for statement of sums paid for official advertisements, and name of each journal in which such advertisements were published. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[32 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 6th December 1854; for copies of all the complaints which have been made against Mr. Maguire, inspector and superintendent of police of Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[30 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 26th ultimo [March] for statement of certain moneys in hands of the prothonotaries and sheriffs of Montreal and Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[37 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated 16th instant [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a list of all crown and clergy lands which have been sold within the electoral county of Russell, since the fifth day of September last, to the present time, with the date of each sale, and the names of the parties to whom sold, and the amount of each sale; and also a statement, or list, of the crown and clergy lands yet unsold in the said electoral county. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th ultimo, [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this house, "copies of all memorials and letters addressed to the government before and since the 18th of December last, by the clergy of the churches of England, Scotland, and Rome, and by the British Wesleyan Methodist church, for Indian missions in this province, and the bodies representing the same respectively, or any or either of them, including any schedule or list of the names of the stipendiaries claiming a right to stipends or allowances, or to a commutation of the same under the terms of the act passed on the 18th December last, intituled, 'an act to make better provision for the appropriation of money arising from the lands heretofore known as the clergy reserves, by rendering them available for municipal purposes' together with the replies of the government thereto, including copies of any orders of council, touching such commutation." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this house, copies of all orders of council and of all correspondence and official reports touching a certain claim of Clarke Gamble, for scrip and land founded on the original claim of the late Oliver Everts, for fifteen hundred acres of the crown domain. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a list of all crown and clergy lands, which have been sold within the county of Kent since the 1st day of January, 1852, with the date of each sale, and the names of the parties to whom sold, the amount paid on each sale, and also, a list of the crown, clergy, university, school and other lands remaining unsold, also the town lots in the town of Chatham in said county, remaining unsold." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 19th March, for certain information respecting employes in the public department at headquarters. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[54 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 21st ultimo [March] for copies of correspondence and other documents, relative to sale of the Grey Nuns' property at Montreal, near Victoria Bridge. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[31 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 22nd ultimo [March] for copies of correspondence, and other information, relative to schools in the Ottawa District, which may have taken place between the superintendent of education, Canada East, and the inspector of schools for the district of Ottawa, since the date of the inspector's appointment. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[38 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 8th ultimo [April] for copy of correspondence relative to claim preferred by the Honourable Mr. Chief Justice Bowen, to a higher rate of emolument than he has received since 1819. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[11 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return in conclusion to an address from the Legislative Assembly of 21st ultimo [April] for copies of certain papers connected with the affairs of the Grand

Trunk Railroad Company of Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[72 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 15th September last, for copies of all documents relative to a tract of land in dispute between the inhabitants of Russeltown and the seignior of Beauharnois. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

129 p. 5 folded plans. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 26th September 1854, to His Excellency the Governor General, for copies of all correspondence that may have taken place between the provincial government and other parties on the subject of the proposed normal school for Lower Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 28th February, 1856 for a copy of any correspondence which may have passed between the imperial and provincial governments on the subject of the assumption by this province of the canals, lands and other properties belonging to the Board of Ordnance in Canada. By command. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th February 1856, for "copies of all instructions, papers, or correspondence between the imperial government and the provincial authorities of this province, on the subject of reciprocal trade between Canada and the other North American colonies, the West India Islands, or foreign countries, together with copies of all correspondence which may have been communicated to His Excellency, between the secretary of state, the colonial minister, and the governments of Guiana, Barbadoes, or any of the West India Islands, on their commercial intercourse with Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th February last, for a list of all claims made by militiamen in Lower Canada for land scrip

or pensions, since 1st March, 1850. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th February last, for statement of the expenses attending the arrest of sundry persons lately tried for the murder of St. Sylvestre de Lotbiniere; and other information therein solicited. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[39 p] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all correspondence which may have passed between the government of Canada, and the imperial government, since the 9th day of May, 1853, on the subject of clergy reserves; and also, copies of all correspondence which may have passed between the government of Canada, or any member thereof, and any clergyman or dignitary of the churches of England or Scotland, or of the church of Rome, or of the Wesleyan Methodist church, or their agents or attorneys, since the 9th day of May, 1853, on the subject of the commutation of the claims of any of the said clergymen or churches, on the clergy reserve fund." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated the 21st March, 1856, for "a list of all members of the Legislative Assembly, who have been employed by the government since the last general election, as agents, commissioners, advocates, attorneys, counsels, surveyors, contractors, or otherwise, receiving for such service any salary, fee or other remuneration whatsoever, and also, a statement shewing what sums have been paid to each for the said services." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st March last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, " a return in full detail, of the expenditure of Elmsley Villa, Parliament House, Government House, and public buildings, Toronto, in 1854 and 1855; shewing also, whether the said works were publicly advertised, and let by open contract; to whom the payments were made; the nature and extent

of the agreements, and work done, and referring in each case, to the statutes authorizing such special expenditures." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return (in part) to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all reports from the chief superintendents of schools in Upper and Lower Canada, and all correspondence between these officers, or either of them, and the government, or with any department thereof, in regard to the common school grants since the year 1848." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[12 p.] 25cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1856.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th April last praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before this house, "returns from the University of Toronto, Upper Canada College, Victoria, Regiopolis, and Queen's Colleges, shewing their annual expenditure, their sources of income, the number of professors, the course of study pursued, the number of graduates, matriculated, as well as other students, distinguishing the day students, their residences, religion and age, as also their standing in such colleges respectively." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

75 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 14th ultimo [April] for copies of complaints preferred against J. Mcquire, as inspector and superintendent of police, Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[56 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a list of the names of the skilled engineers appointed by the authority of the act of the last session c. 174, s. 4, intituled, 'an act granting additional aid, by way of loan, to the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada' with a copy of the instructions given to such engineers, and the date of their

appointment, with the report of such engineers, if there be any." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.
[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 28th ultimo [April] for names of all public officers to whom an advance of two months salary was made, on the occasion of the removal from Quebec to Toronto, and the amount of the advance. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, copies of the following documents [dealing with the provincial penitentiary]. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[19 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Supplementary return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th April, 1856, for copy of presentments made by the grand jury at Montreal, in March last. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Only the Supplementary return was published.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 5th instant [May] for copies of complaints prepared against C. Cimon, as school inspector. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return (in part) to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 5th ultimo [May] for a return giving the names, official title, and amount of annual salary of each individual upon the permanent staff connected with the following departments of the public service in this province: Executive Council; Civil Secretary's Office; Provincial Secretary's Office; Provincial Registrar's Office; Receiver General's Office; Inspector General's Office; Crown Lands Department; Crown Law Offices; General Post Office Department; Educational Department; Public Works; Indian Department; Legislative Council; Legislative Assembly; Adjutant General's Office; Geological Department; and Bureau of Agriculture.

By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

12 p. tables. 35cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1856.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an order of the Legislative Assembly, of the 20th June, 1856; for a list of public contractors since the 23rd June, 1854. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd March last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house,—“a return of the names of all persons who have been appointed to any office of profit or emolument, or trust in Canada, since the 28th March, 1855 (the day to which the last return was made up), exclusive, however, of all postmasters whose incomes are under £20,—all justices of the peace, and all commissioners of small causes in Lower Canada, shewing the date of each appointment, and whether it is temporary or permanent, with the salary, wages, and fees in each case, and so as to exhibit actual income of each incumbent, as far as it is known to government,—the name of each officer or clerk, or servant, and the statute or other legal authority under which he was appointed.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd March last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “a return of the names, places of residence, and occupations of the insolvent traders who have applied for discharges to Upper Canada judges, under the Insolvent Debtors' Act of last year; said return to show the number of creditors and the aggregate amount of debt from which each insolvent trader applies to be discharged.” By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[27 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 9th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house “copies of all documents in possession of the government in reference to the ordnance lands lying within the limits of the city of Toronto; as also all correspondence that has passed between the Ordnance Department and the government, and between the corporation of the city of Toronto and the gov-

ernment, in reference to the same." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[24 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 26th ultimo [March] for copies of certain documents in the case of Moise Plante, who was tried on the 19th July last, before the Court of Queen's Bench, at Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 26th ultimo [March] for copies of the documents having reference to the subject of the dismissal of Louis F. Dufresne from commission of the peace. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[72 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 26th ultimo [March] for copies of papers relative to desertion of seamen at Quebec. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[28 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return (in part) to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th March, 1857; for copies of complaints against inspector and superintendent of police, Quebec, and correspondence relating thereto, since the 1st of January, 1855. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of the indictment, verdict and sentence in the case of Dennis Sullivan, tried at Hamilton in November, 1856; and also copies of the writ of *Certiorari* and *Habeas Corpus* issued in that case, and of the returns to, and orders on, such writs made." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[7 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be

laid before the house, "a return of the number of criminals now confined in the jails of this province, specifying the crimes of which they were convicted; at what period of their age—reckoning in series of five years; the country of which they are natives; the religious denomination, if any, to which they profess to belong; whether they can read and write." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[87 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 24th April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of all prisoners received into every jail in Upper Canada, since the 1st January 1855, and in jail at that date and shewing the cause and term of detention." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[195 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 24th April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return, shewing the number of writs for the arrest of debtors issued in each county of Upper Canada, respectively, since the 1st January, 1855; the amount of the debt for which each writ was issued; whether or not arrest was made; whether or not the party was committed to gaol; how long he was detained in gaol; and whether finally discharged by payment of the debt or otherwise." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[148 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 27th ultimo [April] praying that he will cause to be laid before the house "copies of all despatches and correspondence in reference to the joint address of the Legislative Council and Assembly to Her Majesty, during the first session of the present Parliament, on the subject of the repeal of those provisions of the imperial statutes, by which British creditors or debtors, residing in the colonies are enabled to prove their debts by affidavits only." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 29th April, 1857, for copy of the report made by Mr. Solicitor General Ross upon the investigation with respect to the accounts of Louis Archambault, ex-registrar of the county of Leinster, and of all the proceedings and documents in relation to the said investiga-

tion. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[136 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 5th May, 1856; for copies of correspondence relative to accommodation for Registrar's Office, in court house, Montreal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1857.

[16 p.] plan. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return (in part) to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th June, 1856, for information relative to inspection of hulls of steamboats or vessels propelled in whole or in part by steam. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence relating to the murder of John Farrell, at Alma, county of Wellington, and of all communications to the provincial government concerning subsequent disturbances at the village of Arthur, and elsewhere, in the same county, growing out of that occurrence." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement, in detail, of the manner in which the annual stipend and allowances to the churches of England, Rome, Scotland, and certain other religious denominations, out of the clergy reserves' fund, as commuted under the authority of 18 Vict., c. 102, have been invested or appropriated, in accordance with clause 3 of the said act." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 19th April, 1858, for copies of documents relative to Longueuil and Chambly turnpike road. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 19th instant [April] for copies of papers relative to removal of Montreal Registry Office to court house. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all correspondence which has taken place between the government and any party or parties in anticipation of, and relative to the commission of the peace recently issued for the county of Norfolk." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[6 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all papers connected with the petition of George Nichols, praying to be restored to his credibility." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[32 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th April last, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, copies of the "indictment laid against William Miller, charged with the murder of John Farrell, at the last assizes for the county of Wellington, and return by the grand jury; and also any instructions given to, or report from, the prosecuting officer employed for the crown in that case." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 26th April last, for copies of certain tenders for tow boats between Montreal and Kingston. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

2 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 31st May 1858, for all correspondence, despatches and papers relating to the Intercolonial Railway,

during the last and present years. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the first instant [June] for copy of the report of the harbour commissioners of Montreal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[70 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 2nd June; for information respecting tenders for steamboat service of Grosse Isle since 1853. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Abstract only printed.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement of all causes in which judgment has been rendered in this province, which, within the last three years, have been carried before Her Majesty's Privy Council; of all those in which judgment has been given by the Privy Council, showing whether the judgments have been confirmed, reversed, or modified; moreover, of all those in which the parties have given the recognizances required by law, but in which the records have not been transmitted to the Privy Council; and lastly, of those causes in which the parties have obtained leave to appeal, but in which they have not given the recognizances required by law." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 30th June, 1858 praying to cause to be laid before this house, all papers and correspondence respecting any grants of land to the Hudson's Bay Company from the crown. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[45 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 7th July 1858, for "copy of all correspondence relative to the complaint made against F. M. Guay,

as registrar and justice of the peace." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 7th July, for statement of appointments in public departments since 1855. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[26 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all orders-in-council communicated to the proper departments, regulating the expenditures of the improvement fund in the several municipalities of Upper Canada; also, a return of all moneys received into the said improvement fund since its establishment; the appropriations made to the several municipalities, and the amount now at the credit of the said fund." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th May, 1858, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement in detail of all the fees and emoluments of the several sheriffs in Upper Canada for the last two years, ending 31st December last; and to direct the treasurers of the several counties in Upper Canada to furnish a statement in detail of all the jury expenses in their respective counties, designating the number of miles travelled, etc., for the same period, as shown by their pay lists." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Printed in condensed form.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return of the list of sub-divisions in Lower Canada into parishes and townships, since 1853. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860.

55 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly: statement of the receipts and disbursements on account of the seigniorial fund, to 31st December, 1859. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 21st April, 1859, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the following particulars in relation to the division courts of Upper Canada." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Abstract of a return to an address dated 7th March, 1860 for a statement of number of names returned in 1859 by the municipalities, in each of the counties or union of counties in Upper Canada, liable to serve as jurors in the year 1860, with numbers of members of county boards present when selections were made, number of days occupied by county boards making selections, and expenses incurred under the jury law for 1859. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

1 p. table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860, for statements of appointments to public offices since July, 1858. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th March, 1860, for information relative to proposed terminus of Grand Trunk Railway at Montreal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

16 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 30th April, 1860 for the papers relative to the advance of sixty thousand dollars, to the Montreal Harbour commissioners. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 2nd April, 1861, for copies of correspondence had since 1st January, 1860, between the provincial government and the Grand Trunk Railway Company, or any of its creditors, concerning the affairs of the company. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[11 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all correspondence which may have passed between the government of Canada, or any member thereof, and the imperial government, or any member thereof, or any foreign minister of public functionary thereof in reference to the case of the fugitive 'Anderson' also copies of all correspondence which may have passed between the law officer or officers of the crown, and magistrate, judge, agent, or persons in Canada, in reference to the case of the said fugitive 'Anderson.'" By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[26 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return (so far as received) to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement from the clerks of the peace for each county or union of counties in Upper Canada. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated second April, instant for documents on the subject of imperial subsidies to ocean steamers. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[48 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 22nd ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "all papers in possession of the government, or within its control, respecting the sale of certain property at Sarnia by the Ordnance Department to the contractors of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and all papers respecting the sale of such property, or any portion thereof, by the said contractors." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1861.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 8th April, 1862 asking for a statement of the new offices created since 1861 in the public offices. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 5th May, 1862; for copies of correspondence relative to non-holding of Circuit Court in Drummond. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

2 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 31st May, 1862, "for papers relative to Matapedia road." By command. [Ordered printed, Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th instant, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a copy of the treaty made at Manitoulin between the provincial government (or the imperial government) and the 'Ottawas,' 'Chippewas,' 'Saugeens,' and other Indian tribes on the shores of Lake Huron, or of any writing attested by Sir Francis Bond Head, and signed by the Indians of the said tribes in the course of the year 1836, by which the possession of the Manitoulin Islands was assured to them and their heirs and successors in return for the surrender of their hunting grounds in the neighbourhood of the said lake, showing all the names and signatures at foot of said treaty or writing; also, a copy of any agreement, assignment or other writing, pretended to have been made during the last six months, between the Indians now residing on the said Manitoulin Islands and the provincial government, relating to the tenure, extent or possession of their lands in the said island, showing the names, surnames and signatures placed at the foot of such writing, and the signatures of the parties acquiescing in and consenting to the terms and conditions of the said writing. . . ." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 23rd February, 1863, for information respecting proceedings of Montreal Harbour commissioners in relation to deepening of said harbour. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 4th February, 1863; for copy of correspondence with Colonial Office, on subject of colonial defences and militia. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[34 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly; dated 27th February, 1863; for information respecting the cost and insurance of court houses, Lower Canada. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[2 p.] table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863, for "copies of correspondence between Colonels Taché and Campbell, and the Militia Department, relative to their resignation as colonels commanding districts." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd March, 1863, for copies of reports made by the inspector of registry offices in Lower Canada. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[23 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a complete and detailed statement of the expense incurred by the commission of inquiry respecting the public buildings at Ottawa, shewing the number of days the said commission existed, the allowance per diem to each commissioner, to the secretary, and to the interpreters, measures, and other persons employed by the commission for the purposes of the commission, or acting under its orders; the allowances for travelling and for board to the above persons, and to any officers of the Board of Public Works having to travel in obedience to the orders of the commission, or for purposes connected therewith; the amount paid to the witnesses for travelling and other expenses; the amounts paid for stationery and telegraphic communications, and for the printing in the English and French languages, or the report of the commission, and of any other printing required by the commission; and containing also a statement of the temporary works executed by order of the government last autumn, with a view to the protection of the buildings from the inclemency of the winter, and also, any other expense incurred by the commission on behalf of the commission, and not enumerated in this motion." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of the evidence, judge's notes, petitions praying for a respite or commutation of the sentence, and all documents relating to the trial and conviction of the Aylwards, executed at Belleville on the 8th December, 1862." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated the 4th of March, 1863 "for copies of correspondence with T. K. Ramsay, late one of the secretaries for the codification of the laws." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 13th April, 1863, for copy of commission appointing commissioners to inquire into charges against A. M. Delisle and W. H. Brehaut, and papers connected therewith. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 20th April, 1863, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all communications made to any member of the government,—of any report or reports made by any member to His Excellency in Council,—of any communication to or from the imperial government, and all orders-in-council passed in relation to the opening of a route to Red River, or to British Columbia and the Pacific, since the last session of Parliament." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[19 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 1st September, 1863; for correspondence relative to Intercolonial Railway. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[12 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd instant, [September] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "all papers and documents, reports, despatches, etc., in relation to opening up the territory commonly called the Northwest Terri-

tory, which have come into possession of the government since the 1st January 1862." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[11 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 3rd instant, [September] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all orders or resolutions of the Executive Council, authorizing the payment to municipalities in Upper Canada of moneys from the improvement fund, created under the provisions of an act of the Parliament of this province, passed in the 16th year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 159, and of any orders rescinding the same." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[9 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 14th September, 1863, for information on several matters connected with the Montreal jail. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[8 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return in part, to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 28th September, 1863, "for information respecting dismissal of public employes since 25th May, 1862, and those employed since." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 14th March, 1864, "for information respecting proceedings, detailed in the address of the Montreal Harbour commissioners." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[6 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 16th March, 1864; "for copies of documents relating to the Intercolonial Railroad." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[36 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Returns to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 17th March, 1864; "for information respecting inspection of volunteer 'force.'" By command. Abstract ordered printed. [Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 9th May, 1864, for copies of instructions given to Mr. Sandford Fleming respecting survey of Intercolonial Railway. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th May, 1864; for certain statements relative to employés in public departments. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[17 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th May, 1864; for "list of appointments, made in public departments, since 30th March last." By command. [Ordered printed in summary. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council dated 27th May, 1864; for information respecting affairs and proceedings of the Quebec Harbour commissioners. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1864.

[3 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 5th February, 1865, for statement of names and description of the dioceses, districts, counties, parishes, townships, or missions in Lower Canada, and also their respective populations by last census, and the date of the canonical and civil erection of the said localities. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

46 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 6th February, 1865 praying him to cause to be laid before that body, statements showing the amount of money paid by the sheriff or treasurer of each county and city in Upper Canada to the publishers of the *Canada Gazette*, for advertising the list of lands for sale for taxes in each such county and city, for the years, 1862, 1863, and 1864; and also, the sum paid for the same purpose to each local newspaper in each such country or city, showing

in each case the time, during which each such list was advertised. By command. Ordered printed in condensed form. [Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

7 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 13th February 1865; for copies of correspondence with the government of New Brunswick in 1857, 1858, and 1859, on the subject of a political or commercial union of the British North American provinces. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 10th June, 1866; for statement of appointments in the public service of the province since 1st May, 1864. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

9 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 15th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a detailed statement of the expense incurred to this day in the erection of the Parliament Buildings and the departmental buildings in the city of Ottawa." Also, "a statement of the sums required to finish the said buildings and furnish them completely, and of the probable expense of levelling and embellishing the grounds." Also, "a statement of the amount that will be required annually for warming and lighting the said buildings, and for wages and other necessary expenses for the preservation and maintenance of the said buildings." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

[3 p.] table. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return and supplementary return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 4th July, 1866; "for copies of papers having reference to the sea fisheries of the river and Gulf of St. Lawrence." [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

13 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Council, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 12th September, 1865; praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house—"a statement containing the name of the chairman of the Board of Steamship Inspection; also the name of the secretary of the said board and the places where their offices are kept; the

several places in the province where yearly meeting of the board are held, and the periods of such meetings:—also, copies of their rules and regulations, approved by the Governor in Council, for the uniform inspection of steamers—the selection of ports of inspection—the granting licenses to engineers, and for such other purposes as they may have deemed necessary. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

4 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Secretary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 7th Sept., 1865; for information respecting seigniorial indemnity to townships. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Dawson, Simon James, 1820-1902.

Report on the exploration of the country between Lake Superior and the Red River settlement, and between the latter place and the Assiniboine and Saskatchewan, by S. J. Dawson. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1859.

45 p. map (fold) 32cm.

This survey was carried out under instruction of the provincial secretary.

Hind, Henry Youle, 1823-1908.

Northwest Territory. Reports of progress; together with a preliminary and general report on the Assiniboine and Saskatchewan exploring expedition, made under instructions from the provincial secretary, Canada, by Henry Youle Hind. . . . Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: J. Lovell, 1859.

xii, 201 p. illus. plates, maps (fold.) 32cm.

Western

Provincial Registrar's Office

On September 18, 1841, an act¹ was passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada "to regulate the taking of securities in all offices in respect of which security ought to be given, and for avoiding the grant of all such offices in the event of such security not being given within a time limited after the grant of such office." This act was reserved for royal assent, which was given March 19, 1842. By this act a provincial registrar was appointed to register all bonds and securities. He was required to prepare a statement of all bonds and securities for each session of the Legislature. This statement was published for the years 1841 to 1858. In 1846, a further act² was passed whereby the Office of Provincial Registrar was placed under the jurisdiction of the Provincial Secretary, who became Provincial Registrar *ex officio*. The reports were issued by the deputy registrar under the name Provincial Registrar's Office. In 1859, the Committee on

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 91.

² Act of 9 Vict., c. 114.

Printing of the Legislative Assembly ordered that the report should not be printed. In addition to the annual report a number of special reports were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

The registrar's report of bonds and securities registered, laid before the Legislative Assembly in compliance with the provincial Act 4 and 5 Vict., c. 91, 1841-1857/58. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1842-1858.

14 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842/43, 1844, 1845, 1846/47, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850/51, 1851/52, 1852/54, 1854/56, 1856/57, 1857/58.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 11th April, of books published and copyrighted in Canada under the Act 4 and 5 Vict., c. 60, shewing the number registered in each year, names of authors and proprietors, by whom and where printed, and other information required by an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly of Canada of the 11th April, 1859. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return shewing the names of the Division Court judges, their salaries, and the amount of fees and fines raised in the several divisions; also the amount of the general fee fund and of all moneys received and disbursed under authority of sections 16 and 17 of the Division Court Act of last session; and stating in detail the manner in which all such moneys have been appropriated whether under authority of the said act, or of previous enactments, and if so, what enactments, for and during the two years ending with the last fiscal quarter"—"and a statement in detail of the expenditure of £5,000 less £800 refunded, paid without the special authority of the law to W. B. Robinson, a member of the Legislative Assembly to be by him disbursed among the Indians on Lake Superior"—"and a return shewing to whom the payments were severally made of £6,655 stated in page 20 of last year's *Public Accounts*, to have been paid for Indian annuities for or during the year ending on the 30th September last." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[12 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 7th March last [1849] praying His Excellency to be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, by the proper officer, a list of the patents granted in Lower Canada for lots of land, exceeding five hundred acres, from the year 1795 to the year 1848, with the date of each patent, the name of the parties to whom the said lands have been granted, and by whom, the object for which each patent was granted and the conditions contained therein. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[36 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th ultimo [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a list of any rectories that may have been established during the last sixteen years, and copies of the respective authorities required by the 31 George III, c. 31, s. 38, under which they may have been established; also, a list of the rectors who have heretofore been presented to rectories, and a list of any deaths, retirements, or removals of any such incumbents, and of the times and authorities for the presentation of any successors to these incumbents, together with their names." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th May 1851, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of the aggregate amounts of all the funds in the said Court of Chancery, and subject to the control thereof, on the 1st day of April last, namely, the aggregate of all funds deposited in banks, or in trust and loan companies, or invested in stocks mortgages, and other securities, and all other securities, and all other funds and property under control of said Court, said return to them in separate and distinct items, the names of all the estates, heirs, owners, claimants, suitors, wards, minors, and parties claiming and interested in said funds, and for what purpose the same are held, whether in trust or otherwise and the precise amounts of principal, interest, and accumulation, and whether said funds are all properly secured, and so that those, under whose more immediate direction they are, may not waste or mis-apply them, to the injury of the widows, orphans, infants, and others concerned." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1851, for copies, "1. Of the Queen's Letters

Patent, under authority of which the Protestant Bishopricks of Quebec and Montreal have been erected or established. 2. Of the Queen's Letters Patent, dated 29th January, 1845, in favour of the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Quebec, and dated August 17th, 1839; in favour of the Roman Catholic Bishop of Montreal, giving these prelates certain corporate powers, to which two latter documents, reference is made in the 136th chapter of the provincial statutes of 1849. 3. Of the Queen's Letters Patent, under authority of which the Protestant Bishoprick of Toronto was separated from the former diocese of Quebec, and established in a separate see." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Returns to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 27th September, 1842, laid before the house, by message from His Excellency the Governor General, of the 27th October, 1843. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[26 p.] tables. 35cm.

Contents: Return of appointments in Lower Canada from the division of the province of Quebec, in 1791, into the provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, to the union of those provinces in 1841—with remarks of the deputy inspector general appended thereto.

Canada (Province) Registrar's Office.

Supplementary return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd June, 1851, for copies of all titles, leases, or concessions made in favour of the Hudson's Bay Company, which are now in force; and of all correspondence between the government and the said company, since the year 1848. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

[4 p.] 35cm.

RECEIVER GENERAL'S OFFICE

The Receiver General's Office was established, and the duties in part of this officer outlined, by the Union Act¹ as follows:

The sums of forty-five thousand pounds and thirty-thousand pounds to be issued by the Receiver-General in discharge of such warrant or warrants as shall be from time to time directed to him under the hand and seal of the Governor; and the said Receiver-General shall account to Her Majesty for the same, through the Lord High Treasurer or Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's treasury, in such manner and form as Her Majesty shall be graciously pleased to direct.

The above mentioned amounts of mōney, which were set aside for the judicial and civil administration of government, were listed as the fourth and fifth charges on the consolidated revenue fund of the Province of Canada. The act did

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

not require any report on this money. However, a report, of the warrants issued in payment of the expenses of the judicial and civil administration, was published as part of the report of the Inspector General's Office from 1841 to 1867. From 1841 to 1844, and from 1846 to 1847, the Receiver General published a report on provincial debentures.

On April 25, 1849, the Legislature, which now controlled the finances of the Province in so far as no money was supposed to be spent except by legislation, passed an act¹ for the better management of the public debt, accounts, revenue, and property. The Receiver General and the Inspector General both were required to set up the *Public Accounts* by double entry bookkeeping. This was to serve as a check on each department, and, as the danger from fire was always of great concern, if one office was burned out, the books of the other would be available (the two offices were not to be housed in the same building). A further requirement was the preparation of an annual statement of the public debt, the consolidated revenue fund, and the various trusts and special funds under the management of the provincial government. This was not a new stipulation as the Inspector General had issued an annual report from 1841.

The above stipulations were carried out by the Inspector General's Office. The standing committee of the Legislative Assembly on public accounts conducted in 1854, an intensive survey into the state of the offices of Inspector General and Receiver General. This committee discovered that the books in the Receiver General's Office had not been balanced since 1848.² As a result of this investigation a Board of Audit was established in 1855,³ to supervise both the collecting of revenue and the spending of the public funds.

The Receiver General's Office continued its function of collecting revenue and issuing the warrants in payment of accounts, but from 1855 to 1867, its method of accounting was supervised by the Board of Audit.

A number of special reports, dealing with the various aspects of government finance, were issued by the Receiver General's Office. These reports have been listed in chronological order.

Serials

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Schedule of government debentures, redeemed and outstanding, 1841-1847. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1842-1848.

6 v. tables. 34cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1846, 1847.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated the 29th September, 1842, praying "for a detailed statement of all losses sustained during the late

¹ Act of 12 Vict., c. 5.

² Canada (Province), Legislative Assembly, Standing Committee on Public Accounts, *Second report* (1854).

³ Act of 18 Vict., c. 78.

war with the United States of America, and unpaid with each district by itself." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842. [6 p.] tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 12th ultimo [February] praying for a "statement, setting forth in detail the amount of war losses awarded to individuals or persons in Upper Canada, and remaining unpaid, together with the causes why such claims have not been paid; the names of Indians entitled to such remuneration, whether it has been paid to them, and if so, by whom, and when; and also, a detailed statement of the kind of evidence of such payment." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845] [13 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 13th instant [March] praying for "a detailed statement of the several amounts paid into the hands of the receiver general, of this province, by the treasury of the several districts of the late province of Upper Canada, for the establishment and support of a lunatic asylum, during the years 1840, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, and 1845, shewing the amount received from each district, respectively during the above period." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845] 2 p. table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd June last; praying that His Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement of the amount of Indian monies invested in government, or other debentures during the last three years; shewing the amount and description of such debentures, the parties from whom the same were purchased, and to whom payment was made. Also, the rates at which such debentures were purchased, whether below or at par, or at a premium; and whether such investments in debentures, if any, were made by the chief superintendent of Indian affairs in this province, or any other, or what officer of that department." by command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1847. 2 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 24th August, 1852, praying that His Excellency will cause to be laid before this house a statement, up to the 1st August instant, showing the amount of cash at the credit of the government of Canada, subject

to the draft of the receiver general thereof, acting on its behalf, in the various banking and other moneyed institutions of the province, or in the hands of individuals, holding public deposits in and out of Canada, including the agent or brokers who transact the business of the province in Europe, specifying the amount in each place of deposit and what rates of interest are payable to government on any part of the public deposits, in what cases and under what arrangements or conditions. . . . [Ordered printed. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[20 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to the Governor General, dated 18th instant [October] for a statement shewing to what bankers in England the proceeds of debentures were paid, and at what period and in what sums the amounts so paid in England were drawn by the provincial government; and the dates and amounts of such draughts or bills of exchange, and the parties to whom the same were payable. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated 27th October, 1852, to His Excellency the Governor General, for a return of the debentures issued under the authority of the 3rd section of the Act 12 Vict., c. 112, for loans towards defraying the expenses of the court house now in progress of erection in Montreal—for court houses and gaols in Kamouraska, Aylmer and Chicoutimi, or for repairing or rebuilding court houses and gaols in Gaspé, and Bonaventure—said return to shew the date and amount of each debenture, when and where and to whom sold or paid, whether at a discount, at par, or at a premium; how any bond that may have been received was applied, the names of the broker or agent who negotiated the debentures, the commission or brokerage paid in each case, with copy of the order-in-council upon which the same were issued by the receiver general, to meet the requirements of the Department of Public Works, in the erection, repairing and rebuilding of the said court houses and gaols; and shewing what other funds have been applied to these works, with the gross expenditure. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 23rd ultimo [March] for statements of financial affairs of the province, and a list of the clerks and other employés in the public departments, with certain information connected with these officers, asked for by the said address. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

28 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to two addresses of the honorable the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 28th February, 1856, for, 1st. "A statement of the different sums of money placed to the credit of the special fund set apart to aid the *censitaires* in the redemption of the seigniorial dues, and to defray the expenses arising out of such redemption, in virtue of the Seigniorial Tenures Act of 1854, and of the amendments made thereto in 1855,—and for other information. 2ndly. Copies of all instructions given by the government to the commissioners appointed to carry into operation the Seigniorial Tenures Act of 1854, and of any correspondence on the subject between the government, and the said commissioners." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[30 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 28th ultimo [February] for a statement of sums obtained by municipalities in Upper and Lower Canada under Municipal Loan Fund Act, 16 Vict., c. 22, together with certain information relating thereto. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 5th instant [March] for a statement of municipal debentures of county of Terrebonne, exchanged by the government for provincial debentures, together with copies of correspondence asked for. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 10th instant [March] for statement of assessment rolls of municipalities which have effected municipal loans. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st ultimo [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement of the moneys which have been sent from this province as contributions to the patriotic fund and acknowledged by the royal commissioner. The statement to show from what sources or localities the contributions have been sent." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[7 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 7th instant, [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return shewing in detail the amount paid to the receiver general in the years 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, and 1855, by each municipality in Upper Canada, under the Act 13 and 14 Vict., c. 68, intituled, "an act to provide funds for defraying the cost of the erection of the lunatic asylum and other public buildings in Upper Canada, specifying the name of any municipality which has not paid such tax in any year." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, of the 14th instant [April] for papers relative to municipal debentures of the county of Stanstead. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 4th ultimo [March] for certain "financial statements relative to commutation of seigniorial tenure." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[14 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 12th ultimo [March] for statement relative to municipal loan fund. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 15th ultimo [March] for financial statement relative to the seigniorial tenure affair. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[30 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement of all sums apportioned to the several municipalities in Upper Canada from the clergy reserves appropriation fund, as also from what municipalities the appropriation was retained owing to their

indebtedness to the consolidated municipal loan fund to the present time." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 19th ultimo, [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement shewing the whole amount of consolidated municipal loan fund debentures issued to the 31st January last, under 16 Vict., c. 22 and 18 Vict., c. 13; and also the amount issued, for each municipality; the amount of principal, if any, unpaid to the sinking fund; the amount of principal over-due; the amount of interest, if any, paid; and the amount of principal and interest re-imbursed from the clergy reserve fund, with such amount, and the name of the municipality in each case." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1858.

[4 p.] 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 2nd instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a copy of a petition presented to His Excellency in Council some months ago, by the Cobourg and Peterborough Railroad Company, praying for the disallowance of a certain by-law of the municipality of the town of Peterborough; also, a copy of the documents attached to the said petition and of the answer thereto, together with any correspondence between the said municipality, or any person, and the executive government, in relation to the said by-law, and to the £25,000 obtained from the municipal loan fund, to aid in the construction of a railroad from Millbrooke to Peterborough." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[4 p.] map (fold.) 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Department.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 2nd instant [March] for statement relative to municipal loans in Lower Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[2 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a statement showing the amounts which have been paid in by the municipalities in each year, on account of interest and sinking fund, of the moneys borrowed from the municipal loan fund in Upper and Lower Canada, since the establishment of the said fund; showing also, the respective

amounts, which have been paid on account of the shares coming to the different municipalities, of the proceeds of the clergy reserve funds." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1859.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 11th instant [April] for statement of applications for loans from municipal loan fund of Lower Canada. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1859.

[3 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th March, 1860; for statement relative to payment of rebellion losses. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

2 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 12th March, 1860; for statement of funds advanced under Municipal Loan Fund Act. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

6 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated 12th March, 1860, for a statement shewing the balances of the credit of the special funds of the province, and the several securities, etc. in which the said balances have been invested. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co.] 1860.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 19th March, 1860; for statement of debentures issued under Municipal Loan Fund Act, in Lower Canada. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec. Thompson & Co.] 1860.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th April, 1862, "for statement of expenses of seigniorial commission." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[20 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated the 2nd March, 1863, asking for information relative to the issue of provincial debentures or treasury notes. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[10 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th instant [March] "praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a return showing the amount loaned to each municipality from the municipal loan fund of Upper Canada; amount of interest paid by each municipality up to the 31st day of December, 1862; amount of interest in arrears, and also the amount of the sinking fund up to the 31st December 1862; amount paid by each municipality for interest and sinking fund for the years 1860, 1861 and 1862, each year respectively; the state of the sinking fund and how it is invested; from what municipality, if any, the clergy reserve fund has been retained; and from what source has the interest on the municipal loan fund debentures been paid; in what municipalities, if any, has a levy been made by the sheriff for arrears due." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[4 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 16th March 1863; for information respecting Arthabaska Railway road, and subsidiary lines to the Grand Trunk. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[21 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 14th September, 1863, for information respecting municipal loan fund. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[16 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated the 14th March last, containing:—statement showing the amount of sterling exchange purchased by the government from the Ontario Bank, since the 1st day of November, 1862; the dates of such purchase and the rate paid for each separate purchase. . . . By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 11th March, 1864; for "information respecting sterling exchange purchased from Montreal Bank." By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1864.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Receiver General's Department.

Return to an order of the Legislative Assembly, that there be laid before the house, "a statement shewing, in detail, the payments of principal and interest made to the receiver general by the Bank of Upper Canada under the order-in-council of the 19th of November, 1863, down to the 1st day of July last, and also, shewing the amount of principal and interest for which the said bank was indebted to the government on the last mentioned date." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

1 p. 25cm.

CHAPTER V

EDUCATIONAL AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTIONS

Provision had not been made by the Union Act¹ to establish educational and scientific institutions in the Province of Canada. However on September 18, 1841, at the first session of the first Parliament of the Province of Canada acts were passed to take over the educational institutions of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, and to establish a Geological Survey.

One act² passed on the above date, attempted to establish a uniform system of elementary education throughout the whole Province of Canada. This act was doomed to failure from the beginning, due to the entirely different systems of education in the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada. Thus from 1842 to 1867, education remained as it had before union, under the jurisdiction of two separate education offices; one for Upper Canada and one for Lower Canada.

On the same day another act³ was passed which requested that money be provided to conduct a Geological Survey of the Province of Canada. It was felt by the legislators that £1,666/13/4 would be ample for such a survey. During the next twenty-six years five acts, which included one consolidated act, were passed granting money for the continuance of the survey, which was far from complete in 1867.

EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

An act⁴ was passed on September 18, 1841, which repealed the statutes of Upper Canada and Lower Canada concerning education and provided for the establishment of an uniform system of elementary education for the Province of Canada. This act, which came into effect on January 1, 1842, empowered the Governor to appoint one superintendent of education for the Province of Canada, who was required to present an annual report to the Governor on the state and condition of common schools throughout the Province. However the matter was not as simple as that. An uniform system of education could not be brought about simply by passing an act. Education within the former two provinces remained as separate as it had been prior to the union. The Superintendent of Education made a report to the Governor on education in the former Province of Lower Canada for 1842 and 1843. For the same two years a deputy Superintendent of Education made a report direct to the Governor for the former Province of Upper Canada.

On December 9, 1843, a new act⁵ was passed, which repealed the act of September 18, 1841, in so far as it related to Upper Canada. Thus once more,

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 18.

³ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 50.

⁴ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 18.

⁵ Act of 7 Vict., c. 29.

officially, the problem of education was divided into two separate departments, one for Upper Canada and one for Lower Canada. While the laws governing education were passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada, each Department of Education carried on independently of the other and was responsible directly to the Governor. From 1844 to 1866, for purposes of this study the history of education and publications on education will be treated under the two departments. One special report, requested by the Legislative Assembly, which concerned education in both provinces, was published. It has been listed here.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Education.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to cause the proper officer to lay before the house, a copy of the statistical report of the superintendent of education for the year 1843. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[8 p.] tables. 35cm.

Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada

After two years of attempting to have one system of education for the Province of Canada the legislators passed an act¹ on December 9, 1843, to become effective January 1, 1844, whereby the former Province of Upper Canada would have a separate system of education from that of the former Province of Lower Canada. By authority of this act the Provincial Secretary was appointed *ex officio* Chief Superintendent of Education for Upper Canada. The Governor appointed an Assistant Superintendent who would be responsible to the Chief Superintendent, for carrying out the regulations concerning education. The act provided for the establishment of model and normal as well as common schools in Upper Canada. The Chief Superintendent was required to submit an annual report to the Governor. In 1844, the Assistant Superintendent issued the report. From 1845 to 1846, the annual report was issued by the Superintendent of Education. From 1847 to 1866, the reports were issued by the Chief Superintendent of Education.

The act of 1843, was repealed by a further act² passed on July 24, 1850. This act which was to make provision for better supervision of education in Upper Canada, required the Governor to appoint a Council of Public Instruction of nine members, one of whom was the Superintendent of Education, which was responsible for rules and regulations of the common, model, and normal schools. The Council of Public Instruction, with the Education Office, the Map and School Apparatus Depository, and the Public Library Depository now made up the four branches of the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada. The report of the Chief Superintendent of Education was presented as the report of the Depart-

¹ Act of 7 Vict., c. 29.

² Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 48.

ment of Public Instruction for Upper Canada from 1851 to 1866, although this heading did not appear on the title page of the report.

On June 14, 1853, an act¹ was passed amending the law relating to grammar schools. The Chief Superintendent of Schools was required to submit to the Governor an annual report on grammar schools. Thus the report on grammar schools became a part of the report already being submitted on normal, model, and common schools. There was no report for the period January to June 1867, other than that which appeared as the *Annual report on education for the province of Ontario* for 1867.

To facilitate the school law and improve the school system, Chief Superintendent Egerton Ryerson began a monthly *Journal of education for Upper Canada* in January 1848. This journal continued until 1867, when it became the *Journal of education for the province of Ontario*.

A number of special reports were published concerning the various aspects of education in Upper Canada.

Serials

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Report of the normal, model, grammar and common schools in Upper Canada, 1842-1866, with appendices, by the chief superintendent of education. Printed by order of the legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1844-1867.

25 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866.

Journal of education for Upper Canada. v. 1 - v. 20, no. 7, 1848-1867. Toronto: J. H. Lawrence, 1848-1867.

20 v. 29cm. monthly.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Catalogue of illustrated works, reward cards, etc. suitable for prizes in the public schools of Upper Canada. Selected from the official catalogue of books for public school libraries, by authority of the chief superintendent of education. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1857.

32 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Copies of correspondence between the chief superintendent of schools for Upper Canada, and other persons, on the subject of separate schools (being a continuation of the return laid before the house and printed on the 17th September,

¹ Act of 16 Vict., c. 186.

1852). Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1855.

xvi, 256 p. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Descriptive catalogue of the maps, charts, globes, prints, books, etc. for sale at the educational depository to public schools in Upper Canada. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1856.

viii, 112 p. illus. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

The educational museum and school of art and design for Upper Canada, with a plan of the English educational museum, etc., etc. From the chief superintendent's report for 1856, to which is added an appendix. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada by Lovell and Gibson, 1858.

vi, 72 p. front. (fold. plan.), illus. 23cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

A general catalogue of books in every department of literature, for public school libraries in Upper Canada. Sanctioned by the Council of Public Instruction under the authority of the school law of 1850 . . . with the general provisions of the law and the regulations for the establishment of public libraries and an appendix. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction, 1857.

viii, 263 p. 21cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Law of separate schools in Upper Canada, by the Roman Catholic bishops, and the chief superintendent of schools; being the first part of the correspondence ordered to be printed by the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1855.

40 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Proceedings at the ceremony of laying the chief corner stone of the normal and model schools and education offices for Upper Canada, on Wednesday, the second day of July, 1851, by the Right Honorable the Earl of Elgin, Governor General of Canada, etc. etc., with an introductory sketch of the system of public elementary instruction in Upper Canada, by the chief superintendent of schools. Toronto: T. H. Bentley, 1851.

29 p. incl. front. plans. 18cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Remarks on the new separate school agitation; by the chief superintendent of education for Upper Canada; in three parts, with an appendix illustrating the

relations of the U.C. schools system to both Roman Catholics and Protestants.
Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1865.

26 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, for copy of all correspondence which has passed between the chief superintendent of education in Upper Canada, and any other persons, since the first day of January, 1853, on the subject of separate schools. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

xvi, 256 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Return to as much of an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th September last, as prays that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, "a statement, in detail, shewing what books, maps and other articles for schools or teachers have been purchased and sold by the superintendent of education, Canada West, within the last three years; whether as advertised for sale in his official paper, the *Journal of education* or otherwise offered to the public, and to school teachers, and upon the said journal, and to what purpose the said profits are applied; also, shewing in detail, the manner in which £2,000 granted for school libraries, and the £2,700 for school architecture and normal school contingencies and student teachers have been disposed of and applied; and informing His Excellency that it would advance the public interests if the annual reports of the superintendent of education, West, for each year, could be prepared before nine months following year had expired." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

[66 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Special report on the separate school provisions of the school law of Upper Canada, and the measures which have been adopted to supply the school sections and municipalities with school text books, apparatus and libraries, by the chief superintendent of education. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858.

76 p. 25cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Copies of correspondence between members of the government and the chief superintendent of schools on the subject of school law for Upper Canada and education generally, with appendices (including correspondence on the subject from March 3, 1846 to April 25, 1850). Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1850.

iv, 59 p. 35cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Forms, regulations, and instructions for making reports and conducting all the necessary proceedings under the Act 7 Vict., c. 29, and for the better organization and government of common schools in Canada West, by the chief superintendent of common schools. Cobourg: The Cobourg Star, 1845.

31 p. illus. 19cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Forms, regulations and instructions for the better organization and government of common schools in Upper Canada, and for conducting all proceedings authorized and required by the Act 9 Vict., c. 20. By the superintendent of schools for Upper Canada. Toronto: J. H. Lawrence, 1847.

26 p. 3 fold. tab. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Provisions of the school act relative to the duties of trustees and teachers of common schools, with forms and general regulations prepared according to law, by the superintendent of schools for Upper Canada. Printed by order of the Governor General in Council. Toronto: Joseph H. Lawrence, 1848.

16 p. tables. 20cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st ultimo [May] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence that may have taken place between any member of the government and the chief superintendent of education in Upper Canada, on the subject of the school bill, or on the subject of education generally, or between any member of the government and other person in the country, on the same subject, of an official character." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1850.

[62 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Upper Canada.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 21st ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return of the names of persons who have applied to be placed on the fund provided by law, for the support of superannuated teachers of common schools, according to the dates of their respective applications, up to the present time, distinguishing the counties of which they are natives respectively, the religious denominations to which they belong, their ages, the number of years they have respectively been previously engaged in teaching, so far as can be ascertained, and also the names of such of these applicants, as may have been admitted on said fund." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855]

[12 p.] tables. 25 cm.

Canada (Province) Education Department for Upper Canada.

Special report of the measures which have been adopted for the establishment of a normal school, and for carrying into effect generally the Common School Act (9 Vict., c. 20) with an appendix. By the superintendent [*sic*] of schools for Upper Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847.

72 p. fold. tab. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

An act for amending the Common School Act of Upper Canada. And, an act for the better establishment and maintenance of common schools in Upper Canada. Montreal: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, 1847.

32 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

An act for the better establishment and maintenance of common schools in Upper Canada; and the forms, instructions and regulations for executing its provisions; together with the circulars addressed to the various officers concerned in the administration of the school law, by the chief superintendent of schools. Toronto: T. H. Bentley, 1850.

iv, 107 p. 17cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

An act for the better establishment and maintenance of public schools in Upper Canada, and for repealing the present school act, 12 Vict., c. 83. Montreal: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1849.

49 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The common school acts of Upper Canada; and the forms instructions, and regulations for executing their provisions; together with the circulars addressed to the various officers concerned in the administration of the school law: by the chief superintendent of schools. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada by Lovell and Gibson, 1853.

iv, 143 p. 17 cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The educational manual for Upper Canada; containing the laws, regulations, etc. relating to common and grammar schools, the University of Toronto. With explanatory notes, sanctioned by the chief superintendent of schools. Toronto: Thompson & Co., 1856.

167 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Grammar school manual. The consolidated acts relating to grammar schools in Upper Canada; together with the revised programme of studies, and the general regulations and instructions for grammar schools, with a copious analytical index. Edited with notes, by authority of the chief superintendent of education, by George Hodgins. . . . [New ed.] Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada by Lovell and Gibson, 1866.

95 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The laws relating to Roman Catholic separate schools in Upper Canada, and dissentient schools in Lower Canada, arranged in parallel columns. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1856.

6 p. 33cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The law relating to Roman Catholic separate schools in Upper Canada: together with extracts from common school acts, departmental regulations, etc., affecting the Roman Catholic separate schools, arranged with notes and references. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada by Lovell & Gibson, 1856.

16 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The law of 1855 relating to Roman Catholic separate schools in Upper Canada; together with extracts from the common school acts, departmental regulations, etc. affecting the Roman Catholic separate schools. Arranged with notes and references. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1858.

16 p. 20cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The laws relating to common schools, in Upper Canada (for the guidance of trustees, teachers, local superintendents, municipal councils and their officers, school visitors, and board of public instruction) together with the forms, general regulations and instructions, for executing their provisions (arranged with notes and references). Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1855.

xii, 143 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The law of 1863 relating to Roman Catholic separate schools in Upper Canada; together with extracts from the common schools acts, departmental regulations, etc., affecting the Roman Catholic separate schools. Arranged with notes and references. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public instruction for Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1863.

64 p. 21cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The laws relating to common schools, in the rural sections of Upper Canada; together with the forms, general regulations and instructions, for executing their provisions, edited with notes and references, by authority of the chief superintendent of education, by J. George Hodgins, deputy superintendent. [2nd ed.] Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public instruction for Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1859.

xiv, 192 p. 18cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The law relating to grammar and common schools in cities, towns, and villages in Upper Canada; together with the forms, general regulations and instructions, for executing their provisions, prepared according to law. (Arranged with notes and references). Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1855.

vii, 115 p. 20cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The laws relating to grammar and common schools, in cities, towns, and villages in Upper Canada; together with decisions of the courts, and other information. Edited under the authority of the chief superintendent of education, with notes and references, by J. George Hodgins. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction of Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1860.

xii, 88 p. 18cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Local superintendent's school manual. The consolidated acts relating to common and separate schools in Upper Canada; together with a full digest of the decisions of the superior courts, relating to school cases down to 1864; and forms, general regulations, and instructions for executing their provisions. Together with a copious common school law. Edited with notes, by authority of the chief superintendent of education, by J. George Hodgins. Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1864.

63 p. 21cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

The present and the proposed Roman Catholic separate school acts compared. Toronto: Department of Public Instruction, 1863.

8 p. 29cm.

Public Archives

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

School manual. The consolidated acts relating to common schools in Upper Canada; together with decisions of the superior courts, and the forms, general regulations and instructions, for executing their provisions. With copious analytical index. Edited with notes, by authority of the chief superintendent of education,

by J. George Hodgins. [3rd ed.] Toronto: Printed for the Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, by Lovell and Gibson, 1861.

xii, 190 p. 19cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Trustees' school manual. The consolidated acts relating to common schools in Upper Canada; together with a full digest of the decisions of the superior courts, relating to school cases, down to 1864; and forms, general regulations, and instructions for executing their provisions. With a copious analytical index. Edited, with notes, by authority of the chief superintendent of education, by J. George Hodgins. [4th ed.] Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1864.

186 p. 21cm.

Legislative

The third edition had title: School manual.

[Charbonnel, Armand Francois Marie de. Bp. of Toronto, 1802-1891]

Copies of correspondence between the Roman Catholic Bishop of Toronto and the chief superintendent of schools, on the subject of separate common schools in Upper Canada; with an appendix containing documents referred to in the correspondence. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

66 p. 25cm.

[Charbonnel, Armand Francois Marie de. Bp. of Toronto, 1802-1891]

Correspondence between the Roman Catholic Bishop of Toronto and the chief superintendent of schools, on the subject of separate common schools in Upper Canada. With an appendix containing the provisions of the law and the general regulations regarding religious instruction in our common schools; the regulations of the commissioner of national education in Ireland, also a consideration of the question of religious instruction in connection with our system of public instruction from the chief superintendent's annual report for 1851. Toronto: Thomas Hugh Bentley, 1853.

[32 p.] 23cm.

Ryerson, Adolphus Egerton, 1803-1882.

Dr. Ryerson's letters in reply to the attacks of foreign ecclesiastics against the schools and municipalities of Upper Canada, including the letters of Bishop Charbonnel, Mr. Bruyere and Bishop Pinsoneault. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1857.

104 p. 23cm.

Western

Ryerson, Adolphus Egerton, 1803-1882.

Dr. Ryerson's letters in reply to the attacks of the Honorable George Brown. Edited with notes and an appendix. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1859.

viii, 110 p. 22 cm.

Legislative

Ryerson, Adolphus Egerton, 1803-1882.

Report on a system of public elementary instruction for Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1846.

48 p. 35cm.

Ryerson, Adolphus Egerton, 1803-1882.

Report on a system of public elementary instruction for Upper Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847.

xii, 191 p. 21cm.

Western

Education Office for Lower Canada

When the members of Parliament of the Province of Canada realized that two separate systems of education would be necessary for the Province, they passed an act¹ on December 9, 1843, which provided for a separate Education Office for Upper Canada. Thus, the act² of September 18, 1841, applied now only to the former Province of Lower Canada. On March 29, 1845, another act³ was passed which repealed the act of September 18, 1841, in so far as it concerned Lower Canada and provided for a better system of elementary instruction. This act was to remain in force for two years. However on June 9, 1846, a further act⁴ was passed, which provided for the carrying out of a better elementary, as well as superior and model school system of education. The requirement of the act of September 18, 1841, that the Superintendent was to issue an annual report was not changed. An annual report was published until 1866. The report for the period January to June, 1867, appeared as part of the report published by the government of Quebec for 1867 and 1868.

To further promote education in Lower Canada, on August 30, 1851, an act⁵ was passed to establish a normal school for the training of teachers. However, no normal schools were built until 1857, when three were opened. From that date until 1866, the annual report on normal schools was published with the report of the Superintendent of Education.

The Lower Canada School Law Amendment Act⁶ of 1856, was passed on May 16. Other than to consolidate and amend the acts already in existence the main feature of this act was the establishment of a Council of Public Instruction of fifteen members one of which was the Superintendent of Schools, appointed by the Governor and the requirement that a journal on public instruction be published. The Council of Public Instruction, which did not come into being until December 17, 1859, did not publish an annual report. In 1862, the council published a set of rules and regulations for the examination of teachers. The *Journal of education for Lower Canada* was published from 1857 to May, 1867, when it became the *Journal of education for the Province of Quebec*.

¹ Act of 7 Vict., c. 29.

² Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 18.

³ Act of 8 Vict., c. 41.

⁴ Act of 9 Vict., c. 27.

⁵ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 97.

⁶ Act of 19 Vict., c. 14.

There were a number of special publications on the various problems of education.

Serials

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Report of the superintendent of education for Lower Canada, 1842-1866. Printed by order of the Legislature. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1843-1868. 25 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1846/47, 1848, 1849, 1849/50, 1850/51, 1852, 1853, 1854, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866.

Journal of education for Lower Canada. v. 1-v. 11, no. 5, Feb. 1857-May, 1867. Montreal, Lower Canada: Published by the Department of Education, 1857-67. 11 v. 29cm.

Montreal. High School.

Statement of the property of the high school of Montreal, submitted in conformity with the act of incorporation. Also of the revenue and disbursements, for the year ending 31st July 1847-1848. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1848-1849.

2 v. table. 35 cm.

Reports for the years: 1847, 1848.

Special Publications

Bruce, John.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 30th October last for copies of the two last reports of Mr. Bruce, inspector of schools for the city and district of Montreal. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[28 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Department of Public Instruction for Lower Canada.

Rules and regulations for the examination of candidates of teacher's certificates or diplomas, and for the establishment of new boards of examiners and to define the jurisdiction of old boards in Lower Canada. Montreal: E. Senecal, 1862.

80 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Answer to two addresses of the Legislative Assembly, dated respectively 3d August, 1850 and 8th June, 1851, praying for a "return of all moneys advanced by the superintendent of education in Lower Canada in aid of the building and repairs of school houses in the different municipalities, with the accounts shewing

how the said moneys have been expended, and in whose names the titles of the land are held upon which such school houses are erected." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[54 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Certain documents relating to grants to schools and colleges in Lower Canada. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. [Toronto] Lovell and Gibson [1849]

8 p. 34cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 9th April, 1853; for copies of all reports, representations and suggestions which the inspectors of schools may have made or addressed to the superintendent of education for Lower Canada, as well as of all correspondence which may have taken place between the superintendent and inspectors since the appointment of the latter. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[506 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 12th July, 1841 "praying for copies of the reports and correspondence received from the school visitor, under the ordinance 2 Vict., c. 43 in the county of Beauharnois." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 22nd April, 1863, for a copy of the report of the superintendent of education for Lower Canada in relation to the inspectors of schools. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[18 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 22nd ultimo [September] praying for information respecting the school property at Longueuil. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1854.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, of the 16th ultimo [October] for certain correspondence relative to the Beauharnois Academy. By

command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[16 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Education Office for Lower Canada.

Table prepared by the superintendent of education for Lower Canada, shewing the counties which have received sums of money for the construction of school houses. [Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1847.

11 p. 35cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Statutes relating to elementary education, with the circulars nos. 9 and 12, of the superintendent of education for Lower Canada. Montreal: S. Derbishire and G. Desbarats, 1849.

96 p. 22cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Statutes relating to elementary education and for the establishment of normal schools, followed by circulars nos. 9, 12 and 15 and the instructions and tables of the superintendent of education for Lower Canada. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1852.

86 p. tables. 22cm.

Legislative

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to enquire into the State of Education and the Working of the School Laws in Lower Canada.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

38 p. 25cm.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

On September 18, 1841, an act¹ was passed requesting the Governor General to make available certain sums of money, from the unappropriated portion of the consolidated revenue fund, towards defraying the expenses of the civil government. From the six amounts requested by this act were £1,666/13/4 to defray the probable expense of conducting a Geological Survey of the Province of Canada. Fifteen months later on December 6, 1842, W. E. Logan presented to the Governor General a preliminary report on the Geological Survey. Logan's preliminary report, along with a report of progress for 1843, was presented to the Legislative Assembly on January 27, 1845, by the Governor General. These reports showed that a Geological Survey of the Province of Canada could not be completed in a year or two. Thus on March 17, 1845, a further act² was passed authorizing the Governor in Council to employ enough competent persons to continue the Survey and "furnish a full and scientific description of its rocks, soils

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 50.

² Act of 8 Vict., c. 16.

and minerals which shall be accompanied with proper maps, diagrams, and drawings, together with a collection of specimens to illustrate the same." Two thousand pounds were to be given annually, from the unappropriated public monies, for five years, to carry out the project. An annual report on progress was to be made to the Governor by the person or persons employed by the Governor in Council to conduct the Survey.

In 1850, when the above act expired a further act¹ was passed on July 24, to continue the project for another five years.

On September 26, 1854, a select committee of the Legislative Assembly was appointed to investigate and report to the Assembly the best means: (1) of making public the valuable information already obtained by the Geological Survey, (2) for completing the Survey at an early period upon an uniform system. On March 29, 1855, this committee presented thirteen resolutions to the Assembly. Among those recommendations were: (1) that twenty thousand copies of the revised reports, with coloured maps, be printed, (2) a periodical publication of three thousand copies of plates and descriptions of fossils be published, (3) the establishment and maintenance of a museum and library upon an efficient footing. These recommendations were acted upon a year later, when a new act² was passed on May 16, 1856, in which the Survey was given five thousand pounds annually for five years, with the stipulation that: maps and drawings were to be published; a geological museum was to be established at some suitable place; an annual report was to be presented to the Governor by the director of the Geological Survey. Maps and drawings were published. The Geological Museum was set up in Montreal, and an annual report, which was started in 1844, was published until 1858. No report of progress was published for the years 1859 to 1862.

In 1863, a two volume work was published, which covered, in summary, all the work done from 1841 to December, 1862.

In 1859, the laws of the Province of Canada were consolidated. On this authority³ the Geological Survey continued its work, until a new act⁴ was passed on June 30, 1864, whereby the provisions contained in the consolidated act were to continue for five years from January 1, 1864.

A further report covering the years 1863 to 1866, was published in 1866. The report for 1866 and 1867, was contained in a report for the years 1866 to 1869, published by the government of the Dominion of Canada in 1870.

A number of special reports on the various surveys, and the discoveries made by the surveys were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Report of progress, 1844-1863/66. Printed by order of His Excellency the Governor General. Montreal: John Lovell, 1846-1866.

13 v. maps. 25cm.

¹ Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 12.

² Act of 19 Vict., c. 13.

³ Consolidated Acts of 22 Vict., c. 27.

⁴ Act of 27 and 28 Vict., c. 8.

Reports for the years: 1844, 1845/6, 1846, 1847/48, 1848/49, 1849/50, 1850/51, 1851/52, 1852/53, 1853/56, 1857, 1858, 1863/66.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

. . . Catalogue of the Silurian fossils of the island of Anticosti, with descriptions of some new genera and species, by E. Billings. . . Montreal: Dawson Brothers; London, New York, Bailliere, 1866.

93 p. illus. 24cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Descriptive catalogue of a collection of the economic minerals of Canada, and of its crystalline rocks, sent to the London International Exhibition for 1862. Montreal: John Lovell, [1862]

83, [5] p. 25cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Figures and descriptions of Canadian organic remains. Decade I-IV. Montreal: John Lovell, 1858-1865.

4 v. 24cm.

Western

Contents: Decade I, Fossils from the Calciferous, Chazy, and Trenton formations at Paquette Rapids and Allumette Island, Ottawa River, Pontiac County, and Beauharnois, Beauharnois County, Quebec, by J. W. Salter, 1859; Decade II, Graptolites of the Quebec group, by James Hall, 1865; Decade III, On the Cystidese of the Lower Silurian rocks of Canada, by E. Billings, on Cyclocystoides, a new genus of Echinoderms from the Lower and Middle Silurian rocks, by J. W. Salter, and E. Billings, on the Palaeozoic Bivalve Entomostraca of Canada, by T. R. Jones, 1858; Decade IV, On the Crinoidese of the Lower Silurian rocks of Canada, by E. Billings, Memoir on the Star-Fish of the genus Comatula, demonstrative of the *Pentacrinus europaeus* being the young of our indigenous species, by John V. Thompson, 1859.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Message from His Excellency the Governor General, with reports on a Geological Survey of the Province of Canada. Presented to the house on January 27th, 1845. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1845.

159 p. Illus. 21cm.

Contents: I, Remarks on the mode of proceeding to make a Geological Survey of the province; II, Preliminary report December 6, 1842; III, Report of progress for the year 1843; IV, Report of Alexander Murray; V, Appendix. Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Notes on the gold of eastern Canada; being a reprint of portions of various reports of the geological surveys of Canada from 1848 to 1863. Compiled by W. E. Logan. Montreal: Dawson Brothers, 1864.

40 p. 21cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Palaeozoic fossils. Vol. I containing descriptions and figures of new or little known species of organic remains from the Silurian rocks, 1861-1865, by E. Billings. Montreal: Dawson Brothers, 1865.

426 p. figures. 25cm.

Western

The other volumes do not concern work done in the period under study of the history of Canada.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Petroleum. Its geological relations considered with especial reference to its occurrence in Gaspé, being a report to the honorable the commissioner of crown lands, by T. Sterry Hunt of the Geological Survey of Canada. With a geological map of a portion of Gaspé. Quebec: G. E. Desbarats, 1865.

19 p. fold. col. map. 21cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Plans of various lakes and rivers between Lake Huron and the river Ottawa, to accompany the geological reports for 1853-54-55-56. Toronto: John Lovell, 1857.

22 folded maps and plans. 31cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Remarks on the mining region of Lake Superior; addressed to the committee of the honorable the Executive Council, and report on mining locations claimed on the Canadian shores of the Lakes, addressed to the commissioner of crown lands, by W. E. Logan, provincial geologist. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847.

31 p. 21cm.

Western

✓Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

... Report of progress from its commencement to 1863; illustrated by 498 wood cuts in the text and accompanied by an atlas of maps and sections, by W. E. Logan. Montreal: Dawson Brothers, 1863-65.

2 v. illus., diagr., maps. 26cm.

Western

Contents: Vol. I Report; Vol. II Atlas.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Report on a topographical and geological exploration of the canoe route between Fort William, Lake Superior, and Fort Garry, Red River; and also of the valley of Red River, north of the 49th parallel, during the summer of 1857.

Made under instructions from the provincial secretary of Canada, by Henry Youle Hind. Toronto: Stewart Derbyshire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1858.

16 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Report on the north shore of Lake Huron. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849.

51 p. map (fold.), plan (fold.) 21cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 14th instant [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of all reports made during the past year, by officers of the geological department, on the subject of the mines and minerals in the townships, and in rear of the county of Hastings." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

20 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Geological Survey.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 23rd instant [May] praying that His Excellency would cause to be laid before them, "copies of a report or reports from E. S. de Rottermund, heretofore chemist to the provincial geological department, or to the provincial government; and also, of all correspondence between the said E. S. de Rottermund and the said department, or between him and the provincial government." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[11 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Geological Survey.

Report. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1855.

xii, 63 p. 25cm.

Western

CHAPTER VI

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

The name "public institutions" was applied to certain services supported by the government. These services which consisted of the insane asylums, marine hospital at Quebec, the penitentiaries, and gaols had been inherited from the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada. They did not come under the jurisdiction of any public department and were not presided over by a minister. From 1841 to 1857, the above named institutions were quite independent of one another.

On June 10, 1857, an act¹ was passed which required the Governor General to appoint a board of inspectors, of five members, to assume jurisdiction over the public asylums, hospitals, gaols, etc. However, it was not until 1860, that a report was published by the Board of Inspectors of Public Asylums, Hospitals, Gaols, etc. This report covered the work accomplished in 1859.

For the purpose of this study, "public institutions" will be dealt with under the following headings: (1) 1841 to 1858 (a) Asylums (b) Hospitals (c) Prisons, (2) 1859 to 1867 Board of Inspectors of Public Asylums, Hospitals, Gaols, etc.

1841 to 1858

Asylums

No legislation concerning asylums was passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada until 1850, when an act² was passed on August 10, "to provide funds for defraying the cost of the erection of the lunatic asylum and other public buildings in Upper Canada." Just prior to the Union Act,³ in 1839, the Legislature of the Province of Upper Canada had passed an act⁴ calling for the erection of a lunatic asylum. In 1842, the commissioners of the asylum presented a report to the Legislature of the Province of Canada. This report was published. In 1849, the Legislative Assembly requested a report on the condition of the asylum for the years 1845 to 1848 inclusive. This report was published.

On January 26, 1850, the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto was officially opened. Two reports were published by the Board of Directors.

On June 20, 1853, a new act⁵ was passed for the better management of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto. This act required an annual report on the conditions at the asylum. The first report published by the Medical Superintendent and Bursar for the year 1853/54, was published annually thereafter until 1858,

¹ Act of 20 Vict., c. 28.

² Act of 13 and 14 Vict., c. 68.

³ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

⁴ Upper Canada Act of 2 Vict., c. 11.

⁵ Act of 16 Vict., c. 188.

when the Provincial Lunatic Asylum was placed under the jurisdiction of the Board of Inspectors for Asylums, Hospitals, Prisons, etc. In addition to the annual report, several special reports were published on the Provincial Lunatic Asylum between 1850 and 1858.

The management of lunatic asylums for the former Province of Lower Canada followed no definite pattern. From 1841 to 1848, a report was presented to the Legislature and published by the commissioners appointed for the relief of insane and invalid persons and foundlings. In 1855, a report was published by the commissioners of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, the only report found, prior to the establishment of the Board of Inspectors for Asylums, Hospitals, Prisons, etc.

Serials

Canada (Province) Board of Directors of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum.

Report. 1st-2nd, 1850-1851. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1851-1852.

2 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1850, 1851.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed for the Relief of Insane and Invalid Persons and Foundlings in the District of Quebec.

Report. 1842/43-1848. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1844-1849.

6 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1842/43, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Report of the medical superintendent and bursar's statement of the income and expenditure of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto. 1853/54-1858. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Toronto: John Lovell, 1855-1859.

5 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1853/54, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioners for the Beauport Lunatic Asylum.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

1 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners for the Temporary Lunatic Asylum.

The accompanying report by the honorable the vice-chancellor, one of the commissioners appointed for the temporary asylum for lunatics at Toronto, with the relative documents, is, by command of the Governor General, laid before the

House of Assembly for their information. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

4 p. tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners for the Temporary Lunatic Asylum.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

[5 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 15th ultimo [February] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "all papers and correspondence relative to the removal from office of Dr. Telfer, late medical superintendent of the lunatic asylum at Toronto." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[18 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 2nd instant [March] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of all reports and papers relating to the recent investigation into charges preferred against the management of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[6 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 17th instant [April] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "copies of all annual reports made by the commissioners of the temporary Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto, for the years, 1845-6-7 and 8 inclusive, in conformity with rules of the commissioners, and approved by the government." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson] 1849.

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 31st ultimo [August] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all correspondence that has passed between the government and the authorities of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto during the last year, relative to the management of that institution, or the funds available for its support." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1852]

[8 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 28th February last praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "a return of the number of applicants for admission into the Toronto lunatic asylum as lunatics, and the number whose application has been refused for the want of accommodation; the said return to embrace the last three years, and to show the number of lunatics in the different gaols in Canada." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[2 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 25th ultimo [July] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before the house, "a copy of the rules and regulations relative to the admission and discharge of persons from the Provincial Lunatic Asylum." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 26th ultimo [June] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "copies of the petition of John Copping to the Board of Directors of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum, containing various charges against the management of that institution, and of all evidence taken relative to said petition, together with the result of such investigation, and the report of the directors thereon; with a return of the number of patients received within the present asylum since its occupation—the number of deaths—the causes of deaths—and the dates at which they occurred; and also, the number of servants, with the offices held by them, who have resigned their situations within the same period, or been dismissed from service by the directors of the institution with the date of such resignation or dismissal." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[4 p.] table. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special committee relating to the petition of William Rees.

Report of the special committee to which was referred the entry in the journal of this house, of the 3rd June, 1850, relating to the petition of William Rees, late medical superintendent of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto; praying compensation for his services in promoting and bringing into operation the said asylum. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]

[6 p.] 35cm.

Hospitals

In 1841, the Quebec Marine and Emigrant Hospital was one of the public institutions which came under the jurisdiction of the government of the Province of Canada. It was used only six months a year, since that was the length of time each year vessels could use the port of Quebec. In 1847, a select committee of the Legislative Assembly was appointed to investigate the usefulness of such a hospital. The report of the findings of this committee was published. From 1851 to 1853, several more reports were published. In 1859, this hospital was placed under the jurisdiction of the Board of Inspectors of Asylums, Hospitals, Prisons, etc.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee appointed to Inquire into the Management of the Marine Hospital at Quebec, and its Adaptation to the Purposes for which it was designed.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

[3 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec.

Report of Drs. Nelson and MacDonnell and Zephirin Perrault of the Quebec Marine and Emigrant Hospital. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1853.

124 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, dated the 4th instant, for copies of correspondence relating to Dr. Robitaille's services in connection with the Marine and Emigrant Hospital. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1853.

[4 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly dated the 4th October, 1852, to His Excellency the Governor General, for copies of any instruments under the hand and seal of the governor, lieutenant-governor or person administering the government of the Province of Lower Canada, appointing trustees for the erection of an hospital, for the reception of sick seaman, and other indigent sick persons in the city of Quebec, under the authority of the 10 and 11 George IV, c. 23, making provision for the establishment of such an hospital; and of all instruments from time to time, removing such trustees or any of them, and appointing others in their place or in the place of any of them. Also copies of all appointments made of managers of the marine hospital, or of commissioner of the emigrant hospital established at Quebec, with documents and information respecting the direction and management of such institutions, or either of them, and of any rules

and regulations for the internal government and economy and maintenance of the same. And praying also that His Excellency will be pleased to inform this house, under what authority or law such appointment or nomination of manager and commissioner has been made, and such rules and regulations have been established. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1852.

[15 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Marine and Emigrant Hospital at Quebec.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 3rd July, 1851 for "copies of all correspondence between the government, the Board of Trade, Dr. James Douglas, the commissioners, house surgeon, and visiting physicians, of the Quebec Marine and Emigrant Hospital, and other parties touching the management of the said establishment." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson] 1851.

[66 p.] 35cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1852.

[20 p.] 25cm.

Marsden, William, 1807-1885.

Facts and observations connected with the management of the Marine and Emigrant Hospital, Quebec including a report of the trial and acquittal of Thomas Burke, for the manslaughter of William Lawson. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

31 p. 21cm.

Western

Prisons

The first act¹ concerning a penitentiary to be passed by the Legislature of the Province of Canada, was an act passed on September 18, 1841, which, required that the penitentiary at Kingston should be called the "provincial penitentiary." While this act did not require an annual report on the affairs of the penitentiary, a report was published from 1840 to 1847, under the authority of a statute² passed by the Legislature of the former Province of Upper Canada.

On May 18, 1846, an act³ was passed to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Provincial Penitentiary. By this act the Governor General was instructed to appoint a board of inspectors of five members to hold office during pleasure. This board was required to present an annual report to the Governor on the state of the penitentiary, which would be laid before the Legislature. Thus the annual report which had been published up to 1847, by a statute of the former Province of Upper Canada was now published by the Board of Inspectors for the years 1848 to 1858, at which time this board was taken over by the larger board which dealt with asylums and hospitals as well as penitentiaries.

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 69.

² Upper Canada Act of 4 Will. IV., c. 37.

³ Act of 9 Vict., c. 4.

In 1848, a commission was appointed to investigate affairs at the Provincial Penitentiary. Two reports were published as a result of this investigation. In addition to the above two special reports were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Board of Inspectors of the Provincial Penitentiary.

Annual report of the Provincial Penitentiary, 1840-1858. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1842-1859.

17 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1840, 1841, 1842/43, 1844, 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1853, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Inspector of Gaols.

Report 1852. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852]

3 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Penitentiary Commission.

Provincial Penitentiary. Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 30th instant [May] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a copy of the reports made by the commissioners appointed to investigate into the conduct, discipline, and management of the Provincial Penitentiary with the documents transmitted by the commissioners." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1849.

iv, 331 p. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Penitentiary Commission.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 29th ultimo [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all applications or recommendations made to government at any time by Mr. George Brown, a member of this house, as an individual or by him, as secretary to the commission appointed in 1848, to inquire into the management of the Provincial Penitentiary; or by the members of the said commission, or any of them, for the pardon of any prisoner or prisoners at the time confined in the penitentiary." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[3 p.] 25cm.

Nelson, Wolfred.

Report of Dr. Wolfred Nelson, one of the inspectors of the Provincial Penitentiary, on the present state, discipline, management and expenditure of the

district and other prisons, in Canada East. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

[134 p.] plan. 25cm.

1859 to 1867

Board of Inspectors
Public Asylums
Hospitals
Gaols

As seen in the foregoing pages, prior to 1857, those institutions known as asylums, hospitals, and prisons were quite independent of each other. In order to bring them together under a central board of control, an act¹ was passed, which received royal assent on June 18, 1857, whereby the Governor General was required to appoint a board of inspectors of five members, which would have jurisdiction over all public asylums, hospitals, common gaols, and other prisons. By this act, the report of the Medical Superintendent and Bursar of the Provincial Lunatic Asylum at Toronto, which up to 1858, had been presented to the Governor, was now to be presented annually to the Board of Inspectors. The Beauport Asylum, which had published one report prior to the passing of this act, was required to make an annual report to the Board of Inspectors as long as the institution received a grant of money from the Legislature. Every gaol, house of correction and prison, other than the Provincial Penitentiary and reformatory prisons, was required to make a report to the Board of Inspectors. The Board of Inspectors was required to present an annual report to the Governor, which would contain the above reports as well as a report from them on the Provincial Penitentiary and the reformatory prisons. The Board of Inspectors published a preliminary report for 1859, and an annual report from 1860 to 1867. The report for 1860, was called the first annual report. The reports for 1863 and 1864 were not numbered, but the report for 1865, which the Board of Inspectors called the fifth report should have been the sixth. The mistake was not corrected and the 1866 report was the sixth, and the 1867 the seventh. Actually eight annual reports and not seven were published. Three special reports, in addition to the preliminary report, were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Board of Inspectors of Public Asylums, Hospitals, Prisons, etc.

Report. v. 1-8, 1860-1867. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly.

Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1861-1868.

8 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Inspectors of Public Asylums, Hospitals, Prisons, etc.

Preliminary report of the board of inspectors of asylums, prisons, etc., 1859.

¹ Act of 20 Vict., c. 28.

Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Thompson & Co., 1860.
104 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province), Commissioners of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 18th July, 1866; for copy of all correspondence and contracts since 1st May, 1864 relative to a change of proprietors of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum, and the support of lunatics in the said asylum. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

24 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 16th February, 1865; for copies of all correspondence between the commissioners for the management of the Beauport Lunatic Asylum and the government, during the last three years. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

8 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on the Petition of Dr. Rees.

Report of the select committee of the Legislative Assembly, in the case of Dr. Rees, with an appendix. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1861.

21 p. 25cm.

Public Archives

CHAPTER VII

ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE

The Union Act¹ provided for the administration of justice, not for the Province of Canada, but for the continuance of the courts of civil and criminal jurisdiction, as they had been set up by the Province of Upper Canada and the Province of Lower Canada under the Constitutional Act² of 1791. The act required that one chief justice be appointed for Upper Canada, and two chief justices for Lower Canada, one for Quebec and one for Montreal.

No annual report on the proceedings of the courts was required. Several reports concerning the courts and the administration of justice were published. These reports dealt either with the rules and regulations governing the several courts in each province, or came as a result of a request on the part of the Legislative Assembly concerning the number of cases handled by the courts. Two reports were issued by the Commissioners for the Administration of Justice for the Inferior District of Gaspé as a result of legislation passed by the former Province of Lower Canada.

Serials

Canada (Province) Commissioners for the Administration of Justice in the Inferior District of Gaspé.

Report, 1841-1842. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker] 1844.

2 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioner of Police.

Return to an address from the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd July, 1841, praying "that a statement of the number of stipendiary magistrates who have been appointed and employed since its establishment in that part of the province called Lower Canada, and, also, a statement of the several localities in which such magistrates, officers and men have been stationed, and of the annual expenses of the police establishment generally may be laid before the house." [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

3 p. tables. 32cm.

¹ Imperial Act of 3 and 4 Vict., c. 35.

² Imperial Act of 31 George III, c. 31.

Canada (Province) Court of Chancery.

Orders of the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]
[12 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Chancery.

The orders of the Court of Chancery for Upper Canada, and of the Court of Error and Appeal; with the provincial statutes relating to the practice of these courts, notes and forms, by Thomas Wardlaw Taylor. 2nd ed. Toronto: Rollo and Adam, 1863.

xxiv, 373 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Chancery.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 12th December, 1844, praying for a statement of the number of suits brought in the Court of Chancery since 19th July, 1841, shewing the number of suits actually adjudicated upon, the amount of costs taxed, and allowed on each suit, and the amount of the fees paid on each suit to the registrar, together with a detailed statement exhibiting the aggregate sums received by that officer, by way of fees and charges on the said suits. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

3 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Chancery.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 19th July, 1841 requesting the Governor General to cause to be laid before this house as soon as practicable, a statement of the number of suits brought in the Court of Chancery since the sixth day of February, one thousand eight hundred and forty, shewing the number of suits actually adjudicated upon; the amount of costs taxed and allowed on each suit; also the amount of fees paid to the registrar on each suit; together with a detailed statement exhibiting the aggregate sum received by that officer, by way of fees and charges on the said suits, since the period aforesaid to this day. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Error and Appeal.

Rules of the Court of Error and Appeal, Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[5 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Queen's Bench.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 23rd January, 1849 and praying that he would cause to be laid before the house a statement, in detail, of the income derived, in virtue

of their offices by the crier and tipstaff, respectively, of the Court of Queen's Bench for the district of Montreal, for the last five years, distinguishing the several sources of such income. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[2 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Court of Queen's Bench.

The rules and regulations of the Court of Queen's Bench of Upper Canada, intended to be laid before the Legislative Council and Assembly, during their next session, pursuant to the Statute 7th Will. IV, c. 3. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Desbarats and Cary] 1842.

[12 p.] 34cm.

Canada (Province) Division Courts.

General rules and forms, as framed and approved pursuant to the provisions of the tenth section of "the Upper Canada Division Courts Extension Act of 1853" for and concerning the practice and proceedings of Division Courts in Upper Canada. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1854.

[48 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Commissioners appointed to consider and report what Alterations it may be expedient to make in the Practice and Proceedings of the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

[14 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Office of the Clerk of the Crown and Pleas for Upper Canada.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 8th ultimo [June] praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them, "a statement of all the fees, emoluments, allowances, salaries, perquisites, and receipts of every description, of the clerk of the crown, and pleas for Upper Canada; including all sums received through his deputies, as well for civil and criminal proceedings, and business of every description, shewing the amount for each year for the last four years; also, shewing all the disbursements attending the said office for the same period, and the amount for each year, with the number of clerks, assistants, and servants employed, with their respective names, and the general nature of the peculiar duties of each, and the salary of each for the same period; shewing how much for each year to each of them; and whether any such salary or any portion thereof is paid by fees or perquisites, and shewing particularly how the amount of each salary or allowance is made up." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]

2 p. tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Superior Court.

Copies of reports of the judges of the superior courts for Upper Canada and presentments of grand juries and other papers on the subject of gaols. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[53 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Vice-Admiralty Court.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 19th ultimo [April] for statement of proceedings in Vice-Admiralty Court. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[16 p.] tables. 25cm.

Montreal. Prothonotary's Office.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 12th instant [February] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, a statement of the number of suits which have been instituted for the last twelve months, in the Superior Court of Queen's Bench for the district of Montreal, and the number of judgments obtained in such suits; also, the number of suits pending upon which evidence has been closed, but on which judgments have not been pronounced; also, the number of suits, whether argued or not argued, still pending before the said court. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. 35cm.

Montreal. Sheriff's Office.

Return to an address from the honorable the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 23rd January ultimo, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before the house, a statement in detail of the income derived by the sheriff of the district of Montreal in virtue of their office, distinguishing the several sources thereof, and specifying the amount of public moneys in their hands, together with profit, in the shape of interest or otherwise, derived by them for the last five years; and accompanied by a copy of certain remarks, in connection with the above, by the sheriff. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Norfolk (County) Ontario.

Correspondence relative to the appointment of L. W. Mercer to the office of sheriff of the county of Norfolk. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1858]

[8 p.] 25cm.

Quebec (City) Magistrate's Court.

Return of the number of persons brought before the police magistrate, and other justices of the peace, at the Police Office in the city of Quebec, within the

last five years, and the offences with which such persons were charged. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[10 p.] tables. 25cm.

Quebec (City) Office of Peace.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, of the 22nd February last, praying him to cause to be laid before the house a statement of the fees, income, and salary, of the clerks of the peace at Quebec, for the years 1844-45-46-47 and 48; and also the number of cases or prosecutions brought before the superintendent of police, and before the magistrates of the district, and the amount of the fees of the said clerks of the peace upon each prosecution or action; the number of prosecutions for assault, battery or breach of the peace; the number of bail bonds given and furnished, and the fees of the said clerks on each; the number of indictments laid before the grand jurors at the quarter sessions of the peace, and the nature of such indictments, and the fees of the said clerks thereon; and the number of warrants for apprehension and imprisonment and the fees of the said clerks thereon. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[4 p.] tables. 35cm.

Quebec (City) Office of the inspector and Superintendent of Police.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 20th September, 1852, to His Excellency the Governor General for "all the documents relating to the inquiry holden at Lothiniere, by William King McCord, superintendent of police, at Quebec, relating to the abstraction and loss of certain articles of furniture, etc. belonging to the parish church of Lothiniere." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

22 p. 25cm.

Quebec (City) Prothonotary's Office.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 13th April, 1863, for information respecting collocations and ratifications, etc. in districts of Quebec and Montreal. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[44 p.] tables. 25cm.

CHAPTER VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

This section deals with public services which did not belong to any department of government, but which received authority for operation by virtue of an act of the Parliament of the Province of Canada, or an act passed by the legislatures of the former provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada, and which act was continued by the Parliament of the Province of Canada.

Such services included: Banks and insurance companies; Board of Examiners of the Civil Service; colleges; educational and religious incorporations; miscellaneous documents; railroads; and turnpike roads.

BANKS AND INSURANCE COMPANIES

Difficulty arose over banking at the first session of the first Parliament of the Province of Canada, when it was discovered by the Legislative Assembly that a London firm was applying for a Royal Charter to establish the Bank of British North America in the Province. A Select Committee on Banking and Currency was appointed by the Legislative Assembly to investigate this problem, as well as the whole matter of banking and currency. In the report of the select committee, which was ordered printed on August 27, 1841, it was stated that under the Constitutional Act, internal affairs of the Province belonged to the provincial Legislature. Thus on September 18, 1841, "an act to authorize the banks heretofore chartered by acts of the late Province of Upper or Lower Canada to carry on their business throughout this Province"¹ was passed. This act received royal assent on March 11, 1842, and came into effect on April 27, 1842.

While this act did not require an annual report from any bank, from 1841 to 1850, the various banks presented annual statements to the Legislative Assembly. These were published under the heading "bank statement."

Two reports covering several assurance companies were published, one for 1840/43, and one for 1844. In 1845, these reports were amalgamated with those on banks, and thereafter until 1850, were issued as reports on banks and insurance companies.

From 1851 to 1863, the reports were published as *Returns from chartered banks, savings banks and insurance companies*. Between 1857 and 1865, four reports were published by the chartered banks concerning the shareholders. Several special reports on banking were published.

¹ Act of 4 and 5 Vict., c. 99.

Serials

Canada (Province) Assurance Companies.

[Statement of affairs of several assurance companies] 1840/43-44. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844-1845.

2 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1840/43, 1844.

Canada (Province) Banks and Insurance Companies.

Bank statements, 1841-1850. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1842-1851.

9 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1841, 1842, 1843, 1844, 1845/46, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850.

Canada (Province) Banks and Insurance Companies.

Returns from chartered banks, savings banks, and insurance companies, 1851-1863. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1852-1864.

11 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851, 1852/53, 1854/55, 1856, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863.

Canada (Province) Chartered Banks.

Returns from chartered banks in pursuance of an order of the Legislative Assembly, 1857-1865, stating the name and place of residence of each stockholder in every such bank, with the number and nominal value of the shares severally so held by him, her or them; or if held in trust for whom so held. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857-1865.

4 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1857, 1860, 1861, 1865.

Special Publications

British America Fire and Life Assurance Company.

Return to the 30th June (inclusive) 1841. Ordered by the honorable the Legislative Assembly. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

1 p. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of inquiry into Montreal Provident and Savings Bank.

Report. 21st June, 1851. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851.

[296 p.] tables. 35cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of the late Kingston Bank.

Report, of the commissioners appointed by the provincial statute 10, George IV. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[4 p.] 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Banking and Currency.

Report and proceedings of the Committee on Banking and Currency. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1859.

52 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Banking and Currency.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: George Desbarats and Thos. Cary, 1842]

[89 p.] tables. 32cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on certain Banking Charters.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[8 p.] 25cm.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS OF THE CIVIL SERVICE

In 1841, each department of government was more or less responsible for employing its own staff. This situation continued until 1857, when the Legislative Assembly attempted to establish a central civil service, whereby all government employees would have to qualify for a position by passing an examination. Thus on June 10, 1857, an act¹ received royal assent for improving the organization and increasing the efficiency of the civil service of Canada. By this act a board of examiners, consisting of the deputy head or assistant of each department of government was established. The act also required that the minutes of proceedings of the board were to be kept by the chairman, but the act did not require the minutes to be published. In 1866, the Legislative Assembly requested a report on the activities of the board from 1857 to 1866. This report was published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Examiners for the Civil Service.

Return in part, to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 25th ultimo [July] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before them, "a detailed statement of the expenses to the country of the civil service board of examiners since 1857; the number of meetings held by such board; the number of candidates who have presented themselves for examination; the number of those to whom certificates of qualification have been granted; the

¹ Act of 20 Vict., c. 24.

number and names of such parties as have obtained public employment, and the emoluments attaching to their several positions; also, the names of parties who have been employed in the public service, either temporarily or permanently, who never received certificates of qualification from the Board of Examiners for the Civil Service; the length of time such parties have been employed, and the emoluments attaching to their several positions." By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

[3 p.] 25cm.

COLLEGES

College of Ottawa

The College of Bytown, established by the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bytown, was incorporated by an act¹ passed on May 30, 1849. This act required that the corporation lay before each branch of the provincial legislature annually:

a detailed statement of the number of members of the corporation, the number of teachers employed in the various branches of instruction, the number of scholars under instruction and the course of instruction pursued, and of the real or immoveable property or estate held by virtue of the present act, and of the revenue arising thereupon.

These reports were published for the years 1857 and 1860.

On May 18, 1861, another act² was passed whereby the name of the "College of Bytown" was changed to that of "The College of Ottawa." A further requirement of this act was that the Roman Catholic Bishop of Bytown, or Ottawa, formerly president of the corporation, and the curé of the parish of Bytown could not be members of the corporation. The other conditions of incorporation remained the same. One report was published.

Serials

Bytown. College.

Statement relating to Bytown college, as required by the act of incorporation of the said college, 1857-1860. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858-1861.

2 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1857, 1860.

Ottawa. College.

Annual report, 1861. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1862.

1 v. 25cm.

Report for the year 1861.

¹ Act of 12 Vict., c. 107.

² Act of 24 Vict., c. 108.

McGill College

In 1801, an act¹ was passed for the establishment of free schools, and advancement of learning in the Province of Lower Canada. As a result, the Royal Institution was established. The Honorable James McGill, in his will of January 8, 1811, bequeathed an estate of forty-six acres, called Burnside, and ten thousand pounds sterling to the Royal Institution, upon condition that the Royal Institution erect a university or college for education and the advancement of learning. In 1821, George IV issued a Royal Charter "Incorporating the said university or college by the name and title of the governors, principal and fellows of McGill College."

In 1845, a select committee was appointed by the Legislative Assembly to investigate a petition for the repeal of the act of 1801. The report of this committee was printed. On March 29, 1845, an act² was passed "to enable the corporation of the Royal Institution for the advancement of learning, to dispose of certain portions of land, for the better support of the university of McGill College."

On April 14, 1846, the Legislative Assembly requested copies of all communications concerning McGill, which had been passed by the executive government, the Royal Institution, and the governors of McGill College from March 29, 1845 to April 14, 1846. These communications were published. No other reports concerning McGill College were published.

A further act³ was passed on November 10, 1852, "to amend two certain acts (Lower Canada 41 George III, c. 17 and 8 Vict., c. 78) therein mentioned, and for other purposes connected with the administration of McGill College." This act required that the treasurer present an annual report on accounts to the Governor of the Province of Canada. These reports were not published.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition signed by the Honorable Vallieres de St. Real.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition signed by the Honorable Vallieres de St. Real, chief justice of Montreal, in behalf of the governors of M'Gill College, for the repeal of the act establishing the Royal Institution for the advancement of learning, and the petition of the board of the Royal Institution, that the charter of M'Gill College be so amended as to permit of the disposal of part of the endowment. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[44 p.] 35cm.

McGill College.

Copies of communications that have passed since the last session of the provincial Parliament (29th March 1843) between the executive government, the Royal Institution for the advancement of learning, and the governors of M'Gill

¹ Lower Canada Act of 41 George III, c. 17.

² Act of 8 Vict., c. 78.

³ Act of 6 Vict., c. 58.

College, on the subject of the said college; transmitted to the Legislative Assembly on the 1st May, 1846, by message from His Excellency the Governor General, in reply to an address of the 14th April, 1846. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[27 p.] tables. 35cm.

McGill College.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 8th March, 1849, for copies of all papers or correspondence relative to M'Gill College, between the authorities in Canada and the home government, since 1840; of the charter and statutes as now amended or proposed to be amended; also, a list of the officers, teachers or professors (exclusive of the medical faculty) with the pay of each, together with a statement of the college property and income, the course of study pursued in the Faculty of Arts, and the present number of pupils in the same. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

[54 p.] 35cm.

EDUCATIONAL AND RELIGIOUS INCORPORATIONS

Each year the Legislative Assembly requested reports on various institutions of a religious, educational, philanthropic, or scientific nature. In 1849, and again in 1854, the reports of these institutions were published as one report. With the 1854 report was a list of the institutions, which the Legislative Assembly considered, belonged to the above named categories. Thus all reports dealing with these institutions will be listed here, unless at a later date an institution became attached to one of the departments of the Executive, as was the case with the "mechanic institutes."

Serials

Berthier Academy.

Accounts of the expenses and receipts, 1854/55. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

1 p. tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Educational and Religious Incorporations.

Report from religious, philanthropic, educational, literary and scientific incorporations, 1849-1854. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1850-54.

2 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1849, 1854.

Contents: 1, Berthier Academy; 2, Canada Baptist Missionary Society; 3, Canada Military Asylum; 4, Canadian Institute of Toronto; 5, Friends' Seminary at Hallowell, Canada West; 6, Hamilton and Gore Mechanics' Institute; 7,

Kingston General Hospital; 8, Montreal Firemen's Benevolent Association; 9, Mechanics' Institute of Montreal; 10, Mechanics' Institute of Toronto; 11, Quebec Library Association; 12, Sisters of the Congregation of Notre-Dame de Montreal; 13, Sisters of Ste. Croix; 14, Sisters of Charity of Quebec; 15, Sisters of Mercy, for the management of the Montreal Lying-in-Hospital; 16, Mary's College at Montreal; 17, Toronto General Hospital; 18, L'Academie Industrielle de St.-Laurent.

Canada Baptist Missionary Society.

Returns of immovable property of the corporation of the Canada Baptist Missionary Society, 1847-48. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1848-1849.

2 v. tables. 17cm.

Reports for the years: 1847, 1848.

Kingston. General Hospital.

Report, 1851-64. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1852-1865.

6 v. tables. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851, 1855, 1860, 1861, 1863, 1864.

St. Joseph Hospital.

Report of L'Hospice St. Joseph de la Maternite de Quebec, 1855-1863. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1856-1864.

5 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1855, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1863.

St. Laurent. Industrial Academy.

Report, 1850-55. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851-1856.

3 v. 12cm.

Reports for the years: 1850, 1851, 1855.

Toronto. General Hospital.

Statement of the receipts and disbursements, 1848-1858. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849-1859.

5 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1848, 1850/51, 1851/52, 1857/58, 1858.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee on Acts passed incorporating Religious, Educational, or Charitable Institutions.

Report of the committee appointed to enquire and report what acts, since the union of the late provinces of Upper and Lower Canada, have been passed by

the Parliament of this province, incorporating religious, educational, or charitable institutions therein; their several respective title, styles or denominations,—the annual amount, as income or revenue from real property which, by their respective acts of incorporation, they are authorized to acquire and hold,—the collective or total annual amount thereof,—and also, whether any and which of the religious, educational, or charitable institutions existing in Lower Canada, previous to the union, have since that period been authorized by act of the Parliament, to increase their respective income or revenue in mortmain, and by what amount; with power to send for persons, papers, and records. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1849]

[6 p.] tables. 35cm.

Friends' Boarding School.

The trustees having charge of Friends' Boarding School, established at West Lake, in the Prince Edward District, report, that a part of their number have visited the institution monthly; and at the close of the year have carefully investigated the affairs thereof, and have taken an inventory of the property belonging thereto. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1849]

1 p. tables. 23cm.

Montreal. Firemen's Benevolent Association.

Statement of affairs, 1851. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1852]

1 p. table. 25cm.

Montreal. General Hospital.

Statement of the expenses incurred for foundlings under the care of the Sisters of Charity of the General Hospital of Montreal, commonly known by the name of the "Grey Nuns", during the period from 1st July, 1844 to the 1st January, 1845. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Toronto. General Hospital.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 1st ultimo [April] praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house, "a return shewing the amounts of land originally held by the Toronto General Hospital, for the benefit of that charity, the quantity of land disposed of, the value of the same, the dates of sale, and to whom sold, the income and expenditure of that institution from the time of the union, the sources of revenue, including the annual amount of pay patients, and the amount actually received from the same, the number of patients admitted annually, the classification or nature of their disease, the number of convalescent patients discharged, the number of deaths, the nationality of patients so far as can be ascertained; and also, a copy of all correspondence that has passed between the late or present governments and the hospital trustees in reference to the removal of the said hospital to

its present unhealthy location, and also any correspondence that may have passed between the same in relation to the disposal of any of these lands." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.
[30 p.] tables. 25cm.

Toronto. General Hospital.

Schedule of the sales of land in the late park reserve belonging to the endowment of the Toronto General Hospital, sold by the trustees, under the authority of the executive government, from the 30th September, 1830, date of the first sale, up to 1st May 1847:—on account of principal and interest for the same. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1847]
[14 p.] tables. 35cm.

MISCELLANEOUS

The reports listed below did not deal with any branch of the government of the Province of Canada, but as they were published by authority of the Legislative Assembly, they have to be listed as publications of the government.

Serials

Sherbrooke Cotton factory.

Report, 1845-1849. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846-1850.
4 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1847, 1848, 1849.

Special Publications

Canadian Catholic Institute.

Annual report, 1857. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.
1 p. 25cm.

Children's Industrial School, Hamilton.

Return, 1865/66. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.
1 p. 25cm.

Community of the Sisters of the Holy Cross.

Report, 1850. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell, 1851]
1 p. 12cm.

Elgin Association.

Annual report of the directors of the Elgin Association. 5th. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto, Rollo Campbell] 1854.
[16 p.] tables. 25cm.

Only the 5th report was located.

The association was organized in 1850 for the settlement of the coloured population.

Mackenzie, William Lyon, 1795-1861.

Petition of William L. Mackenzie, acting executor to the estate of the late Robert Randall, esq., of Lincoln County, M.P.P. relative to the sale of lot 40, in Nepean, on the Ottawa (Bytown) at the suit of Honorable H. J. Boulton, solicitor general of Upper Canada; together with reports of committees of the House of Assembly of Upper Canada; copies of bills passed for Randall's relief, and successively appointing Honorable Louis Joseph Papineau and others, as umpire or chancellor in the case; also the evidence on which such reports and bills were founded. Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed. Quebec: John Lovell, 1852.

70 p. 23cm.

L'Union St. Joseph de Montreal.

To the honorable the Legislative Assembly of Canada, L'Union St. Joseph de Montreal have the honor to submit the following report for the year 1857. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

1 p. 25cm.

RAILROADS

Railroads, unlike the other means of transportation in the Province of Canada, were to a large extent built by private companies. Only three of the seventeen railroads, namely, the Grand Trunk, Northern, and Great Western, received assistance from the government.¹ Railroads were not a vital issue at the time of the union of the provinces of Upper Canada and Lower Canada. Indeed the only reference made to them between 1841 and 1845, was to a report requested by an act passed prior to the Union, which was laid before the House of Assembly. However, in 1845, when the first session of the second Parliament met, there were several petitions requesting incorporation of companies for the construction of railroads, as well as a report of a survey for one line. As a result of these petitions three bills were passed. The first act² passed on March 18, 1845, incorporated the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company. This act was to remain in force for only two years. The other two acts³ passed on March 29, 1845, simply amended acts which had been passed prior to 1841, and extended the length of time for carrying out conditions laid down by these acts.

By the next year, 1846, the question of building railroads had become so important that the Legislative Assembly appointed a select committee to study the numerous petitions and bills for building railroads. This committee was authorized to draft an outline of general provisions which could be used for all railroad bills so that a sound railroad system might be established for the whole province.

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Public Works, *Annual Report (1866/67)*, Appendix pp. 554-55.

² Act of 8 Vict., c. 25.

³ Act of 8 Vict., c. 83 and 86.

At the second meeting of the above committee, recommendations were made concerning the stipulations for construction, land rights, etc., which should appear in all present and future railroad bills, based on a bill which had been passed in the Imperial Parliament on May 8, 1845. However, these recommendations were not put in force by the Legislative Assembly until August 30, 1851, when an act¹ was passed to "consolidate and regulate the general clauses relating to rail-ways." One of the requirements of this act was that a detailed report of operations must be submitted annually, by the president of each railway company, to the three branches of the Legislature. This was done. However, prior to 1851, some reports were printed separately under the name of the company concerned. In 1851, 1855, and from 1857 to 1866, these reports were published as one report entitled *Returns from Railway Companies*. The report of the select committee was published.

In 1847, the Legislative Assembly appointed a Standing Committee on Railroads and Telegraphic Lines to investigate all petitions and bills presented to the House and report on them. This committee was reappointed each year thereafter until 1867. In 1852, the investigation into canals was added. Thus, the committee became the Standing Committee on Railroads, Canals and Telegraphic Lines. The committee was sometimes called select standing committee.

While the standing committee held several meetings each year, the proceedings of not more than two meetings were ever published for any given year, separate from the report which appeared in the *Journals of the Legislative Assembly*. The first separate report to be published was in 1849. Thereafter reports were published for the years: 1850, 1851, 1852, 1854, 1856, 1859, and 1862.

As was noted above, on August 31, 1851, a general bill regulating the construction of railroads was passed. This date was also important in that another bill² which provided for the construction of a "main trunk line of rail-way" throughout the whole length of the Province was passed. This act required that a board of railway commissioners, composed of the Receiver General, the Inspector General, the Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner of Public Works, and the Provincial Postmaster General be established. The duty of this board was to examine and approve the line selected for any part of the main trunk line. This board was not required to publish an annual report.

A number of special reports on the various railroad companies were published.

Serials

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Standing Committee on Railways, Canals, and Telegraph Lines.

Proceedings, 1849-1862. Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1849-1862.

9 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1849, 1850, 1851, 1852, 1854, 1856, 1857, 1859, 1862.

¹ Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 51.

² Act of 14 and 15 Vict., c. 73.

Canada (Province) Railroad Companies.

Returns from railway companies, 1851-1866. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1853-1868.

12 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1851, 1855, 1857, 1858, 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866.

Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad Company.

Statement of the cost of the Champlain and St. Lawrence railroad and appurtenance; and also, the receipts and expenditure upon the same, together with the amount of tonnage and passengers transported by the company, for the season or year 1836/41-1850. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1842-1851.

8 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1836/41, 1841, 1842, 1843, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850.

Montreal and Lachine Railroad Company.

Statement of the cost of the Montreal and Lachine railroad and appurtenances, and also the receipts and expenditure upon the same, together with the amount of tonnage and of passengers conveyed along the said railroad, 1847-1850. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848-1851.

3 v. tables. 17cm.

Reports for the years: 1847, 1848, 1850.

Peterborough and Port Hope Railway Company.

Report, 1845-1848. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848-1849.

2 v. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1848.

St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company.

Report, 1847-1848. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848-1849.

2 v. tables. 35cm.

Reports for the years: 1847, 1848.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Board of Railway Commissioners.

Report, 1859/1860. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux] 1862.

[36 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Board of Railway Commissioners.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly of the 14th instant [April] for statement relative to applications of Grand Trunk Railroad Company for

releases of provincial debentures, and for copy of any memorial from the company since the 1st January, 1856. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[32 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to inquire into a Series of Accidents and Detentions on the Great Western Railway.

Reports. Laid before the Legislative Assembly by order of His Excellency the Governor General. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1855.

222 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Acts incorporating the Great Western Railway Company, with the several acts amending or relating to the same; and acts incorporating certain other companies or relating to the same. Hamilton: Spectator Office, 1854.

264, xx p. 19cm.

Western

Canada (Province) Laws, statutes, etc.

Acts relating to the Grand Trunk Railway and for the prevention of accidents on railways. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, law printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857.

13 p. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Committee appointed to enquire into the Transactions of the Montreal and Bytown Railway Company.

Report of the Committee appointed to enquire into the Transactions of the Montreal and Bytown Railway Company, prepared by Mr. Loranger, by order of the committee, and unanimously adopted. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[86 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Railway Committee.

Proceedings of the Railway Committee, in relation to the bill (no. 65) to incorporate the Buffalo and Lake Huron Railway Company. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on Railroad Bills.

Report of the select committee appointed to consider what general provisions ought to be introduced into such railway bills as may come before the house during the present or future sessions, for the advantage of the public, and the establishment of a sound railway system; and likewise to consider what standing orders the house should adopt in relation to railway bills, with power to consider of any arrangements advantageous to the public, with regard to existing railway

companies generally, to which, in the opinion of the committee, the Legislature might justly give it sanction. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1846]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to whom was referred the investigation into the affairs and position of the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railway and Harbor Company.

Report of the select committee to whom was referred the investigation into the affairs and position of the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railway and Harbor Company, especially with reference to certain alleged bribes given to certain of the late directors by certain of the present directors of the said company, to the great loss and injury of the municipalities interested in the said railway. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell, 1857]

[48 p.] tables. 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[264 p.] 25cm.

Crocker, William P.

Report of the survey of the projected line of rail road from Stanstead to Montreal, with estimates of the cost of construction, by William P. Crocker. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1845.

23 p. tables. 21cm.

Western

Fleming, Sandford, 1827-1915.

Report on the Intercolonial Railway exploratory survey made under instruction from the Canadian government, in the year 1864. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1865.

iv, 101 p. maps. 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 14th ultimo [April] for copies of all contracts for construction of Grand Trunk Railway. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1856.

[88 p.] 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Return in part to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 21st instant [April] for certain papers relative to affairs of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and for a list of the stockholders of the Grand Trunk Railway Company, and of the other companies associated therewith. By command. [Printed by order of the

Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty] 1855.

[20 p.] tables. 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, dated 8th April, 1862, for statement of affairs of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada. By command. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose and Lemieux] 1862.

[6 p.] tables. 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 7th September, 1863, for copies of correspondence and papers relative to certain bonds of Grand Trunk Railway Company detained by government. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1863.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly, dated 27th February, 1865; for certain information respecting accidents on Grand Trunk Railway, and tariffs of freight since January 1864. By command. Return on accidents only ordered printed. [Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1865.

5 p. 25cm.

Grand Trunk Railway Company.

Statements, reports and accounts of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada. Laid before the Legislative Assembly, Thursday the 23d April, 1857 by order of His Excellency the Governor General, by W. Cayley, inspector general. Toronto: Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats, printer to the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, 1857.

71 p. tables. 25cm.

Great Western Railroad Company.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 16th instant, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be laid before them "the correspondence which has taken place between the government and the Great Western Railway Company." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1848]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Great Western Railroad Company.

Statement of accounts and report of the directors. Ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, 1854. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux, 1854.

[24 p.] tables. 25cm.

Keefer, Thomas Coltrin, 1821-1915.

Report on the preliminary survey of the Kingston and Toronto section of the Canada trunk railway. Toronto: Lovell and Gibson, 1851.

34 p. table. 22cm.

Western

London and Port Stanley Railway Company.

Report of the president and directors to the shareholders of the London and Port Stanley Railway Company, 1854. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1855.

[5 p.] tables. 25cm.

Morris, Alexander, 1826-1889.

The railway clauses consolidation acts of Canada, 14 and 15 Vict., c. 51 and 16 Vict., c. 169, with an alphabetical and analytical index thereto, by Alexander Morris. . . . Montreal: J. Lovell, 1853.

68 p. 20cm.

Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railway Company.

Return in pursuance of a resolution of the honorable the Legislative Assembly of the financial affairs of the Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railway Company. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1856.

[12 p.] tables. 25cm.

Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railway Company.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General dated the 2nd June, praying His Excellency to cause to be laid before the house "copies of all reports and amended reports made by F. W. Cumberland, as chief engineer of the Ontario, Simcoe and Huron Railroad Union Company, on the amounts due to the contractors for the said road. A statement of all debentures, with the numbers of each, issued by the company, and the dates of the same, when and to whom paid, and for what purpose they were paid, and the rate of discount at which they were passed off. Also, a detailed statement of the debentures cancelled, with the numbers of each, and showing why they were cancelled. . . ." By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell] 1858.

[70 p.] tables. 25cm.

Quebec and Richmond Railway Company.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly dated 31st August last, praying that His Excellency the Governor General, would be pleased to lay before the house, a copy or copies of any agreement, or agreements, entered into by the Quebec and Richmond Railway Company, with William Jackson, and others, for the completion of the said railway, also for a copy of any correspondence between the government of this province, or any member thereof, with the said William Jackson, and others in regard to the trunk railroad through this province. By

command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: John Lovell] 1852.

14 p. 25cm.

St. Lawrence and Industry Village Railroad Company.

Report, 1850. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1851.

1 p. 25cm.

Statement of facts laid before Sir Allan K. MacNab, chairman of the railroad committee of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada. . . .

Toronto: Hugh Scobie, 1851.

28 p. 21cm.

Toronto and Sarnia Railroad.

Copies of contracts entered into by Gzowski and Company for the construction of the Toronto and Sarnia Railroad, and of the report of an engineer upon the condition of the works. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1857]

[28 p.] tables. 25cm.

TURNPIKE ROADS

Roads in both Lower Canada and Upper Canada were built either by the municipalities through which they ran or by the government. Those roads built by the government were classified as either colonization roads or turnpike roads. Colonization roads were built under the jurisdiction of either the Department of Agriculture or the Department of Crown Lands. Turnpike roads were built, improved, and repaired by trustees appointed by the Governor, who not only authorized the building of the roads, but provided the means of raising money for the construction.¹

In 1841, three turnpike road trustees were in existence in the former Province of Lower Canada, namely: (1) The Longueuil to Chambly Turnpike. Two reports were published concerning this trust. (2) Montreal Turnpike. On October 10, 1842, the Legislative Assembly requested information on the progress of road building undertaken by the Quebec and Montreal Turnpike Trustees. This information was published. From 1845 to 1863, a report of accounts of the Montreal Turnpike Trustees was given to the Provincial Secretary. From 1845 to 1857, these reports were published in full. In 1859, the Standing Committee on Printing ordered a condensed report printed for 1858, and, from 1859 to 1863, only an abstract of the report was printed. Two special reports were printed. (3) Quebec turnpike roads. No annual report was published but several special reports were published.

In the former Province of Upper Canada three turnpike trusts were also in existence in 1841. However only one report was presented to the Legislature of the Province of Canada, and that report was under the authority of an act passed by the Legislature of the Province of Upper Canada.

¹ Canada (Province), Department of Public Works, *Annual Report* (1865), p. 111.

Serials

Montreal Turnpike Road Trustees.

Accounts of the Montreal turnpike trustees, 1845-1863. Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Co., 1846-1864.

17 v. 25cm.

Reports for the years: 1845, 1846, 1847, 1848, 1849, 1850, 1851/52, 1853/54, 1855, 1856, 1857, 1858.

Abstract of the report for the years: 1859, 1860, 1861, 1862, 1863.

Special Publications

Canada (Province) Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Administration of the Trustees of the Quebec and Point Levy Turnpike Road.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, dated the 5th March, 1857; for a copy of the report of the Commissioners appointed to inquire into the Administration of the Trustees of the Quebec and Point Levy Turnpike Roads. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: John Lovell] 1857.

[88 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Commissioners of certain Turnpike Trusts.

Annual reports of Commissioners of certain Turnpike Trusts, viz; Home District, Kingston and Napanee and Johnstown District roads, laid before the house in compliance with the provincial act (Upper Canada) 3 Vict., c. 53. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Robert Stanton] 1842.

6 p. tables. 34cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Petition of Guillaume Robitaille.

Report of the Select Committee on the Petition of Guillaume Robitaille, and others, of the parish of L'Ancienne Lorette, praying for enquiry into the conduct of the Quebec turnpike commissioners. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

[8 p.] 35cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select Committee on the Petition of the Holders of Quebec Turnpike Road Debentures.

Report. [Ordered printed. Quebec: Hunter, Rose & Lemieux, 1862]

[3 p.] 25cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Select committee to which was referred the petition of M. F. Valois.

Report of the select committee to which was referred the petition of M. F. Valois, and others, inhabitants of Lachine and other parishes, and various other petitions, relating to roads on the island of Montreal—to the Longueuil and

Chambly turnpike road,—and to a plank road from the Horse-Ferry along the west bank of the Chambly Basin to the said turnpike road. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[18 p.] 35 cm.

Canada (Province) Legislative Assembly. Special Committee on the Quebec Turnpike Roads.

Report. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[14 p.] 35cm.

Longueuil to Chambly Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause the proper officers to lay before the house, within the shortest possible delay detailed accounts of all sums of money expended and received by the trustees of the turnpike road from Longueuil to Chambly, by virtue of the ordinance of the special council, passed in the fourth year of Her Majesty's reign, chapter 16; and also, detailed statements of all transactions of the said trustees, by virtue of the same authority, since the commencement of their trust. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell] 1845.

[28 p.] tables. 35cm.

Montreal Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly, of the 11th instant [May] for a copy of the answer of the trustees roads in the vicinity of Montreal, to the complaints brought against them by John Clark and others, proprietors on the said roads. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Rollo Campbell] 1853.

[5 p.] 25cm.

Montreal Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 12th of December, 1844, and praying that His Excellency would be pleased to lay before the house detailed accounts of all sums of money received and expended by the trustees of the toll-bar roads at Montreal, by virtue of the ordinance to provide for the improvement of certain roads in the vicinity of the city of Montreal, and leading thereto; and also, detailed statements of all transactions of the said trustees by virtue of the same authority, since the date of the statements and accounts submitted to the house at the last session of the last Parliament. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1845]

[28 p.] tables. 35cm.

Montreal Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to two addresses from the Legislative Assembly, bearing date the 10th October, 1842, praying for certain information to be furnished by the trustees of the Montreal and Quebec turnpike roads. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Kingston: Edward John Barker, 1844]

[23 p.] tables. 35cm.

Quebec Northshore Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address of the honorable the Legislative Council, dated 21st June, 1866, for copy of last report from trustees of Quebec north shore turnpike roads. By command. [Ordered printed. Ottawa: Hunter, Rose & Co.] 1866.

1 p. 25cm.

Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly of the 5th ultimo [March] for a statement of receipts and expenditures of the Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees for the last two years of their administration. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Quebec: Lovell and Lamoureux] 1855.

[18 p.] tables. 25cm.

Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address from the Legislative Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, praying His Excellency to cause the proper officer to lay before the house copies of all correspondence between the executive government and the trustees of the Quebec turnpike trust; and copies of all returns, accounts, and documents thereto relating, made by the said trustees to the executive government. Under the ordinance and statute in such case made and provided, from and since the close of the last session of Parliament. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Lovell and Gibson, 1847]

10 p. tables. 35cm.

Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, dated 20th September, 1852, for a copy of the accounts rendered by the Quebec turnpike trustees, from the date of their last report to this date;—also, copies of all documents and correspondence between the executive and the said trustees relative to the management of the said roads, together with a copy of the minutes of their proceedings with reference to the execution of the works on the said roads, mentioned in the Act 12 Vict., c. 115, and also those defined in the Act 14 and 15 Vict., c. 132. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly] Quebec. John Lovell, 1852.

43 p. 25cm.

Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to an address of the Legislative Assembly, to His Excellency the Governor General, praying that His Excellency would be pleased to cause to be

laid before the house as soon as possible, detailed accounts of all monies received and expended by the trustees of the Quebec turnpike roads, under the authority of the ordinance to provide for the improvement of the roads in the neighbourhood of and leading to the city of Quebec, and to raise a fund for that purpose; and also, detailed reports of all the trustees, under the said authority from and since the date of the reports and accounts laid, on that subject, before the house in the last session of the last Parliament. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Montreal: Rollo Campbell, 1854]

[3 p.] tables. 35cm.

Quebec Turnpike Road Trustees.

Return to so much of an address of the House of Assembly to His Excellency the Governor General, bearing date the 29th May, 1850, praying for copies of all accounts made and rendered by the trustees of the Quebec turnpike roads, for the year 1848 and 1849, and also, for copies of the proceedings of the said trustees, and of their correspondence with the proprietors of Dorchester Bridge, on the subject of the purchase of the said bridge, in conformity with the act passed in the last session of the Parliament for that purpose. By command. [Printed by order of the Legislative Assembly. Toronto: Rollo Campbell, 1850]

[22 p.] tables. 35cm.

— — Supplementary return, 1850.

[5 p.] 35cm.

APPENDIX I

Sessions of Parliament

<i>Parliament</i>	<i>Session</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Reign</i>	<i>Number of Acts</i>	<i>Place</i>
First	First	1841	4 and 5 Vict.	100	Kingston
First	Second	1842	6 Vict.	32	Kingston
First	Third	1843	7 Vict.	68	Kingston
Second	First	1844/45	8 Vict.	107	Montreal
Second	Second	1846	9 Vict.	115	Montreal
Second	Third	1847	10 and 11 Vict.	123	Montreal
Third	First	1848	11 Vict.	18	Montreal
Third	Second	1849	12 Vict.	200	Montreal
Third	Third	1850	13 and 14 Vict.	145	Toronto
Third	Fourth	1851	14 and 15 Vict.	176	Toronto
Fourth	First	1852/53	16 Vict.	267	Quebec
Fourth	Second	1854	17 Vict.	nil	Quebec
Fifth	First	1854/55	18 Vict.	251	Quebec
Fifth	Second	1856	{ 19 Vict. 19 and 20 Vict.	141	Toronto
Fifth	Third	1857	20 Vict.	227	Toronto
Sixth	First	1858	22 Vict.	143	Toronto
Sixth	Second	1859	22 Vict.	132	Toronto
Sixth	Third	1860	23 Vict.	151	Quebec
Sixth	Fourth	1861	24 Vict.	141	Quebec
Seventh	First	1862	25 Vict.	109	Quebec
Seventh	Second	1863	26 Vict.	70	Quebec
Eighth	First	1863	27 Vict.	94	Quebec
Eighth	Second	1864	27 and 28 Vict.	175	Quebec
Eighth	Third	1865	28 Vict.	74	Quebec
Eighth	Fourth	1865	29 Vict.	120	Quebec
Eighth	Fifth	1866	29 and 30 Vict.	177	Ottawa

APPENDIX II

Queen's Printer

September 30, 1841—March 21, 1863
March 28—April 18, 1863
April 25, 1863—November 12, 1864
November 19, 1864—June 30, 1867

Stewart Derbishire and George Desbarats
George Desbarats
George Desbarats and Malcolm Cameron
Malcolm Cameron

APPENDIX III

Legislature Printers

<i>Year</i>	<i>Legislative Assembly</i>	<i>Legislative Council</i>
1841	Desbarats & Cary	R. Stanton
1842	R. Stanton	R. Stanton
1843	Edward John Barker	{ S. Derbshire and G. Desbarats
1844-45	Rollo Campbell	Lovell and Gibson
1846	Rollo Campbell	R. Campbell
1847	Rollo Campbell	John C. Becket
1848	Rollo Campbell	John C. Becket
1849	Rollo Campbell	John C. Becket
1850	Rollo Campbell	{ George Brown Louis Perrault (French)
1851	Rollo Campbell	{ Rollo Campbell Louis Perrault (French)
1852-53	{ Rollo Campbell John Lovell (Sessional)	Bureau and Marcotte
1854	Rollo Campbell	Rollo Campbell
1854-55	{ Rollo Campbell John Lovell (Sessional)	{ Rollo Campbell Louis Perrault (French)
1856	Rollo Campbell	James Beaty
1857	Rollo Campbell	James Beaty
1858	Rollo Campbell	James Beaty
1859	Rollo Campbell	James Beaty
1860		Thompson & Co.
1861		Hunter, Rose & Co.
1862		Hunter, Rose & Co.
1863		Hunter, Rose & Lemieux
1864		Hunter, Rose & Co.
1865		Hunter, Rose & Co.
1866		Hunter, Rose & Co.

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