

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON WETLANDS CONTACT:

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The North American Waterfowl Management Plan, called the NAWMP, helps protect and heal wetlands across Canada, the United States and Mexico. The NAWMP is a partnership of many people from all kinds of professions who give time, knowledge, money or materials to save wetlands and wildlife. Since its beginning, the NAWMP has saved thousands of hectares of wetlands across North America.

For further information on the NAWMP and wetlands you can write to:

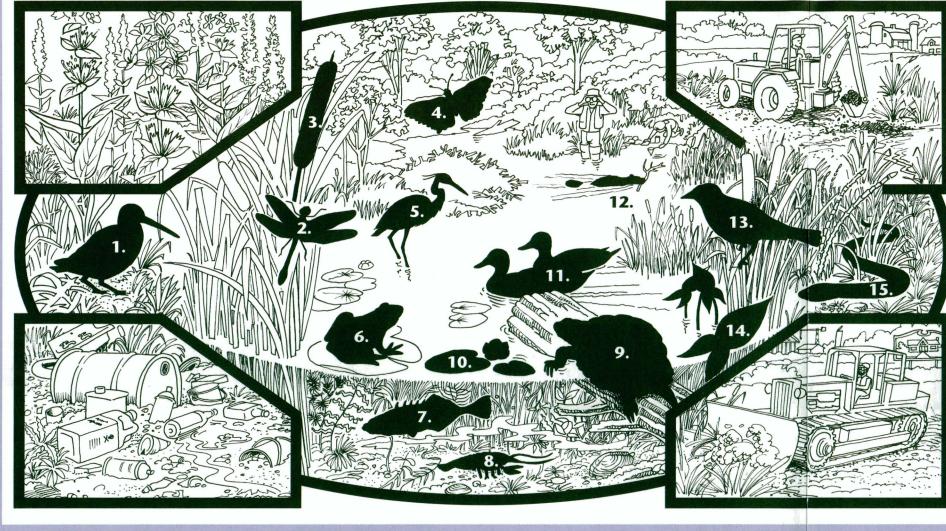
NAWMP Communications, Place Vincent Massey, 3rd Floor 351 St. Joseph Blvd. Hull, Québec K1A 0H3



The Canadian Museum of Nature collects plants, animals, minerals and fossils. This helps us learn about how nature works and how we can protect it. You can share in this discovery by visiting our exhibits, watching our videos and reading our books.

For information about the Museum's programmes, please phone: (613) 996-3102 or 1-800-263-4433.

Disponible en français sur demande.



1. Snipe

- 2. Dragonfly 3. Cattails
- 4. Milbert's Tortoiseshell 8. Crayfish
- 5. Great Blue Heron 6. Leopard Frog 7. Stickleback

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WHO LIVES IN WETLANDS?

WETLANDS are home for many different kinds of plants and animals.

Cattails, horsetails, pondweeds, duckweeds, water lilies, and arrowheads can be found in and around the water.

Insects, frogs, turtles, snakes, beavers, muskrats, herons, Red-winged Blackbirds and all kinds of ducks live in and around *WETLANDS*.

There are a lot of other birds in *WETLANDS* too. In fact over one third of Canada's birds need *WETLANDS*.

If you could see under the water you would find some more insects, tadpoles, crayfish and fish.

Get a microscope. In just one drop of **WETLAND** water you can find hundreds of tiny algae and animals!

You won't need a microscope to see the moose, deer, bears, and foxes that visit **WETLANDS** to feed and drink.

9. Painted Turtle 10. Water Lily 11. Blue-winged Teal (male & female) 12. Beaver

- 13. Red-winged Blackbird
- 14. Arrowhead
- 15. Garter Snake

What are Wetlands?

WETLANDS are the places where land and water meet or where the ground is very wet for most or all of the year.

WETLANDS can be marshes, swamps, bogs, fens, and shallow open water.

WETLANDS can be as big as a city or as small as a swimming pool.

WETLANDS can have fresh or salt water.

CIRCLE THE WORD

Circle all the words listed below in the puzzle. Look carefully – words can overlap, run in any direction or be spelled backwards. When you've found all the words, unscramble the leftover letters to spell the missing word.

											用自己			
t	u	r	t		е	s	h	s	i	f	У	a	r	C
k	С	а	b	е	I	k	C	i	t	S		(f	0	x
d	s	d	е	е	w	d	n	0	р	I	f	r	m	d
s	а	r	ŕ	0	w	h	е	a	d	i	n	е	u	u
е	р	0	c	S	0	r	C	i	m	a	0	v	s	C
k	w	а	t	е	r	I	i	I	у	t	g	a	k	k
а	n	0	r	е	h	е	u	I	b	t	а	е	r	g
n	t	C	е	s	n	i	n	а	I	a	r	b	а	w
s	b		а	с	k	b	i	r	d	C	d	t	t	е

beaver blackbird cattails arrowhead turtles crayfish fox stickleback pondweed snakes duck

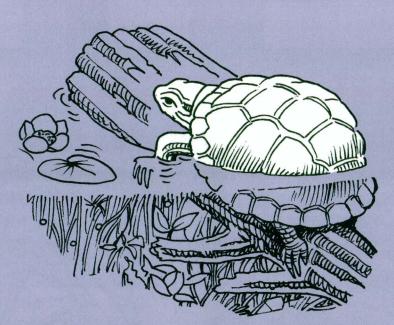
great blue heron

dragonfly muskrat microscope water lily insect

IMPORTANT WETLAND FACTS

Did you know that:

- About one seventh of Canada is **WETLANDS**.
- Canada is very lucky because it has one quarter of all the Earth's WETLANDS.
- 42 of Canada's plant and animal species at risk need WETLANDS.



How do people Hurt Wetlands?

People hurt **WETLANDS** by:

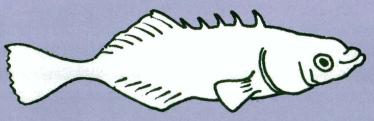
- Taking away water. Too many WETLANDS are drained to grow crops.
- Dumping garbage and pollutants in the water. Garbage and pollution are making healthy WETLANDS sick.
- Bulldozing them over. A lot of WETLANDS are filled in to build factories and houses.
- Bringing plants and animals to new places where they don't belong. Purple Loosestrife is a plant that came from Europe and is choking out some of Canada's native WETLAND plants.

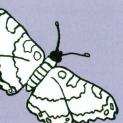


GAME:

Sit in a circle with a group of friends and decide who will go first. The first player starts by saying:

"I went down to the **WETLAND** for a picnic and saw..." then names a plant or animal they would expect to see, for example, a heron. Moving in clockwise direction, the next player repeats the phrase, including what the previous person saw, and then adds their own plant or animal. As each player gets a turn, the list gets longer. If you forget a plant or animal, you're out of the game. The last person to remember the whole list wins.







How do Wetlands Help people?

WETLANDS clean water and can filter pollution.

WETLANDS produce oxygen.

WETLANDS control flooding by absorbing water.

WETLANDS reduce drought by releasing water.

WETLANDS provide food for many different plants and animals.

WETLANDS produce food like wild rice, fish, and cranberries for people too!

WETLANDS are nurseries for fish and other wildlife.

WETLANDS are great places to see nature.

How gan you Help save Wetlands?

DISCOVER AND EXPLORE WETLANDS

Do it where you live. Do it with your friends, your family or your school. Start your own environmental or nature club. Knowing your own **WETLANDS** will help you save **WETLANDS**.

REDUCE, REUSE AND RECYCLE

Anything that stops garbage and pollution will help you save **WETLANDS**.

WETLANDS WATCH - BE ON THE ALERT

If you think people are hurting **WETLANDS** you should do something. Talk to your friends and parents. Write to your newspaper, Mayor, or MP. Don't be shy. Being on the alert will help you save **WETLANDS**.

TALK, LISTEN AND LEARN

Talk to people about WETLANDS. Listen to people who talk about WETLANDS. Talking and listening will help you save WETLANDS.