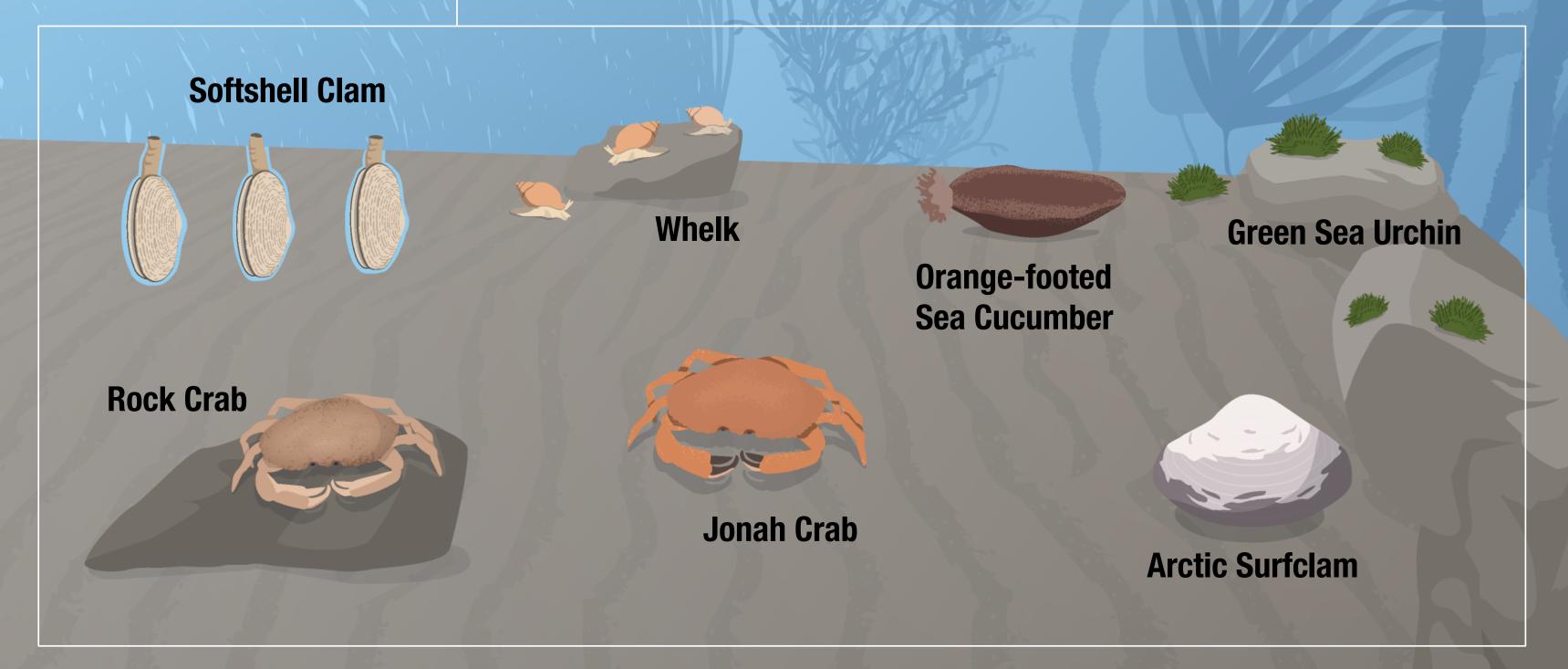
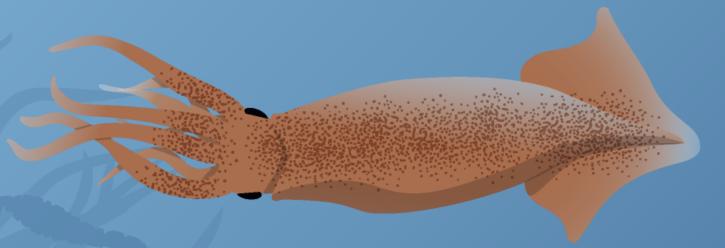
## Highs and lows of large marine invertebrates

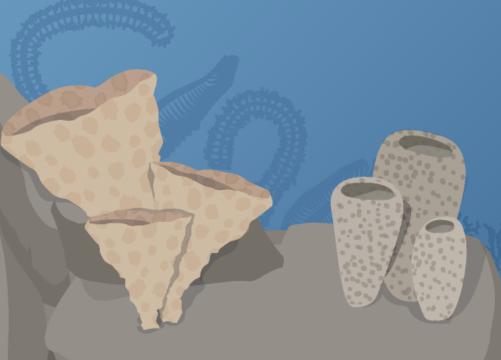
Marine invertebrates play essential roles in ecosystems, greatly contributing to the ecological and economic services upon which people depend.

Some **molluscs**, **crustaceans**, and **echinoderms** are fished only in specific areas throughout Atlantic Canada's bioregions. Very few are monitored in research surveys, which makes it difficult to assess the status of the population.





Northern Shortfin Squid have been found in record high abundances in recent research surveys.



Sponges provide habitat on the seafloor and are threatened by bottom contact fishing.



American Lobster can tolerate a wider range of temperatures than other invertebrates and their landings have been at a record high.



**Scallops** occur both inshore and offshore where landings have been stable or below average.



Cold-water crustaceans are vulnerable because of warming bottom temperatures from climate change.

