Image Cover Sheet

CLASSIFICATION	SYSTEM NUMBER 135304
UNCLASSIFIED	
TITLE	
PROTECTION FROM "h" BURNS THROUGH	H CLOTHING BY USE OF CELLULOSE TAPE
System Number:	
Patron Number:	
Requester:	
Notes:	
DSIS Use only:	
Deliver to:	

DOCUMENT RECLASSIFICATION RECORD

DocumentTM_1 TitleProtection from "H" Burns Th	cough
Clothing by Use of Cellulose Tape	
Author(s) T.H. Johnson & O.M. Fraser Date	8 Jul 43
Original ClassificationSecret	**
Limitation	
Harvey Recommendation Classification Unclassified	<u> </u>
Limitation <u>Unlimited</u> Clause	
Deletions	
	-
Reviewed by C. Laforce Date	6/5/97
Classification <u>Unclassified</u>	
Limitation Unlimited	
Official Warning Term	
This Document may be released as is under ATI:	
Deletions required	
ATIClause	
Other Requesters	
Concur	
Man <197	8/5/6
Chairman/DRP meeting	O/J/7

E & 1 75216

Suffer Track From Book

NATIONAL DEFENCE EYES ONLY

"BOMBER"

1/0. (Suffield Reports/1 (SD11)

CANADIAN MILITARY HEADQUARTERS alle & went wo

29 Aug 42

The Secretary,
Department of National Defence,
OTTAWA, Canada.

Attn: D.C.W.

Porton Comments on F.E.S. Technical Minute No.1

1. The following Forton Comments on F.E.S. Technical Minute No. 1 have been received this date under cover of C.D./L. Minute Sheet No. W.9081 dated 28 Aug 42:

soffield

"While the results obtained are in conformity with results obtained at Porton, it is thought to be very doubtful if the method has any practical application in the field, in view of its obvious inconvenience."

2. Might these comments be transmitted to F.3.5. Suffield, tlease.

W.R. Sawyer. Lt-Col.

for (P.J. Montague) Major-General, Senior Officer, Canadian Military Headquarters.

/EIB

C.W. 332

Chasellier 2nd Groupterson
Changed to Anapplace to Ulu

or Authority of
Condition to Condition
C

OF SEP 9 1912 THE CANADA

47/2184

EXPERIMENTAL STATION

COPY NO.../. 8th July, 1942.

SUFFIELD, ALBERTA

TECHNICAL Nº JUTE NO. 1

Protection from "R" burns through clothing by use of Celluloss Tape,

One, 1 mm. drop of pure H was applied to the shoulder area of the khaki battle dress of each of two observers. A piece of cellulose tape about 3" square was applied immediately to the under surface of the cloth, below the contaminated area. No lesion developed after 12 hours wear of the clothing.

As a control - one, 1 mm. drop of pure H was applied to the shoulder of the battle dress on one observer. The bare skin under the contaminated spot was then immediately annointed with A/G Ointment No. 2. After 12 hours wear, a small area of erythema developed. Similar results were obtained when a 2 mm. drop of pure H was applied.

One, 1 mm. drop of pure H on serge with no precautions produced erythema and vesication.

Conclusions:

Cellulose tape applied immediately under an area contaminated with H, affords complete protection from a 2 mm. drop. Application of A/G Ointment to the bare skin, although probably affording sufficient protection, is less efficient. The cellulose tape can be applied more rapidly. The principal disadvantage of this technique is, however, the necessity of supplying the tape as an additional A/G store.

This technique was suggested by S/Sgt. T.H. Johnston and the experiments were carried out by W/C O.M. Frazer.

HMB/SB

CHEMICA OTTAWA, CHEMICA CHOUL 21 III POTT CANADA.

(H.M. Barrett)
Superintendent of Research,
for (E.Ll. Davies)
Chief Superintendent,
Experimental Station.

2784

ST WEST LO

#135304