

Technical Information **Survey Area Parameters:** This map was compiled from data acquired during an airborne electromagnetic/magnetic survey carried out by Geotech Canada Inc. utilizing Geotech's VTEM Max Time-Domain Electromagnetic (TDEM) system. The system was mounted on a Eurocopter AS350 B3 helicopter (registration C-GLHX) and the survey was carried out between December 1, 2022 and March 13, 2023. The helicopter flight altitude was maintained at an average ground clearance of 94.6 m, with an average speed of 90 km/h. Aircraft navigation used a 14-channel NovaTel dual frequency GPS system. Post-flight differential corrections were applied to finalize the flight path position. A vertically mounted video camera was used to record images of the ground. The radar height was recorded ten times per second using a TRA3000

**Electromagnetics**The TDEM system operated at a base frequency of 30 Hz and transmits a 7.0 ms half square

signal from a four-turn, 940 m² horizontal loop mounted approximately 48 m below and 8 m behind the helicopter. This configuration generates a peak dipole moment of 733 200 Am². The response of conductors in the subsurface was recorded at 192 kHz over the entire waveform using a three axis (X, Y and Z) electromagnetic receiver coincident with the transmitter loop (In-Loop Transmitter-Receiver). The EM system recorded data in a continuous stream for each of the three components. The EM receiver directly measures the change in the magnetic field with respect to time (dB/dt) from which the secondary magnetic field (B) is numerically integrated. High-altitude background sections flown at the start and end of each flight allowed a first-order removal of system drift.

Apparent Conductivity
The apparent conductivity values (mS/m) were derived from the electromagnetic decays using

selected early channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal. The nomogram indicates the correspondence between the value of dBz/dt (nT/s) and halfspace conductivity. Forward thin plate modeling is used to estimate the depth to the top of target (m) for the VTEM<sup>TM</sup> MAX TDEM system.

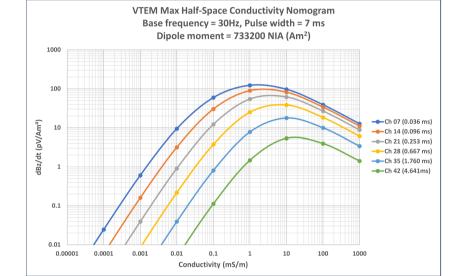
Electromagnetic Decay Constant
Decay constant (Tau) values were obtained by fitting the data from selected early Z channels
4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31
to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal to a single exponential. In semi-log space, the slope of this function will reflect the exponential decay rate of the transient field and, therefore, the strength of the conductivity. A slow rate of decay, reflecting a high conductivity, will be represented by a high decay constant value.

date (January 20, 2023) was then removed. Removal of the IGRF, representing the magnetic field of Earth's core, produces a residual component related essentially to magnetizations within Earth's crust. The first vertical derivative of the magnetic field is the rate of change of the magnetic field in the vertical direction. Computation of the first vertical derivative removes long-wavelength features of the magnetic field and significantly improves the resolution of closely spaced and superposed anomalies. A property of first vertical derivative maps is the coincidence of the zero-value contour with vertical geologic contacts at high magnetic latitudes (Hood, 1965). The first vertical derivative of the magnetic field reduced to the pole was calculated using the

This map is available for free download through GEOSCAN (<a href="https://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/">https://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/</a>). Corresponding digital profile and gridded data as well as similar data for adjacent airborne geophysical surveys can be downloaded, at no charge, from Natural Resources Canada's Geoscience Data Repository for Geophysical Data at https://geophysical-data.canada.ca/. For more information, please contact the Geophysical Data Centre, Geological Survey of Canada, 601 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8. Email: <a href="mailto:infogdc-infocdg@nrcan-rncan.gc.ca">infogdc-infocdg@nrcan-rncan.gc.ca</a>.

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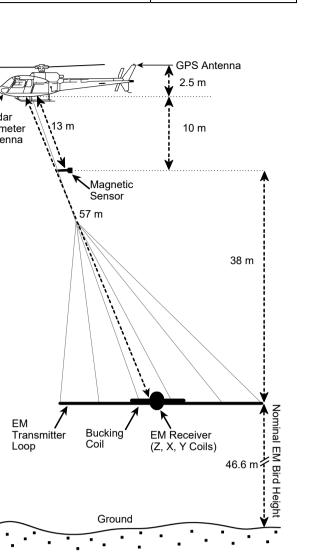
**References** Hood, P.J., 1965. Gradient measurements in aeromagnetic surveying; Geophysics, v. 30, Meju, M.A., 1998. Short Note: A simple method of transient electromagnetic data analysis; Geophysics, v. 63, p. 405-410. McNeill, J.D., 1980. Applications of Transient Electromagnetic Techniques, Technical Note TN-7, p. 5, Geonics Limited, Mississauga, Ontario.



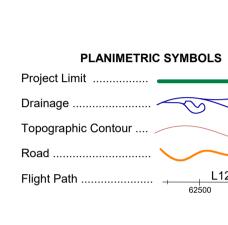


Electromagnetic System Specifications:	
Base frequency	30 Hz
Waveform	Polygonal
Transmitter pulse width	7 ms
Transmitter area	940 m <sup>2</sup>
Transmitter off-time	8.7 ms
Transmitter loop diameter	34.6 m
Transmitter peak current	195 A
Dipole moment (peak)	733 200 Am <sup>2</sup> (4 turns)
Windowed data sampling rate	10 Hz
Receiver	3-component induction coils (Z, X, Y)
Measured response	Voltage (dB/dt)
Digital recording	Z: 4-46 channels X,Y: 20-46 channels
1 <sup>st</sup> off-time Z channel	Channel 4 at ~0.021 ms after pulse turn off

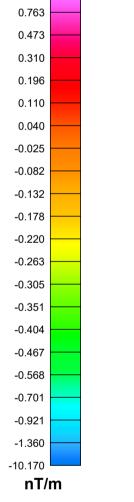
Tx-Rx configuration



In-loop concentric



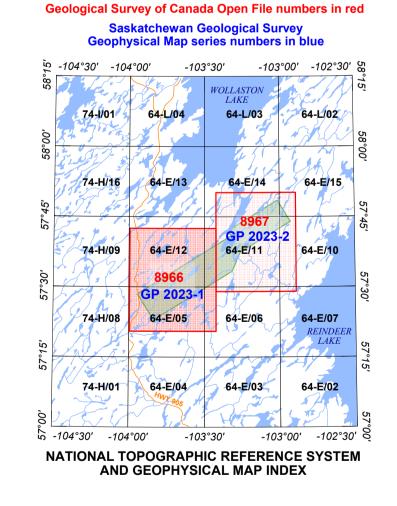
MAP SHEET SUMMARY
Sheet 1: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Early Channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms)
Sheet 2: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 3: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 4: Apparent Conductivity - Early Channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms)
Sheet 5: Apparent Conductivity - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 6: Apparent Conductivity - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 7: Residual Total Magnetic Field
Sheet 8: First Vertical Derivative of the Magnetic Field
Sheet 9: Interpretation Sheet 9: Interpretation



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NTS Map Sheet numbers in black





GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA OPEN FILE 8966 SASKATCHEWAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY GEOPHYSICAL MAP GP 2023-1 ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY OF THE EASTERN WOLLASTON AREA SASKATCHEWAN Parts of NTS 64-E/5, 6, 11 and 12

## FIRST VERTICAL DERIVATIVE OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection North American Datum (CSRS) 1983

© His Majesty the King in Right of Canada, as represented by the Minister of Natural Resources, 2023 Base map at the scale of 1:50 000 from Natural Resources Canada, with modifications Contour interval 20 metres. Elevations in metres above mean sea level

UTM zone 13N

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**GEOPHYSICAL MAP** CARTE GÉOPHYSIQUE **GP 2023-1** SASKATCHEWAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMMISSION GÉOLOGIQUE DE LA SASKATCHEWAN 2023 Sheet 8 of 9 / Feuillet 8 de 9

Recommended citation

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