

Technical Information
This map was compiled from data acquired during an airborne electromagnetic survey carried out by Geotech Canada Inc. using Geotech's VTEM Max Time-Domain Electromagnetic (TDEM) system. The system was mounted on a Eurocopter AS350 B3 helicopter (registration C-GJHX) and the survey was carried out between December 1, 2022 and March 13, 2023. The helicopter's flight altitude was maintained at an average ground clearance of 84.6 m, with an average speed of 90 km/h. Aircraft navigation used a 14-channel Novatel dual frequency GPS system. Post-flight differential corrections were applied to fix the flight path position. A vertically mounted video camera was used to record magnetic data. The radar height was recorded ten times per second using a TRAX3000 altimeter. The magnetic data were recorded 10 times per second using a Geometrics G-823A cesium magnetometer installed in a pod 10 m below the helicopter.

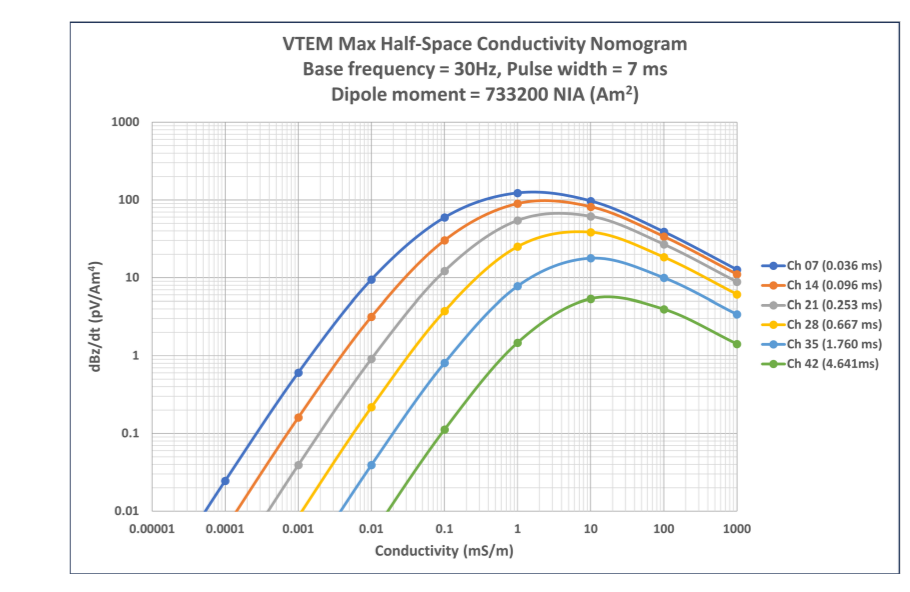
Electromagnetic System Specifications
The TDEM system operated at a base frequency of 30 Hz and transmits a 7.0 m half square signal from a four, 900 m horizontal loop mounted approximately 48 m below and 8 m behind the helicopter. This configuration generates a peak dipole moment of 733 200 Am². The receiver consists of a three-axis (X, Y, and Z) electromagnetic receiver coincident with the transmitter loop of course (within the receiver). The EM system has a 100 MHz center carrier waveform using a three axis (X, Y, and Z) electromagnetic receiver coincident with the transmitter loop of course (within the receiver). The EM system has a 100 MHz center carrier waveform for each of the three components. The EM receiver directly measures the change in the magnetic field with respect to time (dB/dt) from which the secondary magnetic field (B) is numerically integrated to produce topographic sections from the start and end of each flight allowed a first-order removal of system drift.

Apparent Conductivity
The apparent conductivity values (mS/m) were derived from the electromagnetic decay using selected early channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal to a range exponential fit semi-log space. The slope of this function will reflect the exponential decay rate of the transient field and, therefore, the strength of the conductivity. A low rate of decay, reflecting a high conductivity, will be represented by a high decay constant value.

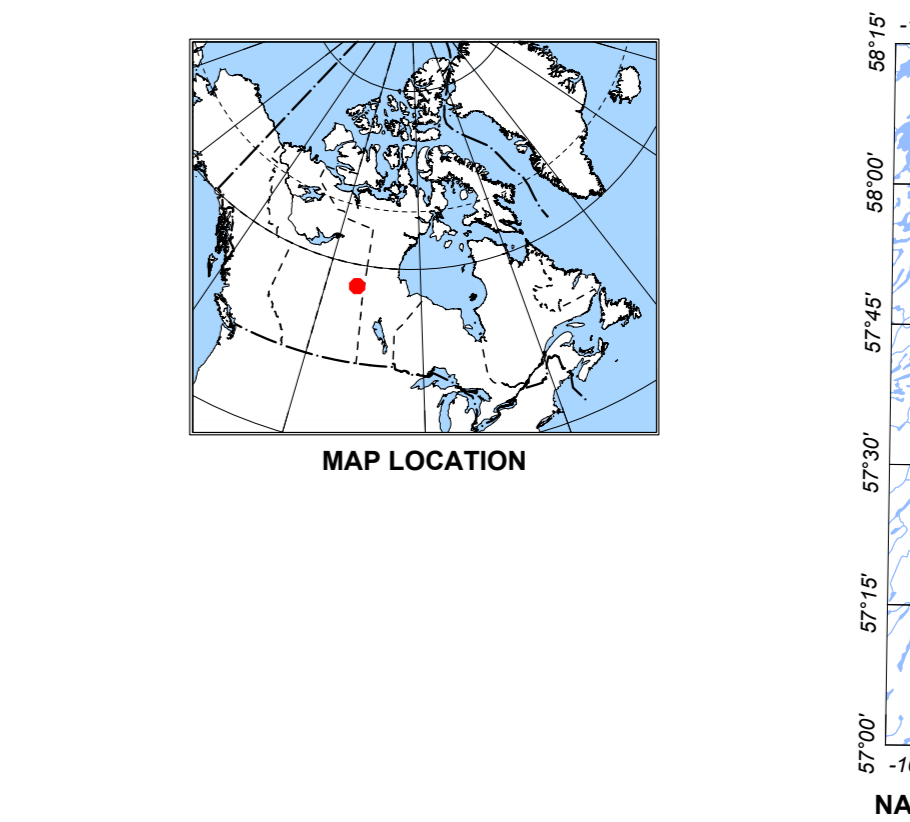
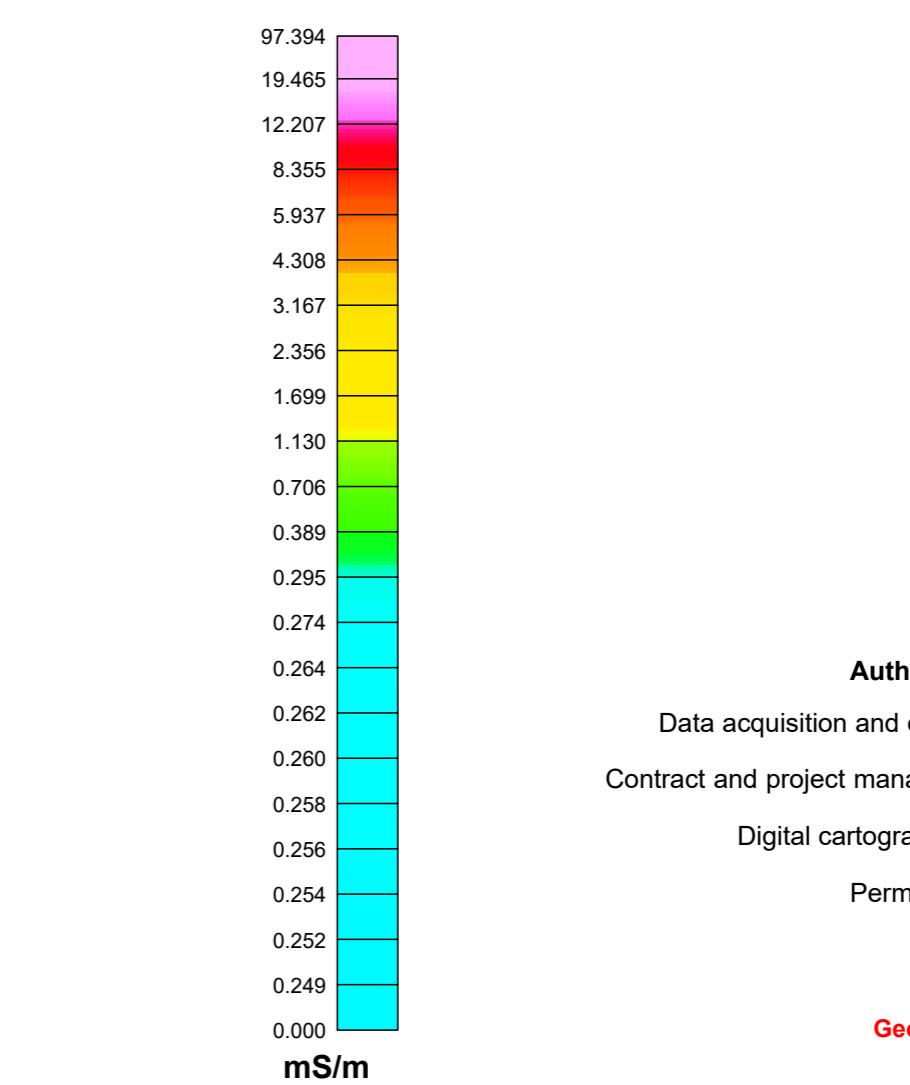
Electromagnetic Decay Constant
Decay constant (Tau) values were obtained by fitting the data from selected early Z channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal to a range exponential fit semi-log space. The slope of this function will reflect the exponential decay rate of the transient field and, therefore, the strength of the conductivity. A low rate of decay, reflecting a high conductivity, will be represented by a high decay constant value.

Magnetics
The magnetic field was sampled 10 times per second using a cesium vapour magnetometer (Geometrics G-823A) installed in a pod 10 m below the helicopter. The magnetic data were recorded 10 times per second using a Geometrics G-823A cesium magnetometer installed in a pod 10 m below the helicopter. The magnetic field was sampled 10 times per second using a cesium vapour magnetometer (Geometrics G-823A) installed in a pod 10 m below the helicopter. The magnetic data were recorded 10 times per second using a Geometrics G-823A cesium magnetometer installed in a pod 10 m below the helicopter.

References
Moffat, P.J., 1985. Gradient measurements in aeromagnetic surveying. *Geophysics*, v. 50, p. 891-902.
Moffat, P.J., 1988. Short Note: A simple method of transient electromagnetic data analysis. *Geophysics*, v. 53, p. 405-410.
Moffat, P.J., 1990. Applications of Transient Electromagnetic Techniques. Technical Note TN-7, p. 5. Geotech Limited, Mississauga, Ontario.



MAP SHEET SUMMARY
Sheet 1: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Early Channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms)
Sheet 2: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 3: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 4: Apparent Conductivity - Early Channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms)
Sheet 5: Apparent Conductivity - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 6: Apparent Conductivity - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 7: Residual Total Magnetic Field
Sheet 8: First Vertical Derivative of the Magnetic Field
Sheet 9: Interpretation



GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA OPEN FILE 8967
SASKATCHEWAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY GEOPHYSICAL MAP GP 2023-2
ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY OF THE EASTERN WOLLASTON AREA
SASKATCHEWAN
Parts of NTS 64-E/10, 11, 14 and 15

APPARENT CONDUCTIVITY - MID CHANNELS 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Scale 1:50 000
Universal Transverse Mercator Projection
North American Datum (CAD83) 1983
UTM zone 13N

© His Majesty the King in Right of Canada, as represented by the Minister of Natural Resources, 2023
Base map at the scale of 1:50 000 from Natural Resources Canada, with modifications
Contour Interval 20 metres. Elevations in metres above mean sea level

OPEN FILE / DOSSIER PUBLIC
8967
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA
COMMISSION GÉOLOGIQUE DU CANADA
2023
Sheet 5 of 9 / Feuille 5 de 9

GEOLOGICAL MAP
CARTE GÉOPHYSIQUE
GP 2023-2
SASKATCHEWAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
COMMISSION GÉOLOGIQUE DU CANADA
2023
Sheet 5 of 9 / Feuille 5 de 9

Recommended citation
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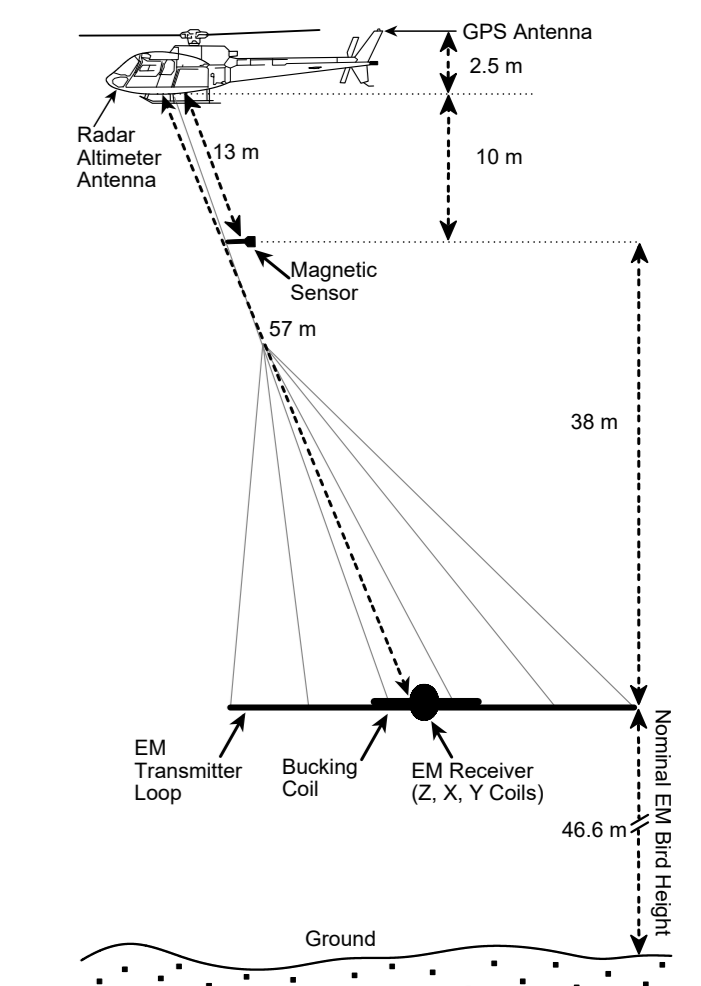
Survey Area Parameters:

Traverse line azimuth	N147°E
Traverse line spacing	200 m
The line azimuth	N57°E
The line spacing	1200 m
Aircraft average clearance	84.6 m
EM transmitter nominal clearance	46.6 m
Magnetic sensor nominal clearance	84.6 m
EM receiver nominal clearance	46.6 m

Electromagnetic System Specifications:

Base frequency	30 Hz
Waveform	Polygonal
Transmitter pulse width	7 ms
Transmitter area	940 m ²
Transmitter off-time	8.7 ms
Transmitter loop diameter	34.6 m
Transmitter peak current	195 A
Dipole moment (peak)	733 200 Am ² (4 turns)
Windowed data sampling rate	10 Hz

Receiver: 3-component induction coils (Z, X, Y)
Measured response: Voltage (dB/dt)
Digital recording: Z: 4-46 channels
Channel 4 at ~0.021 ms after pulse turn off
1st off-time Z channel after pulse turn off
Tx-Rx configuration: In-loop concentric



PLANIMETRIC SYMBOLS
Project Limit
Drainage
Topographic Contour
Road