# MEMORY DISABILITIES, 2022





## In 2022, **4.9%**

of Canadians (or more than **1.5 million** individuals) aged 15 years and over had a memory disability.<sup>1</sup>

Average age when a person with a memory disability begins to feel limited in their daily activities

Proportion of persons with a memory disability who had at least one other type of disability.

### Mental health-related disabilities

were the most common co-occurring type of disability among younger persons with a memory disability

81%

#### **Proportion of Canadians with a** memory disability, by age group

4.0% 15 to 24 years

3.7% 25 to 44 years

5.4% 45 to 64 years

6.6% 65 years and over

Women+(5.5%) were more likely than men+ (4.3%) to have a memory disability.<sup>2</sup>





Pain-related disabilities were the most common co-occurring type of disability among older persons with a memory disability

81% 45 to 64 years 65 years and over

75%



70% of Canadians with a memory

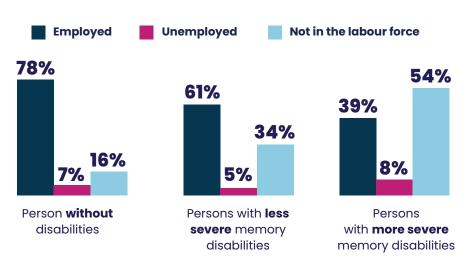
80%

disability reported an unmet need for disability supports<sup>3</sup>

15 to 24 years 25 to 44 years



#### Labour force status of persons aged 25 to 64



1. The Canadian Survey on Disability covers Canadians aged 15 years and over who experience limitations in their daily activities because of a long-term condition or health-related problem.

2. The "women+" category includes women as well as some non-binary persons, while the "men+" category includes men as well as some non-binary persons. 3. Disability supports include personal aids and devices (e.g., canes, walkers, specialized software, or architectural features in the home such as widened doorways and ramps), as well as access to health care services (e.g., counselling services and physiotherapy).

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Survey on Disability, 2022.

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