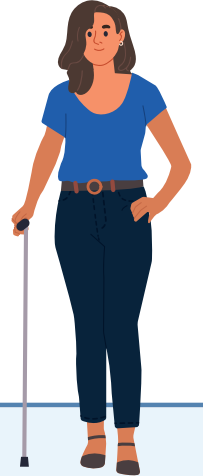


MOBILITY DISABILITIES, 2022



In 2022,
10.6% of Canadians aged 15 years and over (or more than **3.1 million** individuals) had a mobility disability.¹

Women+ (12.2%) were more likely than **men+ (8.9%)** to have a mobility disability.²



Mobility disabilities were more prevalent with age

2.0%
15 to 24 years

3.8%
25 to 44 years

11.4%
45 to 64 years

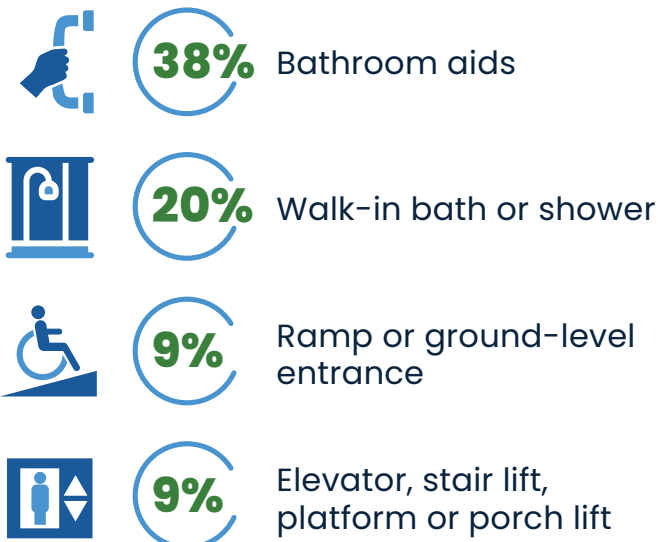
25.5%
65 years and over

55

Average age when a person with a mobility disability begins to feel limited in their daily activities

52% of those with a mobility disability used adapted features within their home.

The most common adapted features included...



Among those with a mobility disability who needed **physiotherapy, massage therapy or chiropractic treatments, 75%** had an **unmet need** for these services.



Persons with a **more severe** mobility disability were more likely to receive help with **everyday activities (77%)** than those with a **less severe** mobility disability (**53%**).



1. A person is defined as having a mobility disability if they have difficulty or are unable to either walk on a flat surface for 15 minutes without resting or walk up or down a flight of stairs (about 12 steps) without resting, and they are limited in their daily activities because of this difficulty.

2. The "women+" category includes women as well as some non-binary persons, while the "men+" category includes men as well as some non-binary persons.

Note: The Canadian Survey on Disability covers Canadians aged 15 years and over who experience limitations in their daily activities because of a long-term condition or health-related problem.

Source: Statistics Canada, Canadian Survey on Disability, 2022.