

DFO - Library / MPO - Bibliothèque



09086074

PLEASE DO NOT  
REMOVE FROM  
LIBRARY

LIBRARY  
BEDFORD INSTITUTE  
OF OCEANOGRAPHY  
OCT 4 1985  
BIBLIOTHÈQUE  
INSTITUT Océanographique  
DE BEDFORD

TRYPTIC HYDROLYSIS OF FRESH AND FROZEN FISH MUSCLE

42

JEAN R. PANTON

E-42

HALIFAX, 1930.

9404

# BIOLOGICAL BOARD OF CANADA

MANUSCRIPT REPORTS OF THE EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS

No. 42

Title

Tryptic Hydrolysis of Fresh and Frozen Fish Muscle.

Author

Jean R. Panton

Halifax, 1930.

# BIOLOGICAL BOARD OF CANADA

MANUSCRIPT REPORTS OF THE EXPERIMENTAL STATIONS

No. 42

Title

Tryptic Hydrolysis of Fresh and Frozen Fish Muscle.

Author

Jean R. Panton

Halifax, 1930.

Stage 2 gives a measure of the total amino acids present because amino acids behave similarly to ammonia in the presence of 85% alcohol. Potash or soda will displace ammonia in equivalent quantities from ammonium salts in alcoholic solution at ordinary temperatures and at the same time, the ammonia forms no compound with phenolphthalein used as indicator. The carboxyl groups of all the amino acids contained in an amino acid mixture, except that of arginine, are estimated by the total titration value obtained on completing stage 3.

Method of Preparation of Muscle, Sampling and Titrating. (Wynn: Contributions to Canadian Biology and Fisheries, Vol. IV, No. 2, 1929.)

Three five hundred cc. flasks each containing 80 grams muscle, minced in a feed chopper, and 350 cc. borate buffer solution (pH 7.5) were prepared. The frozen fillets were minced frozen. The flasks stood overnight at room temperature. Next morning, to two of them, 1.2 grams of pepsin were added. The solution was readjusted to pH 7.5 when necessary and the flasks were incubated at 37°C and at intervals samples were removed, filtered through No. 1 Whatman paper and titrated according to the procedure used by Foreman. At the end of an experiment the pH of the remaining digest mixtures was determined and was found to be lowered slightly, varying from pH 7.5 to pH 7.2. Some typical results:

HADDOCK MUSCLE					
Time	Fresh (Stage 2 and 3)		Time	Fresh (Stage 2 and 3)	
	cc. N/10 NaOH per 10cc. sample			cc. N/10 NaOH per 10cc. sample	
1/2 hour	6.44		1 hour	8.64	
24 "	14.94		20.5 "	13.62	
50 "	24.22		68 "	23.64	
96 "	29.64		97.5 ""	29.56	
121 "	30.72		119 "	31.76	

Frozen 7 months		Frozen 6 months	
Temp. of storage °C	cc. N/10 NaOH per 10 cc. sample	Temp. of storage °C	cc. N/10 NaOH per 10 cc. sample
Time		Time	
1 hour	7.44	1/2 hour	7.24
49.5 "	25.48	50 "	26.38
96.5 "	26.68	77.5 "	29.42
120 "	31.52	100 "	30.98
144.5 "	31.30	145 "	33.58

Haddock muscle continued

FROZEN less than 24 hours temp. of storage °C cc.N/10 NaOH per 10cc. Time		Sample	FROZEN less than 24 hours temp. of storage °C cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc. Time		sample
1/2	hours	6.24	1/2	hour	7.14
24.5	"	14.76	24.5	"	15.44
71.5	"	25.56	71.5	"	26.28
96.5	"	28.28	96.5	"	31.38
118.5	"	27.68	118.5	"	31.50

COD MUSCLE

Fresh (Stages 2 and 3) cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.		Time	Fresh cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.		Time
1	hour	7.32	1	hour	8.54
18.5	"	25.74	18.5	"	24.24
41.5	"	27.48	41.5	"	30.06
88.5	"	31.40	88.5	"	31.60
138.5	"	32.50	138.5	"	---
184.5	"	32.20	184.5	"	32.80

FROZEN 2 years Temp. of storage °C (Stages 2,3) cc.N/10NaOH per 10 cc.		Time	FROZEN 2 years Temp. of storage °C (Stages 2,3) cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.		Time
1/2	hour	6.04	1/2	hour	6.82
24.5	"	16.38	24.5	"	19.82
68	"	26.16	68	"	28.39
120.5	"	30.00	120.5	"	29.50

MACKEREL MUSCLE

Fresh		Fresh	
Time	(Stages 2, 3) cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.	Time	(Stages 2, 3) cc.N/ 10 NaOH per 10 cc.
$\frac{1}{2}$ hour	7.00	$\frac{1}{2}$ hour	8.04
24.5 "	25.98	24.5 "	25.98
69.5 "	35.08	69.5 "	37.78
97.5 "	37.78	97.5 "	38.80
140 "	37.70	140 "	40.80

Frozen		Frozen	
Time	Temp. of storage °C (Stages 2, 3) cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.	Time	Temp. of storage °C (Stages 2, 3) cc.N/10 NaOH per 10 cc.
1 hour	7.04	1 hour	7.14
25 "	25.44	25 "	25.24
37 "	28.76	37 "	29.26
66 "	35.26	66 "	35.66
85.5 "	36.26	85.5 "	37.98
131 "	37.58	131 "	40.38
180 "	37.16	180 "	39.78

Conclusions:

(1) For any one species of fish muscle, the freezing process does not alter the total digestibility of the muscle by trypsin, if it is kept stored under suitable conditions of temperature.

(2) In the case of the frozen cod muscle, as long a period as two years' storage has not altered the total digestion of the muscle by trypsin.

(3) The total/maximum amino acid produced from the tryptic

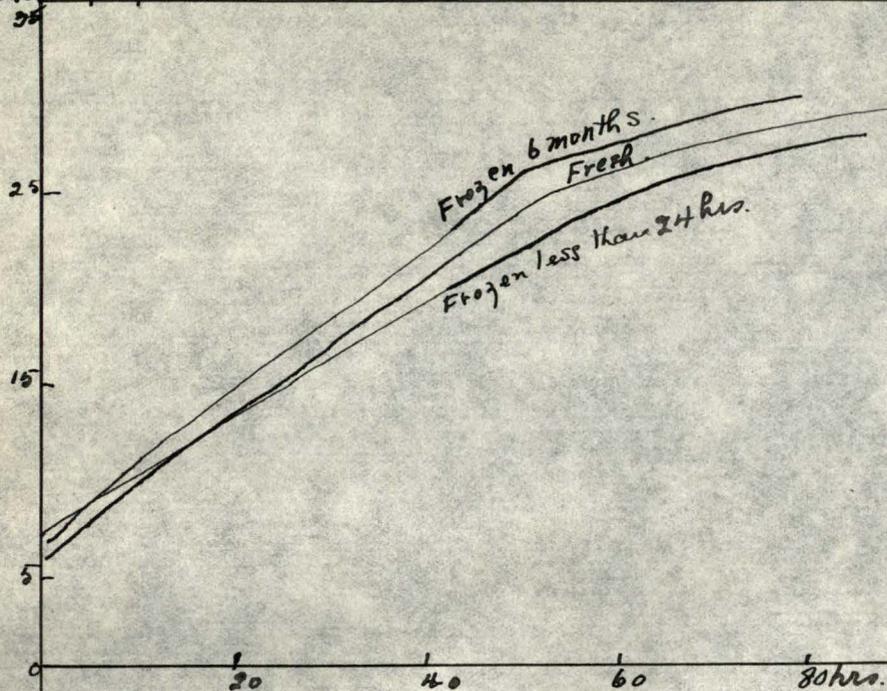
hydrolysis of mackerel (fresh or frozen) appears to be higher than for cod or haddock muscle.

Before finishing my full report, total protein determinations will be run on haddock, cod and mackerel muscle to determine any variations.

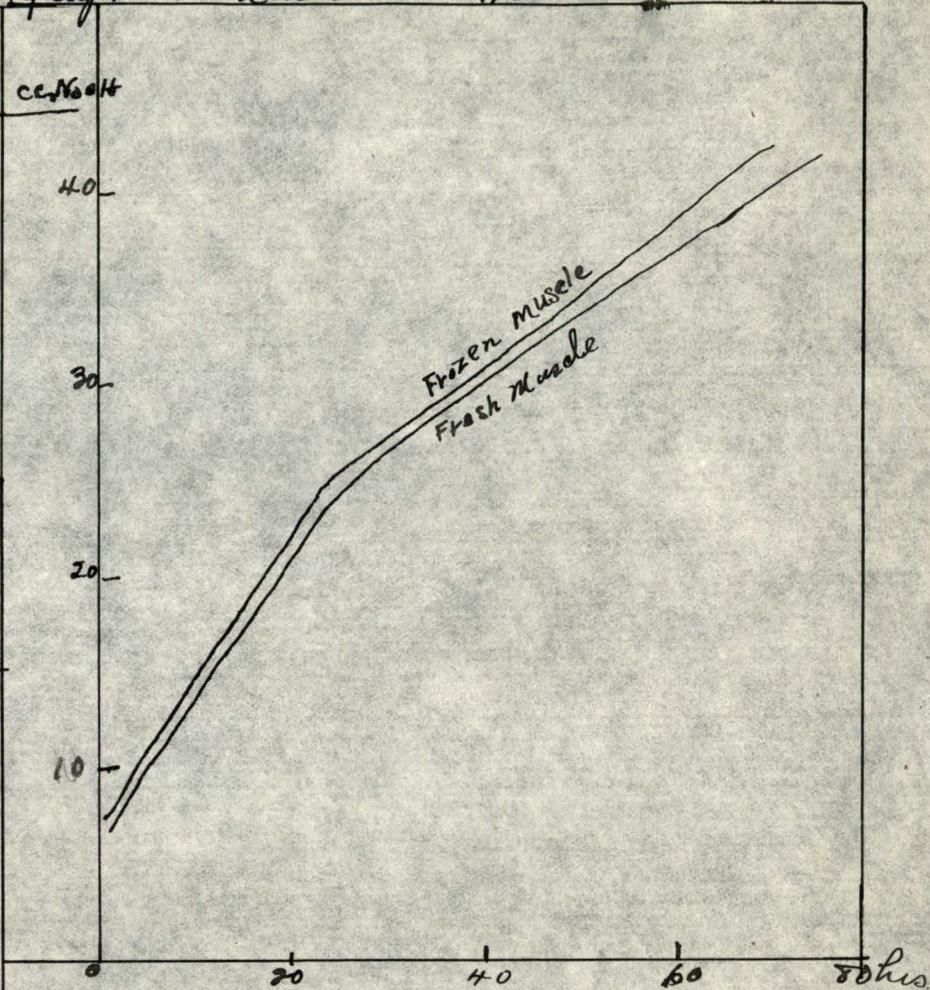
(4) By an examination of the accompanying graphs, the initial rate of digestion by trypsin shows no variation for fresh or frozen muscle, except in the case of cod muscle which was stored for two years. In this case, the initial rate of digestion is lowered.

Initial Rate of Digestion by Trypsin.

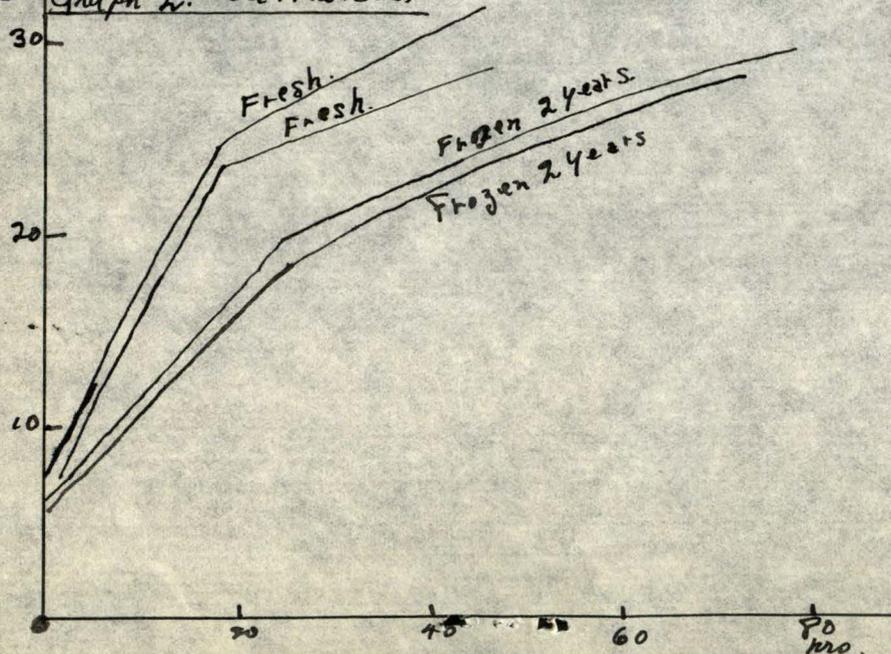
cc. NaOH Graph #1. Haddock Muscle



cc. NaOH Graph #3 Mackerel Muscle.



cc. NaOH Graph #2. Cod Muscle.



cc. NaOH = cc.  $\frac{N}{10}$  alcoholic NaOH for titration of stages 2 & 3.