

QUARTERLY REPORT
ON
SMALL- AND MEDIUM-SIZED ENTERPRISES
September 1994

INDUSTRY, SCIENCE AND
TECHNOLOGY CANADA
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Entrepreneurship and Small Business Office
Industry Canada
September 1994

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HIGHLIGHTS ¹

Real domestic product growth in the second quarter of 1994 advanced at a brisk 6.4 percent (annualized rate), double the 3.2 percent first quarter rate and the highest level reached since 1987. Real business investment was a major factor in this second quarter growth, increasing 18.9 percent (seasonally adjusted annual rate). Corporate profits continued to rebound but remain well below their pre-recession peak.

The inflation rate, as measured by the GDP price index, fell by 0.2 percent in the second quarter, recording the second small quarterly decline in a row. This was the third time in the last 33 years the index has declined. Lower unit labour costs continued to contribute to the decline of this index.

The strong performance of exports, primarily to the U.S. continued. Merchandise exports grew at a record 19.6 percent annual rate, considerably above the 10.7 percent rate attained in 1993. Non-merchandise exports, where small firms tend to be particularly strong players, also registered a lively increase, i.e., 7.6 percent.

The number of employer businesses continued to move up in the second quarter of 1994 (preliminary count) continuing the upswing begun in the third quarter of 1993. The strongest increases occurred in British Columbia, Alberta, and the Atlantic provinces. The numbers of businesses are now higher than the level reached in mid 1990 — the start of the 1990-91 recession.

Business bankruptcies — at 3,018 for the second quarter — are up one percent from year ago levels though are lower than the 1991-92 recession period levels of 3,500-3,600 per quarter. The liabilities associated with these bankruptcies are also still high but are exhibiting a down trend in most sectors.

Canadian manufacturers set a record for optimism about economic prospects in the second quarter (July 1994 Survey of Business Conditions). Confidence about orders, production volumes and inventories were at the highest levels ever recorded in the 14 year experience of this Survey. While large manufacturers are still not quite confident enough to increase their hiring at this time, small manufacturers have been expanding their work force for six months.

Chartered bank loans to small business (under \$500,000 authorized limit), reached \$21 billion in the first quarter of 1994, and are now almost back to their first quarter 1990 peak of \$21.6 billion. The decline, which had begun in early 1990, has now unmistakably stopped.

Between March and June 1994 seasonally adjusted payroll employment rose 2.9 percent - to 10,530,000, an addition of 392,000 net new jobs. By far the major portion of this increase (78 percent) was with businesses having less than 50 employees.

¹ This report contains the latest available information as of September 16, 1994.

NET EMPLOYER BUSINESS FORMATIONS

The number of employer businesses moved up in the second quarter of 1994 (preliminary count) continuing the upswing begun in the third quarter of 1993. The numbers of businesses are now back to the level reached in mid 1990 – the start of the 1990-91 recession. On a seasonally adjusted net basis over 5,100 businesses were formed during the second quarter.

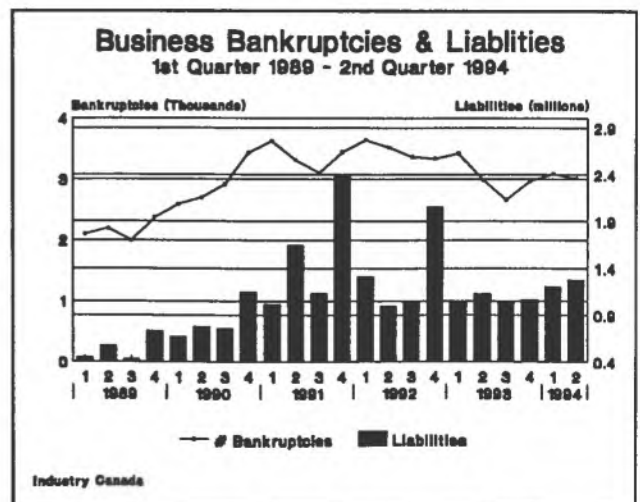
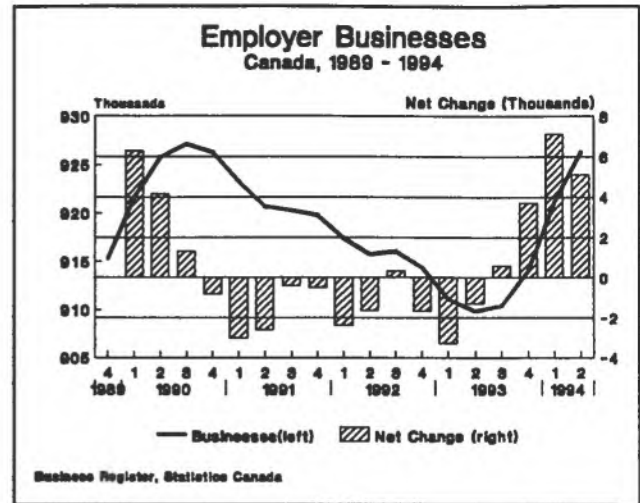
The first attachment to this report displays the Payroll Deduction Remitter Series (PD Remitters) for Canada and each province/territory. This series provides an estimate of the number of employers.

The full PD Remitter series is available from the Business Register Division of Statistics Canada by employer size group, industry and Census Metropolitan Area. The series goes back to 1980.

The second attachment provides, for 1993, newly available estimates of business entries (births) and business exits (deaths) by region and by major industry group. It is the result of a special business entry/exit survey developed by Statistics Canada. With the information collected from this survey Statistics Canada now produces an "Age Distribution Range" or-ADR, for many industries. For example, 25 percent of restaurants have been in business for two or fewer years whereas only 10 percent of manufacturers fall into this less-than-two-year old age category.

BUSINESS BANKRUPTCIES

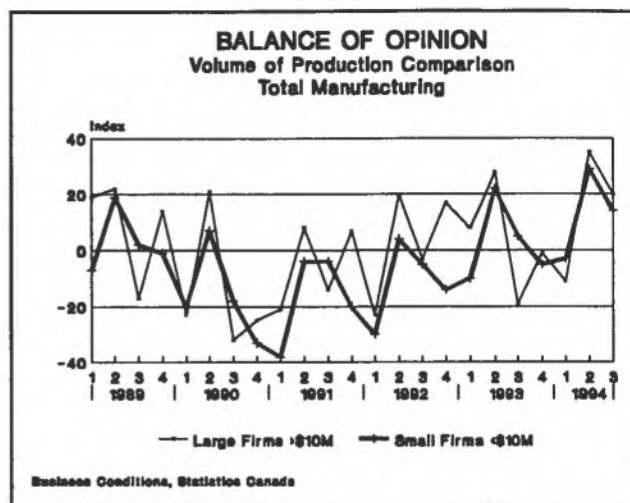
In the second quarter of 1994, there were 3,018 business bankruptcies and \$1.3 billion of declared liabilities associated with these bankruptcies. This number of business bankruptcies is up one percent from the same quarter of 1993 while the associated liabilities are up 13 percent from year ago levels. The sectors still experiencing high levels of bankruptcy include retail trade, construction and, to a lesser extent, manufacturing. Sectors with an improved record include wholesale trade, business and financial services.



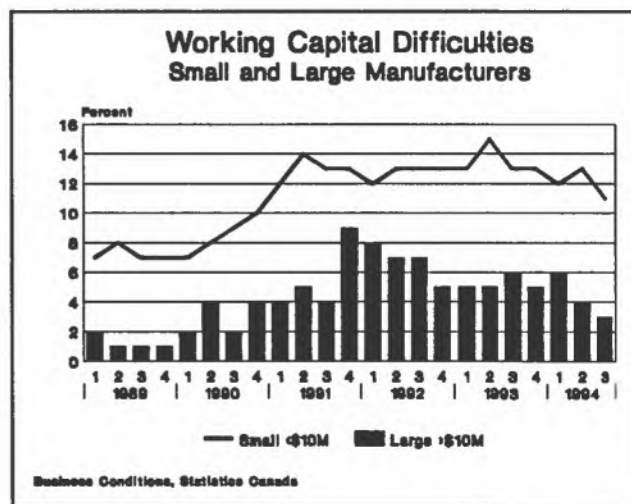
BUSINESS CONDITIONS

The June 1994 survey of manufacturers opinion detected the highest level of satisfaction with orders received since this survey began over 14 years ago. As indicated in the accompanying chart, the production expectations of both small and large manufacturers are, with allowance made for normal seasonal variation, on a strong uptrend.

While large manufacturers were less positive that their employment would rise this quarter, small manufactures have been expanding their work force for six months. That is, the Balance of Opinion, or BOO (the net of positive and negative respondent opinions), on new hiring provides evidence that small manufacturers, with a BOO of 9, are considerably more optimistic than are large manufacturers (BOO of -3) regarding new employment prospects. Indeed, twelve percent of the small employers are experiencing shortages of skilled labour versus only a three percent skill shortage amongst large employers.



The accompanying chart tracks working capital concerns by size of firm. While working capital shortages is less of a concern than in previous surveys, small firms continue to encounter greater difficulties than do large firms in this area, i.e., eleven percent report this as a problem versus only three percent of large firms. The very smallest firms in this survey – those with less than \$1 million revenues – are known to have an even more severe working capital problem. Working capital, after a need for more orders, is their single most important impediment to expanded production.

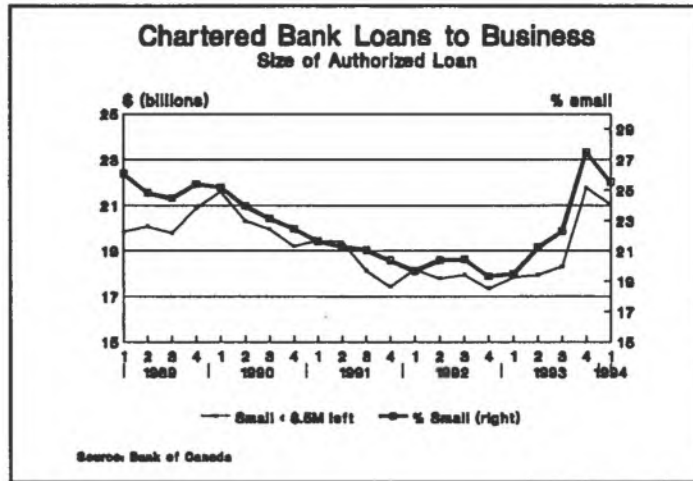


BUSINESS LOAN TRENDS

Chartered bank loans to small business (under \$500,000 authorized limit) in the first quarter of 1994 (latest available data) exhibited a modest decline - to \$21.04 billion - from the rapid growth begun in the second quarter of 1993. The chart on the next page shows that even with this decline the first quarter 1994 loans to small business are 17.8 percent higher than the level recorded in the same period of 1993. The small business share of total chartered bank lending to business is now 25.5 percent, down from the 27.5 percent reached in the last quarter of 1993 but solidly above the year ago level of 19.5 percent.

Contributing to this increased loan activity to small businesses is the greater volume of

activity done under the revised Small Business Loans Act (SBLA). Since April 1993, SBLA loans have more than quadrupled and now surpass \$3 billion dollars (activity to the end of June 1994).



EMPLOYMENT BY SIZE OF BUSINESS

There were 392,898 net new jobs created between March and June 1994. Of this number 307,852 or 78 percent originated with firms having less than 50 employees. The largest increases took place in the services, construction, manufacturing and trade industries. In all these industries, except manufacturing, small firms played the major role in job creation. In the manufacturing sector, where 80,700 net new jobs were created, small firms accounted for 44 percent of the increase, while medium-sized firms (those from 50 to 300 employees) accounted for a further 24 percent.

Ontario and Quebec recorded the largest net increase in jobs (77 percent of the total). The distribution by province, industry and size of business is shown in Attachments 4 & 5.

TRENDS IN SELF-EMPLOYMENT

For the twelve months from June 1993 to June 1994, self-employment in Canada grew by 13,000, to 1.97 million persons. This growth represents only 7 percent of the net job growth occurring in this time period.

In the same period of 1992-93, 64,000 net new self-employment jobs were created - 30.9 percent of total net job growth in that period. The early phases of the recovery from the 1990-91 recession, when alternative employment opportunities were fewer, the growth in self-employment accounted for close to 100 percent of all employment gains.

PD Remitters / Comptes RS

1994

Province / Region	1st Quarter 1er trimestre	2nd Quarter 2ème trimestre	Quarter-to-Quarter change (%) Variation d'un trimestre à l'autre (%)	Province / Région
<i>Canada</i>	921236	926338	0.55	<i>Canada</i>
<i>Atlantic</i>	82629	83276	0.78	<i>Atlantique</i>
<i>Newfoundland</i>	21281	21371	0.42	<i>Terre-Neuve</i>
<i>Prince Edward Island</i>	6667	6756	1.33	<i>Ile-du-Prince-Edouard</i>
<i>Nova Scotia</i>	29342	29580	0.81	<i>Nouvelle-Ecosse</i>
<i>New Brunswick</i>	25351	25566	0.85	<i>Nouveau-Brunswick</i>
<i>Quebec</i>	226469	227324	0.38	<i>Quebec</i>
<i>Ontario</i>	301587	302524	0.31	<i>Ontario</i>
<i>Prairies</i>	168169	169189	0.61	<i>Prairies</i>
<i>Manitoba</i>	32594	32742	0.45	<i>Manitoba</i>
<i>Saskatchewan</i>	36872	36871	-0.00	<i>Saskatchewan</i>
<i>Alberta</i>	98509	99430	0.93	<i>Alberta</i>
<i>British Columbia</i>	137353	138619	0.92	<i>Colombie-Britannique</i>
<i>Territories</i>	2984	3010	0.87	<i>Territoires</i>
<i>Yukon</i>	1332	1342	0.75	<i>Yukon</i>
<i>Northwest Territories</i>	1649	1663	0.85	<i>Territoires du Nord-Ouest</i>

September 15, 1994

BUSINESS REGISTER'S - Entry and EXIT Survey

Le 15 Septembre, 1994

BUSINESS ENTRY Estimates
By Region and Industry - 1993

DIVISION du REGISTRE des ENTREPRISES
L'enquête sur les Entrées et les Sorties des Entreprises

Les Estimations des ENTRÉES D'ENTREPRISES
Par industrie et région - 1993

Business Entries		1993				Annual/ Annuel	Les entrées d'entreprises
Region	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Région	
Atlantic	831	949	1294	1075	4149	Atlantique	
Quebec	2385	2950	3719	2723	11777	Québec	
Ontario	2548	4203	4129	3446	14326	Ontario	
Prairies	1635	2123	2456	1879	8093	Prairies	
British Columbia	2402	2152	2501	1855	8910	Colombie-Britannique	
Territories	18	21	22	34	95	Territories	
CANADA	9819	12398	14121	11012	47350	CANADA	
Business Entries		1993				Annual/ Annuel	Les entrées d'entreprises
Industry	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Les industries	
Logging & Forestry	94	143	280	183	700	Exploitation forestière et services forestiers	
Mining, Quarrying and Oil Wells	43	60	143	103	349	Mines, Carrière et Puits de pétrole	
Manufacturing	500	760	768	638	2666	Manufacturières	
Construction	930	2323	2715	1680	7648	Construction	
Transportation & Storage	525	604	600	555	2284	Transport et l'entreposage	
Communications and Other Utilities	37	78	133	86	334	Communication et autres services publics	
Wholesale Trade	769	746	987	915	3417	Commerce de gros	
Retail Trade	2226	2293	2678	2486	9663	Commerce de détail	
Finance & Insurance	251	278	210	174	913	Intermédiaires financiers et des assurances	
Real Estate Operators	501	473	446	299	1719	Services Immobiliers et agences d'assurances	
Business Services	1596	1619	1469	1258	5942	Services aux entreprises	
Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services	1080	1551	1754	1354	5739	Hébergement et de la restauration	
Other Services	1183	1445	1836	1301	5765	Autre services	
ALL INDUSTRIES	9735 *	12373 *	14019 *	11012	47139	TOUTES les INDUSTRIES	

* Note: Differences between CANADA and INDUSTRY totals are due to shifts in classification of the sampled unit.

* Nota: Les différences entre les totaux pour le CANADA et les INDUSTRIES sont causées par les variations de la classification dans les unités échantillonnées.

September 15, 1994

BUSINESS REGISTER'S - Entry and EXIT Survey

Le 15 Septembre , 1994

BUSINESS EXIT Estimates
By Region and Industry - 1993DIVISION du REGISTRE des ENTREPRISES
L'enquête sur les Entrées et les Sorties des EntreprisesLes Estimates des SORTIES D'ENTREPRISES
Par des industries et des régions - 1993

Business Exits		1993				Annual/ Annuel	Les sorties d'entreprises
Region	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Région	
Atlantic	991	1128	639	624	3382	Atlantique	
Quebec	3309	4695	1504	2431	11939	Québec	
Ontario	4281	5679	2836	2436	15232	Ontario	
Prairies	1978	3235	1209	1536	7958	Prairies	
British Columbia Territories	2487 19	3740 12	1466 10	1967 35	9660 76	Colombie-Britannique Territories	
CANADA	13065	18489	7664	9029	48247	CANADA	
Business Exits		1993				Annual/ Annuel	Les sorties d'entreprises
Industry	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4		Les industries	
Logging & Forestry	179	177	322	35	713	Exploitation forestière et services forestiers	
Mining, Quarrying and Oil Wells	79	7	0	17	103	Mines, Carrière et Puits de pétrole	
Manufacturing	774	1555	449	764	3542	Manufacturières	
Construction	2282	2886	1074	1116	7358	Construction	
Transportation & Storage	527	1634	387	378	2926	Transport et l'entreposage	
Communications and Other Utilities	59	0	171	145	375	Communication et autres services publics	
Wholesale Trade	865	621	524	410	2420	Commerce de gros	
Retail Trade	2550	2573	1558	1625	8306	Commerce de détail	
Finance & Insurance	483	891	393	270	2037	Intermédiaires financiers et des assurances	
Real Estate Operators	295	615	217	547	1674	Services Immobiliers et agences d'assurances	
Business Services	1252	1402	696	1111	4461	Services aux entreprises	
Accommodation, Food and Beverage Services	2049	3099	1391	1411	7950	Hébergement et de la restauration	
Other Services	1673	3030	481	1201	6385	Autre services	
ALL INDUSTRIES	13067 *	18490 *	7663 *	9030 *	48250	TOUTES les INDUSTRIES	

* Note: Differences between CANADA and INDUSTRY totals are due to rounding.

* Nota: Les différences entre les totaux pour le CANADA et les INDUSTRIES sont causées par l'arrondissement.

**EMPLOYMENT BY SIZE OF BUSINESS, INDUSTRY AND PROVINCE
EMPLOYMENT - JUNE 1994**

INDUSTRY	000-999 Total	041-051 Logging	051-092 Mining	101-399 Manufacturing	401-440 Construction	451-499 Transportation & Communication	501-592 Trade	701-761 Finance & Real Estate	771-799 & 851-999 Services	812-837 Government
CANADA										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	3,823,082	24,278	X	431,382	336,126	162,324	1,079,611	198,902	1,490,630	X
50-299	1,254,057	8,528	X	342,307	60,088	74,589	203,634	59,108	490,910	X
300 OR MORE	5,449,281	28,294	89,218	873,404	40,053	620,875	676,232	389,359	2,021,233	712,813
TOTAL	10,530,971	57,312	132,033	1,647,440	436,275	857,885	1,980,853	645,821	4,004,897	713,227
N.F.L.D.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	48,165	X	X	2,474	5,180	2,538	18,259	2,165	17,041	X
50-299	10,502	118	213	1,388	487	665	1,737	120	5,815	X
300 OR MORE	84,013	X	X	8,459	3,121	10,177	9,371	3,795	29,110	X
TOTAL	143,684	1,148	2,788	12,301	8,748	13,378	29,370	6,080	51,966	16,897
P.E.I.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	18,171	X	X	1,302	X	X	5,471	X	6,310	X
50-299	4,277	X	X	1,128	X	X	349	218	2,065	X
300 OR MORE	20,260	X	X	1,645	X	2,073	1,582	X	7,834	X
TOTAL	40,709	212	X	4,075	2,147	2,818	7,402	1,808	16,209	5,720
N.S.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	102,804	X	X	9,487	9,595	4,202	31,427	4,611	39,468	X
50-299	29,502	74	1,030	5,164	1,452	1,590	5,543	1,200	13,449	X
300 OR MORE	181,307	X	X	20,883	1,524	18,839	19,437	10,087	61,449	28,308
TOTAL	283,854	2,374	3,864	35,345	12,571	22,641	56,541	15,897	114,461	28,344
N.B.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	85,158	1,184	338	7,124	9,388	3,948	27,675	3,708	30,461	X
50-299	24,527	124	X	7,057	1,838	1,850	3,635	242	9,782	X
300 OR MORE	127,461	1,107	2,210	18,878	581	15,878	15,474	5,590	48,288	21,456
TOTAL	237,312	2,425	2,548	33,077	11,817	21,875	48,795	9,541	88,657	21,465
QUE.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	1,005,877	4,785	2,828	139,077	78,778	45,083	303,729	54,984	353,767	X
50-299	305,532	2,383	2,389	90,858	10,704	12,800	49,339	18,584	118,518	X
300 OR MORE	1,254,158	5,333	10,225	216,369	9,881	150,219	124,360	78,388	486,108	175,278
TOTAL	2,566,749	12,808	15,419	448,357	100,363	208,142	477,782	150,003	958,980	175,285
ONT.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	1,310,355	X	2,728	157,527	108,439	50,031	380,549	70,984	531,341	X
50-299	547,547	456	2,200	179,560	23,515	35,033	95,711	23,228	187,845	X
300 OR MORE	2,257,444	X	15,258	451,055	13,871	223,902	293,595	187,145	809,045	X
TOTAL	4,116,865	8,438	20,184	788,402	145,826	308,971	750,227	281,648	1,528,810	258,393
MAN.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	135,508	X	X	12,793	9,236	6,064	38,891	7,615	57,880	X
50-299	36,482	X	X	8,443	1,293	1,585	4,828	1,844	19,192	X
300 OR MORE	223,835	X	X	27,100	1,110	34,862	30,218	14,908	83,918	X
TOTAL	395,723	511	3,534	48,336	11,644	42,561	74,034	24,368	160,012	28,535
SASK.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	119,126	X	1,844	8,723	10,077	5,362	38,774	5,262	48,845	X
50-299	25,545	X	164	4,490	1,956	2,888	2,501	1,354	12,373	X
300 OR MORE	183,274	X	5,081	11,387	1,100	20,988	21,897	12,150	67,444	X
TOTAL	308,223	843	7,989	24,600	13,138	28,447	81,323	18,785	128,874	23,474
ALTA.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	408,504	1,181	14,540	30,142	41,345	18,873	108,788	17,871	188,417	X
50-299	113,861	29	9,478	15,139	12,254	7,082	16,800	3,158	50,220	X
300 OR MORE	531,048	702	40,452	44,106	4,828	65,142	76,199	32,568	197,304	89,752
TOTAL	1,052,023	1,838	64,470	89,405	58,429	89,099	201,688	53,440	416,232	89,789
B.C.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	579,327	10,871	X	82,388	60,119	28,517	145,021	28,635	231,844	X
50-299	154,439	3,345	1,222	29,039	6,048	10,555	23,183	9,161	71,908	X
300 OR MORE	807,830	12,317	X	73,711	3,884	79,364	82,896	45,008	227,385	X
TOTAL	1,342,129	26,556	10,140	185,118	69,831	118,438	251,298	82,870	530,838	77,184
YUKON.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	5,272	X	X	167	X	424	1,312	X	2,388	X
50-299	652	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	429	X
300 OR MORE	8,119	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	1,509	2,898
TOTAL	12,063	X	X	X	618	1,311	1,775	434	4,328	2,898
N.W.T.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0-49	7,797	X	X	167	X	X	1,715	X	3,068	X
50-299	1,091	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	318	X
300 OR MORE	12,730	X	X	X	X	835	X	X	3,846	5,260
TOTAL	21,618	X	X	X	1,045	2,218	2,738	838	7,233	5,384

X - Confidential.

Source: Survey of Employment, Payroll and Hours, Statistics Canada

**EMPLOYMENT BY SIZE OF BUSINESS, INDUSTRY AND PROVINCE
CHANGE IN EMPLOYMENT, MARCH - JUNE 1994**

INDUSTRY	000-999 Total	041-051 Logging	051-092 Mining	101-399 Manufacturing	401-440 Construction	451-499 Transportation & Communication	601-692 Trade	701-761 Finance & Real Estate	771-799 & 851-999 Services	812-837 Government
CANADA										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	307,852	561	X	35,890	83,508	7,709	65,258	7,398	90,590	X
50 - 299	62,538	2,885	X	18,383	9,310	1,907	6,055	1,351	18,181	X
300 OR MORE	20,835	422	(580)	25,482	4,317	6,493	3,579	(2,617)	(31,895)	15,734
TOTAL	392,888	3,888	8,310	80,702	97,025	18,143	75,022	8,512	77,901	15,547
N.F.L.D.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	5,703	X	X	743	1,817	155	2,185	147	558	X
50 - 299	2,777	28	(12)	399	255	90	116	28	1,873	X
300 OR MORE	800	X	X	2,388	432	342	308	31	(2,963)	X
TOTAL	9,283	151	110	3,528	2,504	587	2,590	208	(531)	113
P.E.I.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	3,208	X	X	438	X	X	817	X	1,028	X
50 - 299	623	X	X	571	X	X	86	2	(105)	X
300 OR MORE	1,053	X	X	348	X	185	(3)	X	11	X
TOTAL	4,885	177	X	1,355	788	283	1,000	29	835	405
N.S.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	12,039	X	X	1,983	3,576	682	1,528	226	2,995	X
50 - 299	3,183	59	52	1,705	433	(18)	831	(3)	122	X
300 OR MORE	269	X	X	1,808	154	(31)	111	(114)	(1,528)	(383)
TOTAL	15,652	613	188	5,475	4,113	644	2,603	108	1,859	(382)
N.B.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	12,528	120	4	1,241	4,028	831	2,813	835	2,348	X
50 - 299	344	87	X	454	747	(105)	503	(8)	(1,317)	X
300 OR MORE	3,591	72	254	2,389	188	77	77	(313)	78	770
TOTAL	18,562	259	258	4,102	4,971	805	3,503	317	1,172	779
QUE.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	78,405	1,078	1,458	13,717	21,140	16	18,829	822	18,423	X
50 - 299	20,849	1,034	758	751	2,077	(753)	3,820	2,544	10,621	X
300 OR MORE	15,885	118	348	8,098	1,358	3,324	1,788	1,022	(3,308)	4,844
TOTAL	118,543	2,281	2,557	20,818	24,488	2,827	22,810	4,425	27,159	4,802
ONT.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	107,988	X	549	8,378	34,159	4,139	25,289	2,193	28,077	X
50 - 299	13,353	98	30	15,422	(1,048)	1,403	(401)	(729)	(1,327)	X
300 OR MORE	805	X	552	8,484	1,851	(783)	926	(2,495)	(11,879)	X
TOTAL	121,944	(1,081)	1,132	32,154	34,765	4,763	25,321	(740)	18,232	5,281
MAN.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	10,351	X	X	1,277	1,981	1,072	1,855	(45)	3,792	X
50 - 299	2,807	X	X	(498)	535	491	90	(58)	1,985	X
300 OR MORE	(117)	X	X	1,011	198	541	(783)	(144)	(1,327)	X
TOTAL	12,714	72	138	1,790	2,717	2,081	981	(244)	4,321	477
SASK.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	10,739	X	(47)	530	2,324	318	2,180	174	4,788	X
50 - 299	3,214	X	(128)	947	791	15	(149)	130	1,708	X
300 OR MORE	2,025	X	130	1,029	111	89	(473)	(295)	688	X
TOTAL	15,975	(236)	(45)	2,506	3,232	423	1,534	18	7,170	782
ALTA.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	24,348	(1,124)	2,701	(138)	6,584	(395)	4,292	489	11,535	X
50 - 299	1,879	(18)	2,389	(3,943)	3,057	524	(215)	(114)	219	X
300 OR MORE	(1,842)	(523)	(2,141)	1,181	(18)	1,854	451	67	(3,861)	1,347
TOTAL	24,881	(1,817)	2,829	(2,880)	9,809	1,785	4,508	488	8,075	1,340
B.C.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	39,858	(185)	X	7,843	7,018	908	7,054	2,704	14,502	X
50 - 299	13,508	1,898	432	3,574	2,252	294	1,441	(440)	4,259	X
300 OR MORE	(1,355)	1,887	X	740	222	1,039	1,281	(380)	(7,831)	X
TOTAL	52,474	3,241	815	11,958	9,482	2,242	10,184	1,879	10,833	1,713
YUKON.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	892	X	X	47	X	20	225	X	405	X
50 - 299	151	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	124	X
300 OR MORE	389	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	149	185
TOTAL	1,552	X	X	X	150	54	152	24	678	2,698
N.W.T.										
BUSINESS SIZE										
0 - 49	716	X	X	51	X	X	101	X	134	X
50 - 299	49	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	28	X
300 OR MORE	(50)	X	X	X	X	23	X	X	(5)	59
TOTAL	666	X	X	X	217	49	29	26	89	(9)

X - Confidential.

Source: Survey of Employment, Payroll and Hours, Statistics Canada