3-GP-76
CANCELLATION
25 October 1956

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT SPECIFICATIONS BOARD

Specification
for

OIL; LUBRICATING, MACHINE, GENERAL PURPOSE

CGSB Specification 3-GP-76, dated 31 December 1947 is cancelled as of 25 October 1956.

REFERENCE COPY

No. 3-GP-76-1947

Issued 31 December, 1947
Supersedes 3-GP-4-1A5

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT PURCHASING STANDARDS COMMITTEE

Specification for

OIL - LUBRICATING, MACHINE, GENERAL PURPOSE*

A. DEFINITION

A-1 OIL - LUBRICATING, MACHINE GENERAL PURPOSE shall consist of refined petroleum hydrocarbons and shall contain no additive agents.

B. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

B-1 This oil shall be clear and bright, and shall be free from water, natural fats or fatty oils, resins, soaps and other compounds not naturally occurring in petroleum. It shall be free from suspended matter, sediment or other impurities.

C. DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

C-1 Physical and Chemical Requirements

	Min.	Max.	Test Method
Flash Point, °F.	400	-	27.1
Viscosity at 100°F.			
Kinematic, Centistokes	151	-	36.1
Approx. S.U. Seconds	700	-	36.2
Viscosity at 210°F.			
Kinematic, Centistokes	-	16	36.1
Approx. S.U. Seconds	-	80	36.2
Strong Acid Number	-	nil	2.1 or 2.2
Precipitation Number	-	0.05	6.1
Corrosion	-	Negative	60.2

D. USES

D-1 OIL - LUBRICATING, MACHINE, GENERAL PURPOSE is intended for use in the general lubrication of machinery where a highly refined product is not required.

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* Other grades of this oil are covered by specifications 3-GP-42, 48, 50, 66 and 92.

Withdrawn/Retirée

E. METHODS OF SAMPLING AND TESTING

E-1 A sample of not less than 1 imperial quart shall be provided for tests and shall be obtained in accordance with section 1.2 of Schedule No. 3-GP-0: Methods of Testing Petroleum and Associated Products.

E-2 The methods of testing shall in all cases be those described in Schedule No. 3-GP-0, using the procedure specified with each requirement.

Withdrawn/Retired

Correspondence regarding this specification should be addressed to the Secretary, Canadian Government Purchasing Standards Committee, National Research Council, OTTAWA, Canada.