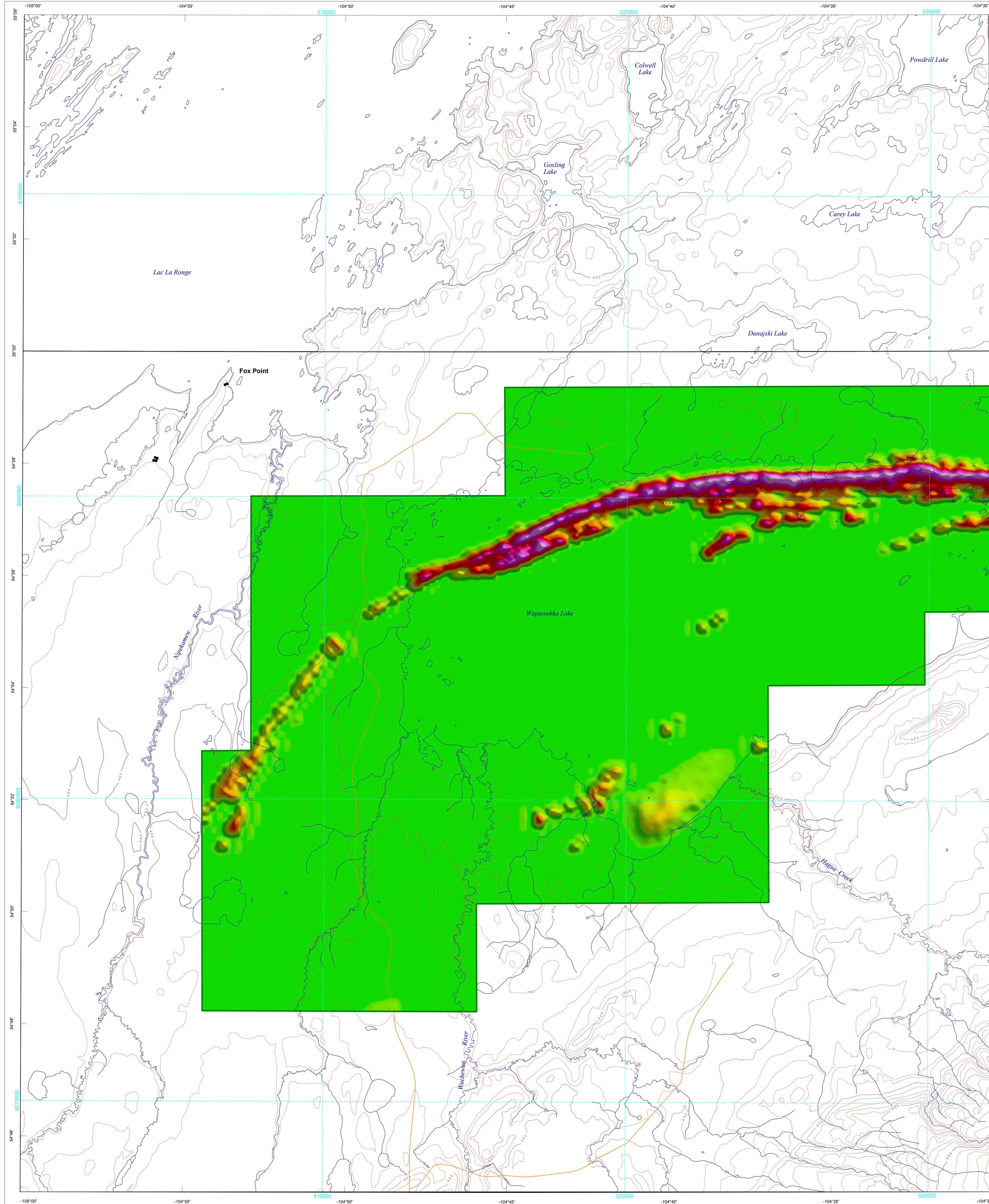




TIME DECAY CONSTANT (TAU Z) - LATE CHANNELS 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)



Technical Information
This map was compiled from data acquired during an airborne electromagnetic survey carried out by Geotech Canada Inc. using Geotech's VTEM Max Time-Domain Electromagnetic (TDEM) system. The systems were mounted on two Eurocopter AS350 B3 helicopters (registration C-FTED and C-FBZV) and the survey was carried out between December 19, 2019 and March 10, 2020. The helicopter flight altitude was maintained at an average ground clearance of 50 m, with an average speed of 80 km/h. Aircraft navigation used a Garmin NovaTair dual frequency GPS system. Post-flight differential corrections were applied to finalize the flight path position. A vertically mounted video camera was used to record images of the ground. The radar height was recorded ten times per second using a TRAX2000 altimeter. The magnetic data were recorded 10 times per second using a Geometrics G-822A cesium magnetometer installed on a bar 10 m below the helicopter.

Electromagnetics
The TDEM system operated at a base frequency of 30 Hz transmits a 7.0 ms half square signal from a four-turn, 940 m² horizontal loop mounted approximately 45 m behind the helicopter. This configuration generates a peak dipole moment of 721 920 Am². The response of the subsurface was recorded at 10 Hz over both north-south and east-west using a three-axis (X, Y and Z) electromagnetic receiver coincident with the transmitter loop (in-loop Transmitter-Receiver). The EM system recorded data in a continuous stream for each of the three components. The EM receiver directly measures the change in the magnetic field with respect to time (dB/dt) from which the secondary magnetic field (B_s) is numerically integrated. High-altitude background sections from at the start and end of each flight allowed a first-order removal of system drift.

Apparent Conductivity
The apparent conductivity values (mS/m) were derived from the electromagnetic decays using selected early channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal to a single exponential. The nomogram indicates the correspondence between the value of dB/dt (mT/s) and halfspace conductivity. Forward thin plate modeling is used to estimate the depth to the top of target (m) for the VTEM™ MAX TDEM system.

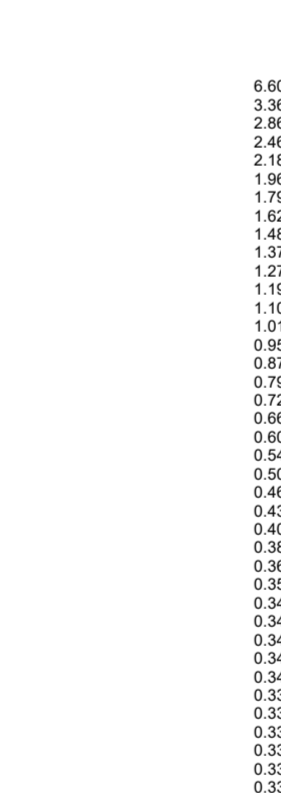
Electromagnetic Decay Constant
Decay constant (tau) values were obtained by fitting the data from selected early Z channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms), middle channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms) and late channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms) of the off-time signal to a single exponential. In semilog space, the slope of the function will reflect the exponential decay rate of the transient field and, therefore, the strength of the conductivity. A slow rate of decay, reflecting a high conductivity, will be represented by a high decay constant value.

Magnetics
The magnetic field was sampled 10 times per second using a cesium vapour magnetometer (sensitivity = 0.021 nT) mounted on the EM transmitter loop. Differences in magnetic values at the intersections of control and traverse lines were analysed to obtain a mutually leveled set of right-line magnetic data. The leveled values were then interpolated to a 50 m grid. The International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) applied at a mean GPS altitude (47.2 m) for the constant mid-survey date (January 15, 2020) was then removed. Removal of the IGRF, representing the magnetic field of Earth's core, produces a residual component related essentially to magnetizations within Earth's crust.

Availability
This map is available for free download through GEOSCAN (<http://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/>). Corresponding digital profiles and gridded data as well as similar data for adjacent airborne geophysical surveys can be downloaded at no charge from Natural Resources Canada's Geophysical Data Repository for Geophysical Data at <http://gdr.nrcan.gc.ca/index.cfm>. The same products are also available, for a fee, from the Geophysical Data Centre, Geological Survey of Canada, 601 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8. Telephone: 613-995-5325, email: info@geoscan.gc.ca.

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Reference
Hood, P.J., 1965. Gradient measurements in aeromagnetic surveying. *Geophysics*, v. 30, p. 891-902.



MAP SHEET SUMMARY
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Sheet 2: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 3: Time Decay Constant (Tau-Z) - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 4: Apparent Conductivity - Early Channels 4 to 14 (0.021 - 0.096 ms)
Sheet 5: Apparent Conductivity - Mid Channels 15 to 30 (0.110 - 0.880 ms)
Sheet 6: Apparent Conductivity - Late Channels 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Sheet 7: Residual Total Magnetic Field
Sheet 8: First Vertical Derivative of the Magnetic Field
Sheet 9: Interpretation



NTS Map Sheet numbers in black
Geological Survey of Canada Open File numbers in blue
Saskatchewan Geological Survey Geophysical Map series numbers in green

Geological Survey of Canada Open File 8671
SASKATCHEWAN GEOLOGICAL SURVEY GEOPHYSICAL MAP GP 2020-1
ELECTROMAGNETIC SURVEY OF THE SOUTHERN GLENNIE AREA
SASKATCHEWAN
Part of NTS 73-1/15

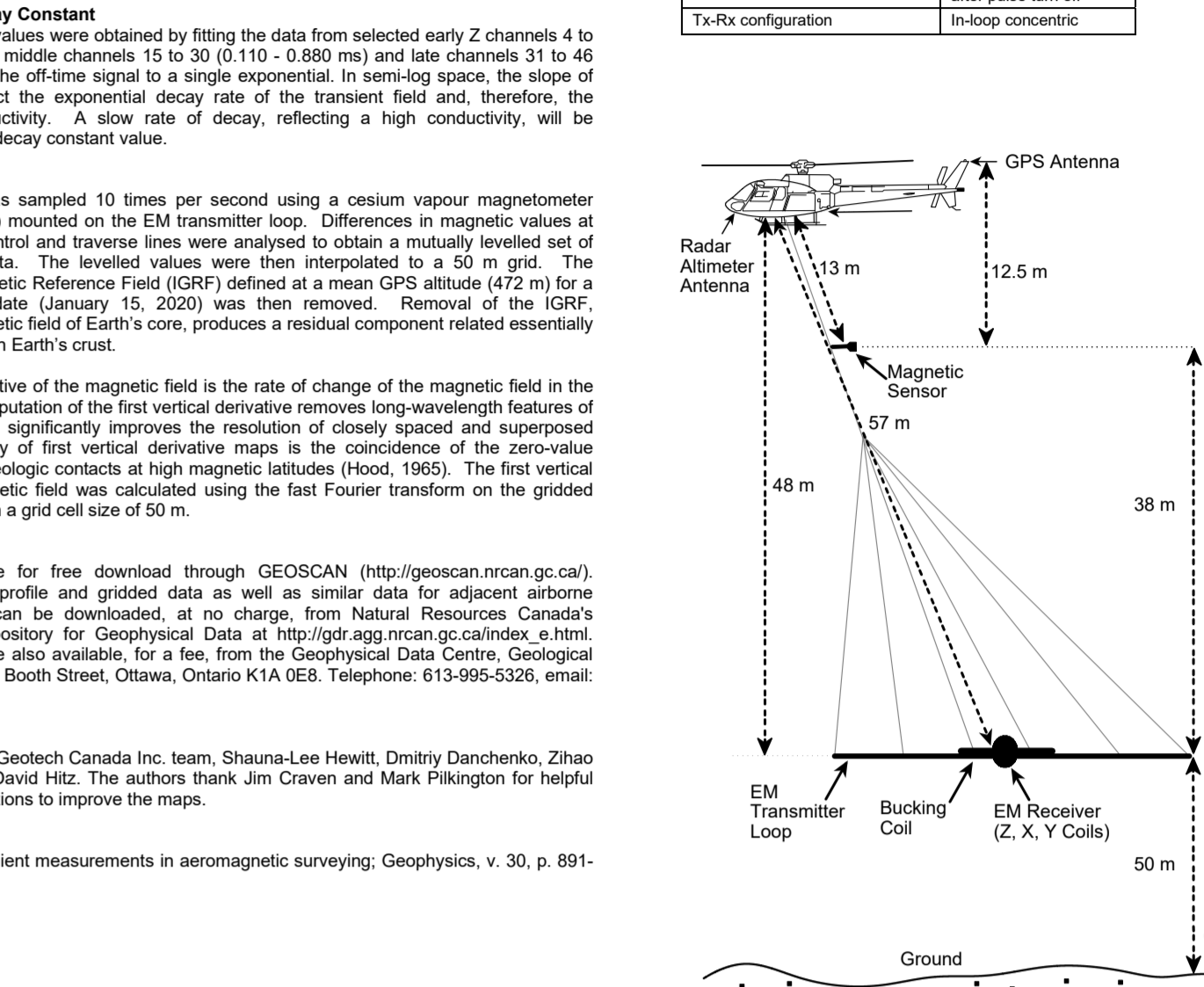
TIME DECAY CONSTANT (TAU Z) - LATE CHANNELS 31 to 46 (1.010 - 8.083 ms)
Scale 1:50 000

Survey Area Parameters:

Traverse line azimuth	N00°E
Traverse line spacing	200 m
Traverse line width	N00°E
Tie line spacing	1 200 m
Aircraft average clearance	50 m
EM transmitter nominal clearance	50 m
Magnetometer sensor nominal clearance	40 m
EM receiver nominal clearance	50 m

Electromagnetic System Specifications:

Base frequency	30 Hz
Waveform	Pulsed
Transmitter pulse width	7 ms
Transmitter area	940 m ²
Transmitter off-time	8.7 ms
Transmitter loop diameter	34.8 m
Transmitter peak current	192 A
Dipole moment (peak)	721 920 Am ² (4 turns)
Windowed data sampling rate	10 Hz
Receiver	3-component induction coil (Z, X, Y)
Measured response	Voltage (dB/dt)
Digital recording	Z: 4-6 channels X, Y: 20-46 channels
1 st off-time Z channel	Channel 4 at ~0.021 ms after pulse turn off
Tie-line configuration	In-line consecutive



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GEOPHYSICAL MAP
CARTE GÉOPHYSIQUE
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2020

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