

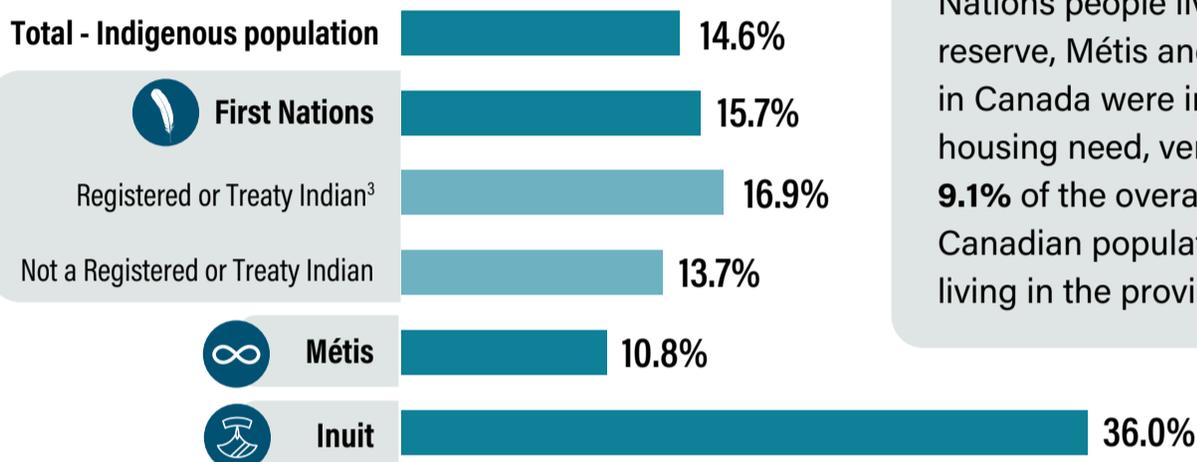
CORE HOUSING NEED

AMONG FIRST NATIONS PEOPLE LIVING OFF RESERVE, MÉTIS AND INUIT, 2022

A household is considered to be in core housing need¹ if its dwelling is unsuitable (not enough bedrooms for its size and make-up), inadequate (needs major repairs) or unaffordable (costs more than 30% of its before-tax income) and it cannot afford alternative local housing that is acceptable.

The prevalence of core housing need **has been consistently shown to be high** among First Nations people living off reserve, Métis and Inuit in Canada.²

PROPORTION OF THE POPULATION IN CORE HOUSING NEED, BY INDIGENOUS IDENTITY, 2022



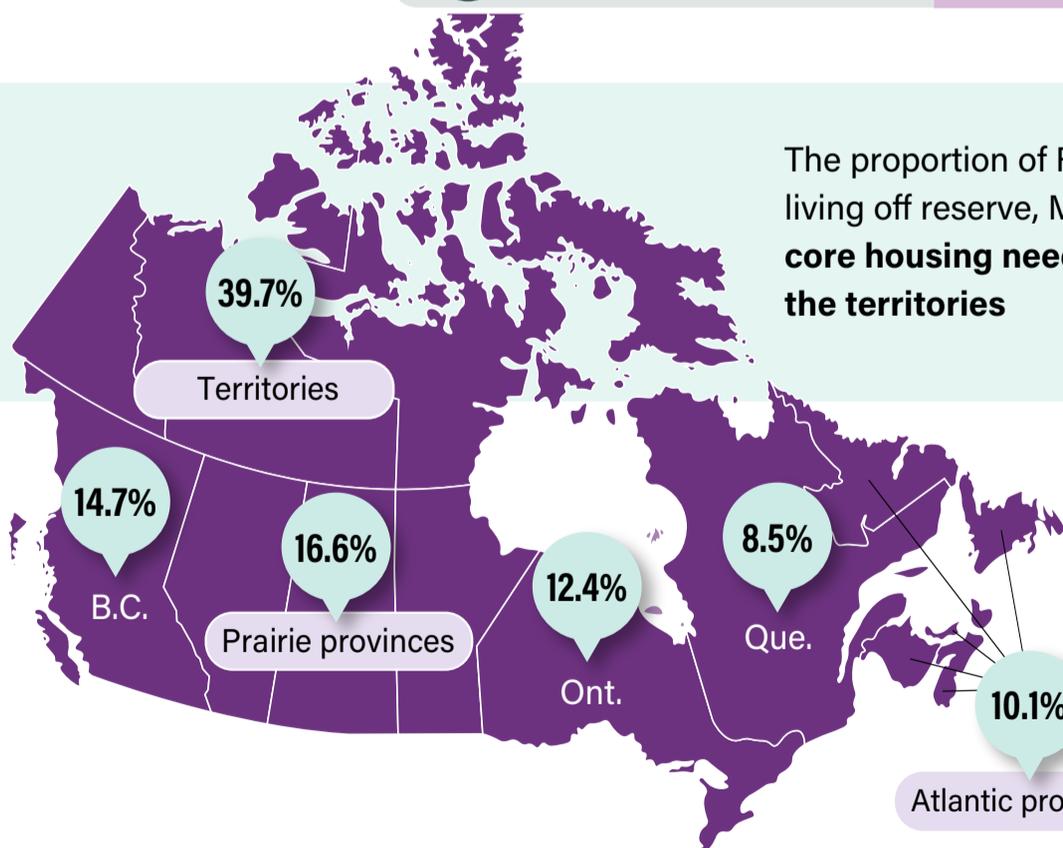
In 2022, **14.6%** of First Nations people living off reserve, Métis and Inuit in Canada were in core housing need, versus **9.1%** of the overall Canadian population living in the provinces.



Among First Nations people living off reserve, Métis and Inuit, renters were about **3 to 4 times more likely** than owners to be in core housing need

PROPORTION OF THE POPULATION IN CORE HOUSING NEED, BY INDIGENOUS IDENTITY AND OWNER/RENTER STATUS, 2022

	Owners	Renters
Total - Indigenous population	6.9%	25.2%
First Nations	8.1%	24.0%
Registered or Treaty Indian ³	9.4%	24.4%
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	6.4%	23.3%
Métis	5.4%	21.5%
Inuit	12.5%	46.4%



The proportion of First Nations people living off reserve, Métis and Inuit in **core housing need was highest in the territories**

1. Core housing need refers to whether a private household's housing falls below at least one of the indicator thresholds for adequacy, affordability or suitability, and whether it would have to spend 30% or more of its total before-tax income to pay the median rent of alternative local housing that is acceptable (attains all three housing indicator thresholds).
2. For more information, consult Statistics Canada table 46-10-0074-01 – Persons in core housing need, by tenure and other selected sociodemographic characteristics.
3. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the *Indian Act of Canada*, while Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown.

Note: The target population of the 2022 Indigenous Peoples Survey was the Indigenous population in Canada aged 1 and over as of April 27, 2022 living in private dwellings. It excludes people living on reserves and settlements and in certain First Nations communities in Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

Sources: Statistics Canada, Indigenous Peoples Survey, 2022, Canadian Housing Survey, 2022.

Catalogue number: 11-627-M | ISBN: 978-0-660-79620-8
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