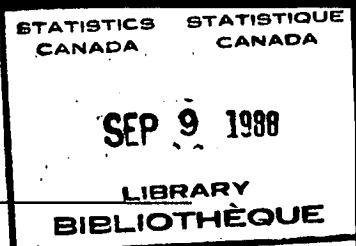


The Daily

Statistics Canada

Friday, September 9, 1988



Major Releases

Labour Force Survey, August 1988	3
• The unemployment rate edged up to 8.0, an increase of 0.1.	
New Housing Price Index, July 1988	6
• New housing prices continued to climb, rising 0.3% from June 1988 and 9.6% from a year earlier.	
Estimates of Labour Income, June 1988	8
• Labour income increased by 6.6% from a year earlier.	
Travel Between Canada and Other Countries, July 1988	10
• Travel to the United States by Canadian residents reached record levels, both unadjusted and on a seasonally adjusted basis.	
Farm Product Price Index, July 1988	13
• Farm prices dropped 0.5% from June.	

(continued on page 2)

British Columbia's Population Tops 3 Million

Watch the population clock in British Columbia today. It ticks up to the 3 million mark. British Columbia's population topped one million in 1946, and two million in 1968. If present trends continue, the population will reach four million early in the next century.



Statistics Canada
Statistique Canada

Canada

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Major Releases

Labour Force Survey

August, 1988

Overview

Estimates from Statistics Canada's Labour Force Survey for August 1988 indicate little overall change in the labour market since July. Employment was virtually unchanged, while the unemployment rate edged up to 8.0 (+0.1), a rate comparable to those recorded at the beginning of the year.

Employment

For the week ended August 20, 1988, the seasonally adjusted level of employment was estimated at 12,367,000, almost unchanged from July (+3,000).

- The seasonally adjusted estimate of employment fell by 26,000 among women aged 15 to 24, while it rose by 26,000 among those aged 25 and over. Little change in employment was observed among men.
- Full-time employment decreased by 49,000, while part-time employment increased by 43,000.
- Seasonally adjusted estimates of employment posted declines in agriculture (-14,000) and transportation, communication and other utilities (-18,000), while increases were recorded in construction (+14,000) and community, business and personal services (+31,000). There was little change in employment in the other industries.
- The estimated level of employment fell by 7,000 in Nova Scotia, rose by 13,000 in Quebec, and showed little or no change in the other provinces.

Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted level of unemployment was estimated at 1,069,000 in August 1988, up 12,000 from July. This brought the unemployment rate to 8.0 (+0.1) for August.

- Unemployment increased by 25,000 among women aged 25 and over, while it decreased by 16,000 among men in the same age group. There was little change in unemployment among young people aged 15 to 24.
- The unemployment rate for persons aged 25 and over posted a fourth consecutive increase of 0.1 and was estimated at 6.9 in August, the highest rate of the year for this age group. This increase is primarily the result of the continued entry of women aged 25 and over into the labour force.
- The estimated number of unemployed increased by 4,000 in Nova Scotia. There was little change in the other provinces.
- The unemployment rate increased by 1.1 in Nova Scotia (10.7), by 0.1 in Quebec (9.8), Ontario (5.1) and Manitoba (8.0) and by 0.2 in Saskatchewan (7.2). It declined by 1.1 in Prince Edward Island (12.0), by 0.1 in Alberta (8.1) and British Columbia (10.3), while remaining unchanged at 17.7 in Newfoundland and at 12.1 in New Brunswick.

Participation Rate/Employment Ratio

The participation rate remained unchanged at 66.8, while the employment/population ratio has held steady at 61.5 for the past three months.

- The participation rate declined by 0.7 among young people aged 15 to 24, but continued to rise among persons aged 25 and over, standing at 66.2 in August (+0.2).
- The employment/population ratio fell to 60.8 (-0.8) among young people and rose to 61.6 among adults (+0.1).

Changes from August 1987

(Unadjusted estimates)

- Employment was estimated at 12,780,000, an increase of 353,000 (+2.8%).

(continued on page 4)

- Full-time employment rose by 265,000 (+ 2.4%) to 11,229,000. Part-time employment increased by 88,000 (+ 6.0%) to 1,551,000.
- Employment increased by 2.8% in goods-producing industries, led by advances of 6.7% in construction, and 4.2% in manufacturing. Service industries posted an overall advance of 2.9%, with the largest gain in finance, insurance and real estate (+ 4.6%), followed by community, business and personal services (+ 4.1%).
- The estimated number of unemployed fell by 62,000 (-5.6%) to 1,040,000.
- The unemployment rate declined by 0.6, to 7.5.
- The participation rate rose by 0.5, to 68.7, while the employment/population ratio increased by 0.9, to 63.5.

Student Data

From May to September inclusive, data on the participation of students in the labour market are collected through the Labour Force Survey. Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending school full-time in March 1988 are asked additional questions. The information is compiled for two categories of students: (1) those who plan to return to school in September 1988; and (2) those who do not plan to return to school at that time, or are not certain what they will do.

Returning students:

- The unemployment rate, not adjusted for seasonal variations, was estimated at 7.8 in August 1988, a decrease of 0.9 from the previous year. The decline was 0.8 for students aged 15 to 19 (8.8) and 1.2 for those in the 20 to 24 age group (4.9).
- Employment among returning students was estimated at 1,142,000, an increase of 12,000 over the previous year.
- The participation rate increased by 0.9, to 69.5 in August 1988, while the employment/population ratio rose by 1.4, to 64.0.

Other Students:

- The unemployment rate was estimated at 12.4, a drop of 2.4 from August 1987.
- The participation rate, at 86.3, is slightly lower (-0.7) than that recorded in August 1987, while the employment/population ratio (75.6) is 1.5 higher than a year ago.

(see table on page 5)

Available on CANSIM: matrices 2074-2075, 2078-2099, 2101-2107 and table 00799999.

The August 1988 issue of *The Labour Force* (71-001, \$22/\$220) will be available the third week of September.

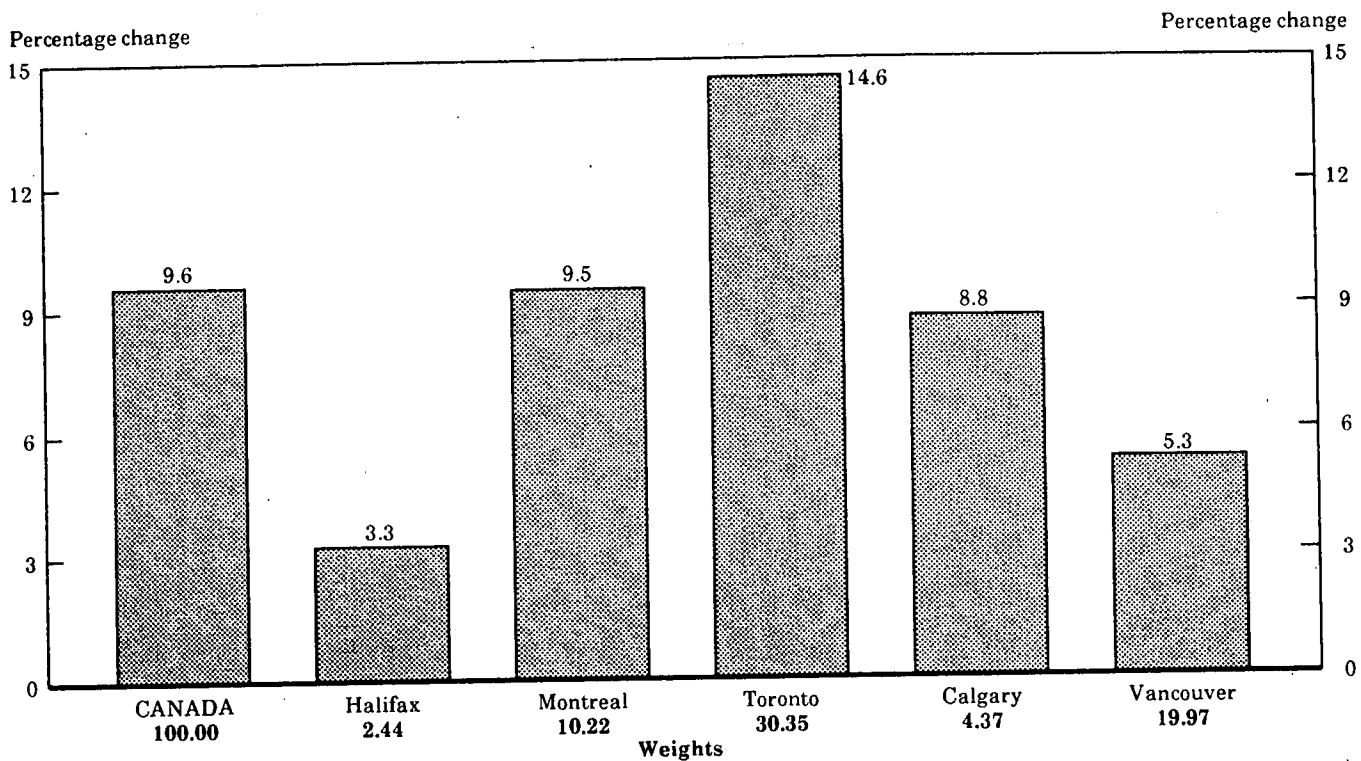
For further information, contact Ken Bennett (613-951-4720), Household Surveys Division.

For summary information, available on the day of release, order Labour Force Information (71-001p, \$5.50/\$55).

Labour Force Characteristics, Canada

	August 1988	July 1988	August 1987
Seasonally Adjusted Data			
Labour Force ('000)	13,436	13,421	13,135
Employment ('000)	12,367	12,364	11,992
Unemployment ('000)	1,069	1,057	1,143
Unemployment Rate (%)	8.0	7.9	8.7
Participation Rate (%)	66.8	66.8	66.2
Employment/Population Ratio (%)	61.5	61.5	60.4
Unadjusted Data			
Labour Force ('000)	13,820	13,872	13,529
Employment ('000)	12,780	12,820	12,427
Unemployment ('000)	1,040	1,052	1,102
Unemployment Rate (%)	7.5	7.6	8.1
Participation Rate (%)	68.7	69.0	68.2
Employment/Population Ratio (%)	63.5	63.8	62.6

**Percentage Change in New Housing Price Index from Same Month of the Previous Year,
Canada and Selected Cities, July 1988**



New Housing Price Index
July 1988

- The New Housing Price Index (1981=100) for Canada stood at 131.6 in July, up 0.3% from June. This index of Canadian housing contractors' selling prices now stands 9.6% higher than the year-earlier level. Between June and July, the estimated House Only index increased 0.3%, while the estimated Land Only index increased 0.6%.

- Among the cities surveyed, St. Catharines-Niagara showed the largest monthly increase (1.2%). Calgary and Victoria posted monthly increases of 0.9% and 0.7% respectively, while Edmonton and Toronto both recorded increases of 0.6%. Increases in building material costs and lot levies, coupled with shortages of serviced lots, have affected the contractors' selling prices. The decrease of 1.2% recorded for London resulted from a correction of previously overestimated prices by some builders.

(continued on page 7)

- On a yearly basis, Toronto showed the largest price increase of all cities surveyed (14.6%), while Hamilton followed closely at 12.0%. Quebec City and Montreal exhibited annual increases of 9.6% and 9.5% respectively. Generally speaking, prices in Quebec and Ontario continued to perform well. Calgary and Victoria both recorded yearly increases of 8.8%, as Alberta and British Columbia continued to rally.
- Despite recent price increases, index levels remained below their 1981 price reference level of 100 in Edmonton, Vancouver and Victoria.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 198.

The third quarter 1988 issue of *Construction Price Statistics* (62-007, \$16.50/\$66) will be available in December 1988. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact the Information and Current Analysis Unit (613-951-9607), Prices Division.

New Housing Price Indexes 1981=100

	Weights ¹ 1987	July 1988	June 1988	July 1987	% change	
					July1988/ June1988/	July1988 July1987
Canada Total	100.0	131.6	131.2	120.1	0.3	9.6
Canada (House only)		137.5	137.1	127.6	0.3	7.8
Canada (Land only)		123.6	122.9	106.8	0.6	15.7
St. John's	0.87	114.8	114.8	113.3	-	1.3
Halifax	2.44	133.2	133.2	129.0	-	3.3
Saint John-Moncton						
Fredericton	0.98	137.8	137.8	133.3	-	3.4
Quebec City	2.26	158.5	158.4	144.6	0.1	9.6
Montreal	10.22	166.8	166.7	152.3	0.1	9.5
Ottawa-Hull	5.74	147.4	147.2	138.4	0.1	6.5
Toronto	30.35	172.5	171.4	150.5	0.6	14.6
Hamilton	2.98	175.5	175.3	156.7	0.1	12.0
St. Catharines-Niagara	1.30	169.0	167.0	159.7	1.2	5.8
Kitchener-Waterloo	2.08	176.6	176.4	163.8	0.1	7.8
London	1.58	159.7	161.7	149.9	-1.2	6.5
Windsor	0.90	128.6	128.6	122.9	-	4.6
Winnipeg	3.11	135.7	135.7	134.5	-	0.9
Regina	0.90	118.6	118.6	117.5	-	0.9
Saskatoon	1.30	112.6	112.5	110.3	0.1	2.1
Calgary	4.37	102.9	102.0	94.6	0.9	8.8
Edmonton	4.86	93.8	93.2	89.2	0.6	5.2
Vancouver	19.97	80.8	80.7	76.7	0.1	5.3
Victoria	2.79	73.9	73.4	67.9	0.7	8.8

¹ Surveys in Sudbury and Thunder Bay account for the remaining weight and are secured due to insufficient sample size. The survey has been discontinued in Prince George.

- Nil or zero.

Estimates of Labour Income

June 1988

The preliminary estimate of labour income, which amounts to approximately 50% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, was \$26.9 billion in June 1988. The increase of 6.6% from June 1987 was less than the average year-over-year change of 7.9% in the previous five months of 1988. Large retroactive wage payments made in June 1987 lowered the year-over-year growth rate. Removing the impact of these payments would result in an annual growth rate of 7.4%.

Highlights

Seasonally Adjusted Data

- The estimate of wages and salaries¹ for June 1988 rose slightly (+0.3%) from May 1988. During the past 12 months the monthly increases in wages and salaries were between 0.1% (May 1988) and 1.1% (January 1988).
- Between May and June, increases in the estimates of wages and salaries were noted in construction (1.3%), commercial and personal service (1.2%), manufacturing (0.8%) and finance, insurance and real estate (0.7%).
- Wages and salaries declined in federal administration (1.1%), provincial administration (1.0%), forestry (0.9%), mines, quarries and oil wells (0.9%), transportation, communications and other utilities (0.6%), trade (0.5%) and education and related services (0.4%).
- Provincially, the estimate of wages and salaries changed less than 1.0% from the previous month in all provinces except for Newfoundland (+1.8%) and Nova Scotia (+1.3%).

¹ Wages and salaries account for 90% of labour income.

Data Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation

- The June 1988 year-over-year growth rates in wages and salaries decelerated from May 1988 in forestry, mines, quarries and oil wells, transportation, communications and other utilities, trade, education and related services and local administration.
- The yearly rate of growth declined significantly in provincial administration. This decrease was primarily due to large retroactive payments resulting from contract settlements made in June 1987 in the province of Quebec.
- The yearly rate of change rose significantly in health and welfare services in June from the low level recorded in May.
- At the provincial level, the yearly growth rates in wages and salaries declined in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick and Saskatchewan compared to the previous month. In Quebec, the yearly growth rate in June was similar to that observed in May. These year-over-year rates of growth were significantly less than those recorded in the first four months of 1988. The deceleration was caused by large retroactive payments made in May and June 1987.

(see table on page 9)

Available on CANSIM: matrices 1791 and 1792.

The April-June 1988 issue of *Estimates of Labour Income* (72-005, \$17.25/ \$69) will be available in October 1988. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Georgette Gauthier (613-951-4051), Labour Income Section, Labour Division.

Wages and Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income (millions of dollars)

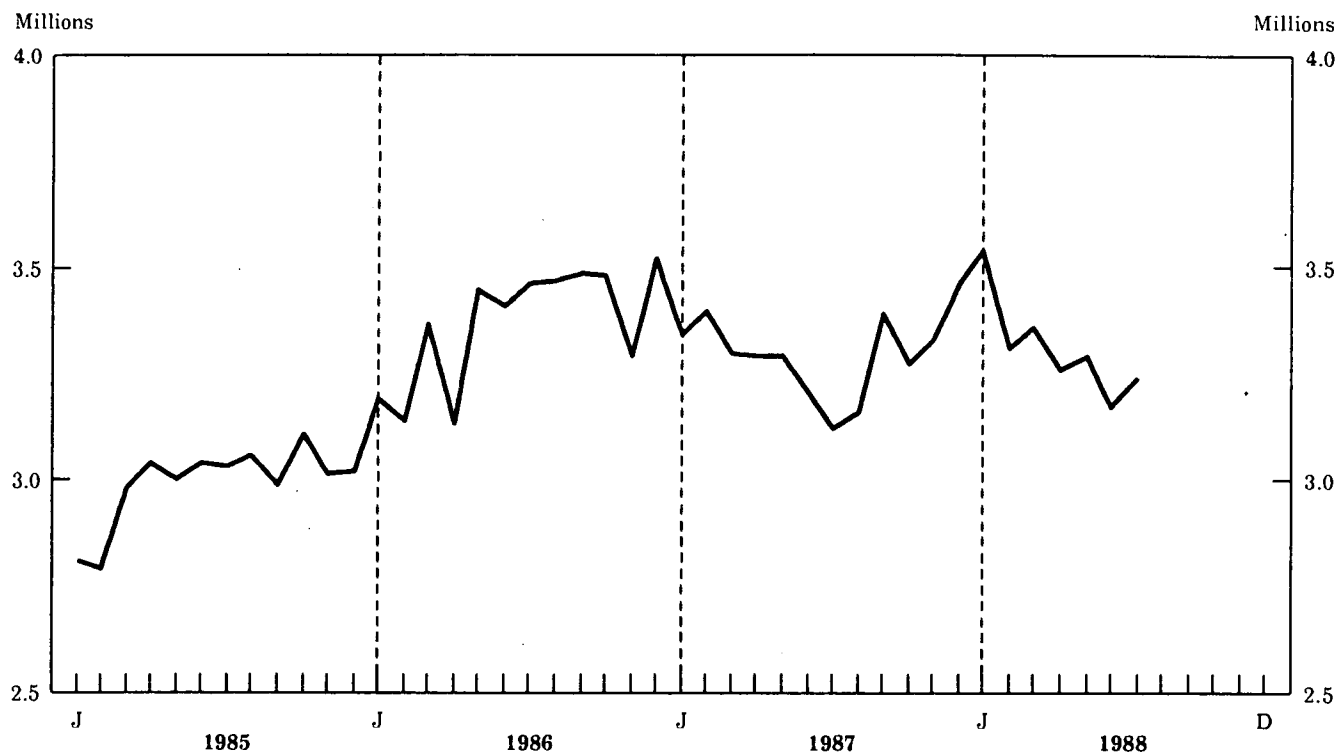
	June 1988 ^p	May 1988 ^r	April 1988 ^f	June 1987
Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation				
Agriculture, fishing and trapping	240.6	185.2	147.9	239.2
Forestry	191.0	156.1	125.7	186.9
Mines, quarries and oil wells	603.6	583.6	570.9	568.3
Manufacturing industries	5,144.0	4,973.1	4,858.9	4,773.5
Construction industry	1,585.8	1,455.1	1,339.3	1,439.4
Transportation, communications and other utilities	2,373.2	2,332.3	2,292.3	2,245.1
Trade	3,322.0	3,282.5	3,225.0	3,073.8
Finance, insurance and real estate	1,996.0	1,963.6	1,931.1	1,816.8
Commercial and personal service	3,007.5	3,140.0	3,078.5	3,040.6
Education and related services	2,049.9	2,052.6	2,045.4	1,992.7
Health and welfare services	1,625.8	1,607.6	1,598.6	1,532.1
Federal administration and other government offices	782.8	782.0	758.1	763.9
Provincial administration	607.0	589.8	578.5	612.3
Local administration	501.2	484.0	477.6	487.4
Total wages and salaries	24,275.6	23,587.3	23,027.8	22,772.2
Supplementary labour income	2,615.1	2,540.5	2,479.4	2,455.2
Labour income	26,890.7	26,127.9	25,507.2	25,227.4
Adjusted for Seasonal Variation				
Agriculture, fishing and trapping	198.4	192.4	189.5	200.2
Forestry	165.6	167.0	165.8	160.5
Mines, quarries and oil wells	587.4	592.8	590.5	549.8
Manufacturing industries	4,959.7	4,920.9	4,916.5	4,601.5
Construction industry	1,453.2	1,434.5	1,446.8	1,337.9
Transportation, communications and other utilities	2,313.6	2,327.1	2,318.8	2,189.0
Trade	3,247.3	3,262.2	3,256.3	3,005.1
Finance, insurance and real estate	1,964.4	1,951.7	1,937.1	1,788.4
Commercial and personal service	3,159.8	3,120.9	3,125.5	2,972.5
Education and related services	1,967.7	1,975.5	1,979.7	1,911.9
Health and welfare services	1,599.5	1,594.1	1,600.5	1,508.2
Federal administration and other government offices	764.8	773.1	763.1	741.4
Provincial administration	593.3	590.8	590.8	598.4
Local administration	484.3	489.1	493.1	471.2
Total wages and salaries	23,497.0	23,435.4	23,402.5	22,030.0
Supplementary labour income	2,528.7	2,522.1	2,518.5	2,370.8
Labour income	26,025.6	25,957.4	25,921.0	24,400.8

^p Preliminary estimates.

^r Revised estimates.

^f Final estimates.

Total Trips to Canada by Non-residents, Seasonally Adjusted



Travel Between Canada and Other Countries

July 1988

Seasonally Adjusted Data

Total Travel

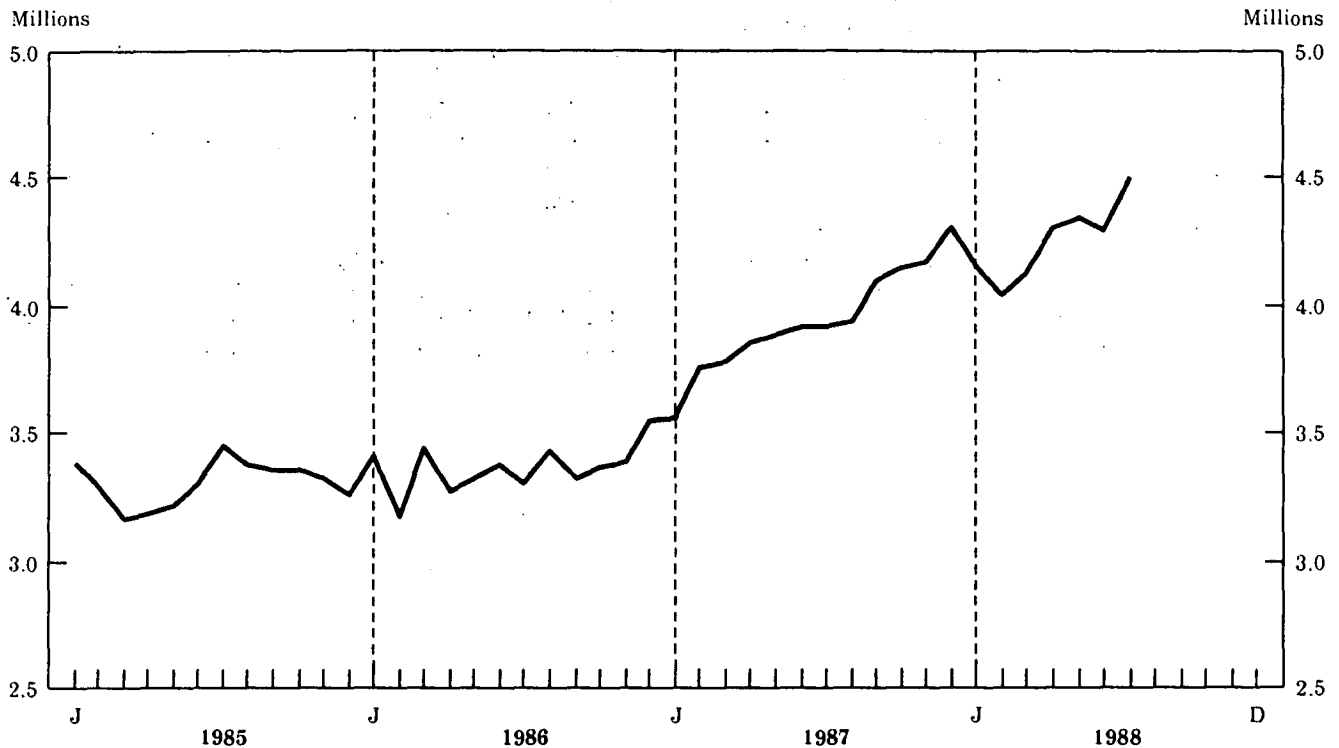
- On a seasonally adjusted basis, the July volume of foreign travel to Canada continued to follow a downward trend, decreasing by 3.7% from March 1988.
- Total trips to Canada by United States residents decreased by 3.2% from March 1988 to 2,984,600 in July 1988. The trend continues downward, but at a slower rate than previously experienced.

Note to Users

The objective of seasonal adjustment is to reveal the underlying trend-cyclical movement in a time series. At the national level of aggregation, "Total trips" have an MCD (months of cyclical dominance) of four, which means that within that four-month period, the month-to-month comparisons would be dominated by erratic movements. Comparing the most recent seasonally adjusted estimate with the estimate four months earlier will yield a good indication of changes in the short-term trend. Seasonally adjusted data on overnight travel will be available at a later date.

(continued on page 11)

Total Trips Abroad by Canadian Residents, Seasonally Adjusted



- Trips by overseas residents to Canada totalled 254,300, a drop of 8.5% from the level of March 1988. During the Winter Olympics in February, overseas visits had reached a record level of 286,200. Overall, the direction of the trend appears to be upward compared with pre-Olympics results.
- Total international trips by Canadian residents in July reached a record level and were 9.1% above the previous March figure.
- Trips by Canadian residents returning from the United States numbered 4,279,500 or 9.7% higher than in March 1988. The record volume of United States visits by Canadian residents contributed to the rising number of Canadian re-entries from abroad.
- Trips to overseas countries decreased by 1.0% between March and July, to 221,400, after registering a record high of 245,700 in February 1988.

Not Seasonally Adjusted

Total Travel

- Total trips to Canada by United States residents increased by 1.3% from July 1987 to 5,767,400, the first monthly increase since January 1988.
- Total trips to Canada by residents of countries other than the United States increased by 15.6% from last year to 538,000 during the same month.
- Total international trips to all foreign destinations by Canadian residents numbered 6,359,200, an increase of 18.9% over July 1987.

(continued on page 12)

Overnight Travel

- Preliminary estimates indicate that non-resident trips of one or more nights to Canada, at 2,938,400 in July 1988, were 5.8% above those of July 1987, but were still below the record level set in June 1986 (during Expo 86). In the first seven months of 1988, these volumes were up 3.9% over the same period in 1987.
- The number of overnight visits by Canadian residents returning from trips abroad reached a new record level of 2,131,800, an increase of 16.9% over July 1987.

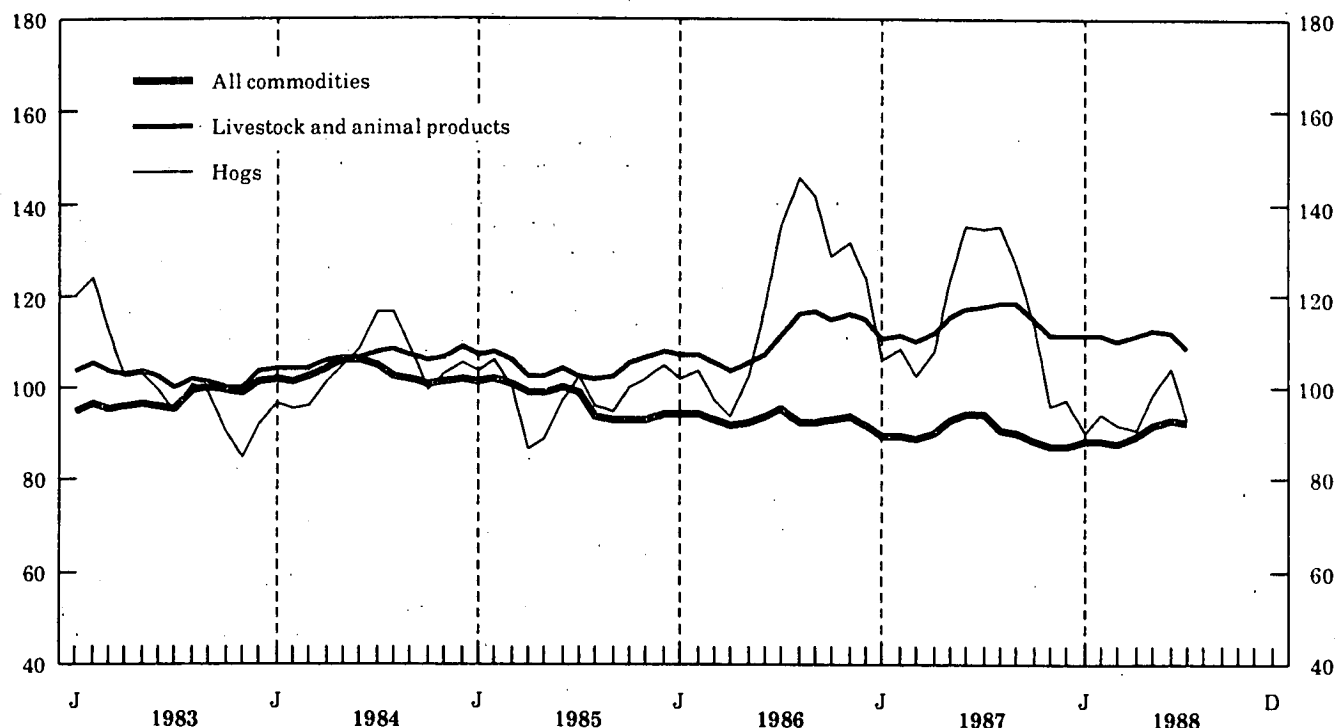
The accompanying graphs show traveller entries and re-entries, seasonally adjusted, for the period 1985 to 1988.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 2661-2695.

The July 1988 issue of *International Travel - Advance Information* (66-001P, \$5.50/\$55), will be available mid-September. See "How to Order Publications".

For special tabulations and more detailed information on this release, contact Paul L. Paradis (613-951-8933), International Travel Section, Education, Culture and Tourism Division.

Farm Product Price Index (1981 = 100)



Farm Product Price Index

July 1988

The Farm Product Price Index (1981 = 100) for Canada stood at 92.7 in July, down 0.5% from the revised June level of 93.2. A drop in livestock prices more than offset an increase in crop prices. The July 1988 index stood 1.6% below the year-earlier level of 94.2.

The percentage changes in the index between June and July 1988 by province were as follows:

• Newfoundland	+0.6%
• Prince Edward Island	-5.5%
• Nova Scotia	-0.3%
• New Brunswick	-2.4%
• Quebec	-1.6%
• Ontario	-0.3%
• Manitoba	+2.3%
• Saskatchewan	+0.3%

• Alberta	-1.7%
• British Columbia	+0.1%
• Canada	-0.5%

Livestock and Animal Products

- The livestock and animal products index decreased 2.8% in July. Lower prices for cattle and hogs offset higher prices for poultry and eggs. The index has fallen 8.3% from the record level reached in August 1987.
- The hog index dropped 10.7% in July following increases for three consecutive months. Associated with the price decrease was the release in the United States of the mid-year "Hogs and Pigs" report, which indicated higher production levels for the third quarter. At 93.0, the hog index was 30.9% below its year-earlier level.

(continued on page 14)

- The cattle index declined 3.5% for the month and has dropped 7% since April. Associated with the price decrease were increased slaughter levels in Canada and the United States.

Crops

- The crops index rose 3.2% in July to a level of 75.6 as a result of higher prices for potatoes, oilseeds and cereals. The index stood 26.2% higher than the recent low recorded in October 1987.
- The oilseeds index increased to 128.5 in July, 7% higher than the previous month. The index reached its highest level since June 1984 and has increased in nine of the past 10 months. Flaxseed prices rose sharply while soybeans and canola prices showed more moderate increases. Contributing to the price increases was the prospect of tight supplies resulting from dry weather in parts of the Canadian Prairies, Ontario and the mid-western United States.
- The cereals index reached 57.5 in July, a 1.7% increase from the June level. Leading the increase were higher feed grain prices as dry weather in parts of the Canadian Prairies, Ontario and the mid-western United States continued to affect production prospects. The index has risen 25.3% from the recent low recorded in October 1987.

- Potato prices rose 20% in July due mainly to higher table potato prices in Quebec and Ontario. The increase coincided with the marketing of the first of the 1988 potato crop.

User Note

The index is designed to measure changes in prices received by producers when ownership of a commodity first changes hands. Prices used in the index for Western wheat, oats and barley sold to the Canadian Wheat Board prior to August 1987 are final prices. Beginning in August 1987, initial prices are used and, therefore, exclude any forthcoming adjustment or final payments. Sub-indexes for livestock, crops and their components are also available on a provincial basis.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 176.

The July issue of *Farm Product Price Index* (62-003, \$6.50/\$65) is scheduled for release September 23. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information, contact Ed Hamilton (613-951-2441), Farm Income and Prices Section, Agriculture Division.

Data Availability Announcements

Department Store Sales by Province and Metropolitan Area

July 1988

- Department stores in Canada reported sales totalling \$934 million in July 1988, down 0.7% from the revised July 1987 level of \$940 million.
- Cumulative sales for the first seven months of 1988 totalled \$6,395 million, an increase of 2.7% (after adjustment for the sale of Woodward Stores Ltd.'s food division) over the corresponding period in 1987.
- Department store sales during July 1988, for the provinces and the 10 metropolitan areas surveyed, were as follows (with the percentage change from July 1987 in parentheses):

Province

- Newfoundland, \$11.1 million (+9.4%);
- Prince Edward Island, \$7.5 million (+6.5%);
- Nova Scotia, \$31.5 million (-2.1%);
- New Brunswick, \$20.9 million (+1.2%);
- Quebec, \$180.8 million (-0.8%);
- Ontario, \$381.7 million (+0.8%);
- Manitoba, \$39.4 million (-10.4%);
- Saskatchewan, \$27.6 million (-3.4%);
- Alberta, \$105.1 million (-1.4%);
- British Columbia, \$127.9 million (-2.0%).

Metropolitan Area

- Calgary, \$40.9 million (+0.4%);
- Edmonton, \$46.0 million (-1.8%);
- Halifax-Dartmouth, \$17.2 million (-5.1%);
- Hamilton, \$28.3 million (+3.0%);
- Montreal, \$100.1 million (-1.8%);
- Ottawa-Hull, \$43.7 million (+0.6%);
- Quebec City, \$26.8 million (-0.7%);
- Toronto, \$152.5 million (+1.1%);
- Vancouver, \$72.1 million (-2.8%);
- Winnipeg, \$35.8 million (-10.9%).

Note to Users:

Information on department store sales and stocks by department will be released in *The Daily* during the week of September 19.

The July 1988 issue of *Department Store Monthly Sales, by Province and Selected Metropolitan Area* (63-004, \$2/\$20) will be available the first week of October 1988. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information, contact Colleen Loggie (613-951-3548), Retail Trade Section, Industry Division.

Steel Ingots

Week Ended September 3, 1988

Preliminary estimates indicate that Canadian steel ingot production for the week ending September 3 totalled 236 305 tonnes, an increase of 2.7% from the preceding week's total of 230 119 tonnes but down 10.0% from the year-earlier level of 262 445 tonnes.

The cumulative total in 1988 was 9 982 149 tonnes, an increase of 0.9% from 9 896 531 tonnes for the same period in 1987.

For further information, contact Greg Milsom (613-951-9827), Industry Division.

Processed Fruits And Vegetables

May 1988

Data on processed fruits and vegetables are now available for May 1988. The publication *Canned and Frozen Fruits and Vegetables-Monthly* (32-011, \$4.50/\$45) will be released at a later date.

For further information, contact Brian Preston (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Steel Pipe and Tubing

July 1988

Steel pipe and tubing production for July 1988 totalled 113 207 tonnes, a decrease of 2.5% from the 116 127 tonnes produced a year earlier.

Year-to-date production totalled 1 063 495 metric tonnes, up 34.6 % from the 790 133 tonnes produced during the same period in 1987.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 35.

The July 1988 issue of *Steel Pipe and Tubing* (41-011, \$4.50/\$45) will be available at a later date. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Gerry Barrett (613-951-3515), Industry Division.

Report on Fur Farms

1987

Production of mink for 1987 amounted to 1,280,695 pelts, compared to 1,387,102 pelts produced in 1986. Value of mink pelts sold in 1987 was \$39,326,822 compared to \$66,122,575 (revised figure) in 1986.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 3400-3416.

The 1987 issue of *Report on Fur Farms* (23-208, \$30) will be available on October 7th. See "How to Order Publications".

For further information, contact R. Koroluk (613-951-2549), Agriculture Division.

Canadian Potato Production

September Release

Estimates of 1988 Canadian area seeded to potatoes, by province, are now available. Area seeded and harvested, yield and production for the 1987 crop are also available.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 1044.

The October issue of *Fruit and Vegetable Production* (22-003, \$16.50/\$66) will be available in late October. See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact L.D. Kemp (613-951-8727), Agriculture Division.

Sugar and Chocolate Confectionery Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the sugar and chocolate confectionery industry (SIC 1083) totalled \$759.9 million, down 3.4% from \$786.8 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5395.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (32-250B 1083, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Brian Preston (613-951-3511), Industry Division.

Metal Office Furniture Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the metal office furniture industry (SIC 2641) totalled \$574.0 million, up 19.0% from \$482.3 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5477.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (35-251B 2641, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Bed Spring and Mattress Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the bed spring and mattress industry (SIC 2691) totalled \$301.8 million, up 17.0% from \$258.0 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5479.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (35-251B 2691, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Hotel, Restaurant and Institutional Furniture and Fixture Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the hotel, restaurant and institutional furniture and fixture industry (SIC 2692) totalled \$684.1 million, up 20.2% from \$569.0 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5480.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (35-251B 2692, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Other Furniture and Fixture Industries n.e.c.

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the other furniture and fixture industries n.e.c. (SIC 2699) totalled \$275.0 million, up 10.3% from \$249.4 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5481.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (35-251B 2699, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Prefabricated Portable Metal Buildings Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the prefabricated portable metal buildings industry (SIC 3032) totalled \$78.3 million, up 9.0% from \$71.8 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5522.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (41-251B 3032, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Metal Closure and Container Industry

1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the metal closure and container industry (SIC 3042) totalled \$1,265.5 million, up 1.8% from \$1,243.5 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5525.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (41-251B 3042, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Metal Valve Industry
1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the metal valve industry (SIC 3092) totalled \$218.0 million, up 7.1% from \$203.5 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5538.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (41-251B 3092, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact Bruno Pépin (613-951-9837), Industry Division.

Office, Store and Business Machine Industries (Electronic and Other)
1986 Census of Manufactures

In 1986, the value of shipments of goods of own manufacture for the office, store and business machine industries (electronic and other) (SIC 3368) totalled \$310.1 million, down 5.5% from \$328.0 million in 1985.

Available on CANSIM: matrix 5579.

Data for the industry will be published at a later date (43-250B 3368, \$4). See "How to Order Publications".

For more detailed information on this release, contact J.P. Beauparlant (613-951-3526), Industry Division.

Publications Released

Gross Domestic Product by Industry,
May 1988. Catalogue number 15-001
(Canada: \$11.50/\$115; Other Countries:
\$12.50/\$125).

Production and Stocks of Eggs and Poultry,
June 1988. Catalogue number 23-003
(Canada: \$11/\$110; Other Countries: \$12/\$120).

Crude Petroleum and Natural Gas Production,
May 1988. Catalogue number 26-006
(Canada: \$9/\$90; Other Countries: \$10/\$100).

Construction Type Plywood, June 1988.
Catalogue number 35-001
(Canada: \$4.50/\$45; Other Countries: \$5.50/\$55).

Air Carrier Traffic at Canadian Airports, Third
Quarter 1987. Catalogue number 51-005
(Canada: \$27.50/\$110; Other Countries:
\$28.50/\$114).

Gas Utilities, April 1988.
Catalogue number 55-002
(Canada: \$11.50/\$115; Other Countries:
\$12.50/\$125).

Oil Pipe Line Transport, 1987.
Catalogue number 55-201
(Canada: \$20; Other Countries: \$21).

Wholesale Trade, June 1988.
Catalogue number 63-008
(Canada: \$5.50/\$55; Other Countries: \$6.50/\$65).

Summary of Canadian-International
Trade, (H.S. Based), June 1988.
Catalogue number 65-001
(Canada: \$16.50/\$165; Other Countries:
\$17.50/\$175).

Federal Government Employment, January-
March 1988. Catalogue number 72-004
(Canada: \$22/\$88; Other Countries: \$23/\$92).

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The Daily, September 9, 1988

Major Release Dates

Week of September 12 - 16, 1988

(Release dates are subject to change)

Anticipated
date of
release

Title

Reference period

September

12	New Motor Vehicle Sales	July 1988
13	Building Permits	June 1988
14	Preliminary Statement of Canadian International Trade	July 1988
15	Capacity Utilization Rates in Canadian Manufacturing	Second Quarter 1988
15	Housing Starts	July 1988
16	The Consumer Price Index	August 1988